

Nevertheless and Notwithstanding. That Dawn in the Sky Is Peace Coming?

"Nevertheless Mlle. Pamiatt will oblige," said the manager of the English concert hall when mention of the singer's name called forth insulting comment.

Nevertheless, we say, PEACE IS COMING, almost in sight below the horizon's edge, despite all the various selfishnesses that have hindered it.

A good deal of the milk in German cocoanut is contained in this statement by Scheidemann, German Socialist leader, to the Reichstag:

"Suppose the army conquered France and England, would that mean peace? I say no, for we would still have to conquer America."

This country is not quite ready. And some of its patriotic sons, anxious to be President, do not speak highly of the nation's war ability.

But, NEVERTHELESS, America is at work getting in motion. And the Prussian gentlemen know it, that we have begun the making of twenty thousand flying machines to carry dynamite; know that we have begun the training of men that will arrive armed, fresh and ready when the Prussians are exhausted.

All the nations in Europe fear unrest and dissatisfaction AT HOME.

All realize that peace now will mean LONG peace. It is a question as to courage and power to hold out till another great battle is fought. Then, with this nation, its money, men and power, always a black cloud over Prussia's future, the Prussian gentlemen will do the necessary thing and peace will come.

What will come AFTER peace, how the world will make up for the hundreds of thousands of millions squandered, the millions of lives lost, the millions crippled, is another question.

Fortunately, whatever happens to us will be the mildest of international happenings.

Our losses will be mostly money—money already spent and money that we shall not make—because it will not be there to make.

Peace will mean the end of Hohenpollern rule.

Great increase in the power of Socialists and working men in Europe.

Government ownership on a constantly increasing scale in this country.

Many things that the high and mighty will not like.

But, nevertheless, peace is coming, and is in sight.

You may have to wait awhile, or you may learn that the spreading of the Austrian and Prussian agitation in Germany has made waiting unnecessary.

The important thing is to make it clear that the United States means what the President has said—namely, that this country wants the right kind of a peace, will not accept the wrong kind, and regardless of what others do will fight on until the right peace is forthcoming. Make Prussia know that, and the peace devil will come hobbling in, bedraggled, but alive.

Miss Mary Ives Todd, thoroughly tired of the war, concludes a complaining letter with this hope:

"Perhaps this world-embracing Armageddon will accomplish what Christ Himself failed to do. That is, permanently drive out of the Temple of Humanity a satanic, God-defying kind of capitalism."

A virtuous but vain longing. Old-fashioned war, with swords and guns and the cutting of throats is coming to an end. Modern war with money well organized, armies of dollars, and generals of finance is only beginning.

In this war men have made money faster than ever before and have shown a greater affection for it than ever before.

Through the war money has been more powerful than ever. After the war it will be still more powerful.

There are gentlemen already proposing to repeal the Sherman act because it interferes with the financial corporations.

There are money generals planning to conquer and monopolize the trade of entire nations.

Some of the public properties will be withdrawn from private control—railroads, telegraphs, telephones. The masses—that is, the workers—will have more to say in Europe. Here, MONEY will talk, as usual. And statesmen, as usual, will listen attentively to the talking.

War with bayonets and throat-cutting will end because nations have learned that no matter what happens, it doesn't PAY.

War of organized dollars against unorganized populations (Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

WEATHER: CLOUDY AND COLDER TO-NIGHT AND MONDAY

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The Washington Times

FINAL EDITION

PEACE RIOTS IN BERLIN, VIENNA, AND BUDAPEST

BAKERS OF D. C. READY TO AD PRESIDENT IN SAVING WHEAT

Co-operation Is Limited Only by Degree of Transportation Efficiency—Warning of Plea Had Been Given.

Here's How to Make Victory Bread

Here's Hoover's simple recipe for Victory Bread: For the 20 per cent of the wheat substitute ordered use rice flour, corn meal, potato flour, oat meal, buckwheat flour, sweet potato flour, soy bean flour, and other substitutes.

Up until February 24 only 5 per cent of the wheat need be composed of substitutes.

Grocers will not be permitted to sell wheat flour unless an equal amount of one of the substitutes is also purchased. Mixer of the flour is a household necessity.

President Wilson has placed the country on stricter food rations.

In a proclamation he limited wholesalers, jobbers, and retailers to 70 per cent of their 1917 wheat flour requirements and bakers to 80 per cent. He calls for observance of two wheatless days, Monday and Wednesday, one wheatless and one meatless meal daily, meatless Tuesdays, and porkless Saturdays.

New Victory Bread. Simultaneously the food administration announced its new victory bread, to contain 20 per cent of cereals other than wheat, after February 24. It also announced Tuesday would be a porkless day in addition to Saturday.

"New" Bread Tomorrow. Washington bakers for several weeks have been making preparations to meet the requirements of the wheat order. Today several of the large baking concerns, including the General Baking Company, with an output of more than 60,000 loaves and several hundred thousand rolls, will make the first effort to use the new formula, beginning with a 25-5 ratio and increasing the substitute as the materials arrive.

Corn, barley, and rye flour mixed in proportion will be used with 80 per cent of wheat flour to make the ten-inch loaf of bread that will be eaten in many homes in the Capital tomorrow.

Transportation conditions will make it difficult for some of the bakers here to get their flour into effect. Although unofficial notice was given four weeks ago that substitute ingredients would be required by the Food Administration to save 20 per cent of the wheat now being consumed it was found difficult to obtain many of the substitute flours.

The heavy snow, congested freight yards throughout the country, and the many embargoes have had a tendency to delay shipments en route, it is believed.

The drastic steps are necessary to provide wheat for Europe, the Food Administration stated. Thirty per cent of America's normal wheat consumption must be sent to our allies. Only radical cuts in the American bill of fare will provide the 15,000,000 bushels of wheat monthly which the allies require.

Only Part Compulsory. Only part of the new food regulations will be compulsory under the powers possessed by the Food Administration. Dealers can be checked through licensing but the Food Administration freely admitted today that it would depend on the patriotism of the American housewife to force observance of the new war rations.

"Victory" war bread, the new national loaf, is expected to provide the big saving in wheat consumption and will be made of the following: Graham and whole wheat breads will be classed as Victory breads, but the real war loaf will be mixed by substituting 20 per cent rice flour, corn meal, potato flour, oatmeal, buckwheat flour, soy bean flour, and other substitutes. Retailers are ordered to sell wheat flour only with an equal amount of one of these substitutes.

Housewives need not mix these in their baking, though this is urged.

President Wilson in his proclamation ordered reduction of wheat by 30 per cent. "A reduction imperative"

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Kaiser Wilhelm Is 59 Years Old Today, But Nobody Gives a Hang

Today is the Kaiser's birthday, but no one can be found in Washington who will cable him greetings, abusive or otherwise. Even Billy Sunday, who spends most of his waking hours and part of his dreams abusing Wilhelm, declined the honor of sending him birthday greetings with reverse English on them under a 3-cent stamp.

Ex-President Roosevelt, to whom the Kaiser is a pet aversion, would not even listen to the suggestion of a birthday message, though when he was President of the Prussians, T. R. used to send him a neat little note wishing him all kinds of pleasant things every January 27.

In despair, a reporter finally went down to the War College, where the Kaiser's forefather, Frederick the Great, stands guard in bronze, and made the suggestion, only to be met with a metallic glare.

The Kaiser is fifty-nine years old today.

CRIME EXPERTS TO STAMPOUT PLOTTERS

The Kaiser has carried the war to America. Firebrands and dynamites in force have started their first real "drive" on the United States, in a campaign of sabotage designed to terrorize workers and destroy munitions.

They will never reach the first line trenches. Government intelligence officers and redoubled guards at all strategic points today started the counter drive against the attack of firebugs which reached a climax last night in the explosion of the naval powder magazine at Newport, R. I. Hundreds of arrests of suspects were made today all over the country.

Crime Experts Called. The United States has called into service large forces of additional workers to thwart the work of incendiaries. It became known today that experts from the police department of New York and other cities have been enlisted in the activities of the intelligence bureaus at Washington, and that men whose names are household words have been added to Uncle Sam's anti-plotter brigades.

The report of impending changes in the work of co-ordinating the various departmental Secret Service operations was heard again, but was not confirmed by officials. Pressure has been brought from new quarters for a single directing head for all the Secret Service workers. This is necessary.

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300,000 CHINESE COOLIES BEHIND LINES IN FRANCE

Three hundred thousand Chinese coolies in France working behind the lines must be returned to their native China dead or alive.

This was the statement today of Bishop Wilson S. Lewis, who has just returned to Washington from the Dragon empire.

"When I left China three months ago they told me there were 300,000 coolies in France and more were being given all the time. Many missionaries went with them at the government's request, because they knew Chinese and could interpret orders. The Canadian missions have greatly benefited and the American missions are now being drawn upon. The French government is under contract to return the coolies to China dead or alive."

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BAND LEADER SUED AS HILT BY "BILLY BARRY," ACTRESS

BALTIMORE, Jan. 27.—Charles Weber, leader of the Fifth Regiment Band, was too extravagant.

One thousand kisses was what he promised Miss Harriet Bierman, a vaudeville actress, she declares.

It is not stated whether or not Miss Bierman collected the kisses, but a breach of promise suit was brought against Weber yesterday in the court of common pleas. Miss Bierman, better known as "Billy Barry," her stage moniker, through her attorney, considers Weber worth \$15,000 to her as a husband.

Miss Bierman has letters said to have been written by Weber which make interesting reading. One of them closed with this:

"I surely miss you, and I think of you often. You know I love you, so will close with love and 1,000 kisses. 'CHARLIE.'"

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TELLS BAKER PACKED JURY OF SENATORS AWAITS HIM

Congressman Lunn Invites Secretary of War to Answer Chamberlain Before House Military Committee.

Charging that Secretary of War Baker will speak to a "packed" jury when he tells the story of America's war work before the Senate Military Affairs Committee, Congressman George R. Lunn of New York, member of the House Military Affairs Committee, today extended to the Secretary an invitation to speak before the House committee.

In a letter to Mr. Baker he says: "As a member of the House Military Affairs Committee, before which you can at any time make a statement under conditions of fairness, I want to protest against the action of the majority of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, which is open to but one conclusion, and that is that a jury packed and unfair is to receive your statement."

Mr. Lunn's Letter. The letter in full follows:

"It has just come to my attention that the Senate Military Affairs Committee have bluntly refused your request to appear before their committee under conditions that would allow members of the House to attend the hearing. Furthermore, that Senator Chamberlain and Senator Wadsworth have refused to give you the names of the individuals who had written the pathetic letters which were read in the open Senate on Thursday.

"It is astounding to me that any member of the Senate, especially Senator Chamberlain and Senator Wadsworth, should refuse to do that which is self-evidently necessary in order that a full and fair record of charges made might be known."

Obstructive Tactics. "The refusal of the Senate Military Affairs Committee to grant you opportunity to answer charges in a room sufficiently large for members of the House to be accommodated, cannot be interpreted by the country in any other light than that of obstructive tactics.

"The seriousness of the charges made, naturally infers a willingness on the part of those making the charges to do everything in their power to aid you in righting those conditions. It is the part of weaklings to utilize anonymous communications for the purpose of casting condemnatory reflections on a high official.

The refusal of Senator Chamberlain and Senator Wadsworth to give to you, in confidence, the names of paragons whose sons, according to charges, received such abominable treatment, raises the question in the minds of outsiders as to the wisdom, if not the sincerity, of these two Senators.

Punishment Demanded. "The conditions revealed in these two letters are such that demand investigation and punishment of those responsible. How can this possibly be done if the facts in the case are locked by these Senators from your knowledge?

"It is possible that the parents of these two dead soldiers would desire the garment of silence to be laid over revolting conditions by the hands of these Senators? Can the truth be kept from them?"

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WASHINGTON FINANCIER WAS AGENT OF PACKERS

Inquiry Reveals Connection of Colin H. Livingstone With Activities of Armour & Company, of Chicago.

Colin H. Livingstone, prominent Washington banker and financier, yesterday became a prominent figure in the Federal Trade Commission investigation of the packing industry. Evidence intended to show that Mr. Livingstone aided efforts of the packers to defeat the Borland resolution for an investigation of their business in 1916 was brought out by Francis J. Heney, counsel for the commission.

Mr. Livingstone will probably be a witness before the commission again tomorrow. He has been instructed to appear with certain correspondence, alleged to bear upon his services and compensation.

Memory Poor. On the stand yesterday, Mr. Livingstone denied that he had anything to do with blocking the Borland resolution and said that he received no money for such efforts. His recollection was refreshed when Mr. Heney introduced a copy of a letter from Alfred R. Urien, counsel for Armour and Co., to J. Ogden Armour, in which Urien stated that Mr. Livingstone had

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DEVIL DUE FOR LONG VACATION, DECLARES BILLY

"I think we've got the devil wondering if he isn't due for a long vacation from Washington," Billy Sunday said this morning, in reviewing the work of the last week.

Billy seemed to be pretty well pleased with the revival in Washington. There are some things that might be done by people who are interested in the work of the evangelist, but Billy didn't go into those subjects today.

It is known that the collections at the tabernacle are falling far short of what is needed to pay the expenses of the campaign.

Devil a "Sticker." "But the devil is a sticker, believe me," said Billy, "and you can't go to sleep on the job for a minute with him around—and he's pretty nearly always around, you bet."

The evangelist arose early this morning to look out over a world covered with sleet and snow. He went to breakfast with "Ma" and the members of his party and took time to read his morning papers. Billy always pays particular attention to the European war dispatches, the reports of rioting in Berlin and Vienna, the food shortage in the central powers, and the movements of the Bolsheviks are of particular interest.

After breakfast Billy went back to his den and went to work on material for future sermons. He is always revising, adding to and taking from his sermons, until a sermon written by Billy last year would be unrecognizable this year.

Compliments Baltimoreans. At 10:15 Billy and Ma entered their automobile and started for the tabernacle. Billy was greeted by one of the smallest Sunday morning crowds (Continued on Page 7, Column 3.)

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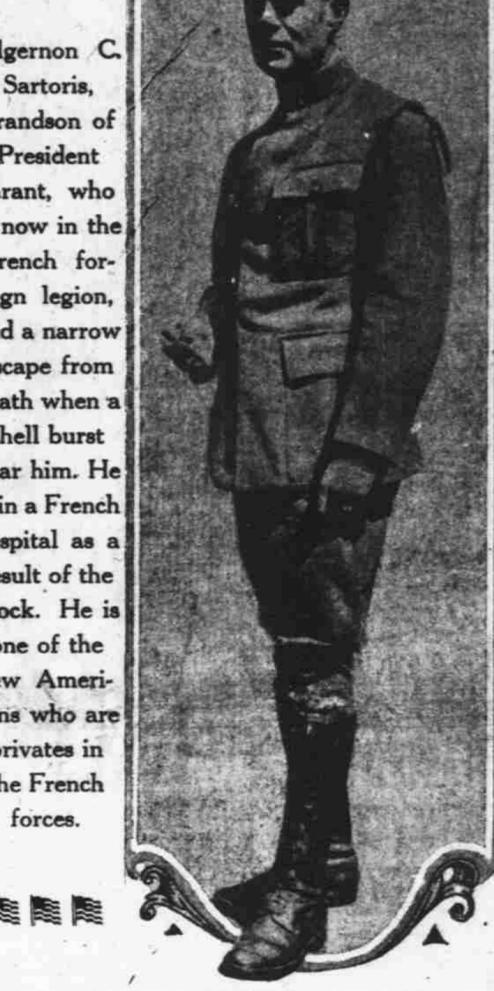
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Washington Man Suffers From Shell Shock

Algernon C. Sartoris, grandson of President Grant, who is now in the French foreign legion, had a narrow escape from death when a shell burst near him. He is in a French hospital as a result of the shock. He is one of the few Americans who are privates in the French forces.



SARTORIS GOES TO HOSPITAL AT FRONT

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, Jan. 26.—Algernon C. Sartoris, of Washington, D. C., grandson of Gen. U. S. Grant and one of the few remaining American private soldiers in the French Foreign Legion, is in a hospital today for the first time during eight months at the front.

Sartoris, who enlisted in the legion more than a year ago, is suffering from a combination of stomach trouble, exposure, and very light shell shock. The explosion of a heavy shell near the American fighter recently caused no immediate ill effects, but left him susceptible to milder ailments. His condition is not serious.

State Will Hear. As soon as Dr. Carr's evidence is in, the State will rest its case. Due to delay in placing William Sardo, the Washington undertaker on the stand yesterday afternoon, court adjourned before Dr. Carr was called.

Sardo had charge of the body of Mrs. Brandon when it was sent to Washington for interment. He also had charge of the exhumation on Tuesday following interment on Saturday.

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KAISER IS INSULTED IN STREETS OF VIENNA

Industrial Outbreaks Throughout Austria-Hungary—Machine Guns Cope With Unrest in Budapest.

State Department officials today are scrutinizing confidential reports confirming the dispatch in The Times reporting rioting in Berlin.

A report via Copenhagen told of mobs marching through the streets shouting for peace, and demanding resumption of the conference with Russian delegates at Brno-Litovsk.

Riots in Vienna. Apparently reliable dispatches tell of renewed peace demonstrations and industrial riots in Vienna and throughout Austria-Hungary.

Budapest, capital of Hungary, is the scene of the latest demonstration, where soldiers with machine guns were called on to cope with an incipient revolution.

An indication of the temper of the people throughout the central countries is seen in the statement of Philip Scheidemann, German Socialist, that the Kaiser "has been insulted on the streets of Vienna."

AUSTRIAN SOLDIERS HALT MASSES STRIKERS SEEKING INNER CITY OF BUDAPEST

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 27.—On January 18 a revolutionary organization was operating in Budapest and the governmental forces feared an attack by massed strikers, according to a delayed copy of the Berlin Tageblatt received here late today.

The dispatch asserted: "Soldiers and machine guns on January 18 surrounded the inner city of Budapest and occupied the bridges between Buda and Pest, preventing the massed strikers from entering the inner city. Thirty members of a revolutionary organization, forming a council of laborers, soldiers, and students, were arrested."

Texts of the speech delivered before the main committee of the Reichstag by Philip Scheidemann, German majority Socialist leader, showed these passages:

"Suppose we beat England and France? Would that mean peace? No; we must still beat America."

Insulted On Street. Continuing, Scheidemann recalled the fact that the Kaiser had been openly insulted on the streets of Vienna, and continued:

"The conservatives demand that Germany be freed from Austria. They will manage to make us lose our last friend."

"Honorable and complete reinstatement of Belgium is our duty. Let us try to save the world from new bloodshed in the spring."

"The feeling of our people is most serious. If you allow the Russian negotiations to break up and disappoint the hopes of those in the west, what then, if not a catastrophe?"

Judging from Germany's previous course, the very fact that her censorship permitted some hint of an actual revolution in Hungary to pass outside her borders would seem to indicate that the actual facts of the case must be much worse than the details given.

In this connection, the press on January 24 carried a dispatch from Petrograd stating that Smolny institute, headquarters of the Bolshevik government, had received a wireless message announcing the report of a revolution in Vienna. This was unconfirmed from any other source.

No Report Previously. No previous report has ever leaked out of Germany that Kaiser Wilhelm was "openly insulted" on the streets of Vienna. When the incident recalled by Scheidemann occurred was not stated. No mention has been made of any visit to Vienna by the German war lord during the last month or more.

Of almost equal significance as indicating a new policy of bold attack against the junkers, the pan-Germans, and the aristocrats as a whole is the fact that Scheidemann actually dared make such a statement in a speech, and that newspapers printed it. The medieval conception of lese majesty has hitherto ruled in Germany, and there have been few persons willing to risk its punishment by making statements which would show the German Emperor as

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