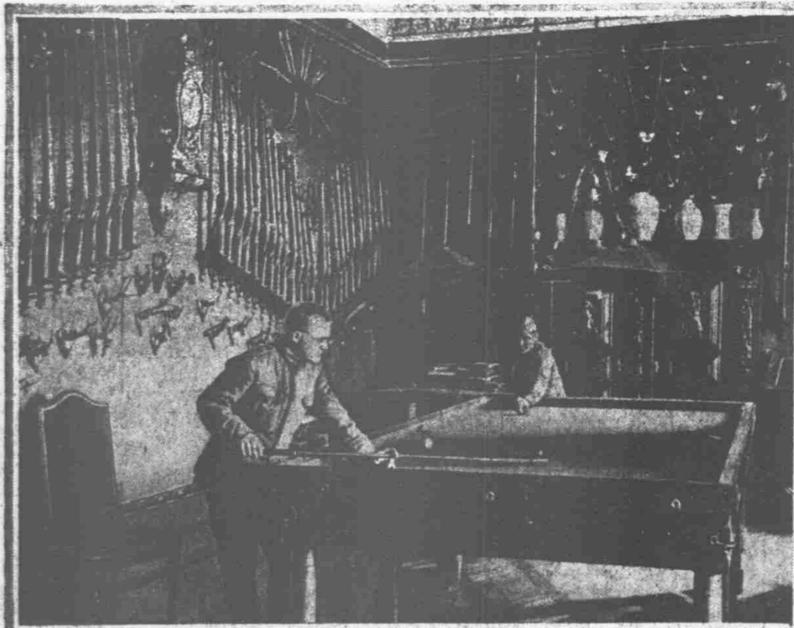


Photographs From Coblenz Where the Yanks Are Making Themselves at Home



The doughboys are having the time of their young lives on occupied German soil, according to all reports. The picture shows a couple of them engaged in a game of billiards in the castle of Count von Waldersdorf, at Molsberg. Incidentally this is the farthest point of German territory reached by the American army of occupation to date.

This American officer is destroying a batch of German aircraft bombs surrendered to the Yanks at Mulheim, Germany. Were they meant for Paris or London? Or for a Red Cross hospital?

Everywhere the doughboy goes the doughnut follows after. Here are the headquarters of the Salvation Army with the American army of occupation in Coblenz, on the Rhine. When the Yanks moved into Germany with the signing of the armistice they insisted that the Salvation Army come along with their doughnut apparatus.

MARCH HOPES TO RUSH HOME 310,000 MEN IN ONE MONTH

Secretary of War Baker today, on America's second anniversary as a party to the world conflict, paid a high tribute to the spirit and support of the nation to insure justice as a new basis of international relations.

General March added a promise that men would be returned home with greater speed than they were rushed over.

"Two years ago today America entered the world war and joined forces with the brave peoples who had for nearly three years resisted the armed tide of autocracy," Secretary Baker stated.

"Future To Be Better. America mobilized to its remotest hamlet, and the affection and support of our people surged around the great army which we summoned, trained, and dispatched to Europe as the representative of American strength and ideals. We find the armed resistance of our adversaries broken. The future will be better for men and women everywhere, if the high spirit which achieved this victory uses its fruits for the protection of peace and the encouragement of justice among men as the basis of all international relations."

General March, looking back into the stormy period of a year ago, said: "One year ago we were starting a tremendous drive to get troops to France. When I took charge of the office of Chief of Staff on March 4 of last year I found that February had touched bottom in the number of troops shipped abroad, only 48,000 having sailed. On last April 6 the flood of men across the seas had definitely begun increasing in volume until we reached our maximum of 309,000 men in one month."

Will Rush Yanks Home. Now on our second anniversary the great problem confronting us is to get our men back to their homes from across the seas. I have set as a mark to be reached 310,000 men in one month. Demobilization has been speeded up at home. One month has established a record of demobilizing over 4,000 men in one day, and we can easily handle the maximum number of men per month which the available shipping permits us to bring back.

Two years ago today the House

SPECIAL NOTICE

SPECIAL NOTICE. I wish to make a statement under oath. I have never had a can of milk in my place that was from any unlicensed farm or from New York, Pennsylvania, or Ohio, or any other place, but was run under permit issued by the Washington Health Department. I have never been charged with handling unlicensed milk before now, and now they claim charge for milk, when the goods was cream. When they brought charge, I stopped the cream. This is the outcome. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of April, 1919.

W. GREGG, Notary Public.

BURNSTINE'S ESTABLISHED BY YEARS DIAMONDS
And Other Precious Stones
Furnished and Purchased
DIAMOND EXPERTS
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Gold, Silver, and Platinum Purchased and Manufactured for Purposes.

passed the Senate resolution declaring a state of war to exist, and President Wilson signed the document which proved the decisive factor of the great struggle.

One year ago President Wilson opened the Third Liberty loan with a speech in Baltimore condemning the German peace treaties forced on Russia and Rumania and pledging that America would meet the German challenge with "force to the utmost."

May Quit Russia By June. Efforts to stampede the United States into sending more combat troops to northern Russia are likely to fail. General March dismissed reports that allied forces around Archangel are about to be driven into the sea as "incredible." He repeated emphatically that the United States troops will be brought out as soon as weather permits, probably by June.

"As we have said, we are going to withdraw the troops from Archangel and bring them back to the United States," General March said. "We will bring those people back certainly by June, according to our present plan. They are repairing the railroads and waiting for the ice to break up to get them out. Just as soon as we can, we will get them out."

No information was obtainable at the War Department to confirm reports from Archangel that two American cruisers are taking United States troops to northern Russia. Two American engineer companies are being sent to repair railroad tracks and prepare for withdrawal of American troops now there. No combat troops are being sent, it was stated.

GOVERNOR SPROUL SIGNS 13 BILLS

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 6.—The approval by Governor Sproul of thirteen bills recently passed by the legislature was announced at the executive department yesterday. In addition, it was announced that two measures had been vetoed.

The Einstein bill, increasing the pay of election officers from \$3 to \$7 a day, was vetoed by the governor, who in his veto message, said that the present pay is sufficient and that an increase in pay would not make the service performed by the election officers any better.

The Schantz bill authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to municipalities for the erection of public comfort stations was also vetoed, the governor holding "that county funds had better be conserved for purposes which will be more widely beneficial to the people of the county as a whole."

SEA FLIGHT FROM LIMERICK PLANNED

LONDON, April 6.—Arrangements are being completed, it is announced, for a trans-Atlantic flight from Limerick to Newfoundland by an airplane piloted by J. C. P. Wood.

The Handley-Page Company is planning to manufacture an airplane capable of carrying 2,500 pounds a distance of 800 miles without stopping.

Graham White is designing a machine that will carry twenty-four passengers.

SEEK CHAUFFEUR IN WILKINS CASE

NEW YORK, April 6.—Two New York chauffeurs may figure as important witnesses for the defense in the coming trial of Dr. Walter K. Wilkins for the murder of his wife, Julia, at her Long Island home.

Charles N. Wyson, counsel for Dr. Wilkins, declares today that the two chauffeurs who have submitted their stories to him in affidavit form were approached on the night of the murder by a disheveled man, who told them they would read of a terrible murder which had occurred at Long Beach. An effort is being made to trace the man by Wilkins' attorney.

COAL DEALERS SEEK HIGH PRICES—HINES

(Continued from First Page.)

Hines, he explained, should eliminate the leverage of the great purchasing powers of the rail lines. Officials of the coal operators' organization had claimed that the Railroad Administration was rumping certain fields by transferring its contracts.

Hines flatly denied this, as well as adding that purchasing agents throughout the country had been instructed not to buy on prices which would force a reduction in the wage scales.

"The statement of the coal association makes it perfectly clear," the Hines statement continued, "that it is trying to prevent competition. It is trying to get some governmental agency to take the responsibility for naming a uniform price for coal in each district."

"Such a uniform price would have to be high enough to take care of the high cost producers, thus producing excessive profits for the low cost operators."

Question Up to Public. "The question now is whether the public wants prices established, supplementing those of the Fuel Administration which have expired, so that price levels may be maintained which will keep up the cost of living and continue to aggregate abnormal profits for the coal operators."

Hines appealed to the public for reports on specific instances where the Administration policy was being violated. These, when found, he asserted, will be corrected promptly and without argument.

Officials of the National Coal Association said they were "not disturbed" by the Railroad Administration bias.

"We do not feel that Director General Hines has explained away the point which he raised," said William Helm, secretary of the association. "We went into this with a view to obtaining co-operation from all parties concerned, and we expected all to meet the Industrial Board half way. We have laid our side before the public, and the Railroad Administration officials do not wish to co-operate in re-establishing price levels, then we are sorry."

RAW MILK AND CREAM

To protect children, invalids and those who are in a run-down condition against milk infections, raw milk and cream should be avoided.

Many outbreaks of typhoid, scarlet fever, diphtheria, septic sore throat, etc., have been caused by raw milk even by the special or certified kind.

Properly pasteurized milk and cream, carefully cooled and bottled, is the only kind people should drink. If this cannot be obtained, get good raw milk and scald it.

Milk labeled "pasteurized" may not be "properly" pasteurized. Washington has no law which controls dairies.

Raw milk is harder to digest than pasteurized or boiled milk, and most of the digestive troubles of bottled children are due to unquarantined ideas, by unprogressive physicians regarding the alleged value of raw milk.

It has recently been established that Creamy Milk Powder, dissolved in boiled water, agrees with babies and causes them to thrive, when they cannot digest any other food.

The Health Officer of the District of Columbia will give you the sanitary rating of your local milk supply at any time you should apply for it.

Literature on application. **SOCIETY FOR PREVENTION OF SICKNESS** 1458 Columbia Road. **E. BERLINER, Secretary** This bulletin paid for by the Society for Prevention of Sickness.

GIRL SLEUTHS FIND LOST \$15,000 GEMS

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1918. Two weeks later private detectives and Washington police were called in to make an investigation.

Lived With Suspect. For two months, Detective Carroll had two of his women operatives living as war workers in the home of Mrs. Callily, who quit her job two weeks after Mrs. Scott, found her gems had been stolen. Ten yards of the valuable lace were stolen, and while the women operatives lived at the Callily home, Detective Carroll scoured the pawnshops of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. It was not until yesterday that Miss Lillian Callily was seen wearing the skirt, trimmed with the handsome and rare lace.

With Detective Sergeants Frank Baur and Thomas Sweeney, Carroll yesterday afternoon went to the Callily home.

"Certainly you can search my house," said Mrs. Callily. "One of the trunks did not reveal any of the gems. When the detectives closed it, Mrs. Callily declared 'You thought you would find something, now you will have to get a search warrant.'"

Brooch in Pin Cushion. "But the detectives did not get a search warrant. In the next trunk searched, they found a brooch, set with diamonds and pearls, valued at \$2,000, sewed up in a pin cushion. The cushion was wrapped and addressed to 'Mrs. E. Handley, 39 Merssey street, Warrington, England.' It was marked 'beads,' and \$250 was the value given."

The detectives then recovered the skirt and all of the rare lace. Between blankets, in another trunk, were found gems, valued at more than \$5,000, while under the mattress of a bed, Detective Morgan pulled out a package containing the balance of the gems.

All of the jewelry and a breast-pin, which had not been reported as stolen, was found. The gems were stolen from a trunk and closet in Mrs. Scott's apartment. After the recovery of the jewelry, Mrs. Callily was taken to police headquarters and questioned by Inspector Clifford L. Grant, chief of detectives, to whom she admitted stealing the gems.

"I took the jewelry and lace from Mrs. Scott's room, but not from the trunk and closet as she has said," Mrs. Callily confessed. "I did not quit my job as maid at the hotel because of the theft. I intended to go back and ask for my job and then intended to put the gems back."

List of Loot. Mrs. Callily is held at the house of detention. She is charged with the theft of the gems and lace. Included in the list of stolen jewelry recovered are a bracelet set with a 13-carat diamond, in platinum, valued at \$4,000; a pair of diamond earrings, valued at \$3,000; a breast-pin, set with diamonds and pearls, valued at \$2,000; a diamond and sapphire scarf-pin valued at \$1,000, and several other valuable rings and breastpins.

"The poor girl is to be pitied," Colonel Scott told The Times last night. "It was a most unfortunate occurrence for her."

Mrs. Callily will be questioned again this morning by Inspector Grant. She stated last night that the Mrs. Handley, to whom she had addressed the \$4,000 diamond and pearl breast-pin, is her sister. A picture of the woman will be sent to Scotland Yard in an effort to learn if she is wanted there and to learn more of her identity.

FOES FORM LEAGUE TO OPPOSE PEACE

LONDON, April 6.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News today reports that former German officers and noncoms have formed a "league of home defense," with the avowed object of forcing the government to refuse to sign a "humiliating peace."

The correspondent said he had learned, however, that the real object of the organization is to overthrow the government.

PRESIDENT NEARLY HAD CASE OF 'FLU'

(Continued from First Page.)

of including a formula for collection of indemnities in the peace treaty, without fixing a definite amount, leaving the matter in the hands of a permanent commission, which would exact payments from the Germans as the enemy's financial condition warranted.

The hope was expressed in official circles that an agreement will be reached on reparations and other important subjects by next Saturday. This was admitted to be possible, however, only under the most favorable conditions. After a full agreement is reached it will take at least a week more to draft the treaty.

A plenary session probably will be held this week to receive the report of the committee on international labor legislation. The League of Nations commission will receive the redraft of the covenant as soon as President Wilson is able to attend a meeting. Disposition of Fiume is expected to be taken up as soon as the reparations problem is solved. Premier Orlando was cheerful over the results

CHINA ASKS FOR VETO ON TWENTY-ONE POINTS IMPOSED BY JAPANESE

PARIS, April 6.—Nullification of the famous "twenty-one demands" imposed upon China by Japan is urged in a long statement cabled from Peking to the Chinese delegation and public today.

The Chinese declare they were forced to make certain notes and treaties with Japan in 1915, but argue that they should be abrogated on the ground they are incompatible with the League of Nations' principles.

In answer to the Japanese claims that the Germans were expelled from the Shantung peninsula (in China) at the cost of 2,000 Japanese lives, the statement calls attention to the fact that the Germans were expelled from Alsace-Lorraine largely through the co-operation of the American army, composed of more than 2,000,000 men. Furthermore, continues the statement, the Americans lost more than sixty times as many men as the Japanese at Tsing Tao, yet America is not claiming a foot of railway or

REPORT PEAK YEAR IN NATIONAL BANKS

an inch of the rich mining land in Alsace-Lorraine.

The Chinese government, in a statement, reasserts to the conference that the "twenty-one" points were "imposed at the point of the bayonet, and that China was forced to surrender because the world was pre-occupied with the European war."

LONDON PRESS AGAINST USING TROOPS IN RUSSIA LONDON, April 6.—Agitation against using allied forces in Russia, particularly British troops, was begun today by the Daily Express.

"We want to know who is responsible for the hare-brained policy to put an allied force in Russia in such grave peril," said this newspaper today in an editorial. "To get our men out in safety must be the limit of any further military enterprise. The country sets its face like flint against any idea of a large punitive expedition. Russia must be left to stew in the juice of Bolshevism, and we do not consent that another British soldier shall be sent there."

SOLDIERS BURN 'DRI' TAGS. TORONTO, Ont., April 6.—Strenuous opposition by returned soldiers to the Women's Christian Temperance Union tag day, caused the police to order the tag sellers off the streets.

A pile of tags seized by the soldiers was burned on the steps of the city hall.

REPORT PEAK YEAR IN NATIONAL BANKS

Deposits and resources of the United States on March 4, were the "greatest ever reported," the Comptroller of the Currency stated tonight. The only exception was in New York city "where there was some reduction."

The national banking system is "experiencing a continuous and healthy growth," the comptroller added. And along with an exceptional growth in numbers and capital, attention was called to the stability of the system, only two failures occurring in fifteen months out of 8,000 banks. "This record has never been equaled in the past twenty-five years," the comptroller commented.

In the three months ending April 3, ninety-six applications for charters were received and eighty-eight applications for increases in capital of existing banks were approved.

These 184 applications came from thirty-seven States, distributed as follows: New England, 5; Eastern States, 28; Southern States, 49; Middle States, 31; Western States, 4; and Pacific States, 21.

Our Pasteurized Milk Receives the Highest Official Rating of the Health Department for the District of Columbia

Milk---As a Food

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Drink milk. Drink more milk. Pure, fresh, rich milk is a food fit for the gods. Babies cannot live without milk, and growing children grow the faster for it. It gives vitality to youth, power to middle life, and to old age it brings a goodly portion of the health and strength of former years. It should be used more largely by people of all ages, classes and conditions. Milk steadies the nerves and adds to the health, physical strength and mental energy of those who use it. It excels coffee, and with it tea is not to be compared. We may drink it at meals and between meals. It is delicious, refreshing, invigorating.

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and place your order. You will enjoy the satisfaction which comes with the knowledge that you are using

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