Half Million German Men and Women On Strike---War Industries Paralyzed

SWISS RECEIVE BERLIN PAPER WITH NEWS OF GREAT REVOLT

(Continued from First Page.)

man censor estimated the number of Berlin strikers at 40,000. Another, apparently sled early this morning, put the number out at 75,000. The first named message declared: "Hundreds were joining every hour."

Joins German Minority.

It is of tremendous significance that Philip Scheidemann, the German majority socialist leader, has joined with the German minority leaders, Haase, Ledebour, and Bittmann. For the first time it appears that the German socialist parties are united. Heretofore Scheidemann's subservience to the German government's policy has been so marked as to raise the suspicion that he was merely a tool of the government.

It was Scheidemann who conceived the idea of a Stockholm conference of socialists of the world to discuss peace—a conference which was exposed at the outset as a scheme to twist socialist sentiment into support of Germany by "planting" of a majority of German socialists in the convention.

Relied on as "Safe."

Scheidemann as late as last summer was named by the Kaiser to head a Reichstag committee considering constitutional reforms indicating they relied on him as "safe."

Last week, however, Scheidemann apparently experienced a violent change of heart. Dispatches quoted him as making a bitter assault on Chancellor Hertling for the conduct of the Brest-Litovsk peace negotiations.

The German majority socialists have consistently supported the German government, although professing radical beliefs. The minority socialists have as consistently opposed every move of the junkers. It was their persistence that precipitated the cabinet crisis over Chancellor Bethmann-Hollweg.

AUTOMOBILE COLLIDES WITH STREET CAR; 1 HURT

One man was injured and two others were badly shaken up at 2 o'clock this morning, when an automobile owned and operated by Lacy Kirkmyer, of 323 West Grace street, Richmond, Va., collided at Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest, with Car No. 617 of the Washington Railway and Electric Company. Kirkmyer was cut by flying glass from the splintered windshield and was taken to the Emergency Hospital, where his injuries were treated.

The other occupants of the automobile were Kirkmyer's brother, George C. Kirkmyer, also of Richmond, and James D. Rand, of Amelia, Va. Kirkmyer said his machine skidded and that he was unable to prevent the accident. He was ordered by First precinct policemen to appear in Police Court today.

FINNS ASK SWEDEN TO CURB REVOLUTION

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 30.—The Finnish legislature announced today a delegation was en route from Helsingfors to ask Sweden's assistance against the revolutionists. It was pointed out here that such assistance could only be of a military nature.

Helsingfors dispatches received here today said the government guards of Finland had disarmed 5,000 Russian soldiers and were marching against the Red Guard forces.

When Coffee Disagrees

quick results for the better follow a change to

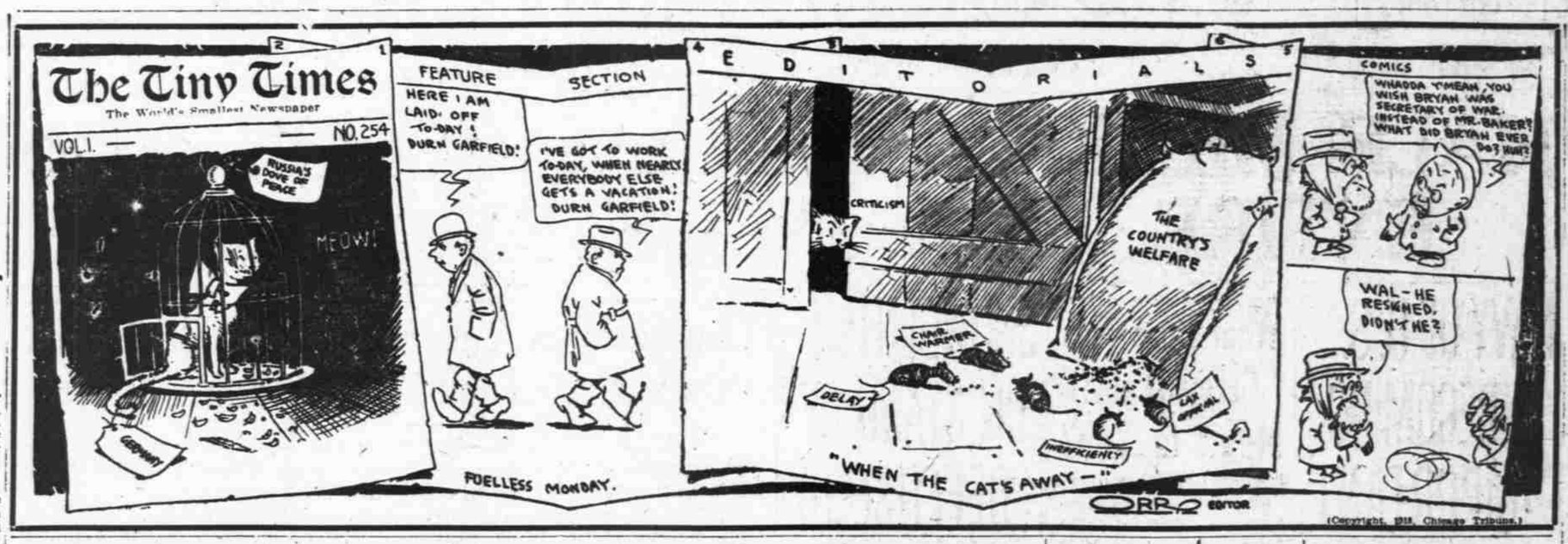
Instant Postum

A delicious, drug-free drink, tasting much like high-grade coffee, comforting and satisfying to the former coffee user.

Ideal for children.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Sold by Grocers.



(Copyright, 1918, Chicago Tribune.)

SNOWDEN TAKES WITNESS STAND IN BRANDON CASE

(Continued from First Page.)

at 20 minutes to 12 o'clock, going to his sister's house next door, and stopped there and talked to his sister's little girl for about five minutes.

"I then crossed a vacant lot and walked by Mr. Williams' house on second street," continued Snowden. "I saw Williams on his back porch. He was stooping over as if he were picking up something."

"Walking on down the street I heard some one call Mutts Dorsey. I stopped and looked back. I saw a wagon but did not see anybody."

Snowden said he walked on up the street and that he saw Mrs. Florence Baker on her front porch and spoke to her.

Mrs. Baker testified early in the trial that she did not see Snowden on that day.

Snowden said that he continued on his way to Martin's bar, where he found several negroes and treated them to drinks.

At Bar Until 1:30.

"I stayed in the bar until after 1:30 o'clock, watching some other men play pool.

"At 1:40 o'clock, or a little after, I returned home and ate lunch. Edna was there, and she acted so strangely that I asked her what was the matter. She said she was going to the hospital, but never did tell me what her trouble was. I stayed at home all the afternoon."

Asked when he had first learned of the death of Mrs. Brandon, Snowden said that some one had told him of it on that same night.

Anonymous letters to Judge Frank I. Duncan, presiding at the trial, and similar communications to State's Attorney George Hartman as well as A. Theodore Brady, leading counsel for the defense, are being received, it became known today.

These communications are being sent from Baltimore, Washington, and Annapolis, and in each case suggest the possibility that another person and not Snowden is guilty. Some of them even ask that the court direct that certain persons up to this time having no connection with the case, be haled into court.

Into Waste Baskets.

The communications are finding their way to the trash basket, it is said. Some of the charges in them are so serious as to be obviously libelous. To those familiar with the case they are groundless.

Attorney Brady, during the course of the State's cross-examination of the Rev. E. S. Williams, colored, pastor of the Asbury Methodist Church, of Annapolis, stated in court that the negroes had been raising funds with which to defend Snowden.

Saw None at Brandons'.

Williams, whose home was near that of the Brandons in Annapolis on the date of the murder, was placed on the stand by the defense to give testimony that he was sitting on his front porch from 9:30 o'clock on the morning of the murder until 1 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, and that he saw no one at the Brandon home in that period, and heard nothing in the Brandon house to indicate anyone was there.

State's Attorney Nicholas H. Green, of Anne Arundel county, directing the prosecution, asked Williams if he did not call a prayer meeting of his congregation after Snowden's arrest to prepare for his defense and raise money for him.

During the warm verbal battle between Brady and Green that followed Brady said:

"Yes, he called a meeting, I'll answer that myself. Further I will tell you what he called it for—it was to raise money to pay me to handle this case."

Remarks Ruled Out.

The court ruled out the remarks of the attorneys on this point. It is known also that money has been raised by negroes in Baltimore for the defense of Snowden, and each day of the trial the courtroom has been crowded with leading negroes from that city.

The defense sought through Williams to contradict the testimony given by two star witnesses for the State—Mary Perkins and Edith Credit, two negresses—who swore they saw Snowden leave the Brandon home between 11 o'clock and noon on the day of the murder.

Williams swore that a few hours after the body of Mrs. Brandon was found dead he heard Mary Perkins say that she "thought it strange that Mrs. Brandon had not been seen all day. I have heard nothing going on over there today, and I just wonder if that young man has killed his wife?"

Woman Makes Denial.

At this juncture the Perkins woman was recalled to the stand and asked if she had made any such statement. She denied it, saying further that she had never discussed the subject with Williams, nor any of the negroes he mentioned as having heard the alleged conversation.

Williams testified that the Rev. W. A. C. Hughes, a negro minister of Washington, was calling on him on the day of the murder; that they sat on the Williams' front porch during the day and heard nothing unusual taking place at the Brandon home.

SHARPEN YOUTHS' WIT, IS PLEA AT BANQUET

Dartmouth alumni in Washington had new ideals for war work today, following addresses to the Alumni Association at the Raleigh Hotel last night by John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American Union, and Dr. Ernest Martin Hopkins, president of Dartmouth, aiding the Government as an expert.

"We must go on sharpening the wits of the young men of this country," said Dr. Hopkins. "But with a firm moral foundation that we may not be found in the same condition as the Germans, one of expert efficiency, yet lacking entirely in moral sense."

Other addresses were made by Dr. Ernest Fox Nichols, former president of Dartmouth; Henry P. Blair, president of the District alumni, and Sherman E. Burroughs, Congressman from New Hampshire.

THEATER IS DAMAGED $3,000 BY COLLAPSE

The damage caused to the new Metropolitan Theater, in F street near Tenth northwest, the roof and interior of which caved in yesterday, was estimated to be $3,000 by Harry M. Crandall today.

Mr. Crandall stated that work would be immediately resumed on the building which he hopes to have ready for occupancy by spring. Mr. Crandall attributes the collapse of the roof to the recent heavy snows, the weight of which weakened the concrete and beams forming the roof. Only one-third of the roof had been completed, and it was supported by wooden slabs. The weight on the roof was too much for the slabs, and they gave way, causing the cave-in.

Try Iron in Yours.

Everybody knows iron helps appetite, nerves, blood and complexion. Why not have the boy shake a drop or two in your soft drinks instead of lime or ammonia? Try it. It builds you up. Many fountains gladly serve it now.—Advt.

Official Price List for the District

Published by authority of the Federal food administrator for the District, based upon reports made and corrected to January 29, 1918, by wholesale and retail merchants.

In publishing these prices the food administrator for the District does not at this time say that they are right or wrong, fair or unfair.

In the left-hand column is given the range of prices charged by wholesalers to retailers, and in the right-hand column the lowest prices to consumers quoted by retailers.

Prices on other commodities will be published from time to time.

All complaints of excessive prices or profiteering, or other unfair prices, should be made promptly in writing to Clarence R. Wilson, Federal food administrator for the District, 901 Sixteenth street northwest.

Commodity.	Wholesale prices to retailers.	Low prices to consumers.
Corn meal, white, per lb	.04½ to .04¾	.05
Hominy, whole, per lb	.05¾	.06¼
Wheat flour, 24-lb. bag	$1.34 to $1.45	$1.50
Buckwheat flour, per lb	.05½ to .07	.07
Barley flour, per lb	.. to ..	.07
Graham flour, per lb	.05	.06
Rice, whole, per lb	.08¾ to .09 4-5	.10
Rice, broken, per lb	.06¾ to .07¾	.08
Rolled oats, bulk, per lb	.05½	.06¼
Cornstarch, bulk, per lb	.07½ to .09	.09
Sugar, best granulated, bulk, per lb	.07 2-5 to .08 2-3	.09
Corn syrup, per can of 24 oz	.12 to .12½	.13
Butter, creamery, extra fresh, prints, per lb	.53 to .55	.55
Butter, cold storage, prints, per lb	.48 to .50	.52
Oleomargarine, 1st grade, per lb	.29	.29
Nut oleomargarine, per lb	.27 to .31	.30
Lard compound, per lb	.23½ to .25	.25
Peanut butter, bulk, per lb	.16 to .17	.19
American cheese, per lb	.27 to .30	.32
Onions, per lb	.03 to .03¼	.03½
Dry beans, per lb.—		
Lima	.14 to .16½	.16
Navy	.12 to .16¾	.17
Split peas, per lb	.12	.13
Dry fruits, per lb—		
Peaches	.13 to .14	.14
Apricots	.17 to .22½	.20
Prunes—		
40 to 50 to the lb., per lb	.11½ to .14	.15
50 to 60 to the lb., per lb	.11 to .12	.13
60 to 70 to the lb., per lb	.10½ to .11¾	.12½

BRISTOL SCHOOL TAKEN FOR WAR PHONE GIRLS

Because the Government could find no available space to house its school of telephone operators of the War Department, a private school, the Bristol Boarding School for Girls, at Nineteenth and Mintwood place northwest, has been commandeered for this purpose, it was learned today.

Miss Alice Bristol, principal of the school, announced that her school would be suspended for the period of the war, since it had been commandeered by the Government.

She received formal notification that her school is to be requisitioned February 1. The telephone operators who will be housed as a result are preparing for service in France.

GET YOUR 1918 AUTO LICENSE, OR LOOK OUT!

If you own an automobile and have not obtained your 1918 license, do not be surprised this afternoon if you find the following note in your machine: "Get new license tag today. Police."

Major Raymond W. Pullman, superintendent of police, today instructed the precinct captains to order members of their command to put in a considerable part of today and to-morrow in courteously warning owners that new licenses must be obtained before February 1. Tomorrow is the last day, and the autoists who fail to get the 1918 licenses by then will be subjected to arrest.

2 KILLED WHEN PLANES COLLIDE IN CLOUD BANK

FORT WORTH, Jan. 30.—Two aviators were killed, one fatally injured, and one seriously hurt in a collision in a cloudbank 2,000 feet up during gunnery practice. The dead are Second Lieut. W. S. McDonald, and Cadet Flyer W. J. King. Second Lieut. J. J. Hickey was fatally injured and Cadet Flyer Simpson hurt. All were members of the Royal Flying Corps and came here from Toronto, Canada.

BRITISH ESCORT SHIP TORPEDOED AND SUNK

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The armed escort vessel Mechanician has been torpedoed and stranded in the English channel and is a total wreck, according to the admiralty. Three officers and ten men were lost.

BARS ADVERTISING VICTORY BREAD NOT MIXED AS ORDERED

Washington bakers will not be permitted to advertise their products as "victory bread" until they use the full 20 per cent of other cereals to 80 per cent of wheat flour, Food Administrator Hoover announced today.

Washington bakers must substitute 20 per cent of other cereals for wheat in bread baking by February 24. If they make the substitution earlier they can advertise Liberty Bread.

Rye flour is at present among the list of substitutes, but it will be placed upon the same basis as wheat March 3, it is announced, as large shipments of rye flour are now going to the allies.

Ingredients Left To Bakers.

Mr. Hoover declared today that he had purposely avoided stipulating the exact ingredients to be included in the 20 per cent ratio, leaving the selections to be made by bakers and others from the lengthy list of cereals recommended which includes cornflour, cornmeal, barley flour, oatmeal, rolled oats, rice and rice flour, potato flour, and other similar flour and meals.

The Food Administration is hopeful that whenever possible cereals locally produced may be used in order to reduce transportation. It is pointed out that the varied list of substitutes makes it possible to obtain a sufficient supply of one or the other of them in a certain locality at reasonable prices.

To Stop Flour Hoarding.

Federal Food Administrator Clarence R. Wilson has issued the following price rules to flour dealers, in connection with the regulations for victory bread:

To prevent the hoarding of flour the recent regulation limiting the sales of flour must be strictly adhered to. That regulation limits the amount of flour to be sold to individual consumers in towns and cities to one-eighth to one-fourth of a barrel or less in quantity; in rural communities to one-fourth to one-half a barrel or less in quantity.

The gross maximum profit to wholesalers of flour should not exceed from 50 cents to 75 cents per barrel.

Retailers' Profits.

The profit exacted by retail dealers in original mill packages, should not exceed from 80 cents to $1.20 per barrel, depending upon the character of service rendered. Where retailers sell at amounts less than original mill packages the gross profit should not exceed 1 cent per pound.

Any profit in excess of these or in excess of those obtained in pre-war times will be considered cause for investigation.

Substitutes for wheat flour should be sold at not more than a reasonable advance over the actual purchase price of the particular goods, without regard to market or replacement value at the time of sale.

The Schulze Advertising Service of Chicago, which is affiliated with the Schulze Baking Company, had registered "Victory Bread" and planned an extensive advertising campaign on it throughout the country.

The Food Administration telegraphed to the Chicago firm explaining the situation, and Paul Schulze of the Schulze Company promptly wired this brief but significant reply:

"Victory is yours."

Yields Without Strings.

A letter immediately followed stating that the Schulze Advertising Service would gladly assign to the Government all rights to the name "Victory Bread," permitting the Food Administration to use the words in any manner, with no strings attached by the Schulze company.

William Evans, manager of the Schulze Advertising Service, also offered his personal assistance in working out the plan, utilizing his experience of many years in promoting advertising campaigns to bakers.

CAMERA CO. CHARGED WITH ARMY GRAFT

Secretary of War Baker is to make a sweeping investigation into the charges of graft and disloyalty lodged against a camera company and its employes assigned to the photographic division of the signal corps. An officer in the signal reserve corps, it is said, faces court-martial on a charge of larceny.

TODAY

(Continued from First Page.)

trenches to be knocked on the head by Prussians?

Not exactly. General Joffre had come to this country representing the French army. He and representatives of the English government had said:

"We have stored in France arms, rifles, machine guns, ammunition in quantities greatly in excess of the number of men we have to use them.

"What we need is MEN. Therefore, send us men as quickly as you can. Send us food. Do not waste shiproom on machine guns, rifles, or ammunition in the beginning. We need the men, we need the food. We have the weapons and the ammunition.

"Send your soldiers, we will arm them with modern weapons—at your leisure you can pay us for these arms or make them yourselves in your factories and give them back to us."

There's your "plenty of coffins and no weapons story," Messrs. Roosevelt and Chamberlain.

What do you think of it? How do you like yourselves, attacking your country at war, discouraging the fathers and mothers of a million young men?

Would it have been wise to load ships with rifles and machine guns—when there were plenty of them waiting for our men on the other side?

Don't you think it was better to send the MEN that were needed, the FOOD and other supplies needed rather than send rifles and machine guns NOT needed, weapons and ammunition that could be sent at leisure?

Have Secretary Baker and subordinates in his and other Government departments made any mistakes? Yes, many. They are American citizens, not archangels with X-ray eyes.

There were miscalculations made about supplies of warm clothing in the South—due to a winter of bitter cold unprecedented.

Men, perhaps half a dozen, perhaps a hundred, have died in camps when better medical care might have saved them. Neither the President nor the Secretary of War can personally nurse each sick soldier. American doctors must be relied upon to do that.

The President will see to it that any neglectful doctor or anybody else is punished as he should be, and that credit is given to the thousands of doctors serving well.

In the spending of more than a million dollars an hour, some money has probably been wasted—but can you imagine what would have happened in the "good old days" of embalmed beef and favored contractors under a Republican Administration of, by, and for the trusts?

Washington wonders how Senator Chamberlain, interesting political walrus, talks to himself when he is alone and remembers that bright night when he stood up between Root and Roosevelt, each with the love light in his eyes, to denounce his own party, his own Administration, the war management of his own country, incidentally showing that he hadn't taken the trouble to inform himself concerning the work of that particular department for which he is committee chairman.

Washington reaches this conclusion:

Elihu Root may not be the best man in the world to send to the Bolsheviki as a representative of American democracy. But he is second to none when you want somebody that can "get" a useful Senatorial walrus from Oregon.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

U. S. DESTROYER FLEET TO LEAD WORLD THIS YEAR

By DAVID LAWRENCE.

(Continued from First Page.)

capacity of a democracy to make war if they knew what an extraordinary piece of engineering had been accomplished in the restoration of the big German liners which Teuton agents had thought they had put out of commission.

Seized Ships Sail Seas.

Those big German liners are being used to transport thousands of American troops to Europe and the mythical army which German writers have been describing as the work of America's imagination bids fair to furnish more surprises.

The navy is quietly doing its part. And the emergence of Secretary Daniels is one of the most remarkable episodes of the war. The rank and file of officers and men, those who had previously been inclined to be hostile and to regard him as a pacifist, realize that they have an inspiring leader.

For Mr. Daniels has wisely delegated to the most competent officers in the navy the actual tasks of administration. Credit will be his for their work, but credit is now being given him on every side for having in the last few years disregarded seniority and chosen the right men to head the various bureaus of the Navy Department and the various units of the fleet.

Ruled Without Favor.

He has ruled without fear or favor, and admittedly the officered personnel of the navy is as good, if not better, than that of any navy in the world. Young men hold the power, but, on the other hand, men like Admiral Benson, who have gotten on in years, are not discarded because of age.

The admiral won the highest praise abroad when he accompanied Colonel House, and when the history of the war comes to be written it will be revealed how much he has had to do with the strategy of operations adopted by all the entente navies.

Co-ordination and co-operation are beginning to mean concrete results. As Secretary Baker put it, the crux of the problem is ships. And while the navies of the United States and Great Britain and France are holding the submarine at bay, checking its activity, and bringing a big army of troops to France, as well as an unprecedented quantity of food, munitions, and supplies, there must be ships built to replace those lost.

Shipping Program Succeeding.

There is reason to believe that the shipbuilding programs abroad are more successful than has been expected. Information as to the status of our own program is often conflicting and confusing character.

Delays are due to lack of fuel, transportation, and industrial troubles, but America's handicaps for the time may be offset by British shipbuilding, though in the meantime the greatest need in America is for pressure behind the necessities for shipbuilding—labor and materials—and when merchant ships finally are being turned out in steadily increasing numbers, the whole war situation will assume for the allies an aspect that will make victory doubly sure.

TRIAL OF HENRY ON CONVERSION CHARGE OPENS

Selection of a jury to try John William Henry, of the defunct stock brokerage and banking firm of Lewis Johnson & Co., on an indictment charging embezzlement, was begun in Justice Stafford's court today. Indications point to an extended duration of the trial and a stubborn defense.

The Government is represented by District Attorney Laskey and Assistant District Attorney James E. Archer, while Henry's interests are looked after by Attorneys Daniel Thew Wright and T. Morris Wampler.

The amount involved in the charges against Henry is approximately $6,500, and the indictment grows out of the alleged conversion by the defendant of funds entrusted to him by Mrs. Constance Schack Gracie, widow of Colonel Gracie, who was a passenger on the ill-fated Titanic. The indictment alleges that April 8, 1912, 100 shares of the capital stock of the Pacific Coast Company, at a par value of $100 each, were issued to Mrs. Gracie, the market value at that time being $65 a share, making a total value of $6,500.

It is further alleged that February 9, 1914, Mrs. Gracie employed Henry to act as her agent and that in that fiduciary occupation he converted for his own in a criminal manner Mrs. Gracie's stock, valued at $6,500.

This is the third of a series of charges involving embezzlement of funds entrusted to Henry.

STREET CAR AND TRUCK COLLIDE; ONE INJURED

J. F. Le Sage, of 1140 Twenty-first street northwest, was slightly injured and several passengers were shaken up this morning when a car of the Washington Railway and Electric Company was in collision with an auto truck owned by W. H. Johnson, 1213 New York avenue, and operated by Edward Potts, 58 Pierce street northwest, on New York avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

Mr. Le Sage, who had just boarded the car, was taken to the Emergency Hospital, where a cut on his hand was treated. The slippery condition of the streets and car tracks were blamed for the accident.

Breaks a Cold In a Few Hours

First dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" relieves all grippe misery.

Don't stay stuffed up!

Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end grippe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged up nostrils and air passages; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Don't accept a substitute.

Klein's Two World Beaters

—That's what everyone who has used

Them Say, Klein's Rubber Skid Not Heels..... 50c

Klein's Whole Fiber Soles..... $1

No matter where you live, he will send for, repair, and return your shoes without delay.

KLEIN'S Rapid Shoe Repair Co.

1219 Pa. Ave. 738 14th St. N. W.
Cor. 9th St. 714 9th St.

VENUS 10¢ PENCIL

17 degrees from 6B softest to 9H hardest and hard and medium copying.

VENUS

LOOK on the desks of the leading executives engineers, designers, army and navy officers, business men and all others who demand much of a lead pencil and you'll find the VENUS.

VENUS pencils are perfect!

American Lead Pencil Company, 220 Fifth Avenue, New York City