

HARDING QUILTS FRONT PORCH

Speaks at Baltimore Tonight on His First Tour of the Campaign.

ABOARD SENATOR HARDING'S SPECIAL TRAIN, PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 27.

—Forsaking temporarily the quiet of his Marion front porch, Senator Warren G. Harding today is making his first speaking tour of the campaign.

Accompanied by Mrs. Harding and a small party, the Senator is en route to Baltimore, where tonight he will deliver his first purely political address outside of Ohio since his nomination, a speech dealing with the need of an American merchant marine and a protective tariff.

WEEKLY EXTENDED.

The Senator's itinerary, originally calling for but three speeches, Baltimore, Wheeling and Ashland, Ky., has been extended to include six. The additional engagements will be filled in Parkersburg, Huntington, and Keokuk, all in West Virginia, where half hour stops will be made, en route back to Marion. Senator Harding will be back on his front porch Thursday.

AT BALTIMORE

At Baltimore late today Senator Harding will be joined by Harry M. Daugherty, his personal campaign manager, and Charles D. Hillis, New York national committeeman, who have been arranging the proposed Eastern trip the Senator will undertake late in October.

THREE SPECIAL GARE.

Three special cars make up the Harding train. In the Senator's immediate party are Senator Frederick B. Sale of Maine, Dr. C. F. Sawyer, his Marine physician; ex-Senator George Rutherford of Utah, and Richard Washburn Child, his editorial adviser. A score of newspaper correspondents accompany him.

The Harding special will reach Baltimore at 3:15 o'clock this afternoon. The route today led through Pennsylvania. No speeches were scheduled in this rock-ribbed Republican State, but the Senator may make a few stop speeches at some of the larger cities enroute.

COAL PROFITEERS SURRENDER BOOKS

W. Va. Operators Send Nation Here Following Instruments for Gouging.

Hundred and five West Virginia coal operators accused of gouging to the extent of from \$1 to \$100 per ton have surrendered to the seat of justice, and agreed to send their books to Washington to present the allegations were first he operators defied the Government. They changed their minds, however, when about to be summoned before a grand jury.

This action was taken at a meeting held at Fairmont, W. Va., on September 22. On that occasion they passed resolutions of surrender and sent a delegation to Washington to present them to United States District Attorney Stewart W. Walker.

SUPPLEMENTS CHORUS TO MEET.

The People's Opera Society chorus will hold its first meeting of the season at the Wilson Normal School at 8 o'clock Wednesday night. Rollin Reed is sponsor.

DOG FASTS A WEEK TILL BOY PAL RETURNS

HACKENSACK, N. J., Sept. 27.

Gyp, canine companion of John G. Kelly, fifth, broke a six-day fast when his boy pal returned. The dog stopped eating the day the lad disappeared. When his pal was found the dog stopped his fast. John had a dispute with his father and went to New York to make his way in the world.

COX ASKS CHURCHES TO GIVE LEAGUE AID

Cites Denominational Approval of Wilson Plan to Small Towns in West.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Sept. 27.

Facing eastward again after 1,000 miles of campaigning in the far West, Gov. James M. Cox is today carrying his League of Nations defense through Nebraska, where large crowds are pouring forth to hear his statement of campaign issues. Stops at Kearney, Fremont, Columbus, Grand Island, and Lincoln are on today's program, concluding with a mass meeting at Omaha tonight.

Out here in the little prairie towns Governor Cox is pleading today the endorsement of the churches as further strengthening the moral influence of the League of Nations.

"The Methodist Church at its last annual conference in Des Moines, the Baptist National Association at Washington, the Presbyterian general assembly at Philadelphia, the triennial general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church at Detroit, the National Council of the Congregational Church at Grand Rapids, the Unitarian general conference at Baltimore—all unanimously approved our entry into the League, either without reservation or with only such reservation as would reassure our people and strengthen the moral influence of the United States," Governor Cox said.

Governor Cox also cited the following statement of Pope Benedict in his last encyclical:

"Once the league among the nations is founded on the Christian law in all that regards justice and charity the church will surely not refuse to lend its aid—a special reason for this society among nations is the need, generally recognized of reducing, if it is not possible to abolish it entirely, the enormous military expenditure which can no longer be borne by the states in order that in this way murderous and disastrous wars may be prevented."

GERMANY MENAGED BY SOCIAL DISEASE

One Baby in 25 Born With Affliction, Noted Specialist Declares.

BERLIN, Sept. 27.

"One in every twenty-five new-born babies in Germany comes into the world afflicted with the most dread social disease in inherited form."

This startling statement was made by Dr. A. Loeser, a noted specialist in women's and children's diseases at the Congress of Physicians convening at Badenheim.

Dr. Loeser directed emphasis to a consideration of the general weakness, ill-health and hereditary effects on the generation born during the years of the war and since the end of the war.

He used that certain tests be made obligatory throughout Germany in order that early steps may be taken to improve the health of the coming generation.

Jimmy and His War Bride

Copyright, 1930, International Feature Service, Inc.



Our hero, to put a little pep into his campaign, prepares a thrilling Napoleonic tableau called "1920." His bride impersonates the Daughter of the Regiment, and the fourteen children are the Old Guard. It was a magnificent sight. On swept the serried ranks, with loud shouts of "Lo, Pop!" "This is perfectly ripping!" "May I not suggest three cheers" and other expressions habitually used by military men. Suddenly, without the slightest previous notification, there appeared a ferocious—

To Be Continued.

RICH MAN FORGIVES ELOPING GIRL-WIFE

Middle-Aged Lumberman Kisses Mate and Withdraws Larceny Charge.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 27.

Just as she predicted he would do, A. C. Weston, middle-aged millionaire lumberman, of Logtown, Miss., kissed and made up with his girl wife, Mrs. Hazel Weston, 18 years old, soon after arriving here yesterday with Chief of Police Byrd, of Guilford, who brought warrants charging the girl and Leonard Bayerdorfer, musician, 25 years old, of New Orleans, with the theft of Weston's automobile, in which they motored here from Guilford.

Following a brief conference with officials at police headquarters, Weston hurried to the lock-up, where the girl was being held without bail. After he had what one of the policemen described as a "love-dovey" talk with her, his next move was to take steps to have her transferred to a hotel.

The understanding was the charge against the girl would be dropped today, when the case is called in court, and that she will accompany her husband back home.

Weston says that his wife eloped with Bayerdorfer September 9, three days after he had left for Chicago on a business trip, and not until he returned did he learn that she was gone.

CITIZENS WILL MEET.

The North Capitol and Eckington Citizens' Association will hold its regular meeting at Emery school tomorrow evening at eight o'clock.

HOLD PAPERS FOR EX-SERVICE MEN

Discharge Certificates Await Many Veterans at Army Recruiting Station Here.

ARMY RECRUITING STATION, 609 Tenth street northwest, holds the discharge certificates of many who served either overseas or in this country during the war. Letters have been sent out by Capt. B. E. Lattimore, in charge, notifying the men, but a large number have been returned because of faulty addresses.

By applying to Captain Lattimore at the recruiting station, the following men may obtain their discharge papers and instructions as to their final settlement with the Government:

George T. Dunn, 912 Second street; Jesse Stotler, 1021 North Capitol street; Herbert Everts, 1706 Pennsylvania avenue; Robert E. Fennell, 322 Hamlin street northeast; John J. Dey, 318 Eighth street northeast; Joseph Namey, 928 New York avenue northwest; Warren S. Cooke, 1353 K street northeast; Paul A. Greaser, 1290 Eleventh street northeast; John T. Crigger, 603 L street; Grady L. Allen, 1011 Massachusetts avenue; Frank J. Cheney, 219 Duke street, Norfolk, Va.; George W. Whitson, 313 Malley avenue, Norfolk, Va.; John A. Fetche, 3026 Cambridge street; Claud H. Bradford, 1425 Eighth street northwest; Stephen Borowski, 1745 T street northwest; William G. Quigley, 220 Twelfth place northeast; Francis M. Greaser, 607 Twelfth street northwest; Bion H. Meader, 445 Kenyon street northwest; Noah Blaker, 3346 M street; Martin F. Costello, 2718 M street northwest; Howard L. Anderson, 1691 S street; Joseph M. Andrews, general delivery, Washington, D. C.; Glen C. Benjamin, 947 Virginia avenue southwest; Mack E. Frankel, 1221 New York avenue northwest; Mike Glasco, 1100 K street northwest; Walter W. Fitts, 1114 K street northwest; Archie Green, 225 H street northwest; John H. Worrock, 722 Tenth street northwest; Thomas M. Hanlon, 413 I street southeast; William F. Hodgin, 318 Twelfth street southwest; Dennis O'Connor, 1240 Thirteenth street southeast; Grover Hollan, 421 K street northeast; Morris H. Lee, 1758 U street northwest; Frank L. Tivy, 417 Sixth street northwest; Joseph E. Keener, 218 Pennsylvania avenue northwest; Morris Lerer, 1008 Spring road; Arthur Martin, 481 Tenth street northwest; Fred Miller, 4703 Georgia avenue, Takoma Park, D. C.; Frank M. Jones, 421 C street northwest; Paul Maasrick, 34 H street northeast; Jewel C. McMichael, 720 K street northeast; John F. Merrel, 928 Sheppard street northwest; Ernest P. Smith, 202 H street northwest; George Piclio, Jr., 315 Missouri avenue; Edward Reich, 1800 Nineteenth street northwest; Benjamin H. Scott, 1021 Fortner place northwest; Robert W. Franz, 1822 H street northwest; Robert Strong, 901 Twenty-second street northwest; Elias Stanton, 422 1/2 Eleventh street southwest; Robert L. Smith, 1131 Twelfth street northwest; James Smith, 2116 C street northwest; Paul E. Frank, 421 C street northwest; Otho L. Taylor, 493 E street southwest; Leo Taylor, 511 Sixth street northwest; Rudolf Unauf, 1347 Twenty-ninth street northwest; William D. Taylor, 3128 Dunbarton avenue; Oliver R. Van Orman, 626 I street northwest; Ernest W. Wallace, 3317 Holmead place northwest; John S. Wessells, 719 Webster avenue northwest; Arthur E. White, 1014 Douglas street; Joseph Turner, General Delivery; William A. Vest, 826 Twenty-fifth street northwest; William H. Watkins, 4406 Georgia avenue northwest; John Schlosser, 21 New Jersey avenue; Charles J. Smith, 924 Fifth street northwest.

D. C. UNITARIANS TO HEAR NOTED BRITISH PASTOR

All interested in Unitarianism are invited to attend a gathering at the auditorium of the Cosmos Club at 8 o'clock Wednesday night to greet the Rev. Christopher J. Street, of Sheffield, England, one of the leading Unitarian pastors of Great Britain.

The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Washington Chapter of the Unitarian Laymen's League.

WILL ASK CONGRESS TO IMPEACH WILSON

Edmonds to Base Demand on President's Ship Board Stand.

(Continued from First Page.)

get a man in the President's place" he was asked.

"We will impeach him at the earliest opportunity," was the answer. "The Merchant Marine Committee of the House of Representatives has a special power conferred upon it which permits it to hold sessions while Congress is adjourned. I am going to get into communication with the various members of the committee so that we can hold a meeting some time before Congress reconvenes. If a meeting is held, we will be enabled to lay the impeachment measures before the House of Representatives the first thing when it reconvenes on the first Monday in December.

"Every provision of the Jones act was carefully considered by the committee before it passed upon it. The measure was passed and then it was signed by the President himself. If there were any of the provisions that were objectionable to him, he would have vetoed the act. The entire act or any of its provisions at that time. But he acquiesced, and now is taking upon himself a power that both he and the Secretary of State do not possess in refusing to carry out the instructions of the act. He has no right to decide what parts of the act he will carry out and to ignore the remaining provisions.

"When the La Follette senator's act was passed the President anxiously rushed into doing the very thing that he is now refusing to do. He has no right to set himself up as a power to censor existing legislation that he is bound to carry out because of his oath of office.

PLANS SPECIAL SESSION.

"I am going to get in touch with the various members of the committee during the coming week. Then, if it can be arranged, we will hold a special session to outline our action on the impeachment of the President. Just how soon the committee meeting can be held cannot say at this time, as the members are scattered all over the country.

"I am hoping for an early meeting of the committee, or at least the holding of one before the House reconvenes, so that that could take up the impeachment at its first session. I do not look for any trouble in the committee, as the Democrats are in the minority, and, therefore, cannot spike any action on a strictly partisan basis. The impeachment proceedings are certainly justified and necessary because of the very irksome dictatorship that the President has set up. The present instance is merely a flagrant example of its operation, and I feel the impeachment is necessary to show the President that his will is not that of the country."

FOREIGN NATIONS BEGIN ATTACK ON SHIP BOARD

Since President Wilson, by his refusal to obey the Jones shipping act, virtually removed all teeth from the United States Shipping Board, foreign nations have already begun attacks upon that struggling organization.

At least one government with great shipping interests, and probably two, is now making representations against the Harriman-Hamburg American deal, given official sanction by the board, and hope ultimately to destroy it.

Official objection to the deal is based upon two distinct grounds.

First, that it constitutes discrimination against allied commercial interests in favor of Germany.

Second, that the United States is still at war with Germany, and therefore cannot legally enter into a business combination with her.

KNEW DECISION IN ADVANCE.

These allegations are all the more remarkable in that they come from one of the nations first to sign the treaty of peace and to enter into commercial relations with Germany.

The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Washington Chapter of the Unitarian Laymen's League.

TEUTONS SAY MILLERAND MEANS MORE HARD TERMS

BERLIN, Sept. 27.

A black outlook for Germany is seen by the leading German newspapers, especially the Nationalist organs in the election of Alexandre Millerand as President of France. They profess to expect from him a continuation of the Carthaginian policy—the policy of "utter destruction" that they attributed to Georges Clemenceau. The Preussische Zeitung, a strong National newspaper, says:

"It is impossible to deceive ourselves. We must realize the fact that we can expect from the new President of France the destruction of Germany."

WOMEN'S SAILORS

MEANING the kind you wear on your head—not on your arm. They are mannish affairs, always the thing for fall. And the place to come to for the true mannish touch is a man's store.

There's a separate department of women's specialties on the second floor. The hatters' plush sailors are winning interest, now, Original touches in their ribboning to prevent their being altogether severe. Clever turns to the crowns. \$12.50.

JUST POLITICAL TALK, IS WHITE HOUSE VIEW

Talk of impeachment proceedings against President Wilson in connection with failure to carry out the provision in the Jones Shipping law, by Senator Sterling of North Dakota and Congressman Edmonds of Philadelphia is for political effect, according to close advisers of the President at the White House today.

They assert that the President in his stand has raised such a constitutional question as would bar any impeachment action by Congress if such action were considered seriously.

At the White House, it was explained that the President took the ground, in announcing his refusal that Congress lacked the power to initiate or abrogate treaties.

Behind this, it was said, lie possibilities of unpleasant disputes and commercial complications, should the provisions of the new law be complied with strictly.

No attention is being paid at the White House to impeachment talk for failure of the President to give notice within ninety days of the abrogation of such treaties as conflict with the shipping law.

Secretary Tumulty will confer with President Wilson today on the latter's plans for participation in the campaign for Governor Cox.

BRITAIN HOLDS U. S. FOR MEXICAN DEBT

Thinks America Should Collect Damages or Pay Them Up Herself.

(Continued from First Page.)

her rights." It is under such "reserved rights" that the British government will now press its claims.

That the United States is well aware of Great Britain's intention was made clear when an official said this Government is ready with a complete set of counter claims. They are based in large part upon British reparations upon American commerce at sea.

HUGE SEIZURES CHARGED.

These depredations began with seizure of the Standard Oil ship Brindley in 1914, and continued without intermission until the United States entered the war. At one time no fewer than 600 cargoes were at issue. One group of seizures alone was valued at \$25,000,000.

Each was protested by the State Department and great Britain was eventually notified by the President that she would be held "strictly responsible" for her act. When the controversy was at its height, America became a belligerent.

One group of American interests, the packers, have settled their claim with Great Britain, but the aggregate of unsettled claims, it is said, amounts to hundreds of millions of dollars.

BEAUTY IN TRAINING FOR HER MARRIAGE

French Girl "Reducing" and Learning English for Rich American Fiance.

PARIS, Sept. 27.

Mlle. Cecile Serel, noted French beauty, who according to her friends, is shortly to marry a rich young American, has gone into training in preparation for that event.

Her fiance likes slender figures and speaks but little French. So at the bath establishment at Bagneux-de-Orne, Mlle. Serel is removing both obstacles to the romance.

Promptly at 10 o'clock every morning she visits the baths, where she spends an hour going through a weight-reducing program. She eats scarcely any lunch. After lunch she spends an hour with an English instructor and then she goes for a walk, wearing heelless sandals prescribed for her by a doctor who believes high heels produce fat. She already has lost ten pounds.

Reports of her marriage to the American have appeared from time to time in the French papers, but his identity remains Mlle. Serel's secret.

BRITAIN HOLDS U. S. FOR MEXICAN DEBT

Thinks America Should Collect Damages or Pay Them Up Herself.

(Continued from First Page.)

her rights." It is under such "reserved rights" that the British government will now press its claims.

That the United States is well aware of Great Britain's intention was made clear when an official said this Government is ready with a complete set of counter claims. They are based in large part upon British reparations upon American commerce at sea.

HUGE SEIZURES CHARGED.

These depredations began with seizure of the Standard Oil ship Brindley in 1914, and continued without intermission until the United States entered the war. At one time no fewer than 600 cargoes were at issue. One group of seizures alone was valued at \$25,000,000.

Each was protested by the State Department and great Britain was eventually notified by the President that she would be held "strictly responsible" for her act. When the controversy was at its height, America became a belligerent.

One group of American interests, the packers, have settled their claim with Great Britain, but the aggregate of unsettled claims, it is said, amounts to hundreds of millions of dollars.

"DRY" AGENTS WATCH HOTELS

Prohibition Officer for D. C. Admits Whiskey Is Being Sold Here.

Conditions in Washington, measured by the prohibition law, are very bad, according to Thomas E. Stott, prohibition enforcement agent for the Maryland, Ohio and District of Columbia district, who is in Washington for a few days. There is liquor being sold here, he admits, but it will only be a question of a few months before the vendors of the illicit liquor will be arrested and their sources exposed.

Hotel guests in Washington are being freshly supplied with liquor, it is said, by the hotel boys, who are always able to obtain liquor for guests for the wholesale price, because many of the hotel boys are in the habit of going on, as it is a side issue with the hotel boys, to the bootleggers who seem to have a keen portion of information, the prohibition agents say, for the wholesale liquor when they have registered at hotels and tried to obtain liquor, the hotel boys have told them that they did not know where to obtain liquor.

The prohibition officers believe that once the source of supply is cut off, the work will be easy. Several of the bootleggers have a good store of whiskey hid away, but it is so easy to obtain whiskey now that they have not touched their hidden supply yet. As soon as their source is cut off, the agents say, they will begin drawing on their cache, and it will only be a short time before this is used up. Then it will be easy to locate the few restrooms bootleggers who continue to ply their trade.

The prohibition enforcement agents are looking for a much better year in 1931, they say, because many of the wholesale liquor licenses will expire this year and next year it will take a great deal of red tape and investigation to obtain one. There are so many wholesale liquor licenses out now that the prohibition forces cannot get track of them, and it is these people who are supplying the bootleggers with whiskey. Some of the bonds that have been put up to guarantee the legal performance of the licenses' business are bad, it is said, and it is doubtful if the Government could recover on them if the bootleggers were caught and their bonds forfeited.

Stott said this morning that there was nothing significant in his visit to Washington at this time, as he was merely making the rounds of his district. He said that his district was self-sustaining now and that the month of August was one of the best in his district.

U. S. TRADE ENVOYS ARE OFF TO OPEN DEAL WITH REDS

LONDON, Sept. 27.

Representatives of three great American industries left for Moscow today to arrange for the opening of trade relations with Soviet Russia. The Americans represent the "big four" packing companies of Chicago, the Baldwin Locomotive Company, and the International Harvester Company.

JUST PURCHASED FROM U. S. GOV'T

10,000 O. D. Wool Perfect Blankets

On Sale While They Last \$5.00 Each

Sale Starts TODAY
Stores Open From 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Washington Salvage Co.

Cor. 5th and K Sts. N.W. 303 10th St. N.W.

Two Stores

Parker-Bridget Co.

Nationally Known Store for Men and Boys
THE AVENUE AT NINTH
Daily 8:30 to 6