

U. S. PREPARES TO RECOGNIZE CARRANZA TO END ANARCHY

Administration Only Waiting for Latin-American Countries to Concur in Opinion of Conferees.

Government Realizes That Only Constitutionalists Can Avert Armed Intervention in Mexican Revolt.

Formal recognition will be extended Gen. Venustiano Carranza as head of the government of Mexico as soon as the governments of Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Bolivia, Uruguay and Guatemala have officially notified the United States of their acquiescence in the decision of the Pan-American conferees last Saturday to recognize Carranza.

This was stated definitely today by Secretary of State Lansing, following a conference with President Wilson at the White House.

It was the first opportunity, Mr. Lansing said, for him to report to the President on Saturday's proceedings. The latter indorsed everything that was done.

QUESTION UNSETTLED.

Question of placing an embargo on the shipment of arms to all factions opposing Carranza has not been definitely determined. It was learned, but the indications are that such an embargo, along with financial assistance in the form of loans, will be given the Carranza government when formal recognition is extended.

Carranza is already taking steps to protect Americans in the territory heretofore controlled by Villa. The Navy Department today received word from Admiral Howland, commanding the American squadron on the west coast of Mexico, that Carranza troops have entered the Yaqui valley, and have assigned garrison troops to protect the American colony from the Indians.

The Carranza agency today gave out the following cablegram from Mexico City describing the improved conditions there:

Cable From Capital.
The American Red Cross finally concluded its work and closed its headquarters in Mexico City on Saturday. The representatives will return to the United States. For some time their work has been practically confined to the relief of destitute Americans. The officials of the government and the leading citizens of the capital now declare positively that all need for assistance from the Red Cross has come to an end here and elsewhere in the republic. Careful investigation in the City of Mexico shows that less than 5 per cent of the families are unable to purchase food, as the government paid distribution of necessities in an exceedingly low price, while the free food stations are abundantly supplied.

NEW DEMAND TO GO TO BRITAIN AT ONCE

Note on Trading Rights at White House and Nearly Ready for Transmission.

The new note to England is nearly ready for transmission. This was made known today, both at the White House and the State Department.

Secretary Lansing has completed the note so far as he is concerned. It has been sent to the White House for final perusal.

The Secretary visited the White House this morning to advise the President formally concerning the action taken Saturday as to Mexico. Later, Mr. Lansing said the note to England was not ready to go through it. It is generally expected the new note will be a vigorous document. For months, there has been clamor that this Government send a note to England as vigorous as the notes to Germany on submarine warfare. It is the expectation in well-informed quarters that the note will be a strong statement of the American position, but that it will be firm and outspoken rather than of a tone calculated to give offense.

The rights of this country as to trade with neutrals will be forcefully set forth.

Fifty Thousand Pack Boston Park As Rivals Clash in Third Game

All Records for Large Attendance at Baseball Games Go by Board.

ALEXANDER VS. LEONARD

Prize of Philadelphia Staff Will Oppose Red Sox Star Left-Hander, Is Thought.

By GEORGE R. HOLMES.
BOSTON, Oct. 11.—Surrounded by four solid walls of humanity, the spectators overlooking the grand stands of the largest baseball park in America, with the overflow held in leash by cables, the Phillies and Red Sox will go into contest this afternoon in the third game of the universal series before the greatest concourse of people in the annual national pastime. Estimates of the crowd was more than 40,000.

When the teams came on the field the din was terrific, but this failed to have any apparent effect on the players of either of the teams—on the visitors, realizing that if they should be beaten with their prize pitcher working, their chances would be grievously lessened; the other confident with their star left-hander in action, a victory today would, in all probability, mean a sweep of the remaining games, and the annexing of the highest honors in baseball.

Neither manager would announce the probable pitcher, but it was believed they would be Alexander for Philadelphia and Leonard for Boston.

All morning, New England poured her populace into Boston. And no Paul Revere was necessary to arouse 'em, either. The enemy was here. It was up to New England to man the guns. Special trains by the score rolled in an hour from the Boston side of the well-known certainty that they could see the game because of the size of the park, everybody that could get away did.

Braves Field can seat comfortably about 25,000 persons. In a pinch, 50,000 can be accommodated for a couple of hours without any serious inconvenience. Today's game was more than a simple game. It was the game that is the game next to the opener, which went Philadelphia-way.

If Alexander was subdued today, there remains only Chalmers and Rixey to lick before the world's premier baseball honor is strewn about Boston's Common. And from a Bostonian stand-point, Chalmers and Rixey don't look particularly dangerous.

It was today, it is thought, that Alexander today, even money will be offered that the Red Sox take the next two games. That's just what they consider today's contest, and they're generally pretty fair arbiters.

The weather was great. There was just enough zip in the air to make things peppy. A feeble sun was on the job early, and warning to his job as game time approached.

Shortly before noon there were more than 4,000 persons waiting at every entrance to Braves' Field clamoring for admission. The bleachers were then filled. When the public sale of unreserved seats started at 10 o'clock the jam was terrific.

The grandstand was completely sold out and this sheltered section alone seats 18,000. By noon upward of 20,000 were packed in the bleachers. A band was on the job to entertain the crowd. The waiting fans amused themselves by singing and general "horse-play."

With this great outpouring it was certain that more people will see today's game here than witnessed both games in Philadelphia. At 11 o'clock there were as many people waiting in long lines streaming from the various park gates as the Philadelphia grandstand will hold. And this was after it was generally known the grandstand was sold out.

When the bleachers started to open on 2:30 o'clock, the line of fans. The all-night waiters went through with a whoop, and from the line the first fan dashed to his seat until noon a clamor of humanity poured through the turnstiles.

All Boston and New England is completely baseball dippy. Mayor Curley. (Continued on Second Page.)

Facts of Third Game

The greatest crowd in the history of professional baseball—between 48,000 and 50,000—will witness today's game between the Phillies and Red Sox.

More people will see this game than witnessed both clashes of last week in Philadelphia. Twenty thousand in the park at noon and upward of 18,000 waiting outside.

Probable batteries: Alexander and Burns for Philadelphia; Leonard and Carrigan for Boston.

The winning team will have a one-game lead in the fight for the championship, which requires four victories.

Had the advice of Colonel Gaillard, the man who was the actual builder of the Culebra Cut, been heeded, the Panama canal might not be blocked by huge slides and navigation tied up for an indefinite period, according to some Washington officials familiar with the situation on the canal.

As is well known, Colonel Gaillard is the man who accomplished the gigantic task of digging Culebra Cut. This cut was eventually named Gaillard Cut in his honor. The herculean task cost Gaillard his life.

It was the opinion of Colonel Gaillard, who knew more intimately than any other man the dangers and difficulties of slides in the cut that water should not be poured into the canal until there had been sufficient excavation with steam shovels to remove danger of a big slide.

Overruled Gaillard. Governor Goethals, however, overruled Gaillard and decided to turn the water in and finish excavation by the use of dredges. Gaillard felt it was a great mistake, and that the wise policy would be to wait until the steam shovels, by dry excavation, had reduced slide peril to a minimum.

Gaillard did not live to see the completion of what he expected. Now, however, some calculation are that the canal will be closed until November. But if all the earth affected by the concrete dam is removed, it may be closed for a shorter time than this will be required.

To Air Situation. Congress will unquestionably give a pretty free airing to the canal situation when it meets in December. Whether there will be any disposition to criticize Goethals remains to be seen.

Secretary of War Garrison still is out of the city, and his absence officials are saying little of a definite sort about the canal.

Army and navy officers are talking freely enough among themselves about it. It is widely felt that if such a situation occurred in wartime, a probability would be a definite calamity.

The House Appropriations Committee in recent years has been making an annual report on the canal. Whether or not one this year is not decided. Chairman Fitzgerald is busy running for judge in New York. If he is elected, a statement to the committee, which will be chairman of the committee.

To See Garrison. Mr. Sherley is in Washington today and will confer with Secretary Garrison when Mr. Garrison returns. Mr. Sherley said it had not yet been decided whether the committee would go to Panama. In any event, General Goethals will make a statement to the committee, either in Washington or on the Canal Zone.

Mr. Sherley does not offer any criticism of the management of the canal. He thinks there is nothing to do about the slides except to go to work and keep on digging. He said it might be necessary to make an enlarged appropriation for excavation in consequence of the slides.

Panama Canal Closed For Months as Result of Gaillard Slides

PANAMA, Oct. 11.—A careful survey of the slide area at Secretary Garrison today revealed the fact that there probably are 10,000,000 cubic yards of earth in motion, which must be taken out by dredging, even for the temporary use of the canal engineers, who concede that there is now little hope of opening the waterway even for the temporary use of the canal.

The present rate of wet excavation is 1,000,000 yards a month. At this rate it would require not less than ten months to remove the mass which is now sliding into the canal. The shoring will take the dredges can take it out. It is said that often the canal bottom bulges to a height of fifteen feet above the surface of the water due to the tremendous weight of the hillside.

The area of motion is roughly calculated to be in the neighborhood of 15 square miles. The slide area is the greatest slide area in the history of the canal. It extends 2,000 feet along both banks of the waterway, and the center of the slide area is 150 feet back of the center line of the canal prism.

Major Gen. George Goethals, governor of the Canal Zone, has not made an official announcement concerning the probability of opening a temporary channel, but it is believed shipping interests have been given to understand the nature of the situation, and it is probable that most of the 100 ships now here awaiting passage through the canal will be ordered to their destinations by other routes.

COL. GOETHALS FACES ATTACK OVER SLIDES

Canal Zone Governor Said to Have Disregarded Advice of Gaillard.

CONGRESS WILL AIR CASE

Opening of Cut Before Excavation Had Been Completed Held Responsible.

Had the advice of Colonel Gaillard, the man who was the actual builder of the Culebra Cut, been heeded, the Panama canal might not be blocked by huge slides and navigation tied up for an indefinite period, according to some Washington officials familiar with the situation on the canal.

As is well known, Colonel Gaillard is the man who accomplished the gigantic task of digging Culebra Cut. This cut was eventually named Gaillard Cut in his honor. The herculean task cost Gaillard his life.

It was the opinion of Colonel Gaillard, who knew more intimately than any other man the dangers and difficulties of slides in the cut that water should not be poured into the canal until there had been sufficient excavation with steam shovels to remove danger of a big slide.

Overruled Gaillard. Governor Goethals, however, overruled Gaillard and decided to turn the water in and finish excavation by the use of dredges. Gaillard felt it was a great mistake, and that the wise policy would be to wait until the steam shovels, by dry excavation, had reduced slide peril to a minimum.

Gaillard did not live to see the completion of what he expected. Now, however, some calculation are that the canal will be closed until November. But if all the earth affected by the concrete dam is removed, it may be closed for a shorter time than this will be required.

To Air Situation. Congress will unquestionably give a pretty free airing to the canal situation when it meets in December. Whether there will be any disposition to criticize Goethals remains to be seen.

Secretary of War Garrison still is out of the city, and his absence officials are saying little of a definite sort about the canal.

Army and navy officers are talking freely enough among themselves about it. It is widely felt that if such a situation occurred in wartime, a probability would be a definite calamity.

The House Appropriations Committee in recent years has been making an annual report on the canal. Whether or not one this year is not decided. Chairman Fitzgerald is busy running for judge in New York. If he is elected, a statement to the committee, which will be chairman of the committee.

To See Garrison. Mr. Sherley is in Washington today and will confer with Secretary Garrison when Mr. Garrison returns. Mr. Sherley said it had not yet been decided whether the committee would go to Panama. In any event, General Goethals will make a statement to the committee, either in Washington or on the Canal Zone.

Mr. Sherley does not offer any criticism of the management of the canal. He thinks there is nothing to do about the slides except to go to work and keep on digging. He said it might be necessary to make an enlarged appropriation for excavation in consequence of the slides.

HONEYMOON IN MISSISSIPPI IS POSSIBILITY

President Buys Traveling Bag and Prospects for Early Wedding Grow Apace.

JUSTICES PAY RESPECTS

"Matchmaker" Grayson Receives Birthday Gifts From Both Principals.

Strong pressure is being brought to bear on President Wilson and his bride-to-be, Mrs. Norman Galt, to pass their honeymoon with Pass Christian, Miss. Arguments in favor of the selection of this place are understood to have come from the Misses Lucy and Mary Smith, relatives of the President, whose home is in New Orleans. They are at present guests at the White House.

The present arrangements are for the wedding to be held early in December at the home of Mrs. Galt on Twenty-third street. Following the ceremony a wedding trip will be taken South. The wedding itself will be quiet, only the members of the immediate family being present. Col. E. M. House, the President's closest personal friend, will probably act as best man, and the bride will be given away by one of her brothers.

Possibility of a change in plans and the hastening of the wedding seemed brighter this morning when the President suddenly left the White House on a shopping expedition.

The President purchased a leather traveling bag.

Some of the President's closest friends believe that an early wedding would spare the President and his new bride some of the unpleasant publicity which has occurred since the engagement was announced.

Miss Margaret Wilson, the President's eldest daughter and only unmarried one, will return to Washington on October 20. She will be in the city for the winter to preside over the White House until the wedding occurs. She starts on October 15 on a concert tour, singing at Buffalo, Erie, and Cleveland. The proceeds from the concerts are being turned over to the Social Settlement.

Should the President and Mrs. Galt consent, Washington will have an opportunity to see the couple next Monday evening at Gaillard's.

Invited to Theater. On that evening the women's section of the Retail Merchants' Association will give a theater party at the New National. The President and Mrs. Galt received an invitation from Mrs. M. Brooks, chairman of the women's section, to attend and sit in a box to witness the play.

Various sections of the country, seizing upon the wedding as an opportunity for the President to get away from Washington, have urged him to pass his honeymoon with them. Today the President turned down with regret an invitation signed by thousands of school children of San Diego to go there with his bride.

Pass Christian, in the opinion of many would be an ideal place for a winter honeymoon, owing to its warm, pleasant climate and its seclusion. It is now about 100 miles from Washington, in the height of the Mexican excitement prior to the occupation of Vera Cruz, received the mysterious visit of John Lind, his personal representative in Mexico, who came up from Mexico to Gulfport, Miss., on a warship, and saw the President on the scout cruiser Chester off shore.

Receives Justice. The President today received in the Blue Room the entire Supreme Court, the members of whom, with the exception of Associate Justice Lamar, who is ill, presented their congratulations on his engagement. The court, which is on its winter recess today, called at the White House in their robes.

A cablegram of congratulations was received at the State Department today and transmitted to the President from President Estrada, Carrera, of Guatemala.

Mr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N., the President's aide and physician, who is generally credited with having brought the President and Mrs. Galt together, celebrated today his thirty-seventh birthday. Both the President and Mrs. Galt presented him with keepsakes.

Had Glass Submarine; He's Under Observation. When Charles R. Clone, forty-five, who says he is proprietor of a hotel in Ellsworth, Me., came to Washington to see Secretary of the Navy, Daniels today claiming to have a glass submarine, he was placed under arrest. Clone was sent to the Washington Asylum Hospital for observation.

Clone called at Police Headquarters early today to inquire the location of the shop where submarines were repaired. He was turned over to Sanitary Officer Lynn.

Girl Kills Father Who Beat Her Mother. NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—He was choking my mother and I pointed the revolver at him to take him stop," thirteen-year-old Eva Tice, Camp Erie, Pa., who killed her father, Edward Tice, explained to the Croton authorities today.

Bulgar Envoys Quit. LONDON, Oct. 11.—The Bulgarian minister and staffs had left London, Paris, Rome, Petrograd, and Nish today.

Member of "Heavenly Squad" to Wed



LIEUT. W. T. MALLISON.

NAVAL OFFICER TO WED SOUTHERN GIRL

One of "Heavenly Squad" Engaged to Sister of Senator Lea's Wife.

Retrospections came to many Washingtonians today with the announcement that another "navy" romance would lead the sister-in-law of a United States Senator and a young naval lieutenant to the altar on October 28. The principals are Miss Mary Thomas Warner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Warner, of Nashville, Tenn., and a sister of Mrs. Luke Lea, wife of the Tennessee senator, and Lieut. William Thomas Mallison, U. S. N.

Cupid brought the Southern beauty and the young naval officer face to face at an afternoon tea in honor of the debutantes of Dix. The young people were in each other's company a great deal the remainder of the week.

Later he was assigned to duty aboard the Tennessee, which went to Mediterranean waters at the outbreak of the European war, and there he stayed for months.

That distance lent the enchantment that the poets have claimed for it, as proved by today's announcement, which came to the homes of scores of society folk in and about the Capital.

The ceremony will be performed at Royal Oak, the handsome home of the bride's parents, at Nashville. The ushers will be selected from the bridegroom's officer friends. After the wedding Lieut. Mallison and his bride will reside at Pensacola, Fla.

DRY SUNDAY KEEPS 180 OUT OF PRISON

Chicago Arrests for Week-End Drop From Average of 243 to 63.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—Police records today showed that on Saturday and Sunday, which was Chicago's first dry day in forty-four years, there were sixty-three arrests for drunkenness. The average number of drunks arrested on Saturdays and Sundays formerly was 243.

Stealing up the results of Mayor Thompson's closing order, dry leaders today saw in the decrease in arrests a big argument for their campaign. Churches and places of amusement were nearly deserted, while cafes and "the densities" were deserted.

Daniels to Decide Pay Controversy Tomorrow

Owing to the absence of Secretary of the Navy Daniels there are no developments today in the controversy over sea pay demands at the Washington Navy Yard.

Louisiana Man Leaps From Liner Into Gulf

MOBILE, Oct. 11.—Charles T. Heard, New Orleans, of a prominent Louisiana family, committed suicide by jumping from the Mallory liner *Alaine*, en route from Tampa, Fla., when ten miles from this port.

BRITISH HURL BACK GERMAN DIVISIONS IN LOOS ASSAULT

8,000 Mowed Down in Kaiser's Attempt to Recapture Lost Positions—Artillery Keeps Up Incessant Bombardment.

Bulgarian Attack on Serbia Hourly Expected—Allies Continue to Land Troops at Salonika—Russ Admit Losses.

PARIS, Oct. 11.—Seven to eight thousand Germans fell in the Kaiser's attempt to recapture lost positions at Loos and to the northward, announced the official communique today.

Their bodies were left in the field before the allied lines, it was stated.

The principal assault is said to have been made by from three to four German divisions, totaling 60,000 to 80,000 men. They were completely repulsed and dispersed.

"There was a rather intense bombardment by the enemy's artillery," said the communique, "to the north of La Scarpe, in Champagne, on our secondary front in the Souain region on Sunday night. Our batteries replied very effectively."

ALLIES LAND TROOPS.

Fighting between Bulgarians and Serbians massed along their frontiers is momentarily expected to intensify. The allies continue to land troops at Salonika as fast as possible. They are pushing northward to the Serbians.

Germans and Austrians are pressing south from Belgrade, but they are not yet in touch with strong forces of the enemy. The allies hope to intercept them before a decisive clash occurs.

There has been a fierce battle between resisting Serbians and the Austro-German right wing on the Drina, west of Belgrade. The Serbs claim an overwhelming victory, with heavy German losses. The Germans denied they had been checked anywhere.

Belgrade is completely in Austro-German hands today. It had been nearly deserted by civilians for weeks with only a Serbian garrison, which fought hard in the streets, although it was too weak to last long. The town was much damaged.

The Germans have regained no ground in the western line. Their artillery is active in places and is spiritedly answered.

The German gains are still being made in Russia, in the Dvinsk region.

Berlin Claims Victory At Danube; Battle on Drina Is Still Raging

BERLIN (via London), Oct. 11.—Further battles have developed, said a war office announcement today, on the River Drina, where the Serbians claimed to have checked the Austro-Germans' invading right wing.

"We crossed the Danube," continued the statement, "between Sagan and Gradiste, and have captured Zarkovo and Mirilous heights, south of Belgrade."

"Thus far we have taken 1,556 Serbians prisoners and seventeen cannon."

19 Turkish Vessels Destroyed by Two Russ Torpedo Boats

PETROGRAD, Oct. 11.—Two Russian torpedo boats have destroyed nineteen Turkish sailing ships off the Anatolian coast since Thursday, the admiralty announced today.

The Turkish vessels, it was stated, were supplied with supplies for the Sultan's troops.