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FINAL EDITION

THE WEATHER: Fair and not quite so cool tonight. Wednesday fair and warmer. Moderate northwest winds. Temperature at 8 a. m., 43 degrees.

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WASHINGTON, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 19, 1921.

WASH. TIMES CALLS THE TIMES

THREE CENTS EVERYWHERE

JESSIE HARDY MACKAYE, SUFFRAGIST, ENDS LIFE

PLOT TO CRUSH RAIL MEN SEEN

W. Jett Lauck Files Brief for Unions—Charges Capital Is "On Strike."

By LUTHER A. HUSTON. International News Service. CHICAGO, April 19.—Organized capital is "on strike" to crush organized labor, and has deliberately planned an era of unemployment, hunger, and distress to accomplish this purpose, W. Jett Lauck, economist for the railway employees, charged in a brief presented to the United States Railway Labor Board today.

Through a vast system of interlocking directorates, Lauck's brief alleges, the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. virtually controls the entire financial situation as it affects the railroads. Twenty-five men, the statement declares, control the entire railroad industry and are in a criminal conspiracy to crush labor.

Members of the board of directors, Lauck alleges, absolutely control 211,000 miles of railroad, or 62 per cent of the entire railroad system of the country. Robert S. Lovett, William Rockefeller, H. W. DeForest, A. H. Simons, C. P. Baker, and H. S. Vanderbilt were named as the chief officers. Lovett, it was charged, is a director of twelve roads; Rockefeller, DeForest and Smith of eleven; and Baker and Vanderbilt of ten each.

These directors, it was also pointed out, control twenty-two of the largest steel and equipment plants of the country in connection with banks and railroads, including the United States Steel Corporation. Fifty-five directors among them and absolutely control thirty-nine Class 1 railroads. This control of interlocking directors, Lauck alleges, absolutely control 211,000 miles of railroad, or 62 per cent of the entire railroad system of the country.

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WORLD OWES U. S. 20 BILLIONS

When Do You Think We'll Get It?

The world's debt to the United States now is approaching the gigantic total of \$20,000,000,000, a sum sufficient to pay all the running expenses of the Government for five years, reports of the Commerce and Treasury Departments show. The world is increasing its debt monthly through an increase in the foreign trade balance. Part of the money is due the United States Government, while the remainder is on the credit side of American citizens—exporters, manufacturers, and business men. Foreign governments now owe this government nearly \$13,000,000,000. The interest on the world's debt, at 5 per cent per year, amounts to nearly \$1,000,000,000. This is the amount which the Government now is paying out each year in interest to holders of Liberty bonds and Victory notes.

TENANTS LAUD RENT LAW MAY RENT DECISION LAST 2 YEARS

Commission Members Also Gratified—Building Work Will Not Suffer, Peysers Says.

Depression in the building work in Washington should not and will not result from the decision of the United States Supreme Court yesterday upholding the District of Columbia rent law. This is the opinion of Julius I. Peysers, who conducted the fight through the local courts which resulted in the decision yesterday.

MEANS RETURN TO NORMALCY. The decision of the Supreme Court means a return to "normalcy" in the opinion of Peysers, the members of the Rent Commission.

Members of the Rent Commission said today that the decision yesterday was hailed with delight by every one in the city with the exception of a few landlords who had sought to profit by the housing situation in Washington. They said that the board would continue along the same lines it has pursued in the past, but with the knowledge now that the determinations of the board hands down will be enforced by the courts of the District of Columbia, the board had no way of enforcing its decisions and has had to depend upon the courts to carry out its decrees.

GOMPERS AND WIFE AT NON-UNION HOTEL

Labor Chief on Honeymoon Visits Friend Who Leads Innkeepers' Open Shop Fight.

BUFFALO, April 19.—The first two days of the honeymoon of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, were spent in Buffalo at an open shop hotel. The newlyweds ate in their room of food cooked in an open-shop kitchen and were served by a non-union waitress.

The Gompers came here Saturday and registered at the Arlington Hotel, which is run by Duncan McLeod, old-time friend of Gompers and also the leader of the local innkeepers' fight against unionism. The battle between the union workers and the hotel men started with the bartenders' strike just after prohibition became effective, when the mixers of the old-time Manhattan and Bronx asked for more pay, were refused and struck. They were later joined by the cooks and waitresses. All three unions lost their fight, and since that time the hotels of the city have been run on the non-union plan.

Snow Covers Alleghenies. CUMBERLAND, Md., April 19.—Reports today tell of snowfalls on the mountains at Thomas, W. Va., and Deal, above Emmittsburg on the Western Maryland railroad, and at Altamont, Md., on the Baltimore and Ohio. The temperature is thirty above zero at Altamont and twenty above at Thomas, making conditions again serious for fruit and vegetables.

Only Five More Days To Wait For the First Issue of THE SUNDAY MORNING WASHINGTON TIMES Sold With THE SUNDAY NEW YORK AMERICAN For 10 Cents

NEW OIL NOTE SENT ENGLAND

Hughes Protests M.P.'s Criticism of U. S. Action on Costa Rica Concession.

By HARRY L. ROGERS. International News Service. The United States has sent a note to Great Britain dealing with the so-called Amory oil concession in Costa Rica and the alleged criticism by British officials of the action of this Government in refusing to support the concession, it was learned today. PROMPTED BY M. P.'S SPEECH. The note was dispatched by Secretary of State Hughes on April 15, being forwarded through the American embassy at London.

The communication was in the nature of a protest, having been prompted by the speech of a British official in the House of Commons on March 11, during the course of which it was intimated that the American Government, through its consul at San Jose, Costa Rica, had endeavored improperly to procure the annulment of the United States, and passed out of British capital was interested. Similar charges, the communication pointed out, had been made on other occasions, and the matter had even been referred to in a formal note.

IN LINE WITH POLICY. The action of the American consul at San Jose, the note continued, was not authorized by the American Government, though it was in line with the general policy of the United States in refusing to recognize the concessions of a usurping revolutionary government.

Approximately a year after the fall of the Tinoco government the new Costa Rican regime canceled the Amory concession. Under date of August 12, 1920, just one day after the Amory concession was canceled, the British government notified the United States that British subjects were interested in the Amory Company, this being, as the American note points out, the first intimation of the interests of British subjects were involved.

PLEASURED WITH DECISION. All the members of the District subcommittee which investigated rent profiteering in the fall of 1919 are delighted with the Supreme Court decision and regard it as a vindication of the policy which they pursued at that time. Senator Capper is particularly pleased with the turn that events have taken. He strongly favors Commissioner Oyster's recommendation that all violators of the law be prosecuted.

SENTIMENT AGAINST IT. The sentiment to continue the rent law after next October however, is not all in favor of the proposition. Some think that the exigency for the law has passed while others think that before anything is done a resurvey of the housing situation in Washington should be made.

According to Julius I. Peysers, who during the war was in charge of the district. Police arrangements there, too, will be fine, and I am confident that the handling of the crowd will be more efficient there because of the advantages of the location.

Jersey City Gets Dempsey Battle. NEW YORK, April 19.—Jersey City gets the Dempsey-Carpentier fight, scheduled for July 2. Promoter Tex Rickard made this announcement at noon today. Rickard is considering three sites in Jersey City for the building of an arena, and will pick out a definite "spot" in announcing his decision to give the fight to Jersey City, Rickard said. "Jersey City is admirably located, close to New York and easily reached from all parts of the metropolitan district. Police arrangements there, too, will be fine, and I am confident that the handling of the crowd will be more efficient there because of the advantages of the location."

Cosy, Cool Comfortable Rooms. In all sections of the city you will find the very latest vacancies in the following list: For Rent Rooms. LARGE room second floor, near bath. LARGE 2nd floor front room, suitable for 2 or 3, also single room, excellent view. BEST HOME cooking, finest desserts, dinner, etc., breakfast 40c; special chicken dinner 20c. LOVELY bright room for 2 gentlemen, private home, southern family, all conveniences, maid service; will give breakfast phone. THREE rooms furnished for light housekeeping, suitable for 4 or 5 persons. LARGE furnished front room, gentleman. OVERLOOKING Iowa Circle, well-kept cool home, single and double, second floor front room, large closets, continuous hot water. ENTIRE 2nd floor, 4-room furnished flat, h. w. bath, gas, porch, \$45. For identity of these and other similar flats, consult the "Flat Rent Room" salesman, 1st floor, Section, today's Washington Times.

EX-EMPRESS LAID TO REST

Berlin is Tense as Cortège Passes—Special Police Guards Patrol City.

By FRANK E. MASON. International News Service. POTSDAM, April 19.—Augusta Victoria, "Empress of Sorrow," was laid to her last rest here today in the Antiken Tempel, an unique mausoleum just off the palace of Sans-Souci, built by Frederick the Great. The old Prussian king had named it so because it was the place where he forgot his cares and sorrows.

IMPOSING TURNOUT. The funeral of the ex-Kaiserin was the most imposing event seen anywhere within the former German empire since the days of the Hohenzollern reign. In pomp and magnificence it lacked nothing of the old-time imperial display. At this cabling no outward incident had occurred, though the atmosphere was tense, particularly in Berlin, where, according to telephonic advices, the authorities are thoroughly prepared for any attempt by extremists or conservatives to make the funeral of the ex-empress the occasion for a demonstration.

At 9:35 o'clock this morning four pitch-black horses, with black plumes waving from their heads, drew up in front of the mausoleum, which was decorated with four bunches of black plumes.

GREAT MILITARY POMP. A thousand former army and navy officers in gala uniforms stood in military formation around Sans-Souci Palace, while other lines, both sides of the avenue leading to the Neus Palais.

At 9:30 o'clock the ex-Crown Princess Cecilie, accompanied by the royal princes and princesses and former court functionaries, arrived at Wilde Parke Station. Picked officers of the "Queen's Own" cuirassier and fusilier bodyguards (Augusta Victoria was queen of Prussia) and the Chamberlains von Winterfeld and von Spitzenberg appeared on the station platform, bearing, on small black cushions, the emblems of the three orders of which Augusta Victoria was the patron.

CHAPEL ON WHEELS. The private car in which the Kaiserin's earthly remains had been brought to Potsdam was a miniature chapel on wheels. It is painted yellow outside; the interior is decorated with evergreens.

General von Falkenhayn, famed as the whirlwind conqueror of Rumania, and Count Chamberlains von Winterfeld and von Spitzenberg appeared on the station platform, bearing, on small black cushions, the emblems of the three orders of which Augusta Victoria was the patron.

SPECIAL GUARDS PLACED. To the constant accompaniment of tolling church bells, the cortège passed through a cordon of spectators organized by various patriotic societies.

Hundreds of "Green" police were detailed to guard Sans Souci Park to prevent communistic disturbance. Every spare room in garret and cellar here in Potsdam was rented long in advance at fabulous prices. Chairs in hotel lobby windows alone brought from 600 to 800 marks while window seats along the line of procession sold for as much as 2,000 marks. The old imperial colors fluttered at half mast from nearly every building. A brilliant sun shone down upon the funeral procession. Leading the brilliant group of officers immediately behind the hearse walked Hindenburg, carrying the field marshal's baton, with General von Ludendorff on his left, while behind him was Grand Admiral von Tirpitz. The entire procession was afoot. The long black train of the Crown Princess Cecilie's mourning dress dragged in the dust. Her little sons all were clad in sailor's uniforms.

SUICIDE HOAX IS POOR JOKE FOR PERPETRATOR

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 19.—Telephoning to a friend yesterday that he had "taken poison" in his room in a local hotel, Robert W. Joy, thirty-two, was shocked to find the joke on himself, as his message was taken seriously by another person who happened to be on the line. This outpourer notified the police and an ambulance was summoned. The physician broke into Joy's room and found him chuckling over the hoax. They refused to accept his excuses and proceeded to use a stomach pump, much to the sorrow of Joy.

MRS. JESSIE HARDY MACKAYE, prominent suffragist, pacifist and birth-strike advocate, until recently a resident of Washington, who committed suicide yesterday afternoon by leaping into the East River at New York. She had been in ill health for some time and had frequently threatened to end her life.



Today's Best Laugh

YORK, Pa., April 19.—Stewed chicken and rich chicken broth, a prison fare boasted by probably no other penal institution in the State, have been on the menu of certain favored prisoners at the York county jail, it became known today. William Hubley, who raises chickens at his residence close to the jail, furnished the poultry, though without his consent. Keeping watch on his hens, Hubley found that runners at the jail had been decoying them within reach and serving them in various styles to a select group of cronies within the prison walls. Hubley has erected a wire fence about his coops and bought a bull dog.

PEGGY TO "LIFT LID" ON HUBBY'S CAREER

"Off" Him for Good, She Says. More "Tidbits" Coming If He Persists in Suit. CHICAGO, April 19.—Peggy Hopkins announced today that the few tidbits already released by her answering some of the charges made by her millionaire husband, J. Stanley Joyce, Chicago lumber king, have nothing on those that are coming. She will stage a final rally tomorrow against the offensive of charges, brought by Joyce in his suit for annulment of their marriage, in a statement which is to be issued by her attorney, William Klein, of New York, through McCormick, Kirkland, Patterson and Fleming, Chicago lawyers. Peggy is "off" Joyce once and for all. She promises revelations about the heretofore sedate Chicago clubman's life, which will startle him off the pedestal of silence he clambered onto when the story of his marital difficulties "broke."

In other words, she is out to get even. "If my husband ever dares to appear against me," Miss Hopkins sets forth, "I'll show what a thoroughly detestable creature he is. "He was always desperately jealous of me, and kicking up a tremendous fuss. He'd work himself up into an orgy of rage every time I so much as looked out of a window and when it came to meeting any of my old friends, he was un-speakable."

NEW YORK, April 19.—Uptown New York was in gala attire early today and crowds began to scramble for vantage points long before President Harding and a party of Government officials were to arrive for the unveiling this afternoon of the statue of Simon Bolivar, presented to the city of New York by Venezuela. The monument to the great South American liberator stands on Bolivar Hill, in Central Park, opposite Eighty-third street. Governor Miller and Mayor Hylan will represent New York State and city, respectively. Rene Viviani also will be there, representing France.

Finds Rich Placer Sands. SPENCER'S BRIDGE, British Columbia, April 19.—A find of placer sands that washed \$20 to \$25 a pan has created considerable excitement here. The discovery was made by an Indian and an old prospector.

GREEK FORCES FORCED TO EVACUATE UCHAK. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 19.—The Greek forces are evacuating the town of Uchak, according to the newspaper Yakit.

LEAPS IN RIVER AFTER MAKING DEATH THREAT

Noted Feminist Flees From Husband, Exclaiming, "I'm Going to End It All."

HER BODY IS RECOVERED. Waiting for Train in Grand Central Station When Seized by Suicide Impulse.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Mrs. Jessie Hardy Mackaye, prominent suffragist, feminist, pacifist and birth-strike advocate, who until recently resided in Washington, committed suicide here yesterday afternoon.

Her body, which was found in the East river, near Astoria, late yesterday, but which then was believed to be that of another woman, was positively identified this morning by Charles Whitaker and Mabel Irwin, friends of the noted suffragist.

ELUDES HUSBAND AND NURSE. Mrs. Mackaye drowned herself after eluding search for her husband and a nurse yesterday afternoon at the Grand Central Terminal. She had been in ill health for some time and was highly unstrung when she disappeared. Being reported her sudden departure she told both her husband and the nurse that she intended to end her life. She had often threatened to commit suicide.

The identification of the body took place at Mast's morgue, 508 Steinyway avenue, Astoria, where it had been taken after floating ashore. Mr. Mackaye was too prostrated after his wife's disappearance to go to the morgue.

Benton Mackaye, the husband, who is a son of the late Steele Mackaye, playwright, and a brother of Percy Mackaye, poet, dramatist, and essayist, and who is a forestry expert and was formerly stationed at the Forestry Bureau in Washington, yesterday afternoon notified the police of his wife's disappearance and asked that a city-wide search for her be instituted.

MACKAYE PROSTRATED. Mr. Mackaye is prostrated at his home in the Belvedere apartments, 145 West Twelfth street. The husband was frantic last night when informed that the police had found the body of a woman, near a bling in a general way his wife, in the East river, near Astoria. But later he was incorrectly told that the unidentified woman's hair was brown and he uttered the fervent "Thank God!" For Mrs. Mackaye's hair was an iron gray and recently had been bobbed, and he thought the body that of another woman.

Mr. and Mrs. Mackaye and the nurse went to the Grand Central station yesterday about noon to leave for Ocala, N. Y., the husband believing that rest and quiet might restore his wife's nerves, which had been badly unstrung. Mrs. Mackaye, a nurse retired to the ladies' rest room while Mr. Mackaye was purchasing tickets.

Mrs. Mackaye was very nervous. Breaking away from the nurse, she shouted, "I'm going to end it all!" and rushed out of the station. The nurse started in pursuit. She saw Mrs. Mackaye walking rapidly in East Forty-second street near Lexington avenue. The nurse started to run, but when she reached Lexington avenue, Mrs. Mackaye had disappeared in the crowd.

GENERAL POLICE ALARM. The nurse returned to the station and notified Mr. Mackaye, who hurried to the station. The police station, nearest his home, and asked that a general alarm be sent out. Mr. Mackaye said today that his wife had frequently talked of suicide and had declared repeatedly that she intended to end her life by drowning. While they were standing in the Grand Central near a train gate yesterday, he said, Mrs. Mackaye again brought up the question, she said, "I'm going to end it all!" Mrs. Mackaye, who was better known among suffragists as "Jessie Hardy Stubbs" had been considered one of the most valuable workers for suffrage in the country. She had not only an excellent command of suffrage arguments, but also ready wit, the appearance of youth, and a strong personality.

NATIVE OF CHICAGO. Mrs. Mackaye was born in Chicago and was a nurse in 1896. She was married to Dr. F. Gurney Stubbs. (Continued on Page 17, Column 4.)