

# CONGRESS MAY HALT A BREAK WITH AUSTRIA

Uproar Promised if President Should Seek Advice of Law-makers Before Acting.

A big uproar over the whole international situation as it affects this country, is probable in Congress if the President to meet the wishes of a number of the Democratic leaders, should refer to Congress the issue of whether there should be a break with Austria.

How acute the issue with Austria will become will not be clear until it is known definitely what the reply from Vienna to the second Ancona note will be. But it became more and more clear today that pressure on the White House to have Congress consulted before there is any rupture proceeds from two directions.

In the first place, Democratic leaders with large pro-German constituencies want it, and in the second place Southern members who are angered at England over neutral trade interference, especially interference with cotton cargoes, want it.

**Might Not Sanction Break.**  
If the Austrian difficulty should go to Congress, members who are friendly toward the central powers will insist this country go slow, and Southern cotton members will insist that as drastic a policy be pursued toward the allies as toward Austria. In well-informed quarters in Congress today the opinion was expressed that Congress would not sanction a break with Austria if it were consulted.

Significant in this connection is the fact that Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, who made a speech before the recess assailing the English position regarding neutral trade and attacking the validity of the blockade, is preparing another speech to be delivered when Congress reconvenes. It will deal with the subject of neutral trade quite as vigorously as the first speech. Senator Smith's position is well known. He feels this Government should take a more vigorous stand against the English violations of American trade rights and be as forceful toward England as toward nations with whom the United States is in controversy over submarine.

When the Senate meets again, a resolution may be adopted calling on the State Department for the correspondence between this Government and Austria relative to the torpedoing of the Ancona. Moreover, it is expected prom-

inent Senators, if the Austrian situation should become more acute, will call on the President and urge him not to break relations with Vienna without putting the matter before Congress.  
The President has the power to say what shall be the diplomatic relations with a country. The question whether he should consult Congress under the circumstances is one of policy, not law. But back of the proposed severing of diplomatic relations with Austria there stands undoubtedly the specter of possible war with the central powers if this step should be taken. That would be a grave thing for the United States if it should eventuate that Europe would agree to peace and this country be left in a conflict single-handed.  
Certain elements in Congress that are fearful of the far-reaching effects of severing relations with Vienna would urge that such relations be not broken, quite apart from any consideration of the danger of involving the United States in a war of huge proportions.

## STADTLER PREDICTS AMERICAN-MADE DYE

Abundance of Dye Woods and Plants in Tropical Sections.

Dye woods and dye plants, found in great abundance in the tropical and semi-tropical sections of America, give hope to the manufacturer of the preparation of dyes from native materials on this side of the Atlantic, stated Samuel E. Stadler, of Philadelphia, in an address to his associates of the sub-association of applied chemistry, of the Pan-American Congress at its meeting yesterday.

America has never developed the synthetic dye processes, he declared, and as a result, the European war has caused a great scarcity in dyes.  
"The vegetable sources of these natural dyes are trees, shrubs, leaves and roots of plants, all of which may contain the dye-yielding materials. From these the dye-stuffs are extracted by water or aqueous solvents, either with or without previous fermentation to decompose natural combinations like glucosides and liberate the dye-stuff proper.  
"These dye-woods and dye-yielding plants almost without exception are natives of tropical and semi-tropical countries, and some of the most important of them are especially to be found as natives of the Latin-American countries."

**Chance Thanks Aides For Holiday Efficiency**  
Postmaster Chance has sent a letter to each of the postoffice employees congratulating them on their efficiency and quick work during the Christmas holiday rush. In his letter he states that the volume of postal business was at least 20 per cent bigger than last year's. Money order receipts from December 1 to 24 amounted to \$188,576.14, an increase of \$33,243.67, or 20.7 per cent. The outgoing mail was 15 per cent heavier than last year, and the incoming was heavier by 22 per cent.

## WOULD TRAIN EVERY GIRL TO BE MOTHER

Average Girl Marries, But Has No Training in Family Raising, Says Miss Tarbell.

Recognizing the business of raising a family as a vocation and training girls to be wives, mothers, and homemakers from the kindergarten through to the high school, was advocated in an address by Miss Ida M. Tarbell, the writer, who first attained fame by her attacks on Standard Oil, in an address before the educational section of the Pan-American Congress at the Pan-American Union this morning.  
Girls are untrained in the principal work of life, she declared. Educational systems refuse to recognize the care of a family as a vocation. Parents generally consent that when their daughter marries she can pick up all she needs to know. The result is that a girl of today when she marries is an unskilled worker, spending the income produced by a skilled worker—that is, by the labor to which her partner in the business has been trained and rearing a family, has been trained.  
"The just training of the average girl, as of the average boy, must be based on a consideration of the income produced by her life," said Miss Tarbell.

**Average Girl Marries.**  
"The average girl marries," continued Miss Tarbell. "The census of 1910 showed that at that time there were nearly 30,000,000 women and girls over fifteen years of age in the United States. Of this number 70 per cent were, or had been, married or would marry. That proves the future state of the average girl is matrimony."  
Miss Tarbell said that of the 30,000,000 about 7,200,000 were engaged in gainful occupations, but that the average period of working life is short, from three to five years.  
"The girl who works marries," she said. "In the vast majority of cases her occupation then becomes the complicated and socially important one of housekeeping and children raising. This is her business. In the vast majority of cases she must do her own work on a small income."

**Without Training.**  
"The woman, as a rule, comes to her task without systematic training. From an economic standpoint this relation is as unfair as it is wasteful.  
"Is an adequate training possible? The present attempts to give it are only half-hearted and superficial, the matter being treated as if it involved only the teaching of mechanical processes, cooking or making a bed. Only a short period is given to it and little attempt is made to adapt instruction to the special condition of different strata.  
"This training should be general and should begin in the kindergarten and continue through the high school. Nothing else will satisfy the demand that our social system makes on the home. Nothing else is going to lift the stigma that now rests on housekeeping labor for hire. Labor for which no scientific training is provided always is despised."

## WANTS EDUCATION TO UNITE THE AMERICAS

Dr. Julio C. Tello, of Peru, One of Few Delegates Who Is Pure American.

Dr. Julio C. Tello, of Lima, Peru, a Harvard graduate, a distinguished physician and an associate archeologist of the Peabody Museum of Cambridge, Mass., who is one of the members of the Pan-American Scientific Congress and of the International Congress of Americanists, is a figure of unusual interest to his associates in both congresses for the reason that he is regarded as one of the few delegates to either who is a pure American.

Dr. Tello can date his ancestry of Americans back thousands of years, for in his blood runs a strain of those Peruvian Indians who are regarded as having been the first to practice the arts of civilization on the Western Hemisphere. The scientist received his early education in Lima, where he has lived since he was ten years old.

After studying medicine in the University of Lima he won a scholarship and chose to attend the courses at Harvard rather than to go to Europe, as most students of the university had done before him. He was the first Peruvian to attend the Harvard courses. He received the degree of master of arts at Harvard and specialized in archeology. After spending a year in Germany, another year in France and a year in England, taking special courses in the universities, he returned to Lima, where he took up the practice of medicine and the prosecution of archeological research. He found many interesting things connected with the ancient civilization of his country, and is anxious to have others among his own people educated to take up the same work.  
"The complete understanding of the peoples of North, South, and Central America is possible only with education, he declares. He believes the Pan-American spirit can be cultivated best by having students from the South and Central American countries edu-

ated in the institutions of this country. He is most enthusiastic over this idea because, he declares, the kind of learning one receives in this country is more practical and in closer harmony with the ideals of a free people and free institutions than is to be found in Europe.

## Clevelanders' Daily Diet Includes Many Odd Things

CLEVELAND, Dec. 30.—Clevelanders daily consume 239 gallons of fish scales, sand, sewage and other varieties of dirt in their 80,000,000 gallons of water, which is pumped from Lake Erie, a recent test shows.

## ASKS BRITISH TO FIND MISSING SHIP

American Trans-Atlantic Line Wants to Know of Whereabouts of Kankakee.

The British embassy today received a communication requesting information as to the present whereabouts of the steamer Kankakee, of the American Trans-Atlantic line, which was seized by a British cruiser two months ago, and has not since been heard from.

The inquiry was sent after conference at the State Department between Richard Wagner of New York, president of the company, and Counselor Polk and Solicitor Johnson of the State Department.

Two other boats of the Wagner line, the Hocking and the Genesee were captured by the British government and held for prize court proceedings. It was announced a month ago that the Kankakee would be released on bond and that no further Wagner boats would be seized pending prize court adjudication, but the Kankakee then mysteriously disappeared and the owners have found it impossible to obtain its release.

# Old Dutch Market

Our markets will remain open late Friday night. Close at 2 P. M. (Saturday), New Year's Day.

## Year-End Sale

- SMALL CUT FROM LITTLE PIG PORK. 13c
- FRESH OR CORNED THEY ARE FINE. 15c
- BONELESS BACON, SPECIAL, Small Lean Strips, Lb. 17c
- FRESH OR REAL TASTY. CORNED SHOULDERS, Lb. 12½c
- LEGS OF SPECIAL LAMB, Lb. 18c
- PRIME NATIVE RIB, Lb. 18c
- CHUCK SPECIAL, ROAST, Lb. 12½c
- BONELESS POT ROAST, Lb. 12½c
- BREAKFAST BACON, Machine Sliced, Lb. 20c
- BEST HAMBURG STEAK, Lb. 12½c
- LETTUCE, EACH, solid heads 8c
- APPLES—Extra Fancy Grimes Golden, pk. 40c

- ### FRESH KILLED POULTRY
- LARGE BAKING CHICKENS, Lb. 24c
  - FANCY STEWING CHICKENS, Lb. 22c

- ### FLOUR
- Every Bag Fresh From the Mill
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| 6 Lb. Bag 20c     | 6 Lb. Bag 26c  |
| 12 Lb. Bag 41c    | 12 Lb. Bag 50c |
| 24 Lb. Bag 80c    | 24 Lb. Bag 95c |

- ROLLED OATS, 3 LBS. 11c
- CAL. ASPARAGUS, 1ge. sq. can 19c
- MACARONI AND SPAGHETTI, 1ge. pkg. 7½c
- 40c TEAS—All Varieties, Lb. 33c
- GOLDEN SANTOS COFFEE, Lb. 20c

- ### ORANGES
- Sweet and Juicy
- |                    |                    |
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| 200 Size Dozen 23c | 176 Size Dozen 27c |
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