

THE WEATHER:

Generally cloudy tonight and tomorrow. Temperature at 8 a. m., 65 degrees. Normal temperature for June 9 for the last thirty years, 71 degrees.

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WALL STREET MEN ARE SUBPOENAED BY SENATE IN TREATY 'LEAK' PROBE

ANARCHIST IDENTIFIED AS L. LAZDUE, OF ELGIN, ILL.

BESSEMER, Pa., June 9.—Chief of Police James Finerty, of Bessemer, declared today that he had evidence to show that the recent bomb outrages were organized and directed from here. He declared that seven bombs were manufactured in a shanty near Bessemer, and sent out in suitcases to be used by the anarchists. Finerty said he had established the identity of the anarchist who met death in the explosion at the Palmer home in Washington as Louis Lazdue, of Elgin, Ill.

Woman Gave Tip. It is understood the "tip" on the bomber was furnished by a woman. The bombs were made of iron piping and dynamite stolen from plants near by. A gang of L. W. W. met here May 27 and then departed with the bombs in suit cases.

"I have the goods," declared Finerty. "All I need is the help of the Federal authorities in completing a roundup of the bomb plotters."

Held Secret Meetings. According to Finerty anarchists have been holding secret meetings at Bessemer for several months and collecting funds for financing bomb outrages.

Seven bombs were manufactured in a shanty near Carbon, on the outskirts of Bessemer, and shipped east on Saturday, May 31, Finerty said. Two of those bombs went to Pittsburgh, two to Cleveland, and two to Camden, N. J. They were packed in suit cases. The bombs taken to Camden were later transported to Washington by one of the anarchists. The other bomb, according to Finerty, was taken to Holyoke, Mass.

Found Tubes in Shanty. Finerty said he visited the shanty where the bombs were assembled and found a number of cylinder tubes and other materials used in making the infernal machines. He declared one of the tubes was in the hands of the Pittsburgh police. According to Finerty, the anarchist killed in Washington had without a doubt Lazdue, an alleged radical, who had been living at Bessemer for several months. Finerty said the identity of Lazdue had been established by the description of the clothes given him by the Washington police and by the finding of an automatic revolver. The revolver found near the body of the man killed in Washington had the same serial number as the one owned by Lazdue, Finerty declared.

CANADA BILL GIVES POWER TO DEPORT ALL RADICALS. OTTAWA, Ontario, June 9.—Parliament has placed in the hands of the government a powerful weapon for dealing with those who advocate the overthrow of constituted authority, whether of alien origin or from other parts of the British empire other than Canada. In less than an hour the House of Commons and the Senate rushed a bill through its first, second and third readings and secured for it the royal assent, amending the immigration act under which deportations can be made to apply to all. Originally it applied only to "other than Canadian citizens."

"DYNAMITE" LOUISE BEING SOUGHT



"DYNAMITE" LOUISE BERGER, Of New York, who is being sought by Government agents in connection with the nation-wide bomb plot.

SENATORS WILL HEAR LABOR'S DRY PROTEST

In response to a request from the Central Labor Union of Washington, representatives of organized labor in all parts of the country will be granted a hearing June 14 by a subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee in connection with the demonstration against the wartime prohibition. The Senate bill to enforce wartime prohibition was referred to a subcommittee consisting of Senator Sterling, chairman, and Fall, Norris, Overman, and Walsh of Montana.

PRESIDENT MADE MISTAKE ON WINE AND BEER—BRYAN

Expressing his belief that President Wilson's recommendation for the exemption of beer and light wines from the prohibited list, was a mistake, William Jennings Bryan, told a large meeting at the Liberty Hut yesterday afternoon, the President would not have taken the step had he been in this country and in closer touch with conditions. Later in the evening, speaking to the congregation at the First Baptist Church, Bryan declared he believed the American soldier will return an advocate of prohibition. Bryan declared when Samuel Gompers said he feared the passage of a certain dry labor unions and not for the American Federation of Labor.

BRACELETS FOR "COLLECTOR." CHICAGO, June 9.—William Brown, collector of jewelry, added a pair of steel bracelets to his collection yesterday. Caught lifting a watch and chain.

ENDORSEMENT OF LEAGUE BY LABOR URGED IN CONVENTION

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 9.—Unqualified indorsement is given the peace treaty and league of nations covenant by the executive committee of the American Federation of Labor in its report, submitted to the annual federation convention, opening here today.

"The basic principles of a lasting peace are firmly embedded in the treaty," the report says, and adds that with a peace so built "the world has in truth been made safe for democracy."

Urges Unqualified Support. "The covenant of the league of nations," the report continues, "must meet with the unqualified approval and support of the American working people. It is not a perfect document and perfection is not claimed for it. It does, however, mark the nearest approach to perfection that has ever been reached in the international affairs of mankind."

"We declare our indorsement of the triumph of freedom and justice and democracy as exemplified in the covenant of the league of nations."

Discussing the peace treaty as a whole, the report states: "The introduction of nine specific labor clauses in the peace treaty declares that the well-being, physical and moral, of the industrial wage earners is of supreme international importance."

"No such declaration has ever been written into international law through any previous treaty of peace, and it is due to the efforts of American labor more than to any other single factor that it appears in this emphatic form in the present treaty."

Labor Clauses a Compromise. The report says that while the labor clauses of the peace treaty are a compromise, they are so because other nations of the earth could not pledge themselves to an immediate adoption of the American standard. The report also reviews the Pan-American labor conference held at Laredo, Tex., in November.

A long reconstruction program for the "most complete and most constructive" yet made in this country. (Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

POSTAL INJUNCTION SUITS DISMISSED

Supreme Court today ordered dismissed the suits of the Postal Cable Company against Postmaster General Burleson. Since the cable was returned some time ago the courts held that the question was "moot" and that a decision would have no practical results.

The committee was seeking an injunction against Burleson. SPRING WHEAT 4 PER CENT LESS THAN LAST YEAR

The condition of the spring wheat crop June 1 today was estimated at 91.2 per cent by the Department of Agriculture, a decrease of 4 per cent from the condition of June 1 last year. The acreage was reported as 100.8 per cent of normal.

DOCTOR ON TRIAL FOR WIFE'S DEATH



DR. WALTER WILKINS, Who is charged with brutally killing his wife with a lead pipe.

FIGHT FOR LIFE BEGUN BY WILKINS

MINNEOLA, Long Island, June 9.—In the same vine-covered little courthouse where Mrs. Florence Carman and later Mrs. "Jack" DeSaulles faced murder charges, Dr. Walter Keene Wilkins was placed on trial today, charged with slaying his third wife, Julia, at their Long Beach home on February 27, 1919.

Despite a downpour of rain and the fact that today's session was devoted solely to the drawing of a jury, a large crowd gathered early and packed the courtroom.

Mrs. Wilkins was beaten to death shortly after she and her husband returned from New York, at about 9 o'clock at night. No eyewitness to the tragedy has been found. The doctor declared both he and his wife were set upon by burglars as they entered the house. He himself was beaten and robbed, he said, and he later found Mrs. Wilkins dead in the garden from blows with a hammer and a piece of lead pipe.

District Attorney Charles R. Weeks, who assisted at the prosecution of Mrs. Carman and later prosecuted the case against Mrs. DeSaulles, will attempt to prove that Dr. Wilkins killed his wife to obtain \$75,000 worth of property she owned.

The body of Mrs. Wilkins was examined after fingerprints, said by the police to resemble those of her husband, had been found on a piece of lead pipe with which they believe she was struck down. Dr. Wilkins sought to explain these prints by saying he had picked up the pipe after the murder to examine it.

Afterward an unattested will was found in which Dr. Wilkins was named as his wife's sole beneficiary. Mrs. Wilkins' estate has been estimated at from \$60,000 to \$75,000.

Although warned not to leave Nassau county, the aged physician disappeared while the district attorney was investigating the case. Two days later he telephoned District Attorney Weeks from a point in Maryland that he intended to return and give himself up. On his arrival in New York he was arrested on a charge of murder and later indicted.

PRESIDENT TO LEAVE STRIKE SETTLEMENT TO BURLESON

President Wilson will keep his hands off the nation-wide strike of commercial telegraphers called for Wednesday morning, Secretary Tumulty said at the White House today.

Although the President has been advised of the impending walkout, the Secretary said, the Chief Executive has not sent any instructions here in regard to the strike, nor has he in any way indicated what his views are.

No Word From President. Secretary Tumulty today was without word from the President on the subject, but he and other White House officials stated that the attitude of the President is that the strike is a matter to be handled entirely by the Postoffice Department, in conjunction with other Government officials who might have jurisdiction, such as those of the Department of Labor and the National Labor Board.

Neither the Postoffice nor Labor Departments today gave any intimation as to what were the lines on which they were working to avert the threatened walkout. Postmaster General Burleson today made public information received in a telegram from Postoffice Inspector Sutton at Atlanta last night, in which Sutton declared that he had no evidence as yet that the Southern Bell Company had dismissed girl operators because of union affiliations, the charge that brought about the strike of phone workers in Atlanta.

Acting Secretary of State Polk said today that State Department cable service will be maintained at all costs. (Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

BRAND WHITLOCK TO BE ENVOY AT ROME

PARIS, June 9.—President Wilson has decided to appoint Brand Whitlock, now minister to Belgium, ambassador to Rome, succeeding Thomas Nelson Page. The promotion is in recognition of Whitlock's fine work at Brussels during the war. Page is retiring to continue his literary work. It is known, however, that he has been out of touch with President Wilson's views on the Italian situation.

U. S. DROPS FIGHT ON 'TIP' PURLOINER

The Federal Trade Commission today announced it had dismissed proceedings against the Allen Sales Service Company, of New York city, and again C. Louis Allen, its president. At the same time the commission ordered William H. Yetman, former vice president of the concern, to desist from procuring confidential trade information of competitors.

The findings show Yetman resigned from the Allen company in October, 1918, the commission announced.

President Lauds Investigation Of Peace Treaty Leak

The text of the President's cablegram to Senator Hitchcock follows:

"Tumulty, White House, Washington. "Please convey the following to Senator Hitchcock: I am heartily glad that you have demanded an investigation with regard to possession of the text of the treaty by unauthorized persons.

"I have felt that it was highly undesirable to communicate the text of the document, which is still under negotiation and subject to change. Anyone who has possession of the official English text has what he is clearly not entitled to have or to communicate."

"I have felt in honor bound to act in the same spirit and in the same way as the representatives of the other great powers in this matter and am confident that my fellow countrymen will not expect me to break faith with them.

"I hope the investigation will be most thoroughly prosecuted.

"WOODROW WILSON."

ALLIES FINISH UNITED STATES REPLY TO FOES TO PROTECT NICARAGUA

By JOHN EDWIN NEVIN.

PARIS, June 9.—The big four today placed the finishing touches upon the ultimatum which will accompany the entente's reply to the German counter proposals this week. Four material modifications in the treaty have been virtually settled. They are: 1. Germany is guaranteed coal from upper Silesia and Polish territory.

2. Germany will be furnished with complete records of the league of nations, and if she lives up to the treaty terms she may actually be admitted to the league at the forthcoming meeting in Washington in October.

3. Military arrangements are modified whereby the army may be abolished if the leaders desire it.

4. Germany is given representation on the economic commission, but this commission will receive ironclad orders to fix definitely the size and payment terms of indemnity not later than October.

It is understood that even further material changes have been ordered. (Continued on Page 2, Column 8.)

Nicaragua will be protected against any aggression by Costa Rican forces, said to be massed on the frontier between the two countries, it was stated today. There are United States warships in ports of both countries. As soon as any trouble occurs, with Costa Rica as the aggressor, according to Nicaraguan fears, American marines will be landed. They will be aided in every way by the navy crews.

NUDE MAN, TARRED, CHAINED TO TREE

LONDON, June 9.—According to the Weekly Dispatch, the body of a man in nude condition was found yesterday chained by the neck to a tree near Cambridge.

At the feet of the man, who had been maltreated, was found a naval officer's uniform in a bundle. He had been tarred and feathered. The police are investigating.

MAYOR ACTS TO END DETROIT CAR STRIKE

DETROIT, June 9.—Mayor Couzens today suggested to the city council that it meet June 29 to vote \$10,000,000 in bonds for purchase and municipal operation of the street railways. This proposition was offered as a solution of the present strike. (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

VANDERLIP, SCHIFF AND MORGAN TO BE QUIZZED

Soon after the Senate met, Senator Borah put into the Record a copy of the peace treaty text which he said had been handed to him by Frazier Hunt, a Chicago newspaper man.

Democrats demanded a roll call on the question of putting the treaty in the Record.

The vote was 47 to 27 in favor of publication.

Democrats began a filibuster when Lodge announced he planned to force a vote on Senator Beckham's reconsideration motion today. While Hitchcock filibustered, Administration forces worked hard to line up votes to pass the motion and overturn the Senate's order for the publication.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee today subpoenaed J. P. Morgan, Frank A. Vanderlip, and other big New York bankers as witnesses in the investigation of the "treaty leak."

The entire list of those subpoenaed follows: Jacob Schiff, Henry P. Davison, Thomas Lamont, Paul Warburg, Morgan and Vanderlip.

The committee instructed Lamont to bring with him all correspondence between Morgan & Co. and its Paris and London agents with relation to the peace treaty and the league of nations, particularly the letters written to Davison while he was abroad as head of the American Red Cross.

Taft May Appear. Former President Taft, who is being mentioned here as one of prominent witnesses in the Senate investigation, stated to close advisers today that he is anxious to appear before the committee. Taft today refused to comment on charges that he had secret information as to the contents of the treaty.

The committee's action closely followed presentation by Senator Hitchcock of a cablegram to him from President Wilson, in which the President heartily seconded Hitchcock's demand for investigation of the charges of Senators Borah and Lodge that the text of the treaty is in the hands of New York persons.

Borah's Statement. Following presentation of the President's cablegram, Senator Borah was asked to state to the committee what information he could give that would be helpful in learning who has the treaty and how they got it.

"On March 8," said Borah, "I began an investigation to find out what interest in or connection with the League of Nations the great international bankers of New York had. I learned that all were deeply interested in the league and were working for its adoption in this country. They were assisting, I found, in various ways, by contributions, public speeches, interviews, and other methods.

"I became convinced they were supporting the league, not through any ultra-patriotic motives, but for private reasons.

"I do not intend to give the sources of my information, which came to me in various ways, but I will give it in various ways, but I will give it. (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

Hearts of Three---Jack London's Last Novel Never Before Published in Washington, Appears Serially on Magazine Page Starting Tomorrow Begin This Great Story in The Times Tomorrow