Merchant Tailoring.

1865. 1865.

JOHN T. LAKIN & CO.

FALL & WINTER

Stock of Goods

FOR MEN'S WEAR.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE, CONsisting of the following Goods:

French, English and German

CLOTHS.

French, English, and American

COATINGS.

French, English, Scotch and American

Cassimeres.

BEAVERS & OVERCOATINGS

Of the following makes:

Schillees, Simonies, Kippers, Wolfings and Johanies.

VESTINGS, Velvet, Cashmers and Silk.

CRAVATS, SCARFS AND TIES.

Shirts of the Best Make & Quality.

Canton Flannel, Merino and Silk

Under Shirts and Drawers.

Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs.

Gloves of every Description,

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Cotton & Merino Half Hose.

Call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN T. LAKIN & CO.,
No. 25 Monroe street, Wheeling, W. Va, oct10

THOS. P. THOMAS. HENRY STURGEON.

NEW FIRM.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURchased the entire Stock of Goods of Messrs Wm. B. Senseney & Co., beg leave to inform the customers of the store and the public generally, that they intend to carry on the business at the same place and on the same principles of Fair Dealing and Truthfulness, as it was by the former proprietors.

THOMAS, STURGEON & CO.

We have just opened a large stock of

Dress Goods,

NEW AND DESIRABLE.

Comprising many rich

ress Silks, Merinos, Repps, All Wool De Lains, Black and Colored Alpacas, Thibet Cloths, Poplins, Ginghams, De Lains, Prints, &c., &c.

lso, Cloaks and Cloaking Cloths, All Wool Shawls, Long and Square, Small Wool Shawls, Black Shawls, &c., &c.

rown and Bleached Muslins, 5-4 and 10-4 Cotton Sheetings, Linen Table Cloths, Table Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Wool Blankets, &c., &c.

We have a large stock of Kid, Silk and Merino Gloves.

Ladies Silk, Merino and Cotton Hose, Embroidered Collars, Insertings, Hoop Skirts, Bruners' Balmoral Skirts, French Corsets, best make.

Flannels and Cassimers for Boy's wear, &c.

rgest lot of FURS in the city just opened

Ladies are especially invited to call and ook over our Stock of Goods.

THOMAS, STURGEON & CO.,
Successors to
W. B. SENSENEY & CO.
ep12

The Greatest Medicine of the Age!

KRAFT'S DIARRHŒA COMPOUND!

The only Safe and Certain Cure for DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, FLUX, SUMMER COMPLAINT.

And all Diseases of the Stomach and Bowels, incident to a Change of Diet or Climate.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THIS TRULY invaluable Medicine, now offer it to the public with a full knowledge of its superior merit over any remedy of like character ever before introduced. It has been used with the *most perfect success*, in thousands of cases, *where all other Remedies have failed.* Cases of Chronic Diarrhœa of years standing, have been cured by the use of *two bottles.* This remedy has *never failed in a single instance*, where the disease has baffled the skill of even the most skillful physicians.

KRAFT'S DIARRHŒA COMPOUND has been in use for a number of years, and by its timely aid has saved the lives of hundreds.

This medicine is a purely scientific preparation, and is prepared with the greatest Caution and Care.

Every traveler should have a bottle of the DIARRHŒA COMPOUND.

Every soldier will find it invaluable.

No Family should be without it!

Do not hesitate to try KRAFT'S DIARRHŒA COMPOUND, and prevent pain, suffering and death.

READ THE FOLLOWING TESTIMONIALS:

WHEELING, April 25th, 1865.

MESSRS. MCCABE, KRAFT & CO, *Gentlemen:*—Having used Kraft's Diarrhœa Compound, for Camp Diarrhœa, with which I have been deeply afflicted for almost one month, *all other remedies tried having failed*, and finding it not only a *present relief* but a *permanent cure*, I take pleasure in recommending it to the favorable notice of all who may be like afflicted

G. M. ARWINE,
Chaplain 15th W. Va. Infantry.

MOUNDSVILLE, Marshall Co., W. Va.

MESSRS. MCCABE, KRAFT & CO., *Gentlemen:*—Last summer, being in Nashville, Tenn., I was attacked with a severe Diarrhœa. I tried the remedies of several physicians, but without any effect. I was advised by my friends to come home. I was completely broken down and prostrated. Upon arriving at home I was advised to try Kraft's Diarrhœa Compound. *One bottle of it completely cured the disease and restored my health.* I am glad to recommend this valuable medicine to all afflicted with this terrible disease.

Yours truly, ANDREW EDWARDS.

MESSRS. MCCABE, KRAFT & CO., *Gentlemen:*—Last summer I was attacked with a very severe Diarrhœa, from which I suffered for some three weeks. I tried various remedies, but was unable to check the disease. I at last procured a bottle of "Kraft's Diarrhœa Compound." *One bottle entirely cured the disease* and restored me to my usual health. I take pleasure in recommending this valuable medicine, as I do virtues in my own case, and seen it tried by others with the same good results. E. R. ANNISON,
Formerly Master Machinist B. & O. R. R.,
Wheeling, W. Va.

McCABE, KRAFT & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Wheeling, W. Va., Sole Proprietors, to whom all orders should be addressed.

For sale in Bridgeport by WEST & MITCHELL.
may13-6m

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

CUMBERLAND, Md.

S. LUMAN,.....Proprietor.

THIS HOTEL IS LOCATED NEAR THE Railroad Depot and in the centre of the business portion of the city.

Accommodating porters in attendance at all trains. sep27-6m

Cleaking Cloths at $3 00.

20 PIECES ALL WOOL BLACK FRENCH Cloth at $3 00 only. J. S. RHODES.

Jewelry.

Second Fall Stock!!

J. T. SCOTT & CO.,

Invite Attention to Their New and Large Stock of

Watches, Clocks,

AND JEWELRY;

Diamond Watches, Rings and Pins,

Solid Silver Ware.

Fine Silver Plated Ware,

WATCH & CLOCK MATERIALS,

AND TOOLS,

Fancy Goods, Notions, &c.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

J. T. SCOTT & CO.

SCOTT & HENNEGEN,

No. 31 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Watches, Jewelry, Clocks,

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,

Watch and Clock Materials, Tools, &c. oct12-tf

Look out for Bargains

IN

BOOTS & SHOES!

TREMENDOUS STOCK

Just Received.

Fall and Winter Goods,

AT AND

Below Cost!

D. GUNDLING, AT NO 155 MAIN ST., has just returned from the East with a tremendous stock of

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,

Embracing all the Latest Styles. Also a splendid stock of

Home-Made Work,

Warranted for Six Months, and guaranteed o give satisfaction.

Call Soon, and Secure Bargains!

As the Goods will be sold at the lowest figures.

D. GUNDLING,
sep26-6m 155 Main St., Wheeling, W. Va.

C. J. RAWLING & CO.,

Wholesale & Retail

DRUGGISTS,

NO. 27 MONROE STREET,

(Two doors above Merchants' National Bank.)

WE DESIRE TO ANNOUNCE TO OUR friends and the public, that we have engaged in the

DRUG BUSINESS,

In the room lately occupied by

A. C. GOOD & CO.

We are now receiving a full stock of good and respectfully solicit the patronage of

Merchants, Manufacturers, Physicians and Families,

Particular attention paid to Prescription and Retail business.

Prescriptions carefully filled *at all hours.*

oct1 C. J. RAWLING & CO.

DUCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

BANKERS,

Corner of Pine & Nassau Sts, N. Y.

ISSUE

Circular Notes and Circular Letters of Credit,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States. sep26-3m

D. G. & G. G. NEISWANGER. W. R. RITTS.

New Omnibus Line,

St. Clairsville to Wheeling.

LEAVES ST. CLAIRSVILLE EVERY morning, at 7 o'clock, and returning leaves Wheeling at 3 p.m.—Sundays excepted.

For passage, enquire at MLare House or Packer's Hotel, Wheeling, and at National Hotel, St. Clairsville, Ohio.

For sale in Bridgeport by WEST & MITCHELL.

NEISWANGERS & RITTS.

Bridge Stock.

179 SHARES OF THE STOCK OF THE Wheeling and Belmont Bridge Company for Sale. Apply to

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
sep14 of Wheeling.

FANCY MERINO BUGGY AND DOOR Mats, just received.

sep1 H. C. HARBOUR.

Merchant Tailoring.

1865 1865

THOMAS E. BEANS. H. GUGGENHEIMER

SECOND STOCK

OF

Fall & Winter Goods

AT

Stein Brothers

Nos. 13 and 15

Cor. Main & Monroe Sts.,

WHEELING, W. VA.

CHINCHILAS, ESKIMOS, CASTORS,

ENGLISH ELYSIANS, ENGLISH MELTONS, ENGLISH TRICOTTS, WHITNEYS, &c., &c., for

Over Coats.

FRENCH, ENGLISH, SCOTCH, and AMERICAN,

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres for Pants and Vests.

VELVET, SILK and CASHMERE VESTINGS.

Some Rich & Handsome Patterns.

SIMONIAS, STURSBURGS, HILGERS, &c., &c.

Black Cloths and Doe Skins,

In furnishing goods we have everything that is new and desirable. Cravats, Scarfs, Ties, and Butterfys, Silk and Linen handkerchiefs, White and Woolen Shirts—Best quality and make.

Undershirts & Drawers

OF EVERY GRADE.

HALF HOSE OF ALL KINDS & GRADES.

Our Stock of Clothing is larger and better assorted than many Eastern houses.

We also keep a line of Woolen Shirts, Knit Under Shirts and Drawers, and Knit Jackets, which we job low to the trade.

Merchant Tailors and Country Merchants will find in our house, at all times a full stock of goods. Examine our stock before purchasing.

STEIN BROTHERS,
Nos. 13 and 15
sep17-d&w Corner Main and Monroe Sts.

Steamboats.

Regular Pittsburg and Parkersburg Packet.

The fast running packet BAYARD, Moore, Master, leaves Wheeling every Monday and Thursday at 9 o'clock p. m. Leaves for Pittsburg every Wednesday and Saturday at 6 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
oct23 J. MANNER & CO., Agents.

Regular Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Parkersburg Packet.

The New and Elegant Passenger Steamer FOREST CITY, Captain John Gordon, A. R. Harding Clk., leaves Pittsburgh for Parkersburg every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 M.; leaves Wheeling for Parkersburg every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 P. M.; leaves Parkersburg for Pittsburgh every Monday and Thursday at 2 P. M.; Leaves Wheeling for Pittsburgh every Tuesday and Friday at 7 A. M.

Freight received for Pittsburgh every Monday and Thursday at the Wharf Boat until 5 P. M., by BOOTH, BATTELLE & CO.,
aug17-tf Agents.

R. H. LEE, M. D.,

Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

No. 58 Cor. Mill Alley and Main St.,

CENTRE WHEELING,

Where he may be found at all times unless professionally absent.

Dr. Lee is a graduate of one of the leading medical colleges of Cincinnati, Ohio, and has been actively engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery for more than fourteen years, (the last two years of which has been in Wheeling,) and he feels confident that from the knowledge which he has acquired of his profession during so long and varied a practice, that he will be able to satisfy all who may favor him with their patronage. Dr. Lee, in addition to his regular practice, will devote a part of each day to the treatment of Chronic Diseases. Dr. Lee is now prepared with all the necessary apparatus for the scientific medical application of electricity as an auxiliary in the treatment of many diseases, both acute and chronic, to which he would invite the especial attention of the afflicted. Dr. Lee has given much time and attention to the study and practice of Operative Opthalmic Surgery, and he is now prepared to perform all the various operations on the Eye, as well as to treat all the different diseases of the same, in strict accordance with the latest and most approved scientific methods of the present time.

Dr. Lee cures Cancers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and diseases of the Eye, Ear, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, Fever and Ague, and all of the various and painful diseases which women are subject to.

Any person wishing to consult the Doctor privately for any private disease, can do so either personally or by letter, confidentially relying upon his honor to preserve their secret inviolate, and his ability to cure them.

Dr. Lee cures all the different forms of Club Foot, by an operation which is attended with no danger, and with but little pain.

Private diseases speedily and permanently cured. Treatment—new, safe and reliable.

Dr. Lee will give two hours every Wednesday and Saturday afternoons to the treatment of those who are unable to pay.

REFERENCE.—Prof. John M. Scudder, Cincinnati, Ohio; Prof. Z. Freeman, Cincinnati, Ohio; Prof. Edwin Freeman, Cincinnati, Ohio; Dr. Robt. S. Newton, N. Y. City.

Besides numerous testimonials from persons who have been cured by me, and my Diploma can be seen in my office. oct18

The National Saving's Bank of Wheeling,

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, October 18th, 1865.

WHEREAS BY SATISFACTORY EVIdence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "**The National Saving's Bank of Wheeling,**" in the City of Wheeling, in the County of Ohio and State of West Virginia, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled an act to provide a National Currency, secured, by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, Freeman Clark, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE NATIONAL SAVINGS' BANK," of Wheeling, in the City of Wheeling, in the County of Ohio and State of West Virginia, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of Office, this 18th day of October, 1865.

FREEMAN CLARK,
oct21-6td (No. 1594.) Comptroller.

In accordance with the above the National Savings Bank will begin business on Wednesday, November 1, 1865.

S. P. HILDRETH, Cashier.

TOBACCO.

THE FOLLOWING FAVORITE AND standard brands constantly on hand:

BLACK TOBACCOS.

Russell's 10's in butts.
Cleopatra 10's in butts.
Old Buck 12's in caddies.
Half Time 22's in caddies.
Lynchburg Twist 2's Half Drum.
Navy 1's and ½'s butts and caddies.

BRIGHT TOBACCOS.

Royal Gem in butts.
Golden Star in butts.
Old Buck ½'s in caddies.
Lilly Bells 2's " "
" " 10's "
California Golden Roll 22's, 4 lb boxes.
oct12 PRYOR, HANDLAN & CO.

TEAS.

CHOICE AND WELL SELECTED
Oolong Teas,
Gun Powder Teas,
Old Hyson Teas,
Young Hyson Teas.
oct12 PRYOR, HANDLAN & CO.

Sewing Machines.

AT THE

Michigan State Fair,

JUST CLOSED,

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Was awarded the Highest Premium as the

"BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE."

AT THE

Indiana State Fair

Just closed at Fort Wayne, after active competition and a close contest, the Committee, composed of Thorough Mechanics, awarded the Wheeler & Wilson

The Highest Premium.

AT THE FAIR OF THE

American Institute, New York,

The Committee reported:—"The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine makes the LOCK-STITCH, and *ranks highest* on account of the elasticity, permanence, beauty, and general desirableness of the stitching when done, and the wide range of its application."

CALL AND SEE THEM

in operation at

No. 99 Main Street,

(*Two doors above corner Monroe street.*)

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

oct24

Wholesale Notions.

AUGUSTUS POLLACK,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

YANKEE NOTIONS,

ENGLISH, FRENCH & GERMAN

Fancy Goods.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT Pollack's Notion House:

200 doz. Hoop Skirts,
500 " Cotton and Woolen Hosiery,
500 " Gloves and Gauntlets,
50 " Jouvin's Kid Gauntlet, best good imported,
1000 " Spool Cotton,
500 lbs. Germ. Linen Thread,
50 doz. Undershirts and Drawers,
40 " Flannel Shirts,
100 " Suspenders,
100 cases German Pipe Heads,
100 doz. Scrubbing Brushes,
100 " Blacking "
20 original cases, assorted, Toys,
500 pieces Bonnet and Taffetas Ribbons,
20 doz. Ladies' Trimmed Hats,

At prices far below those charged in Eastern markets

sep5 AUGUSTUS POLLACK.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JOHN H. ROBINSON,
158 Main street, east side, a few doors north of Union street,

Sign of the Big Black Boot,

now offers to the citizens of Wheeling, the largest and best assortment of goods in his line, suitable for fall and winter wear. He has just returned from the east, making his own selection from the most reliable houses in Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Having bought his goods entirely for cash, from first hands, it enables him to sell at the very lowest prices. Persons visiting this city will do well to give him a call, as he is determined not to be out-done by any other establishment. Quick sales and small profits is the motto. Don't fail to call at 158 Main street, John Bishop's old stand. sep18

BOOTS & SHOES.

R. PORTER & SONS ANNOUNCE TO their friends and the public, that their Fall Stock of Boots and Shoes are now full and complete. They respectfully invite merchants and others visiting our city to give them a call, believing they can sell them goods to better advantage than they can purchase in Baltimore or Philadelphia, at No. 135 Main street, Wheeling, W. Va.

oct5-dawtm

REMOVAL.

NESBITT & BRO.

HAVE REMOVED THEIR TIN & SHEET Iron Ware Manufactory and Sales Room from their old stand, No. 46 Main street, Centre Wheeling, to

No. 33 MONROE STREET,

(between Market and Main streets,)

WHEELING, W. VA.

Real Estate Agency.

I HAVE OPENED AN OFFICE OVER Joseph Bell & Co's. Stove Warehouse, on Monroe, between Main and Market Sts, and offer my services and solicit the patronage of those wishing to sell or purchase

REAL ESTATE,
RENT DWELLING HOUSES,
WAREHOUSES,
STORE ROOMS,
OFFICES, or
FARMS.

Or attend to any business that may be entrusted to me, for which an agent is required.

I will also give particular attention to Examining Books and adjusting accounts.

oct.17 ISAAC IRWIN.

P. C. HILDRETH & BRO.,

53 Main Street,

WHEELING, W. VA.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN NAIL ROD Bar Iron, Nails, Sheet Iron, Wire, Cast Steel, Window Glass, Printing Paper, Wrapping Paper, Plaster Paris, Land Plaster, Cement, Maryland Lime, Common Lime, Flour, Shanghai Matches, Salt, Wooden Ware, &c. Agents for Howe's Improved Counter and Platform Scales.

The highest market price paid for Rags, Flaxseed, Ginseng, Scrap Iron, &c. jy13

Howard Iron Works.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Howard Iron Works held at the office of P. C. Hildreth & Bro., No. 53 Main street, on Thursday, October 26, 1865, between the hours of 3 and 4 p. m., for the purpose of electing directors and other officers.

oct12-td

The Latest News.

BY TELEGRAPH.

By the Union Line:

Office, corner of Monroe and Water streets.

Georgia State Convention.

Would Not Take the Oath.

LATE EUROPEAN NEWS.

The Adams-Russell Correspondence.

The Late Alabama State Convention and Clement C. Clay—Report of Superintendent Sells, on Indian Affairs—The Sea Island Property and the Freedmen—Officers of the Veteran Reserves—Capt. Cushing Going to England on a Special Mission—Verdict in the Wirz Case, is Guilty.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The Herald's Washington special says the delegates to the late State Convention of Alabama united in memorializing President Johnson to order a speedy trial of Clement C. Clay, and in the meantime to release him on parole from the rigorous confinement to which he has been subjected since his arrest. The memorialists state that they have not made this application from any motive of sympathy with the past political course of Mr. Clay, as for the part he took in the late rebellion, but that, on the contrary, many of them have uniformly condemned his efforts to incite rebellion and secure success to the revolutionary movement. They ask this on his behalf, because his implication in the unparalleled and atrocious assassination of Mr. Lincoln is regarded by them as utterly impossible and unsupported by a shadow of credible testimony. The President has the matter under advisement. The probabilities are that the prayers of the memorialists will be granted.

The report of Superintendent Sells, of the Southern Indian Superintendency, was submitted to the Commissioner of the Indian Bureau of the Interior Department yesterday.

It says that the bitterness of feeling caused by forays of white bushwhackers into the territory of the Indians forms a great obstacle to the negotiation of favorable treaties with them. These bushwhackers carry on a regularly organized system of wholesale cattle stealing, by which it is estimated that the tribes have lost over 300,000 head of cattle, valued at between $4,000,000 or $5,000,000.

Nineteen thousand Indians are now being subsisted by the government in this superintendency.

A special to the N. Y. Times, dated Washington, Oct. 25th, says:

An influential body of the citizens of the States of South Carolina and Florida, accompanied by some northern gentlemen in high official position, called upon the President to-day and urged him to rescind his order with regard to the Sea Island property and Freedmen. The rescinding of the order is recommended also by Gov. Johnson, of Georgia.

The President declined to interfere with the order, at all events, until he shall receive the report of Gen. Howard, who is now under the order referred to, investigating the condition of Freedmen's affairs upon Sea Island.

In the course of the interview the President stated that he was opposed to the plan of colonization of the Freedmen, believing that by contact with the whites their intellect would be developed and sharpened, and their condition in all things improved.

An examination of the officers of the veteran reserves, discloses the fact that two per cent of them are disabled from wounds; four per cent from disease, and four per cent from accidental fractures, &c.

The board to examine officers for colored troops, recently sitting in Washington, has been dissolved by order of the War Department and a new board organized, which will meet in Baltimore for the examination of candidates for appointment of officers of the United States Veteran volunteers, 1st Army Corps and United States colored troops.

The sentence of the Court Martial in the case of Assistant Quarter Master A. L. Thomas, is to-day promulgated. He was sentenced to be cashiered, but the Secretary of War in consideration of previous good character, allowed him to resign.

A special to the World dated Washington 25th, says:

Hon. Caleb Cushing leaves for England on next Wednesday's steamer on a special legal mission connected with the State Department. Thus far his business is kept confidential, but it is very clearly surmised that it has reference to an adjudication of the claims for damages made by this government on Great Britain for depredations of the Alabama on American commerce. It is believed that the government has accepted the proposition of Earl Russell, to appoint a commission to settle such claims.

The rumor that Wirz is to be hanged on Friday is false. It is believed that the charge of conspiracy has been abandoned in the findings, and it is the impression, generally, that the prisoner has been convicted on the other charges, and sentenced to be hung on such day as the President shall designate.

The Tribune's Washington special says:

Three hundred and sixty-one thousand five hundred and five dollars and ninety cents is due the Government from the defaulting Postmasters of the Southern States, which they retained when the rebellion broke out, and they are now being called upon for this amount. The Virginia Postmasters are most in arrears, owing $6,090,447. As all their securities were required to have real estates, it is believed that the larger portion of this sum can be recovered. In 1861 their refusals to pay the sums were often abusive and arrogant, and now their tone is apologetic and poverty pleading.

The verdict in the Wirz case is guilty.

Meeting of the Georgia State Convention—Message of Gov. Johnson.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The Herald's special from Milledgeville, Ga., dated yesterday says, the Georgia State Convention met in the State House to-day. Provisional Governor Johnson called the meeting to order in a brief speech. Over 270 delegates were present. The amnesty oath was administered by Judges Averon and Harris, and the Governor called for a vote by ballot for permanent President. It was expected that Mr. Chas. J. Jenkins, of Richmond county, would be unanimously nominated, but he declined peremptorily and nominated Herschel V. Johnson, of Jefferson county. After discussion it was decided to vote viva voce. Mr. Johnson received all the votes cast with the exception of a few complimentary ones for Mr. Jenkins. On taking the chair, Mr. Johnson made a speech, in which he suggested the duty of the Convention and clearly indicated what, in consideration of the surrounding circumstances, must be done. The past, he said, cannot be corrected, but we can rescue our prosperity from its consequences.

A message was received from Gov. Johnson on important matters. He announced that all the cotton purchased by the State had been captured or burned; that all assets of the State abroad had been drawn to the full; that all licenses of income are available, and that therefore it had become necessary for him to provide for the immediate emergencies. He invited attention to proposals for borrowing such money to the amount of $50,000, and to the redistricting of the State for members of Congress under the new apportionment. He also recommends a change in the mode of representation to the General Assembly. After some local suggestions, he stated the debt of the State is $20,813,525, of which only $2,607,750 was contracted before the war. The debt contracted before the war, he said, is an honorable one, but the other is on a very different basis, having no legal or moral obligation. The confederate currency and cause flourished together in life and must be buried in the same grave.

The convention is the ablest assemblage ever convened in the State, and the prospect is that its action will be harmonious, conservative and in all respects gratifying.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Arrival of the Africa—The Adams-Russel Correspondence—Losses from Piracies by the Rebel Cruisers—More Arrests of Fenians—Cholera on the Increase in Madrid.

HALIFAX, Oct. 26.—The Africa from Liverpool, via Queenstown on the 15th, has arrived.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 14.—Cotton closes buoyant at an advance of ¼a⅛d.—Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Provisions firm and quiet.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Evening.—Consols closed at 88⅞a89 for money; U. S. 5-20s 67½a68; Erie 57¾a58¼; Illinois Central 83½a84.

LONDON, October 14—Evening.—The Adams-Russel correspondence attracts great excitement and much editorial comment. Hope is generally expressed that the question will come to an amicable solution.

The Times has a semi-official explanation that the position taken by the British government would preclude the losses from the piracies by the rebel cruisers being referred to the proposed commissioners.

Fenian arrests and commitments for trial continue in Ireland.

MADRID, 13th.—There was a great increase in the cholera here yesterday—540 cases, and 175 deaths during the day A general panic prevailed.

The Africa has 30 passengers for this port and 100 for Boston.

The steamship Erin, from New York, arrived at Liverpool on the afternoon of the 13th inst.

The steamship Damascus, from Quebec, arrived at Liverpool on the 14th inst.

The steamship Australasian, from New York, arrived off Crook Haven at 7 o'clock on the morning of the 14th inst.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The English papers generally have articles on the correspondence between Mr. Adams, the American Minister, and Earl Russel, just published and signed. The London Times says that it is the most important correspondence in reference to the rights and duties of nations that has been carried on for many years between the representatives of two great maratime countries. The Times can hardly doubt Earl Russel's proposal for a convention will ultimately be accepted as the most satisfactory method of adjusting the outstanding claims between the two nations.

No foreign soverigen nor State could have entered into even the detail of ex. act specific claims and counter claims, for it must not be forggtten that we too have large bills against the U. S. for damages incurred by British subjects during the war. Still less could we have consented, as Earl Russell points out, to submit the bona fides of our government or the legal competency of our law officers to the judgment of any foreign government. The best and only solution of the difficulty, therefore, was thus suggested by Earl Russell, and we earnestly hope it will be the means for the termination of a controversy, which, but for the forbearance shown by both parties, would certainly have led to a mistrust between great Britian and the United States. The candid and friendly tone of arguments so elaborately conducted by Earl Russell and Minister Adams justifies these expectations.

The Times winds up its article by pointing to the Fenian movement in America as threatening a breach of the foreign enlistment act, and says that this teaches us to look at such proceedings from an American point of view and it will help our critics to look at them from our point of view. In the meantime let us agree to differ amicably and not allow a transient feeling of jalousy or resentment to prejudice the permanent settlement of a question in which all the martine nations are equally concerned.

The Times in another article contends that if England chose to be angry or inconsiderate, she would have greater reasons to complain of America's position as a neutral in the Fenian movement than ever America has had in regard to England's attitude toward the South, inasmuch as the Fenian plot was formed in America by American citizens, although the conspirators may have been mostly of Irish extraction. The Times, however, admits that the American Government has acted, in regard to the movement of the Fenians, with all honorable openness, notwithstanding the secret filibustering plots of its citizens.

The Morning Post thinks that Earl Russell's proposition to the American Government will most probably be accepted.

The daily News says:

It is clear that the discussion of the question is exhausted, and the British Government has distinctly declared that the question is, "have Her Majesty's Government acted with good faith and honesty," and if this be so the public will agree with the foreign minister that it cannot be entertained or referred to any potentate or state whatever. The Daily News continues, if it be absolutely necessary to British honor and dignity, that the claims be met by a single negative, parliament and the people must maintain that position. It hopes, however, that the good sense of modern statesmen may, before long, find a solution for difficulties which may be serious, but are surely not irreparable.

The Times of the 14th instant contains the following official statement:

"In order to guard against any misunderstanding we are requested to restate that the proposal of Earl Russell to the American government was conveyed in the following words, 'Her Majesty's government was ready to consent to the appointment of a commission to which shall be referred all the claims arising during the late civil war, which the two powers should agree to refer to the commissioners.'—These concluding words limit the subject of reference since it would be inconsistent with the position taken up by Her Majesty's government, and with the argument which induce it to declare arbitration to decide the claims for losses by the Alabama and other vessels of the same character to be brought before the commission for discussion." It must be understood, therefore, that if any such commission were agued in these cases it must excluded from its jurisdiction.

The London Herald congratulates Earl Russell upon the tone and spirit of his dispatch to the American Minister.

At an extraordinary meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Telepraph Company in London on the 12th inst., the resolutions adopted at the meeting in August were rescinded, and it was resolved to increase the capital to 2,000,000 sterling and by the creation of one hundred and sixty thousand new shares at five pound each, such shares having a prefermential dividend of five per cent. On the terms of the resolution the board of directors of the company forthwith issued a prospectus inviting subscriptions for 120,000 of the above new shares.

The arrests of members of the Fenian brotherhood and their examination and commitments for trial continues in Ireland. A number of Fenians were awaiting trial and the number was daily augmenting.

Numerous deaths from asiatic cholera are reported at Expring, near London.

FRANCE.—The weekly return of the Bank of France shows a decrease in cash of over 33,000,000 of francs.

The King and Queen of Portugal had arrived in Paris and proceeded through Brussels.

The Paris bourse was firmer, at 67f 95c for rents.

ITALY.—A dispatch from Rome denies that any movement of the French troops has yet taken place. The Papal Minister of War, however, has received notice from the French government that the army of occupation will be concentrated at Rome, Civeta, Richea and Viterbe in January.

The Italian Minister of Finance has signed a contract for the establishment of a Bank of Italy by an amalgamation of the banks of Sardinia and Tuscany. It is reported that several of the Roman governments will shortly recognize the kingdom of Italy.

SPAIN.—The cholera is diminishing in Madrid. There were five deaths out of 37 cases on the 11th inst., or fifty deaths out of 228 attacks on the 12th inst. The number of cases on the 13th was 215.

The news from India are unimportant.

The following are among the passengers of the Africa: Judge Jackson, U.S. consul, and lady, Dr. McKay and lady, and Hon. Arthur Gordon, Lt. Governor of New Brunswick, and lady.

Couldn't Take the Oath.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The steamship New York, from Aspinwall, has arrived with California dates of the 3d, and $1,118,312 in treasure from California, this morning.

In the U. S. Court, before Judge Nelson, Hon. Daniel S. Dicktnson, U. S. District Attorney, moved the court that Henry S. Foote, ex-member of the defunct confederacy and congress, be admitted to the bar as a counsellor of the Supreme Court of the United States. The motion was granted, and Mr. Foote stepped up to the clerk's desk to take the oath. The first oath to support the Constitution of the United States and the State of New York, he took without ceremony, but the oath of allegiance was too stiff for him. After listening attentively to its stringent requirement Mr. Foote declared that his connection with the late rebel government, rendered it impossible that he should subscribe to such an oath, and he left the court room.

The case of McVickor against Greenleaf & Co., involving the proposed examination of young Ketchum, was up again to-day. A proposition being made to postpone the examination, it was objected to on the ground that the prisoner would soon receive his sentence, when his testimony would be lost. On the other hand, the prisoner's counsel stated that in case his client was put on the stand now, he would refuse to testify, and as to the sentence, he assured the counsel that ample opportunity would be given to take his testimony before he was sentenced. The Judge said that as the rights of the plaintiff appeared to be in no danger, he would postpone the examination to the 8th of November at 11 a. m.

To-day the Algonquin was ahead of the Winooski 1238 revolutions. It appears that the Winooski's throttle valves have not been kept wide open according to the rules, and Mr. Dickinson threatens to stop his engines if this source is persisted in.

A special to the Post dated Washington 26th says:

Secretary McCulloch has stirred up a formidable opposition against returning to specie payment. He is denounced by some, and plied with argument and prayers by others, but he stands firmly by his Fort Wayne speech. These parties will now turn to Congress, which will be importuned not only to deny authority to the Secretary to continue his policy of funding legal tenders, but to extend the present limit of national bank notes from three to five hundred millions.

The departments are all discriminating in favor of soldiers in their first appointments.

The Adams-Russell Correspondence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—All the morning papers comment on the Adams-Russell correspondence concerning our claims against England for damages inflicted by the Anglo-rebel pirates.

The Tribune after stating the question says, should England be ever involved in a serious foreign war before her difficulty with the U. S. is settled it would probably not require much time to cause her to disown her present principles.

The Herald says, that the trouble arises from the existing unsettled, undetermined international law, and urges a Congress of the great powers to settle certain principles which will perpetuate peace between the New and Old World.

The Times, after declaring Lord Russell in rejecting arbitration rejected something which Mr. Adams had never tendered him or suggested, says: So far as national honor is concerned Earl Russell may rely upon it that the U. S. have not thought of surrendering to any power on earth the decision of any question which might affect her own in the slightest degree, nor will they willingly consent to the surrender of principles of international law which are essential to the very existence of such thing as neutrality, and which cannot be discarded, as England now in a mistaken view of her own interest, seeks to discard these without making every war the signal of universal confagration.

The World says, the usages in making peace, treaties is to override conquered territories, but whenever we have a war with England we should take the Canadas and keep them—in that way we will secure compensation for the whole of our losses by the sham neutrality of England.

The Case of Wirz.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The Post's special says, the counsel for Wirz are assured of the conviction and sentence to death of their client, but at noon the President had not decided the case.

John H. Reagan leaves for his home in Texas soon, but is promised an interview with the President before his departure.

Gen. Palmer was in consultation with the Secretary of War to-day concerning the removal of troops from Kentucky.

The commissioners of health, together with the Mayors of Cleveland, Jersey City, Brooklyn and other health officers, met to-day to adopt precautionary measures against the introduction of cholera. A resolution was adopted to ask of the general government a site for a hospital for the detention of patients and passengers from vessels inflicted with the cholera.

The report of a case of cholera in Brooklyn was denied by Dr. Swayne.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 26.—Cotton quiet; sales of 2500 bales middling at 53a55.—Sugar firm at 15a17¾.

In reply to a communication from Gov. Wells in regard to a threatened negro insurrection in Northern Louisiana, Gen. Canby says he will order an additional white force to Shrieveport, and that arrangements have already been made to dispossess the negroes of any wrong impression imposed upon them.

—Matamoras advices of the 17th says: The city is besieged by Cortinas and Escobedo with 3500 men. No serious assaults have yet been made. All communication is cut off except with Brownsville.

Gen. Vega is reported besieging the Imperial forces in Tampico.

The Gold Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Gold exhibits a sharp downward tendency. The decline of five-twenties at London and the continued large exports of cotton, accompanied with a decline in foreign exchange, have tended to stop confidence in an early export of specie. At the same time the government is paying out large amounts on account of November interest, and the purchases for customs are comparatively light. The price touched 146¾, but afterward reached 145½.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—From Rio Janeiro, by the arrival of the bark Traveler, our dates are to the 15th of September.

The Brazillians were in extacies over their recent victories, and the city was illuminated several nights in succession. The news of the utter route of the Paraguayan army was confirmed, and the allies, at last accounts, were following up their successes by an invasion of the Paraguayan country. Resistance was expected, as the retreating forces were fortifying.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—There arrived here yesterday, from foreign ports, 93 vessels of all classes, and 16 ocean steamers cleared for Europe and Southern ports.

The schooner Charles Chanvence, from Elizabethport, N. Y., for Providence, R. I., laden with coal, foundered off Laybrook on the night of the 19th, and of those on board only Wm. Kentland survived. The captain, mate, three men, and one passenger were lost.

The steamer Africa, with later European dates has arrived.

BOSTON, Oct. 26.—Eastern papers report that six inches of snow fell at Ashland, Arrostock county Maine, on Monday of last week, and that the snow in the woods, thirty miles above, is fifteen inches deep—loading and breaking down the trees.

The lumber business will be quite brisk this winter, in the upper St. John and Arrostock rivers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The President to-day appointed E. A. Rollins, deputy commissioner of Internal Revenue, to be commissioner, vice Wm. Orton, whose resignation goes into effect on the 1st of November.

D. G. Whittimar, chief clerk of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, has been appointed deputy commissioner in place of Mr. Rollins