

THE WEATHER:

Showers probably tonight and tomorrow, followed by cloudy weather. Temperature at 8 a. m., 72 degrees. Normal temperature for July 22 for the last thirty years, 77 degrees.

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EXTRA PATROLS, CLOSED STREETS ARE ORDERED TO CHECK RIOTING

PEACE TREATY IS RATIFIED BY BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS

LONDON, July 22.—Great Britain has placed its approval on the treaty with Germany. The bill recommending its ratification was passed last night by the House of Commons on its third reading by a vote of 163 to 4.

An attempt to defeat the treaty on the basis of the Irish question, injected by Joseph Devlin, Nationalist from Belfast, was voted down by the house. Devlin proposed the treaty be rejected because of Premier Lloyd George's Irish policy.

Premier Despairs. Replying to Devlin's demand for a plebiscite in Ireland, the premier declared he had despaired of any settlement of the Irish question until the Irish people agreed among themselves. He said the government had tried already to supply the principle of self-determination by means of the Irish convention, but that the Nationalists were divided. The premier declared that Ulster, moreover, did not want self-determination.

Lloyd George pointed out that Ireland was not one nation in race, religion, temperament, or anything constituting the essentials of a nation. Sir Donald MacLean, opening the treaty debate, urged the trial of the ex-Kaiser in a neutral country. "What right have we to assume that any neutral country desires to be the scene of such a trial?" the premier asked.

The allies had confidence, he said, that whoever was put on trial in Great Britain "he would receive a trial equal to the highest traditions of the British nation."

The ratification of the Anglo-French treaty also was up for consideration. The treaty was read the third time without objection.

DRASTIC DRY BILL PASSED BY THE HOUSE. The House today gave final approval to the national prohibition act, providing for enforcement of both war-time and constitutional prohibition. The final vote came after a motion to recommit the bill and substitute a much more liberal one, offered by Congressman Igoe, Missouri, was defeated by a vote of 136 to 225.

PRESIDENT, BETTER, RESUMES G. O. P. CONFERENCES

President Wilson today resumed his conferences with Republican Senators, postponed yesterday when he was confined to his bed with an attack of intestine trouble.

The President may, however, cancel appointments scheduled for this afternoon and rest. "The President is getting along as well as can be expected," said Dr. Gary T. Grayson, his physician. "He is still weak, however. Weather conditions are against him, but he is responding to his treatment."

"The President will fill his earlier engagements, but may decide to rest this afternoon if they tire him."

Senator Edge of New Jersey, Republican, was the first caller today. The President discussed the treaty and league covenant with him.

PRESIDENT IS DENIED ENVOY ON INDEMNITY

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee today refused President Wilson's request for approval of his appointment of a provisional American member of the allied reparations commission. The committee stood eight to seven.

By that vote it substituted a resolution by Senator Knox for one presented yesterday by Senator Williams, granting the approval asked by President Wilson.

The Knox substitute not only withheld approval of the appointment, but in effect denied President Wilson's right to make the appointment until the treaty has been ratified.

Knox's resolution stated that "it is the judgment of the committee that until the proposed treaty is ratified in accordance with its terms, no power exists to execute any of its provisions, either provisionally or otherwise."

Senators Lodge, Brandegee, Fall, Knox, Harding, Johnson of California, New, and Moses, all Republicans, voted for the Knox substitute, and Senators McCumber, Republican, and Hitchcock, Williams, Swanson, Pomerene, Smith of Arizona, and Pittman voted against it.

PARIS, July 2.—Henry White, of the American peace delegation, it was learned today, has cabled President Wilson, asking specific instruction as to whether America should sign the peace treaty with Bulgaria.

German experts on merchant shipping, chemicals and dyes and representatives of other industries are expected at Versailles this week for discussion of the export problem. Austrian newspapers protest vigorously against the reparations and financial terms of the peace treaty.

Keeping Up With The Times. A FACT A DAY. Mr. Longcope, Manager Classified Advertising, reports 412 competitors in response to the offer of a modest prize for the best limerick description of the merits of The Times classified advertising columns.

Map Showing the Zones Where Last Night's Rioting Occurred



Six spots in the city where rioting was hottest last night. Although there were other smaller disturbances in other parts of the city, the largest crowds and the bloodiest fights occurred at these locations. The six zones are: No. 1, in the vicinity of Seventh and T streets northwest; No. 2, Eleventh and U streets northwest; No. 3, Fourth street between M and N streets northwest; No. 4, Fourteenth and Florida avenue; No. 5, Vermont avenue and L streets; No. 6, the immediate vicinity of 220 G street northwest. At the last spot Detective Sergeant Wilson met his death.

CLARK ASKS PROBE OF DISTRICT POLICE

A sweeping investigation of the "police and higher officials" of the District to place the blame for the recent wave of crime and disorders that have followed is provided in the resolution introduced in the House today by Congressman Frank Clark of Florida.

Commissioners Appeal to All

With the police arrangements to be made tonight, if the authorities can have the co-operation and assistance of law-abiding citizens, the situation will be kept in hand. At no time last night was the city at the mercy of the mob. The violence which occurred was sporadic in character and most of the shootings and other outrages took place where small crowds or no crowds at all were gathered. The large crowds, and what might properly be termed mobs, were dispersed by the police.

OFFERS BILL FOR D. C. JIM CROW LAW

A Jim Crow car law for the District of Columbia is provided in a bill introduced in the Senate today by Senator Harrison of Mississippi. It is similar to a bill introduced by Mr. Harrison in the House in the Sixty-second Congress. The bill was referred to the District Committee.

MARTIAL LAW ASKED IN RESOLUTION OFFERED IN CONGRESS TODAY

Latest developments in the race riot situation are: The Commissioners decide against asking President Wilson to institute martial law in the city. Congressman Emerson of Ohio introduces resolution asking the President to declare martial law. Congressman Vale of Colorado also introduced a resolution calling on the President to declare martial law to "preserve the dignity of the Government of the United States."

The Police Department will increase patrols of soldiers and marines, add to the reserves in each precinct, and close the streets to vehicle traffic in troubled zones. There will be no martial law tonight.

Washington turns grimly to her own resources in the task of stamping out the race conflict. The slender police forces of the Capital are to be re-enforced by additional soldiery, and the Commissioners, after a conference with Major Pullman and army officials, are confident they can control the situation.

President Wilson alone can declare martial law, and no appeal has been made to him to do so. He will not act without representations from the War Department and the District Commissioners.

The city, awaking with blood-shot eyes to review its night of terror, and wondering whether it has Russianized its reputation, wants the sternest measures, but citizens generally express confidence in the Commissioners' action.

Whites and Blacks Warned. If tonight turns red and rioting flares up again, then it is recognized that Washington has no recourse but to turn itself over to the military authorities and endure a taste of real war. Both whites and blacks are warned of the consequences that will ensue if the streets are crowded tonight and another blood orgy is staged.

After the most weird and wicked night in its history, the Nation's Capital has been brought to realize that drastic steps must be taken if its vaunted boast of being "the best governed city in the world" is not to become a byword.

War Department officials will see to it that bands of marines do not organize to avenge the shooting of three of their "buddies" last night, and all mobs will be dispersed by the police, who have been given instruction to take whatever action their best judgment dictates in enforcing their authority.

Curiosity Seekers Are Barred. Persons parading the downtown streets tonight without apparent destinations are likely to find their activities considerably curtailed by the police, and mere curiosity seekers will not be tolerated.

District affairs are to be given a thorough airing in Congress as the result of the tragedy, and it is certain that responsibility for the present inadequate condition of the police force will be traced to its source. So far as rioting was concerned, the morning and early afternoon passed without incident, and there were no additions to the death roll, although the list of the minor wounded increased considerably.