

WEATHER FORECAST:  
Fair Tonight and Tomorrow  
(Full Report on Page Two.)

# The Washington Times

HOME EDITION

NUMBER 9053.

WASHINGTON, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 14, 1916.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## SAYS GERMANY WILL NEVER DO TO ALLIES

Editor of Cologne Gazette Declares Nation Will Not Be "Knocked Out."

### REPLIES TO LLOYD-GEORGE

Asserts Allies' Press Campaign Against Peace Has Helped Strengthen Kaiser.

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.

COLOGNE, Oct. 14.—"If those fellows make peace only when Germany is 'knocked out,' then we will never make peace!"

This emphatic declaration came today from Ernest Posse, chief editor of the Cologne Gazette, and probably Germany's greatest editor.

His thirty-two years connected with that powerful journal makes his perhaps the best unofficial spokesman of the empire, in replying to Lloyd-George's recent statement to the United Press that the war must go on to a finish.

"For weeks the allies have conducted a press campaign against peace, especially at Washington," said Posse. "The have said repeatedly that there will be no peace until we are broken, until they reach the Rhine."

"These statements have strengthened our position enormously. In my opinion the military situation is better today than it was a year ago. The allies will never be able to break the west front, while the situation on other front may improve. The people are filled with confidence in Von Hindenburg."

Sees No Success.  
"Can President Wilson make peace?" he was asked.

"This war is so enormous that the methods for bringing peace which applied formerly do not apply today," he replied. "An international congress cannot settle it. The only plan is for Wilson, through ambassadors, to suggest that special envoys meet in Washington. I don't believe this would succeed now."

"The allies want peace on their own terms, which we certainly will not consider. Here, as elsewhere, there are peace at any price folk, but the German people as a whole want peace only when we can exist as a nation."

Three things, the Gazette editor considers essential to peace so far as Germany is concerned:

Germany's Demands.  
First—The military situation must be considered. Germany must follow Bismarck's policy of protecting her western boundary, perhaps by taking the French fortress of Belfort, and as the Chancellor indicated, she must have an independent Poland on her other frontier to protect her against Russian aggression.

Second—Germany must develop and protect her industrial resources so that she will no longer be dependent on Argentine or Russia for wheat or (Continued on Second Page.)

## War Prisoners on Liner Defy Search

Three German Subjects Bury Themselves in Coal for Four Days.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 14.—How three German prisoners of war escaped, aboard a steamer at Bordeaux, and defied search for four days, was told when the men were landed here early today. As the steamer was about to sail from Bordeaux orders came to hold her. For two days she lay at her dock while military authorities and crew literally combed her inside, without avail. Two days out from port another search led into the coal bunkers. There the Germans were found. They had dug a tunnel through a liberal supply of coal dust-acked bread, and had been getting water by dropping a can with a string attached through the hole.

Only a thorough digging discovered the Germans, as they had not only buried themselves but also covered their eyes with lumps of coal. The men were transferred at sea to the steamer which brought them here.

## EXCISE BOARD HAS HEARD 161 PETITIONS

Total Number of Applications in District Is 281.

Rapid progress is being made by the Excise Board in the consideration of applications for liquor licenses for the next license year, beginning November 1. One hundred and sixty-one cases have been heard, the total number of other applications in the district.

## NEW YORK SPENDS ON BUILDING \$30,000,000

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Thirty million dollars have been paid out for the construction of 3,565 houses in New York's metropolitan district in nine months, according to statistics showed today. The same statistics estimate a quarter of a billion dollars worth of buildings have been erected during the past nine months throughout the city.

## Says Allies Lost 1,620,000 in Drive

Ninety Fresh Divisions Annihilated In Less Than Four Months, Berlin Reports.

BERLIN (via wireless to Sayville), Oct. 14.—Ninety fresh Anglo-French divisions (about 1,620,000 men) were practically annihilated in the three months and a half of the Somme offensive, the military critic of the semi-official news agency asserted today.

These divisions were withdrawn and disappeared completely from the battle, he wrote. Fifty-five divisions, in consequence of heavy losses, could engage in the combat only twice; fifteen divisions were in action three times and only one remained so intact that it could enter the battle four different times. Four divisions were beaten so badly that after the second engagement they had to be sent to fronts where little fighting occurred, but on critical days were recalled and sent to other fronts.

Since the beginning of the Somme offensive, 178 divisions (2,184,000 men) partly new and partly filled up, have been launched against the German positions, the military critic stated.

From June 1 to October 1, he estimated at about 1,000,000 men.

## ROUMANIANS HALT GERMAN INVASION

Falkenhayn's Attack Checked Along the Entire Frontier. Greece Delays.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Roumanians have halted an attempted Austro-German invasion of the Red Tower Pass, and have driven the Teutons back a considerable distance from the border. Bucharest dispatches today reported that General Falkenhayn's advance has been checked everywhere along the southern Transylvania frontier. On the eastern frontier the Germans have been stopped on the Roumanian northern wing and thrown back at some points by strong counter-attacks. Elsewhere the Roumanian resistance is stiffening.

The battles on both allied wings in the Balkans are again becoming more violent. The British are at the outskirts of the city of Seres, already under bombardment, and have cleared the surrounding country of the enemy. On the left wing the Bulgars have been counter-attacking desperately, but have been unable to bend back the Serbian line.

King Constantine, despite the growth of the Venizelos movement in Greece, continues to delay plans for Greece's entry into the war. The King told a diplomat, according to the Athens correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, that he was convinced the Germans would overrun Roumania within fifteen days and that he feared Greece would meet a like fate if she joined the allies.

## ROUMANIANS DRIVE CIVILIANS INTO RIVER

Berlin Charges Looting and Outrages in Transylvania.

BERLIN (via wireless to Sayville), Oct. 14.—Drunk Roumanian soldiers rounded up part of the German and Hungarian population of Fogaras, Transylvania, and drove them into the Alt river by the use of knouts, said an official statement issued at Vienna. Though the river at some places is 150 feet deep, those who tried to reach land were driven back into the water.

The commander of the fourth Roumanian division, General Simonescu removed all the valuable furniture from the houses of Count Agaras and sent it to his own home. All German and Hungarian shops in Fogaras were looted.

## GERMANS DELIVER STIFF COUNTER BLOW

Driven Out After Re-entering Ablaincourt, Paris Reports.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—The German succeeded in re-occupying part of Ablaincourt village in a violent attack, preceded by a series of trench raids, south of the Somme last night, and also trenches northwest of the town, it was officially announced today. The French immediately counter-attacked and drove the Teutons from their positions.

## Austrians Lose 28,000 In Fighting on Carso

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Austrians have lost 28,000 men in the last ten days of fighting on the Carso plateau, said a wireless dispatch from Rome today. The battle continues with undiminished violence.

## DEMOCRATS CALL AT SHADOW LAWN

5,000 Men in Delegation of Pennsylvania Party Men.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.—Democrats from all over Pennsylvania were passing through Philadelphia today en route to Shadow Lawn, where President Wilson will dedicate the day in honor of the Keystone State. It is expected that more than 5,000 Democrats will attend. The largest delegation—nearly 1,000—represents this city.

## HUNT STILL ON FOR GERMAN SUBSEA RAIDER

Ship Reports Having Sighted U-53 200 Miles East of New York Coast.

MORE DETAILS ARE AWAITED

American Destroyers Are Still Searching for Alleged Foreign Naval Base.

NEWPORT, Oct. 14.—The German undersea boat U-53, which sank five steamships off Nantucket Shoals last Sunday, had not been re-located by stations here early today, despite reports from the steamship Bovic yesterday that she had sighted a submarine "astern" 200 miles east of New York.

The location of the German raider is just as much of a mystery today as it was immediately after she dropped out of sight following her destructive raid.

No other report regarding the German submarine save that from the Bovic is regarded as authentic, and here there are awaiting more definite word.

American destroyers, at least three of them from the reserve fleet, still patrol the heavy seas off the Atlantic coast today.

No word regarding the "floating base" for which they are said to be searching has been received here.

Allied destroyers still cruised from Cape May to Cape Ann on the lookout for the German raider.

## BOVIC OFFICERS TELL OF SIGHTING U-BOAT

Say They Saw Submarine Astern of Liner Hellig Olav.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—A westbound submarine was sighted one mile astern the Danish liner Hellig Olav at 8:30 yesterday morning by the White Star liner Bovic, which reached this port from Manchester, England, today.

Some of the Bovic's officers believed the submarine was pursuing the Danish vessel. Others were not certain. The Bovic's captain ordered full steam ahead and dashed westward at the greatest possible speed to avoid possible attack.

The Hellig Olav left New York Thursday for Copenhagen and other Scandinavian ports, carrying seventy-one cabin passengers and other passengers in the steerage. She was about 200 miles east of New York when the Bovic saw the submarine near her yesterday.

Shipping men saw no reason why she should be attacked by a submarine and thought that possibly a German U-boat fell across her path, leading the Bovic's officers to believe she was being pursued.

Captain Jones, of the Bovic, would discuss the statements of the liner's officers. Capt. John Hall, the Sandy Hook pilot, who brought the Bovic in, said the Bovic's captain aimed at a periscope and that that was a mile away. He would have opened fire on the submarine had it offered a larger target, he said.

## SHIP SAYS SHE SAW U-53 OFF NANTUCKET

Raider Said She Was "German Submarine From Newport."

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—A German submarine identifying herself as such by wireless and stating that she was "from Newport" was sighted Tuesday more than 100 miles east of Nantucket lightship by a neutral ship now in port, it became known today.

The submarine was moving in an easterly direction. The submarine was sighted some distance from the neutral vessel, which was signaled by wireless from the submarine asking her name and nationality. It was given, and the question asked in turn.

"Who are you?" "German submarine from Newport, good-by," was the reply.

## BIG PROJECTS IN D. C. BUDGET FOR NEXT YEAR

Total Appropriations Exceeding Last Estimates Understood to Have Been Asked.

SENT TO THE TREASURY

Commissioners Include Plans Rejected and Many New Improvements.

The Commissioners sent to the Secretary of the Treasury today for transmission to Congress their estimates for the fiscal year 1917. The figures will not be made public until the estimates are in the hands of Congress.

It is understood, however, that responding to the demands for improvements in all sections of the District, the Commissioners have recommended a total appropriation exceeding last year's budget, which amounted to \$15,341,184.34.

The amount appropriated by Congress was \$12,575,871.10.

Provision is made, it is understood, for all the important projects recommended last year, but which Congress failed to include in the District appropriation bill. An appropriation is urged for beginning work on the new municipal hospital. This item failed of recognition last year, due largely to protests on the part of residents of the northwest section to the location of the institution on a site owned by the District at Fourteenth and Upshur streets northwest.

No mention of location is made by the Commissioners in their estimates. The amount asked for last year for beginning construction was \$100,000, and it is understood a similar amount is recommended this year.

Purchase of the Dean and Patterson tracts for park purposes again is recommended. The Dean tract, for which the Commissioners last year asked an appropriation of \$25,000, is bounded by New York street and on the west by Columbia road, on the east by Nineteenth street, and on the south by Florida avenue.

The Patterson tract, lying north of Florida avenue, is bounded on the east by the grounds of the Columbia Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, on the west by Columbia road, and on the north by Fairview avenue. The amount recommended for its purchase was \$75,000.

The Commissioners in their hearings before the Appropriations Committee strongly urged the acquisition of these tracts. The Dean tract, it was stated, could be used advantageously for four high schools, the Central High, Business High, Technical High, and Eastern High. The Dean tract, which is located in one of the most thickly populated sections of the District, was offered to the Commissioners at its assessed value.

For Anacostia Flats. More than \$200,000, it is understood, is recommended for the reclamation of the Anacostia flats. The early completion of this project is regarded by the Commissioners as of great importance.

Congress at the instance of the Commissioners doubled last year's appropriation of \$100,000 for this work.

Provision is made for several new school buildings in the southeast section of the District. The work is now done by contract.

The recommendation of Fire Chief J. Wagner that salary increases be made in the Fire Department has received the approval of the Commissioners, though to what extent will not be known until the estimates are submitted to Congress.

The law provides that the budget shall be moving in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury not later than October 15. D. J. Donovan, secretary to the Board of Commissioners, and employees of his office worked on the final draft all of last night.

## Milk Producers in New York Victors

Dairymen's League Wins Cent More Per Quart, Agreeing to End Strike.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—New York's milk strike ended early today. Nineteen of the largest distributors in the city reached an agreement with the Dairymen's League after a four-hour session, at which it was agreed to pay the producers a cent more per quart. A normal supply is expected by Monday.

## Hughes Bettors Now Ask 5 to 8 on Wilson

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Wall street odds against President Wilson's re-election tightened today.

Betting commissioners reported plenty of Wilson money to be put on the short end of 2 to 1 bets.

## Auto Export Record Nearly Doubled.

Exports sales of American automobiles and parts in the year ending June 30, totaled \$144,626,719, nearly doubling the record total of the previous year, according to the Commerce Department today.

Sales of commercial automobiles totaled \$56,805,548; passenger autos, \$40,650,263; tires, \$17,936,227; engines, \$2,636,812; parts, \$22,536,485.

Sales were concentrated principally in England, Russia, and France. All but \$5,000,000 of the commercial automobiles went to these countries. Exports to England of commercial automobiles rose from \$189,000 in 1914, to \$18,723,000 in 1916.

## T. R. TO TRY TO TURN TIDE OF LABOR VOTE

Colonel Goes to Wilkesbarre, Pa., to Speak to Miners Tonight.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Colonel Roosevelt left New York today for his second quick thrust and return to base before he starts his big offensive in the interests of Republican Candidate Charles Evans Hughes next Tuesday.

He is to speak tonight at Wilkesbarre, Pa., to a gathering of miners. He returns here Sunday and leaves for his big Western swing Tuesday.

The Colonel goes into the heart of the mining district, "loaded" for the Adamson strike, as he doesn't speak altogether as a former President of the United States as a stump speaker for the present candidate for that office, but as a brother member of the Miners' Union.

He took his honorary membership card with him, and with another printed postcard, which shows he's a member of one of the railway brotherhoods in Pennsylvania.

The present trip of the Colonel admittedly is to attempt a turning of the labor vote tide. He was expected to go deeply into details regarding the labor records of President Wilson and Hughes in his efforts to prove the latter the more solid friend of union labor and of workers who do not belong to unions.

It is a coincidence that Roosevelt's visit to Wilkesbarre today is his first campaign trip into Pennsylvania since he spoke there for Vance C. McCormick national chairman of the Democratic gubernatorial nominee, had been endorsed by the Progressive party of Pennsylvania.

## 11-Story Building For 18th and Ave.

Central Building Company Is Preparing Site for Big Structure.

The Central Building Company, of which Victor J. Evans is president, is preparing to erect at the southeast corner of Eighteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue a building that will cost between \$500,000 and \$600,000. The national chairman of the Democratic gubernatorial nominee, had been endorsed by the Progressive party of Pennsylvania.

## GEORGE F. RANDOLPH RY. COMMISSIONER

Baltimore and Ohio Official Is Elected to New Position.

General George F. Randolph, vice president of the Baltimore and Ohio system, has been elected to the newly created position of commissioner for the Trunk Lines and Central Freight and Passenger Associations and the railroad of New England.

General Randolph will enter on his new duties in the near future, necessitating severing his connections with the Baltimore and Ohio. He has been with that company twenty years, having been traffic vice president for twelve years.

## HIGH PRICES ASSAIL SATURDAY NIGHT BATH

Cleveland Soap Shortage Threatens Oil and Honored Custom.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 14.—One of the oldest and most honored customs is threatened in Cleveland—the Saturday night bath. A serious soap shortage threatens to make the week-end tub an impossibility, soap dealers declare.

## MEXICAN BORDER STILL A MENACE, WILSON ASSERTS

SAYS MILITIA CANNOT BE WITHDRAWN AT PRESENT



GOV. CHARLES S. WHITMAN, of New York.

## Explains His Reasons for Keeping Guardsmen on Duty to Governor Whitman.

CALLS CONDITIONS BETTER

But Explains That Sufficient Protection From Aggression Must Still Be Maintained.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 14.—Any attempt on the part of the United States Government to withdraw the national guard from the Mexican border at this time would probably be followed "by fresh aggressions from Mexico upon the lives and property of the people of the United States."

President Wilson so advised Governor Whitman of New York, in a letter made public today.

ANSWERS INQUIRIES. The President's letter was written in response to inquiries from Governor Whitman as to the reasons for the continued presence of the New York militia on the border.

While the Chief Executive expresses the belief that conditions in northern Mexico are improving, and that in the near future the number of militiamen on the border may be reduced, he declares that he "would be very sorry to have it supposed their retention on the border is for any mere purpose of completing their military training, or indeed any less commanding purpose than the preservation of our frontier from aggression."

"From the beginning of the difficulty which necessitated the call for militia," wrote the President, "I have been deeply sensitive of the inconvenience caused to the members of these citizen militia organizations because of the separation from their families and their ordinary business engagements and pursuits."

"In order to minimize these sacrifices, the War Department is sending to the border from time to time militia which have not participated in service there and each fresh contingent of General Funston selected for return to home stations such units as in his judgment can best be spared."

"This policy will distribute this duty over as wide an area as possible, and make its burden fall as equally as practicable upon organized militia forces."

"The emergency which led to the call of the militia was the possibility of aggression from Mexico and protection of our frontier. This emergency still, happily, exists, and I am advised by the military authorities that the withdrawal of the militia at any time from the date of its original call up to and including the present would in all human likelihood have been followed by fresh aggressions from Mexico upon the lives and property of the people of the United States."

Used to Repel Invasion. "Militia have, therefore, been used and are being used to repel invasion, and are rendering service of the highest quality and the most urgently needed character to their country."

"I am happy to believe that the condition in northern Mexico is improving and that the active militia will be able to do even more than has been done to relieve embarrassment and suffering of the people of the United States. I share your admiration, my dear governor, for the spirit in which these men have served and are serving their country and would be very sorry to have it supposed their retention on the border is for any mere purpose of completing their military training, or indeed any less commanding purpose than the preservation of our frontier from aggression."

The President said a substantial number of the New York contingent either have been or are in the course of being released now and that he hopes General Funston soon will be able to afford the New York militia further relief.

## MILITIA TO LEAVE BORDER, IS REPORT

May Be Withdrawn When Commission Announces Agreement.

An order recalling the militia from the border may be expected as soon as the United States-Mexican commission, now meeting in Atlantic City, has reported the results of its deliberations, according to the belief in official circles here today.

This report is expected within two or three weeks. With the withdrawal of the militia, it is thought, the regulars, now below the border, will be left to form a border patrol.

Until it is determined when the order for withdrawal can be issued actual preparation for winter occupation of

## GREAT RELIEF PLAN FOR WAR ORPHANS

Financiers to Raise \$130,000,000 in U. S. for Little French Sufferers.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—America's return to France for the latter's aid in the heartbreaking days of '76," is the way some of the biggest business men and financiers of the nation will appeal to the country for contributions to the \$130,000,000 fund for the war orphans of the sister republic.

Details of the plan, which comprises philanthropy on the biggest scale ever attempted, were announced today. The fund will be raised by the incorporated American Society for the Relief of French War Orphans.

Not one penny of the \$130,000,000 is to be used for operating expenses. Organizers already have subscribed \$15,000 for operating expenses the first two years. The contributors have pledged themselves to pay for operation as long as may be necessary through the fifteen years for which the society is incorporated.

Among the most prominent officers of the society are Chief Justice White of the United States Supreme Court, Bishop Greer, Cardinal Justice, Robert Bacon, Nicholas Murray Butler, President Hibben of Princeton, J. P. Morgan, Frank A. Vanderlip, and George F. Baker, Jr.

## Aero Faster Than Wireless on Border

Sometimes New Mail Planes From Columbus Precede Message to Pershing.

Daily mail service by aeroplane has been established between Columbus, N. M., and Colonia Dublan, Mexico, headquarters of Major General Pershing's punitive expedition, by the first aero squadron of General Pershing's forces.

The distance is 130 miles and is covered in sixty-six minutes. The mail has been carried by motor truck, taking about three days. Wireless dispatches to General Pershing, notifying him that an aeroplane had left Columbus with mail, sometimes are delivered at Colonia Dublan after the aero arrives. From 250 to 300 pounds of mail can be carried by the aeroplanes used.

## LOCOMOTIVE RUNS IN SHOP, KILLS MAN

Starts Unaided After Belching Steam, Goes On Siding.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Oct. 14.—An idle locomotive on a switch outside a shop of the Ontario and Western railroad here, which had been left alone for some time, this afternoon suddenly began to belch steam and the wheels began to turn.

It brought down a scaffold on which three men were working. Dominic Tripo was instantly killed; the others received various injuries.

The runaway crashed into another locomotive, pushed the length of the shop, through a set of heavy doors and onto a sidetrack. Then it came to a standstill.

Hearing on an application for final decree of distribution will be held early next month.

Tom Shevlin's Estate Valued at \$2,189,675

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 14.—The estate of the late Thomas L. Shevlin, millionaire lumberman and former Yale football star, is valued at \$2,189,675 in the report of the executors, who acted as appraisers of the estate, filed in probate court here.