

# "My Four Years in Germany"---By Ambassador James Watson Gerard

## MOD HISSED GERARD AS HE GAVE AID TO ENGLISHMEN

### Irate Berliners Break Windows of Embassy and Menace Correspondents After Break With British.

Ambassador Gerard, who, during the four years preceding the declaration of war, was in Berlin and in constant touch with German affairs, has written a vivid story of his experiences. This story, *The Washington Times* will publish in daily installments, of which the following is the twenty-eighth. No document of diplomacy was ever more vital or more interesting.

By JAMES W. GERARD.  
American Ambassador to Germany, July 23, 1912, to February 4, 1917.  
(Copyright, United States, Canada, and International, 1917, by the Public Ledger Co.)

After I had bidden farewell on August 4 to the departing French ambassador, Jules Cambon, I went for a walk about Berlin, soon becoming involved in the great crowd in front of the British embassy on the Wilhelmstrasse. The crowd threw stones and other missiles and managed to break all the windows of the embassy.

The Germans charged afterward that people in the embassy had infuriated the people by throwing pennies to the crowd. I did not see any occurrences of this kind. As the Unter den Linden and the Wilhelmplatz are paved with asphalt the crowd must have brought the missiles which they used with them, with the premeditated design of smashing the embassy windows. A few mounted police made their appearance, but were at no time in sufficient numbers to hold the crowd in check.

British Correspondents Hunted. Afterward I went around to the Unter den Linden, where there was a great crowd in front of the Hotel Adlon. A man standing on the outskirts of the crowd begged me not to go into the hotel, as he said the crowd was looking for English newspaper correspondents.

So threatening was the crowd toward the English correspondents that I went to the corner of the Unter den Linden where I had my office, and not wishing to disturb us, he occupied the lounge in the porter's rooms.

## HAVE COLOR IN CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets  
If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—a lazy, no-good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets.  
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients.  
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color.  
To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days, you must get at the cause.  
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.  
They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results.—Adv.

## Heroine Wins War Cross and Also a Kiss



What the women in the war-stricken countries have done to alleviate pain and bring succor to the wounded will ever be a shining monument to the courage and bravery of the fair sex.

One of the most heroic of these ladies is Madame Maitre, wife of the well known French deputy. She has several times jeopardized her life while attending the needs of the injured soldiers, and has been awarded the Cross of the Legion of Honor for her heroism. This picture was taken at the presentation which took place at the Invalides, Paris, and Madame Maitre is shown receiving the kiss of congratulation which accompanies the decoration.

next morning and apologized again for his "mistake."  
The following day, August 5, I spent part of the time taking over from Sir Edward the British interests. Joseph Coe, former first secretary, and I went to the British embassy, seals were placed upon the archives, and we received such instructions and information as could be given us with reference to the British subjects in Germany and their interests.

British Subjects Seized. During the day British subjects, without distinction as to age or sex, were seized, wherever found, and sent to the fortress of Spandau. I remembered with Von Jagow and told him that that was a measure only taken in the Middle Ages, and I believe that he remonstrated with the authorities and arranged for a cessation of the arbitrary arrests of women.

## AMERICAN WITHOUT FUNDS

The question of money became acute. Travelers who had letters of credit and bank checks for large sums could not get a cent of money in Germany. The American Express Company, I believe, paid all holders of its checks. When Mr. Wolff, president of the American Association of Commerce and Trade in Berlin, and I called upon the director of the Imperial Bank and urged them to arrange something for the relief of American travelers in Germany, he refused to do anything, and I then suggested to him that he might give some money, which they were then printing in Germany, to the Americans for good American credits, such as letters of credit, bank checks, etc., and that they would then have a credit in America which might be more valuable in the future. He, however, refused to see this. Director Herbert Gutmann, of the Dresdner Bank, was the largest banker who relieved the situation. Gutmann arranged with me that the Dresdner Bank, the second largest bank in Germany, would cash the bank checks, letters of credit, and the American Express Company's drafts and international business checks, etc., of Americans for reasonable amounts, providing the embassy seal was put on the letter of credit or check to show that the holder was an American, and outside of Berlin the seal of the American consulate. This immediately relieved the situation.  
(Continued Tomorrow.)

## STRIKE ENDS AS COLORED TROOPS LEAVE ORDWAY

Camp Ordway Kings today with the sound of 200 hammers, silenced yesterday by the shot that snuffed out the life of Andrew J. Cooper.  
Practically every man, who threw down his tools yesterday in protest against the slaying of the aged carpenter by Sentry Jerry Ward, colored, private of the First Separate Battalion is back on the job.

The men returned to work this morning when given assurance that the guard of colored soldiers had been permanently removed.  
The fifty members of the First Separate Battalion were marched away to their camp in O'Connell Park last night. Secretary of War Baker ordered them away immediately after returning from the Cabinet meeting yesterday.

Private Watchmen. Last night and today a force of private watchmen kept guard over the cantonment construction.  
Secretary Baker's order did not affect the status of the guard of colored soldiers on duty at the Highway bridge. It was intimated, however, that they might be relieved of this duty as a further precaution against the imposition of military camp duty in the District.

Private Ward is held at Washington Barracks, awaiting court martial. The court must determine whether he exceeded his orders in shooting down Cooper when the aged carpenter attempted to enter the camp yesterday morning to go to his work.  
The 250 carpenters employed on the cantonment, went willingly to work today after yesterday's lay-off, when given assurance by a thorough investigation of the shooting and measures taken to prevent a repetition of the tragedy.

## COLUMBUS IS CALLED OUR FIRST ADMIRAL

If Columbus should come to America he would find this nation fighting for the same ideals he had in mind on his uncharted voyage of discovery.  
So said Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, in making the principal address before the Washington Chapter, Knights of Columbus, in the Knights' Hall.  
He paid a glowing tribute to Columbus, the scientist, explorer and discoverer of the continent of the first American admiral. Mr. Roosevelt said he hoped the day would come when Columbus Day would be made a national holiday like that of Washington's and Lincoln's Birthday.

## OCCUPATIONAL CENSUS WILL BE MADE IN ARMY

There is now being made, under the direction of the adjutant general, a comprehensive occupational and educational census of the men of the national army, according to a statement authorized by the War Department.  
The object is to carry the selective service law to its logical conclusion and to increase the efficiency of the army by putting the right man in the right place.  
With this in view a "personal" organization has been established in each of the sixteen cantonments. The previous occupation, education, and preference for service of every man are recorded on individual cards, which are then filed and analyzed at the divisional personnel office in each cantonment. An analysis as to the entire 667,000 men of the first increment can readily be made from these records.  
In this work the War Department is having the assistance of a body of civilian experts organized under the title "Committee on Classification of Personnel in the Army" and including a number of professional employment managers lent to the Government by large industrial and business concerns.

## SHIP FLOUR VIA PACIFIC

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Efforts to encourage the use of Australian wheat to California for shipment to the European allies in the form of flour, thus saving bottoms because of the lesser bulk of the finished product. He behind the reduction in freight rates from San Francisco to Gulf ports, announced today by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. The new rates of 60 cents per hundred in carload lots become effective November 19, and apply only to wheat and flour consigned to Europe.

## Giant French Gun Is Overturned By Single Shell's Impact



Man's ingenuity in the construction of death-dealing projectiles was long ago believed to have reached its limits. That this is not true is emphasized every day in reports from the European battlefields.  
Weapons, each more powerful than its predecessor, are constantly appearing and the result of the destructive fire of a shell from one of these monsters is shown in the above picture. A French 355 M. has been bowled over like a toy cannon and it is easy to imagine what the shell that performed this feat would do to a trench.

## CAMP IN NORTH OPPOSED BECAUSE OF EXTREME COLD

Arguments have been advanced to the War Department for the abandonment of the national army cantonment at Ayer, Mass., and Battle Creek, Mich., in which 70,000 citizen soldiers are now training, owing to the impracticability of continuing outdoor training in those latitudes during the bitterly cold winter months.  
The strongest objections come from the Ayer cantonment, where the selected men of New England are training. Installation of the heating system there has been delayed and will not be ready until the middle of November.  
Overcoat Shortage. There is a shortage of overcoats, only 17,000 to supply 25,000 men. The men are housed in barracks of flimsy construction, according to criticisms that come from New Englanders visiting the camp, buildings suitable for winter quarters, but wholly inadequate, when improperly heated, to stave off the cold of a New England winter.  
High officers of the army opposed the plan of building national army cantonments in the North when the War Department was making camp selections.

## FRANK GOTCH ILL

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Frank Gotch, retired world's champion heavyweight wrestler, is confined at the German Hospital here with a severe attack of kidney trouble.

## Vital Records.

**Births.**  
Philip and Anna Platt, boy.  
Guy and Grace Ervin, boy.  
John B. and Eliza A. Down, boy.  
Martha R. and Calvary G. Cooper, girl.  
Joseph A. and Mary R. Broderick, boy.  
George W. and Florence H. Rainman, Jr., girl.  
Milton B. and Laurence E. Brooks, boy.  
Max and Mide R. Applebaum, boy.

## DEATHS

BUEHNE—On Thursday, October 11, 1917, at Providence Hospital, ADELAIDE M., beloved daughter of AUGUST N. and Kathrine Bushie, aged twenty-three years.  
Funeral from her late residence, 27 Michigan avenue northeast, Monday, October 15, 8 a. m. Requiem mass at St. Martin's Church, thence to St. Mary's Cemetery, Friends invited.

## UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE,  
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY,  
222 Pa. ave. N. W.  
Telephone M. 1261 WASHINGTON, D. C.

## RECRUITING STARTS TO BUILD UP NEW DISTRICT GUARD

Recruiting parties of the new National Guard of the District of Columbia are busy today campaigning among the youth of Washington between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one.  
The plan to re-establish the guard in the Capital to take the place of the regiments now in actual training and to give the men who will be in the next selective draft a chance to enter the service of Uncle Sam as non-commissioned officers is favored by Col. J. A. Dapray, U. S. A., recently appointed adjutant general of the District National Guard.  
While men over twenty-one are not barred from the organization, the idea is to have the youth of the city ready for the call when it comes.  
At an enthusiastic meeting at Armory Hall, Fifth and L streets north-west last night, Colonel Dapray outlined the purposes of the new organization. Besides its value as a training unit, the new national guard will provide the protection which the National Capital has never been without since the formation of the original guard.

## FEARS MISSING SISTER MET HER DEATH IN CUBA

HABANA, Cuba, Oct. 13.—After a two months' search in Cuba for his sister, Ruth Armstrong, who came here to accept a position as a governess in a Cuban family and disappeared on July 16, Burt Armstrong has announced he is convinced that she has been killed or has ended her life. "I believe she was murdered or forced into a position where she had to end her life rather than sacrifice her honor," said Armstrong, who was preparing to return to his home in Los Angeles, Cal.  
Miss Armstrong went to Cuba from Youngtown, Ohio.

## Important Announcement!

# Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, New York,

WILL EXHIBIT AT THE HOTEL RALEIGH  
12th St. and Pennsylvania Ave.

October 13th and 14th

A Full Line of Officers' Hand Tailored Serge and Khaki Uniforms and other Army Equipment