The Intelligencer.

CAMPBELL & M'DERMOT,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 13.

The following rates of subscription to take effect from and after the 1st day of July, have been agreed upon by the Publishers of the Wheeling papers:

DAILY, by mail,	one year	$7 50
... ...	six months	4 00
... ...	three months	2 25
... ...	one month	75
...	by Carriers per week	15
TRI-WEEKLY,	one year	5 00
... ...	six months	2 50
... ...	three months	1 50
WEEKLY,	one year	2 00
...	six months	1 00

WE are constantly indebted to McKelvey for favors in the way of late Cincinnati papers from his News Depot.

THE telegraph informs us this morning that the Richmond gentlemen who journeyed to Washington to secure the withdrawal of the $20,000 exemption clause in the amnesty proclamation have finally gone home with the assurance that their mission was fruitless.

THAT pretentious, hollow and heartless humbug, Henry A. Wise, more responsible for the rebellion than any man in Virginia, is an applicant, according to the dispatches, for the "restoration of his estates near Norfolk." The telegram adds, we are happy to say, that his application has "a poor prospect of succeeding."

IF one of the Washington specials is to be credited, we are to have a little touch more of inflation in our finances. The Secretary of the Treasury is to issue to the extent of 75 per cent. of government indebtedness, one year certificates, and the balance he is to pay in greenbacks. The Internal Revenue shows a heavy falling off—about one-half—and Jay Cooke is now on the last series of the Seven-thirty Loan, after which the Treasury will be in want of funds, and there is no further loan authorized by law. For this reason Mr. McCullough is undertaking to husband his resources. The issue of the new certificates is really the creation of a new series of debt, to be provided for by the next Congress. If our memory serves us the Treasury Department has a reserve discretion to issue fifty millions of greenbacks in case of a pinch. This would have been preferable to the issue of certificates, as it seems to us, for the reason that the public mind, especially the contracting mind, will be confused by the variation under par of the certificates, which confusion always results both to the damage of the government and the mass of the people.

MAJ.-GEN. FRANK BLAIR and the Hon. Mr. Kasson, member of Congress from Iowa, made speeches at Lexington, Ky., on Monday last. Mr. Kasson, in the course of his speech, told the people that he did not think there was any serious intention entertained of giving the negro the right of suffrage. To which Blair replied:

"I do not agree with the gentleman who has just addressed you on this topic, that there is not a serious intention to give the right of suffrage to the negroes in these southern States. I believe there is a serious intention to do it. There has been a plan harbored at the north among the politicians of a certain class, to enforce that upon the south, before recognizing their States as restored to the Union."

Blair then proceeded to tell the Kentuckians, among whom he was born and raised, that the best way for them to act in view of the "serious intentions" affirmed by him, was to make haste and get rid of slavery in their own State, and stop wrangling over its dead carcass, and thus be able to give their attention to the suffrage question. Said he:

"If the question of slavery is only once settled by the assent of the people of Kentucky; if the people of this State and the other border States and southern States, consent that slavery shall be abolished by the adoption of this amendment; then the question of negro suffrage comes up for discussion upon its own merits. Parties, as they at present exist, will be broken up, and new parties will be formed. Men will assume the sides to which they feel that they naturally and properly belong. They will not be carrying the Republican flag under a Republican organization, nor the Democratic flag under a Democratic organization, upon questions which have long since been decided.

* * * Why should you engage your attention on this when there are other things that demand your attention and upon which you can call to your assistance many who, upon this issue, are against you and will be against you. If those of us who have gone through the controversy of four years can be assured that a vestige of slavery yet remains in the country, do you suppose we will be willing to disband that great and powerful organization which has pursued it now almost to death's door?—Don't you believe that we will stand firm, no matter what may be our disagreements upon other subjects? Don't you believe we will stand together until we carry it out and put it under ground? I think you have seen enough to convince you that we will."

In conclusion, Blair could not resist giving Chief Justice Chase, against whom he has a mortal aversion, a wipe, before he sat down.

Mr. Blair said that Chief Justice Chase was at the head of this negro-suffrage scheme; that he stepped down from his high position on the Supreme Bench to traverse the Southern States, in a Government vessel, and urge the negroes in Vicksburg, and elsewhere, to protest against the appointment of Judge Sharkey as Governor of Mississippi.

Blair finally wound up by quite a plea in behalf of Alex. H. Stephens, and a Blair family dig at Secretary Stanton, whom all the Blairs hate, as follows:

He wanted to see A. H. Stephens go to the Supreme Court and submit to his trial, and urged in his behalf that, while he was doing his best to keep the South in the Union, the present head of the Bureau of Military Justice was holding a truce with rebel commissioners, which resulted in the fall of Sumter; that even after Lincoln's inauguration, every Cabinet officer, but one, was in favor of separation; that the present Secretary of war Was a member of James Buchanan's Cabinet, that was making no resistance to secession, while A. H. Stephens was making a Union speech in the Georgia State Convention.

Hon. John A. Bingham, of Cadiz, Ohio.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, writes to the editor of that paper asking, "Who is John A. Bingham?" The immediate occasion of his inquiry arises from his reading of and his admiration for the papers prepared and read by Mr. Bingham at the recent conspiracy trial at Washington City, in his capacity as Special Judge Advocate General. Says the correspondent:

In the entire range of my reading, I have known of no productions that have so literally led me captive. For careful analysis, logical argumentation, profound and far reaching research; for overwhelming unravelment of complications that would have involved an ordinary mind only in inextricable bewilderment, and for a literally rending to tatters of all the metaphysical subtleties of the array of legal talent engaged on the other side, I know of no two productions in the English language superior to these. They are, literally, as the spear of Ithuriel, dissolving the hardest substances at their touch; as the thread of Daedalus, leading out of labyrinths of error, no matter how thick and mazy. Not Locke or Bacon were more profound; not Daniel Webster was clearer and more penetrating; not Chillingworth was more logical. I feel sure that the author of these two unrivalled papers must be one of the greatest legal minds in America, and must be, too, one of our rising statesmen. But who *is* John A. Bingham, who, by his industry and learning, displayed on this wonderful trial, has placed the country under such a heavy debt of obligation? He may be well known to others, moving in a public sphere, like yourself, but to *me*, so absorbed in a different line of duty, he has appeared so suddenly, and yet with such vividness, that I long to know *some*, at least, of his antecedents.

The editor of the *Press* informs his correspondent that Mr. Bingham was born in Pennsylvania, and is now fifty years of age. Also that

He had the advantage of a thorough academical education, and before studying the profession of the law, spent two years in a printing office. Admitted to the bar in Ohio (where he removed in early life) when he was about twenty-five, he rose rapidly in the confidence of his seniors, and in the favor of the people. His keen and searching logic, his clear and condensed style of speaking, his studious habits, the fearlessness of his character, and the morality of his conduct, called him into public councils—a field in which those great attributes were frequently displayed. He was first chosen to Congress in 1854, and sat for his district from that year to the end of the thirty-seventh Congress in 1863, when he was called to Washington by President Lincoln, first as Solicitor of the Court of Claims, and afterwards as special Judge Advocate General. For nearly two years he has been the associate of the Judge Advocate General Holt, and with him has investigated, reviewed and decided many important cases arising out of the rebellion, especially abuses of trust on the part of officials and contractors. The printed reports of these eminent patriots are infused with rare judicial learning, and stern and exalted patriotism. No traitor has long plotted, and no mercenary has long swindled the treasury, when these bold and unselfish men were called to define the measure of punishment. The comprehensive exposure of the secret Copperhead conspiracy in the Northwest, by Judge Holt, in 1864, is a single specimen of the method of unearthing the political malignants; and the wholesome fruits of that development fix the priceless value of the skill that compelled it. When the assassins of Mr. Lincoln were sent for trial before the military court by President Johnson, the Government wisely left the whole management to Judge Holt and his eloquent associate, Mr. Bingham; and to the latter was committed the stupendous labor of sifting the mass of evidence, of replying to the corps of lawyers for the defence, of setting forth the guilt of the accused, and of vindicating the policy and the duty of the Executive in an exigency so novel and so full of tragic solemnity.

IN VIEW of the abundant advice the tories of England continue to give us concerning our duty towards Jefferson Davis, our staunch friend, the London *News*, suggests that neither historic precedent nor foreign counsel can be counted upon to induce us to spare the arch-traitor. The *News* concludes:

A correspondent lately called attention in our columns to the opinions of Lord Mahon and Mr. Hallam on the execution of the Jacobites in 1745, and another to-day recalls the opinions held by British ministers as to the proper manner of disposing of Napoleon Bonaparte. These instances may be fairly adduced to rebuke those who foolishly pretend that it is the common practice in Europe to permit the leaders of great rebellions to go away with no other punishment than defeat. But we should be sorry to leave the question in this position. If Mr. Davis is to be saved it must be *by the exercise of a magnanimity of which no State of European Christendom affords an example;* and the Americans are a people of too much original ability not to be able to ascertain for themselves the course which best becomes their character in their present situation.

This is the truth exactly. Four years have taught us to take counsel at home; and while due respect will be paid to historic examples, and foreign advice, the effort of our people will be to adopt "the course which best becomes their character in their present situation."

NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW FOR JULY.—We have this most prized issue of all our American periodical press on our table, from the publishers, Messrs. Ticknor & Fields, Boston. The contents of the July number are as follows: The Freedmen of Port Royal; Manners and Customs of Primitive Indian Tribes; Charles Goodyear; The Democratic View of Democracy; The American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac; Duties on Exports; Italian Brigandage; Scotch the Snake or Kill it? Critical notices of recent publications.

"RESOURCES OF WEST VA."—We have before alluded to this forthcoming work, edited by J. R. Dodge, Esq., of the Agricultural bureau of the Interior department at Washington—a gentleman of fine ability, cultivation and experience. The work is in press under the auspices of the Lippincott publishers at Philadelphia, and will soon be offered to the people of West Virginia and the whole country. Persons desiring to act as agents should address the author at Washington city.

A DESCENDANT of Alexander Hamilton prints in the Philadelphia *North American* a long argument to show that Jeff. Davis ought to be put on trial before a military commission, for cruelty to prisoners, or some other of his crimes against the laws of war.

From the South.

Some of the New York papers have had correspondents traveling through the South since the close of hostilities, in order to write up the look of things, and gather together what the people say, how they feel, the prospects and progress of reconstruction, the ways of the negroes, in fine, all about the new regime, so far as anything can be ascertained. The correspondent of the *Herald* has progressed as far as Columbus, Mississippi, and seems much disgusted. He writes thus:—

Since my last letter I have returned from Macon to this point, weary and disgusted with my fortnight's experience with the natives of this country. When a traveler sets out to study a people he goes prepared to live with them, be a part of them, and become not only acclimated to their country, but accustomed to their customs. Livingstone found attractions among the Africans, Hall and Kane among the Esquimaux, and Vambery among the Mahometans of Persia, and the results of their existence among those barbarians have been entertaining duodecimo volumes of much value. The South is a far more interesting field, and I wonder the embryo Livingstones and Vamberys have not yet discovered it. The people here are more barbarous, have stranger customs, and are by far a more interesting study than any race I have ever heard of. To any one disposed still to look upon the Southern people as the "chivalrous noble people" that romance has characterized them, I would not recommend a trip to this region now while the whole Southern race may be said to be *en dishabille*. The war has unveiled them, and they present in character many of the deformities which a dressy belle sometimes displays inadvertently when caught in the charming employment of disrobing. I have been living for a fortnight in their midst, sharing their poverty and studying their habits, and am now hurrying towards civilization as fast as it is possible to do so in this God-forsaken country. Their food is coarse, but their habits coarser. Their garments are by no means fine, but their sensibilities are less delicate. The men are stupidly ignorant—inconceivably so—and are lacking in energy, vigor and all the characteristics of manhood to a degree so astonishing to a New Yorker that I do not fancy I shall ever recover from my amazement. Their whole employment in life appears to be to grumble at their hard fate and the "cruel treatment of the Yankee *government* in taking all their slaves." They vary this existence occasionally by quarreling with their former slaves and bringing them before Col. G. M. L. Johnson, commanding this post and the sub-district of Northeast Mississippi, in order to complain of them for deserting the plantation and refusing to work.

* * * The candid truth is that, generally speaking, the great majority of the Southern whites are not one whit the superior in education or morals of the negroes. Both races have to be educated, have to be freed from the bondage of ignorance in which the slaveholder has kept both the negroes and the "poor white trash," before they will be able to judge correctly what is best for their interest and welfare. If any one wishes to comprehend how it was that the rebel leaders so successfully deluded this people into their accursed rebellion, and to see how completely the poorer whites become mere tools in the hands of the richer planters, he has only to come South and see how totally ignorant and fearfully depraved these poor whites are.

DEPRAVITY OF THE WOMEN.

I have neither space, time nor inclination to say much about the women. The depravity among them is fearful. Their habits are neither cleanly nor delicate, their manners coarse and rude, and (positive as the assertion is it is true) virtue is the exception, not the rule with them.

SOUTHERN SOCIETY.

I notice that a favorite topic with the Northern press is the "destruction of the Southern social system." The fact is there was no social system in the South outside of the three or four thousand slaveholders, and that society is now thoroughly destroyed It was as hollow as the confederacy and as heartless. The poor whites were never a part of that social system, and it will be years before any respectable social system is again established here unless Northern emigration does it.

Closing of Iron Establishments in the Lehigh Valley.

The Allentown (Pa.) *Democrat* says that in consequence of the want of demand for iron since the cessation of the war, every iron establishment in the Lehigh Valley has blown out one, two or more stacks, and pig iron is piled up on the banks of the canal and all along the railroad by the acre. At Catasauqua four or five stacks have been stopped; at Allentown Iron Works two out of four; one out of two at the Lehigh Valley Iron Works; the Roberts Company at Allentown, is blowing out its only stack, and the rolling mills at Allentown, Catasauqun, and other points are preparing to suspend for a time. Lewis' Mills have already stopped. These stoppages will throw hundreds of laborers out of employment. The coal operators in the Lehigh region, some time since, gave notice to the miners that they must submit to a reduction of one-third of their wages. The miners did not feel disposed to do it, and stopped work. As the market is well stocked and there is no great demand, the public will not be likely to suffer very much in consequence of the stoppages. There was not over one-fourth the usual quantity of coal brought down the Lehigh Valley road last week. In the Schuylkill region the miners have agreed to have a reduction in some of the collieries.

A GENTLEMAN writing from Bonn, Germany, says: "In this little city of twenty thousand inhabitants a million dollars worth of United States bonds are held. The feeling seems to have been that the North was rich and strong; that it must gain in the end, and that the issue was safe to venture money on." What was true of Bonn has likewise been true of other portions of Germany. The people have subscribed, and continue to purchase very freely of our bonds, their bankers obtaining them in large quantities, and then disposing of them as previously ordered, or as afterwards called for.

GEORGE SPENCER, Co. D, 2d W. Va., died at Fortress Monroe hospital last week.

MARRIED.

On the 10th inst., by the Rev. A. J. Lyda, Mr. H. S. WHITE, late of the 6th Va. Vol. Inf., to Miss LOVARAH KIMBLE, of Bridgeport, Harrison County, W. Va.

On the evening of the 11th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Blakeney, Mr. CHAS. H. HARRAR, of Baltimore, Md., to Miss JULIA F. MILTON, of Wheeling.

DIED.

Wednesday, July 12th, BETTIE THOMPSON, second daughter of Mrs. B. Carter, and granddaughter of the late Daniel Steenrod, aged 17 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her mother, corner of Centre and Fifth streets, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Miscellaneous. WEDNESD[illegible]mediately.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. TO ENGAGE IN A business by which they can make [illegible] per day by a small investment of $500, are invited to call at the Franklin House (*east of Wheeling Creek Stone Bridge*) and examine some of the most important, and useful, new inventions in domestic use of the age. A rare opportunity is offered for enterprising men of large or small capital, to make money, either by traveling or locating in the city or country. Apply to J. DINSMORE, Jr.
jul13-1m* Franklin House.

University of New York.
Medical Department.
SESSION OF 1865-'66.

COMMENCES MONDAY, OCTOBER 16TH, next. jul13-1t*

CABLE CORD SETT, Cable Cord and Dress Tassels.
Another supply just received.
jul13 D. NICOLL & BRO'S.

GUIPURE LACE, Bugle Gimps and Bugle Ornaments.
Received at D. NICOLL & BRO'S.

WIDE BELTINGS, Wide Buckles, Bead Nets,
New styles, received at
jul13 D. NICOLL & BRO'S.

Township Meetings.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Supervisors of Ohio county held on the 2[illegible]th day of June [illegible]

Ordered, That this Board recommend to the citizens of the different Townships to perfect their organization immediately.

To secure uniformity of action in all the Townships throughout the county it is recommended that the qualified voters of each Township meet at 10 o'clock a. m., on Monday, July 24, 1865, at the respective place of voting in each Township and in the exercise of their sovereignty appoint their respective Township Committees.

To facilitate business *each* Supervisor should be prepard to lay before the meeting in his Township the assessed value of Real and Personal Property in his Township, and thus enable the Township Committee to proceed immediately, upon their appointment, to report to the meeting what amount it will be necessary to levy on the taxable property of the Township to meet the necessary expenditures of the coming year. J. C. HUPP, Pres't.
G. W. SIGHTS, Clerk. jul3-d&wtlid

U. S. Sanitary Commission
Army and Navy Claim Agency.

NO CHARGE FOR SERVICES.

JAMES GILCHRIST, Agent,
Wheeling, W. Va.
Office, Surveyor's Rooms, Custom House.

THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION, desiring to relieve Soldiers, Sailors, and their families from the heavy expenses usually paid for the prosecution of such claims, have established this Agency, to collect pensions, arrears of pay, bounty and other claims against the government, *without charge or expense of any kind whatever to the claimants.*

On application sent to this Agency, stating the name and post office address of the claimant, the name, rank, company, regiment, service, and State of the soldier on whose account the claim is made date of discharge or death, the proper blanks will be filled out as far as possible and forwarded to the person applying. These can then be executed and returned to this office, where the claim will be prosecuted to a final issue in the shortest possible time. jul13-eod60d&6mw

Notice to Tax Payers.

Office of Collector Internal Revenue,
First District of West Virginia.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE Tax Payers of Marshall county, that the Licenses and Incomes assessed for 1865, are now due and payable at the following places and times designated as follows: where and when payment must be made, or the law as approved 30th June, 1864, and quoted below, will be strictly enforced:

SEC. 28 * * And if any person shall neglect to pay as aforesaid for more than ten days, it shall be the duty of the collector or his deputy to issue to such person a notice to be left at his dwelling or usual place of business, or be sent by mail, demanding the payment of said duties or taxes, stating the amount thereof, with fee of twenty cents for the issuing and service of such notice, and with four cents for each mile actually and necessarily traveled in serving the same. And if such persons shall not pay the duties or taxes, with the penalty aforesaid, and the fee of twenty cents and mileage as aforesaid, within ten days after the service or the sending by mail of such notice, it shall be the duty of the collector or his deputy, to collect the said duties or taxes, and fee of twenty cents and mileage, with ten per centum penalty as aforesaid."

I will be at Benwood July 23d, at Moundsville 25th and 26th, at Glen Easton 27th, at Cameron 28th and 29th, at Dallas, August 1st and 2d till 2 o'clock and Hornbrook's, July 29th and 27th. JAS. C. ORR,
jul3-d&wtlaug2 Collector 1st Dist. W. Va.

1865. 1865.

"COSTAR'S" EXTERMINATORS.
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"COSTAR'S" EXTERMINATORS.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed-Bugs, Fleas, Moths in Furs and Woolens, Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals.

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

BEWARE!! of all worthless imitations.
PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 428 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Sold by McCABE, KRAFT & CO., LAUGHLIN & BUSHFIELD, Wholesale and Retail Agents and all Druggists and Dealers in
Wheeling, Va. jul3-1md&w*

FOR CINCINNATI.

The fine passenger packet PINE GROVE, Capt. Lon Bryson, will leave as above, this day the 13th inst., at 5 o'clock p. m.
For freight or passage apply or board or to
BOOTH, BATTELLE & CO.,
jul3-1t Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI.

The fine steamer *REVENUE*, Capt. Russell, will leave as above Friday, the 14th inst., at 5 o'clock p m. For freight or passage apply to
BOOTH, BATTELLE & CO.,
jul3-2t Agents.

Thoroughbred Mare
FOR SALE,

VERY CHEAP. A CHESNUT SORREL, 4½ years old, 16 hands high. Can be seen at the house of Anthony Delters, Wheeling Island. jul2-2t*

NOTICE.

WHEREAS MY WIFE MARY VIRGINIA Cecil, left my bed and board without just cause or provocation. This is to give notice to all persons not to trust her on my credit, as I will not be responsible for any debts of her contracting after this date.
MORRISON CECIL.
Moundsville, July 10, 1865. jul12-2td&1tw*

Wanted to Rent.

A SMALL Dwelling House, or a couple nice rooms, for a small family, in some convenient part of the city. Address, for one week, A. B., in care P. O. Box 586. jul1-3t*

WANTED.

TWO or Three Energetic Men to act as Agents. Returned soldiers preferred.—Call on A. GILKESON, at Mrs. Pigman's, Hamden street, above Fifth, from 7½ to 10 A. M. daily. jul1-1w*

30 DOZ. WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR Cordial.
25 Doz. Hall's Balsam.
60 " Sellers' Cough Syrup, at
McCABE, KRAFT & CO'S,
mar9 and REED, KRAFT & CO'S.

New Advertisements.

United States of America, District of West Va.

WHEREAS, a libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of West Virginia, on the 8th day of July, 1865, by Charles H. Berry and William P. Wilson, William H. Dunlevy, Thomas Wheeler and Elizabeth Dunlevy, partners in business under the firm name and style of Dunlevy & Co., against the steamboat "OIL CITY," her engines, apparel, tackle, outfit, and furniture, and against all persons intervening for their interests therein, for the reasons and causes in said libel mentioned, and praying the usual process and monitions of the said Court in that behalf to be made, and that all persons interested in said steamboat, her engines, apparel, tackle, outfit, and furniture, may be cited to answer the premises, and all proceedings being had, that the said steamboat, her engines, apparel, tackle, outfit and furniture, may for the causes in said libel mentioned, be condemned and sold to pay the demands of the libellants.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said steamboat, her engines, tackle, outfit, apparel and furniture, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court to be held in and for the District of West Virginia, on Wednesday, the 26th day of July, 1865, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, (if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter) then and there to interpose a claim for the same and to make their allegation in that behalf.

Dated the 12th day of July, 1865.
EDWARD M. NORTON,
U. S. Marshal.
James S. Wheat, Proctor for Libellant.
jul3-t1ju26

United States of America, District of West Va.

WHEREAS, a libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of West Virginia, on the 8th day of July, 1865, by Stephen Davis and William Tieman, against the steamboat "OIL CITY," her engines, tackle, outfit, apparel and furniture, and against all persons intervening for their interests therein, for the reasons and cause in said libel mentioned, and praying the usual process and monition of the said Court in that behalf to be made, and that all persons interested in said steamboat, her engines, tackle, outfit, apparel and furniture, may be cited to answer the premises, and all proceedings being had, that the said steamboat, her engines, tackle, outfit, apparel and furniture, may be condemned and sold to pay the demands of the said Libellants.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said steamboat, her engines, tackle, outfit, apparel and furniture, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court to be held in and for the District of West Virginia, on Wednesday, the 26th day of July, 1865, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, (if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, if not, on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter) then and there to interpose a claim for the same and to make their allegation in that behalf.

Dated the 12th day of July, 1865.
EDWARD M. NORTON,
U. S. Marshal.
JAS. S. WHEAT, Proctor fo Libellants.
jul3-t1ju26

United States of America, District of West Va.

WHEREAS, a libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of West Virginia, on the 8th day of July, 1865, by Henry McKibbon, against the steamboat "OIL CITY," her engines, tackle, outfit, apparel and furniture, and against all persons intervening for their interests therein, and especially Jacob Flowers, part owner of said steamboat, in a cause of licitation and partition, for the reasons and causes in said libel mentioned, and praying the usual process and monition of the said Court in that behalf be made, and that all persons interested in the said steamboat, and especially the said Jacob Flowers, part owner thereof, may be cited in general and special to answer the premises, and all proceedings being had, that the said steamboat, her engines, tackle, outfit, apparel and furniture, may, for the causes in said libel mentioned, be sold, and the proceeds thereof brought into Court, to be divided and distributed according to law.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the seal of the said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said steamboat, her engines, tackle, outfit, apparel and furniture, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court to be held in and for the District of West Virginia, on Wednesday, the 26th day of July, 1865, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, (if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) then and there to interpose a claim for the same, and to make their allegation in that behalf.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1865.
EDWARD M. NORTON,
U. S. Marshal.
JAS. S. WHEAT, Proctor for Libellants.
jy13-t1ju26

CHILDREN.

THE Overseers of the Poor of Ohio County have, at the Poor House, the following Children, which they desire to find places for where they will be kindly treated and suitably cared for:

Geo. Washington, (colored) aged 16 years, from Georgia, slightly crippled from the loss of his toes by freezing last winter.
Joseph Gardiner, aged 6 years.
Wm. Penwell, " 5 "
Anna Evins, " 4 "
Netty Providence, (a pretty child,) aged 2 or 3 months.

The mother of this last named child, accompanied by another lady, both very finely dressed, came to our city at night on a steamboat some three weeks ago. They put up at one of our large hotels, and on the morning after their arrival the child was found in the bed where they had slept, and the two ladies were missing and have not been heard of since. Does not some one want this interesting child? A. S. TODD,
jul1-1wd&1tw President of Board.

Large Sale of Furniture!
AT
Wheeling Female Seminary

TUESDAY, JULY 18th, 1865.

SEVEN PIANOS, 17 Bedsteads, 18 Washstands, Sofas, 20 Bureaus, 8 doz. Chairs, Brussels and Ingrain Carpeting, Oil Cloths, Stoves, Tables, &c., &c.,

Superior Library of 200 Volumes,

Book-case, and many other useful articles.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, when attendance will be given and terms made known by S. R. HANNA.
jul1-1w

To Soldiers!—Waltham Watches.

Let every soldier before he returns home, provide himself with an American Watch; no better use can be made of money than to invest it in one of these durable and accurate time-pieces. It is a kind of property that constantly returns good interest, and its money value is so well known that a pocket full of silver dollars wouldn't be as useful.

Sold by all respectable Watch dealers.

THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.,
jul1-1m2p Office, 182 Broadway, N. Y.

MR. WM. C. HANDLAN having purchased the interest of Mr. W. W. Miller in the firm of Pryor, Miller & Co., the business will be continued under the firm of Pryor, Handlan & Co. jul1

FLOUR.

400 BBLS. Semper Idem White Wheat,
200 " Eclipse do
200 " Pearl Mills do
In store and for sale by
jp11 PRYOR, HANDLAN & CO.

25 TIERCES Sugar Cured Hams,
10 " " " Dried Beef,
Just received by
jul1 PRYOR, HANDLAN & CO.

50 BAGS Choice Rio Coffee, just received by PRYOR, HANDLAN & CO.

Boots & Shoes Made to Order.

THE subscriber has just opened a shop on Third street, one door east of Reed & Kraft's Drug Store, Centre Wheeling, where he will manufacture to order Boots, Shoes and Gaiters of the best quality and latest styles. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.
jul0-1w* HENRY ANKNEY.

Dry Goods.

GEO. R. TAYLOR,

DEALER IN

Foreign & Domestic

DRY GOODS!

LUSTRELESS BLACK SILK,

BLUE AND BROWN SILK,

ORGANDIE ROBES,

With SHAWLS to match.

PARIS MUSLIN,

Two yards wide.

White, Blue, Cherry & Orange Tarletons,

Linen Cambric Hand'kfs,

LACE COLLARS, LACE SETS,

LINEN CAMBRIC, LONG

LAWN, BIRDEYE

DIAPER,

Just opened by

GEO. R. TAYLOR.

THOMPSON'S

French Elastic Spring Skirts,

IN NEW SHAPE.

8-4 WHITE BAREGE,

BOMBAZINE,

BLACK CHALLIE,

Just received by

GEO. R. TAYLOR.

STEIN BROTHERS
Don't give one man a suit for five or six others brought in. je7-1m

Panic Prices! Panic Prices!

IF CONSIDERATION OF THE GREAT decline in gold, I have just purchased a large stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Which I am able and WILL SELL

25 PER CENT CHEAPER

Than any other house in the city.

All best makes Calico, 25 cents per yard.

Brown Table Linen, the best quality, $1.50 per yard.

BALMORAL SKIRTS, $3.50.
POPLIFS,
VALENCIES,
POIL DE CHEVRE,
TURIN CLOTH,
ALPACAS,
BLACK SILKS,
BROWN SEED SILKS,
SILK MANTILLAS,
CRAPE SHAWLS,
IRISH LINENS,
NAPKINS,
TOWELS.

A large stock of CARPETS, which will be sold very cheap.

All who are in search of Cheap Bargains will please call early, as I can insure them satisfaction. M. HEYMAN,
137 Main street, Wheeling, W. Va.
mar27

HOW TO MAKE MONEY!

GO WITHOUT DELAY TO

JOHN ROEMER & CO.'S,

Nos. 31 & 33 Main Street,

CENTRE WHEELING,

AND PURCHASE A GOOD SUPPLY OF CHOICE FANCY & DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

such as good Fast Colored Prints at 25 cents, Bleached and Unbleached Muslin from 20 to 35 cents; also a good selection of Crape Morets, Mozambiques, Berages, Lawns, English and French Chintzes, Delaines, Mohair Lustres, Bombazine, Fine Silk and Cloth Cloaks, Basques and Sacques, at very low prices; a large variety of Summer Shawls, from auction at almost any price; Cloths, Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, in great variety and at low prices; also Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Holland, Cotton Yarns, &c. The object in selling goods so much below the regular prices is that we wish to close out the whole of our stock, as near as possible by the first of July next, at wholesale and retail. Call soon if you wish to save money.
Very respectfully,
je5 JOHN ROEMER & CO.

Wool and Oat Sacks, Cheap.

BEST quality 4-4 Burlaps at 15 cents per yard, for sale at the *CHEAP CASH* Store of F. W. BASSETT,
jn3-1w* No. 35 Main street.

FLAGS, AMERICAN FLAGS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
JUST RECEIVED FROM MANUFACtory. je30 D. NICOLL & BRO.

PLASTER PARIS.

50 BBLS. PLASTER PARIS, BEST quality received by
P. C. HILDRETH & BRO.

FLOUR.

400 BARRELS SEMPER IDEM WHITE Wheat; 200 Barrels Eclipse, just received by PRYOR, MILLER & CO.

WRAPPING PAPER.

1000 BDLS. STRAW, RAG & WHITE wrapping Paper, on hand and for sale by P. C. HILDRETH & BRO.

Musical Instruments.

THE CHEAPEST

PIANOS

In the Market, are

A. H. GALE & CO.'S

New Enlarged Scale, Seven Octave

MONITORS

The Public are requested to examine samples now on hand.

WM. KNABE & CO.'S

GOLD MEDAL

GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS

ARE KNOWN TO BE THE BEST INSTRUMENT MANUFACTURED, AND ARE RECOMMENDED AS SUCH BY ALL FIRST CLASS MUSICIANS.

A FULL STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.

Other Good Pianos for Sale at the Reasonable Prices.

Old Instruments taken in Exchange for their Full Value.

JESSE B. MELLOR,
No. 139, Main Street.

Sole Agent for Wm. Knabe & Co.'s Pianos and Mason and Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!!

Music and Variety

No. 103 Main St., above Monroe, near Stein's Clothing House.

E. A. WEBER,

TEACHER OF MUSIC AND ORGANIST, extensively known in this city and vicinity, begs leave to announce that TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, THE 6th INSTANT, he will open his new Music and Variety Store, where he will keep on hand an assortment of Pianos, (among them Steinway's, and Hazleton's, of New York,) Melodeons, sheet Music, including the best Instruction Books, and latest Sheet Publications, Violins, Guitars, Flutes, Accordeons and Banjos of the best foreign and American make, German and Italian Strings. Also, Stationery, Photographic Goods and Notions.

He will promptly attend to any orders for Music left at the store.

He will, as heretofore, give Instructions on the Piano, Melodeon, Organ, and in Thorough Bass, either at scholar's house, or at his Music Room, (103 Main Street,) where a fine Piano is kept for practice.

Choirs, Glee Clubs, and Vocal Classes attended to.

Arrangements are also being made for renting out Pianos.

Keeping only the best of Goods on hand, having adopted the motto of quick sales and small profits, being always up to the times—he respectfully bespeaks the patronage of the public. E. A. WEBER.
WHEELING, W. Va., June 6th, 1865.

Dividend.

THE Citizens' Fire, Marine and Life Insurance Company of Wheeling. The directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of 10 per cent, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on demand. W. W. SHRIVER, Sr.
Ju7-1w

FOR SALE.
Wood's Prize Two Horse Mowing Machines.

With all the late Improvements.
T. M. DODSON,
No. 21 Main street,
ju4-4w Wheeling, W. Va.

BOTTLE WAX, BOTTLE WAX.

500 LBS. cheap Bottle wax, for fruit jars For sale by
T. H. LOGAN & CO.,
and LOGAN, LIST & CO.,
Ju7 Wholesale Druggists, Wheeling

TURPENTINE VARNISHES.

A FRESH supply just received by
T. H. LOGAN & CO.,
Ju7 and LOGAN, LIST & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Wheeling.

STEIN BROTHERS
Don't brag about the profits they make on Soldiers

HAMS.

50 TIERCES SUGAR CURED HAMS. 30 Tierces plain Hams. Just received and for sale by PRYOR, MILLER & CO.

STEIN BROTHERS
Don't employ runners from New York and Baltimore to treat Soldiers to Rifle Whisky in order to sell their Clothing at big prices.

IF YOU WANT A NICE ARTICLE OF crushed powdered granulated or coffee sugar cheap, go to the corner of Market and Quincy Sts je13

RIBBONS—CORDED EDGED & MANtua Ribbons, different widths and colors, received at
je20 D. NICOLL & BRO'S.

STEIN BROTHERS
Is the place to get a good fitting and well made suit of Clothes.

CEMENT.

100 BBLS. ROSEDALE HYDRAULIC Cement, the best in use.
P. C. HILDRETH & BRO.