The Wheeling Daily Intelligencer.

VOL. XVI. WHEELING, WEST VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1868. NO. 280.

Business Cards.

AUCTIONEERS.

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO., Auction Sales Every Evening, Cor. Quincy & Market streets.

ATTORNEYS.

ALFRED CALDWELL & SON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 71 Main st., over Bank of Wheeling.

STANTON & ALLISON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 4th st., east side, north of Monroe.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOYD & WAYMAN, Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS & SHOES, No. 50 Main street.

EDWARDS & STONE, Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS & SHOES, No. 74 Main street.

FORGEY & HUGHES Dealers in Boots and Shoes. 120 Main street.

H. ANENEY, Fashionable BOOT MAKER, No. 77, Main st.

MCCLELLAN & KNOX, Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS & SHOES, No. 65 Main street.

BANKING.

BANK OF WHEELING, G. Lamb, Cashier, D. C. List, Pres't. Main Street.

FIRST NAT'L BANK OF WHEELING G. Adams, Cashier; G. R. Wheat, Pres't, No. 28 Monroe street.

MERCHANTS NAT'L BANK of West Va S. Brady, Cashier; J. N. Vance, Pres't. N. E. cor. Monroe & Main sts.

NATIONAL BANK OF WEST VA., J. Wagner, Cashier, C. Oglebay, Pres't, S. W. cor. Main & Monroe sts.

NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, S. P. Hildreth, Cash.; Thos. H. List, Pres. No. 65 Main st.

PEOPLES' BANK, J. F. Updegraff, Cash.; J. Reid, Prest., No. 69 Main st.

BOOK SELLERS.

CAMPBELL & McDERMOT, Booksellers and Stationers, 130 Main street.

GEO. W. STONER, Religious Books and Stationery, Monroe st., above Main

CLOTHING.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Clothing and Furnishing Goods, S. E. cor. Main & Monroe sts.

JOHN T. LAKIN & CO., Merchant Tailors, No. 25 Monroe st.

THOS. HUGHES & CO., Clothing Emporium, 35 cor. Monroe & Water sts.

CORDAGE.

CHAS. H. BERRY, Hemp & Manilla Cordage, Twine, &c., 18 & 19 Water st.

DRY GOODS.

BRUES & SAUNDERS, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, 114 Main street.

HENRY ROEMER, Dry Goods & Notions, 36 Main st. Centre Wheeling.

DAVID LEVI, Staple and Domestic Dry Goods, Cor. Main & Webster sts., Centre W.

FISHER & SEAMON, Dry Goods and Notions, 116 Main street.

JOHN ROEMER & CO., Dry Goods Emporium, 31 & 33 Main st., Centre Wheeling.

J. S. RHODES, Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Peterson's Block Main street.

DRESS MAKERS.

MRS. KYLE & MRS. WATKINS, Emporium of Fashion, 101 Main st., upstairs.

DRUGGISTS.

E. BOCKING, Druggist and Prescriptionist, No. 1 Odd Fellows' Hall.

SILVEY & LIST, Druggists and Prescript'onists, corner opposite the Post Office.

T. H. LOGAN & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 47 Main street.

FOUNDERS.

THOS. G. CULPERTSON, Star Foundry. Castings of all kinds, 62 Market street.

FURNITURE.

J. C. ORR & CO., Carpets and Furniture, 112 Main street.

GROCERS.

R. J. SMYTH, Family Groceries, Corner Market and Quincy streets.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

JOS. SPEIDEL, Wholesale Grocer, 48 Main street.

BOOTH, BATTELLE & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Corner Monroe & Water sts.

LIST, MORRISON & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Corner Main and Quincy street.

PAXTON & OGLEBAY, Wholesale Grocers, 54 Main street.

HARDWARE & IRON.

OTT, SON & CO., Dealers in Hardware, Main street.

P. C. HILDRETH & BRO., Dealers in Nail Rod, Bar Iron, &c., 68 Main street.

HATS AND CAPS.

HARPER & BRO., Wholesale Hats and Caps, Main street.

INSURANCE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, N. C. Arthur, Secretary, 29 Monroe street.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY. John Bishop, Secretary, 26 Monroe street.

AETNA FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE Company, S. P. Hildreth, Sec'y; H. G. Harding, Ass't Sec'y. 63 Main street.

FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO., J. C. Hervey, Secretary, Office next door to M. N. Bank.

GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE CO., Jos. Seybold, Sec'y, H. A. Kuapp, Ass't Sec'y, office in Bank of Wheeling, Main st.

CONTINENTAL INSURANCE CO., W. F. Peterson, Agent, Main street, next door to M. N. Bank.

MILLINERY GOODS.

D. A. ADLER & CO., Ribbons, Millinery & Dress Trimmings, 141 Main street.

MUSIC.

W. H. SHEIB, Pianos, Organs & Sheet Music, 139. Main street.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

I. IRWIN, Real Estate Agent, Monroe street.

THOS. O'BRIEN, Real Estate Agent, Office, Custom House.

THOS. HORNBROOK, Dealer in Real Estate, 118½ Main street.

WM. GREGG, Real Estate, Ins. and Claim Agent, Office Am. Life Ins. Co., Main st.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

A. C. PARTRIDGE, Photographic Gallery & Stock Depot, 117 Main street.

Business Cards.

PRINTING.

FREW, HAGANS & HALL, Steam Job Printers, 15 Quincy street.

SEWING MACHINES.

GROVER & BAKER SEWING MAchine, Oxtoby & Duffield Agents, 103 Main street.

WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MAchine, Wm. Sumner & Co., 99 Main street.

TIN & SHEET IRON WARE.

B. F. CALDWELL, Copper, Tin & Sheet Iron Ware, 18 Main street.

GEO. W. JOHNSON, Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, 105 Main street.

REID & ROEMER, Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, 137 Market st., opposite City Buildings.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

J. A. LASH, Watches, Jewelry & Silver Ware. 182 Main street.

OXTOBY & DUFFIELD, Watches, Jewelry and Fancy Goods, 103 Main street.

SCOTT & HENNEGEN, Jewelry, Watches, &c., 104 Main street.

Financial.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK

of West Virginia.

Capital Paid in, $500,000.

THIS BANK SUCCEEDS TO THE BUSIness of the "Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank of Wheeling." It is a designated Depository and Financial agent of the United Stat s, and is prepared to do a legitimate Banking business.

President—Jas. Nelson Vance.
Directors—Thomas Sweeney, L. S. Delaplain, Jas. C. Acheson, John Donlon, Robert Crangle, A. Allen Howell, Wm. B. Simpson, James Dazell. S. BRADY, Cashier.
m.r19-ly

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF WHEELING.

Designated Depository U. S.

CAPITAL $300,000
SURPLUS 45,000

Money received on deposit. Exchange bought and sold.
Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted.
Interest on Special Deposits at the rate of four per cent per annum where the deposit remains six months, and FIVE per cent, if for one year.
Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, Bankers and others solicited.
Revenue Stamps for sale in sums to suit.
A constant supply of New Fractional Currency, and 1, 2, 3 & 5c coin, kept for the accommodation of depositors and the public.
GEO. K. WHEAT, Pres't.
mar13 GEO. ADAMS, Cash'r.

D. C. LIST. ROBERT MORRISON.
HENRY E. LIST. GIBSON LAMB.
JOSEPH SEYBOLD.

Bank of Wheeling,

WHEELING, W. VA.

DEALS IN BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Government Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.

Special attention given to collections.

Interest allowed on Special Deposits: four per cent per annum six months, and five per cent if left one year.

D. C. LIST, President.
GIBSON LAMB, Cashier.
JOSEPH SEYBOLD, Ass't Cashier.
mar3-ly

National Bank of West Virginia,

AT WHEELING.

Capital paid in . . . $200,000

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT. INterest paid on special deposits. Notes and bills discounted. Exchange bought and sold. Collections made on all points and proceeds promptly remitted.

Directors.

CRISPIN OGLEBAY, THOMAS HUGHES,
MICHAEL REILLY, A. S. TODD,
ARTHUR LITTLE, JOHN R. HUBBARD
JAMES MCCLUNEY, M. POLLOCK,
JAMES MAXWELL,
CRISPIN OGLEBAY, President.
JOHN WAGNER, Cashier. aug3-1yd

National Saving's Bank of Wheeling,

CAPITAL, . . . $100,000.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT Interest paid on Special Deposits. Notes and Bills discounted. Exchange bought and sold. Collections made on all points and proceeds promptly remitted.
Discount Day—Wednesday.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas H. List, Robert Pratt
Robert Gibson, R. A. M'Cabe,
J. C. Thomas, T. M. Dodson.
J. L. Stifel.
THOS. H. LIST, President.
S. P. HILDRETH, Cashier. nov21

The People's Bank.

OFFICE, No. 69 MAIN ST., WHEELING, W. Va. Money received on deposit. Interest paid on special deposits.
Notes and bills discounted. Exchange bought and sold. Collections at home or from abroad promptly attended to.

DIRECTORS.

John Reid, Christian Hess,
John Handlan, John Voelker,
Sam'l J. Boyd, Richard Carter.
Andrew Wilson.
JOHN REID, Pres't.
JOSIAH F. UPDEGRAFF, Cash'r. my2

DROPSY,

And Dropsical Swellings, are always relieved and often permanently cured by the alterative effect which the timely use of Roback's Blood Purifier, when taken in conjunction with Roback's Blood Pills, is sure to produce.
Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

THE CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST AND BEST.

WHEELER & WILSON.

Sewing Machine!

Highest Premium.

Paris Exposition, 1867,

THE QUALITIES WHICH RECOMmend the Wheeler and Wilson are:
1. Beauty and excellence of stitches alike on both sides of the article sewed.
2. Strength, firmness, and durability of seam; that will not rip or ravel.
3. Economy of thread.
4. Its attachments and wide range of application to purposes and materials.
5. Compactness and elegance of model and finish.
6. Simplicity and thoroughness of construction.
7. Speed, ease of operation and management, and quietness of movement.
Every one is invited to call and examine these Machines at our salesroom, 99 Main street.
dec18 WM. SUMNER & CO.

The Intelligencer.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

STATE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.
HON. W. E. STEVENSON, of Wood.

FOR CONGRESS
1st District—GEN. I. H. DUVAL, of Brooke.
2nd " —HON. J. C. McGREW, of Preston
3rd " —GEN. J. S. WITCHER, of Lincoln

FOR AUDITOR,
CAPT. THOMAS BOGGESS, of Roane.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
CAPT. J. M. PIPES, of Marshall.

FOR TREASURER,
SERG'T J. A. MACAULEY, of Ohio.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
HON. THAYER MELVIN, of Ohio.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS,
HON. R. L. BERKSHIRE, of Monongalia.

For Presidential Electors,
AT LARGE.
A. W. CAMPBELL, of Ohio County.
R. S. BROWN, of Jackson County.
DISTRICTS.
1—HON. BENJAMIN STANTON.
2—J. MARSHALL HAGANS.
3—GEN. W. H. POWELL.

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

EXTRA SESSION.

TUESDAY, July 21, 1868.

SENATE.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. J. W. Webb, of the Island M. E. Church.

Mr. Zinn, from the Committee on Finance, &c., reported back the House Bill to exempt from taxation any loan which may be made for the use of St. Matthews Protestant Episcopal Church of Wheeling, and the Senate bill for the relief of S. W. Davis, recommending that they do not pass;

Also, the Senate Bill authorizing Hoy McLean, late Sheriff of Randolph county, to distrain for taxes, recommending its passage.

Mr. Borman, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the following bills recommending their passage:

Senate Bill 56, To legalize a certain deed in Monroe county.

House Bill 63, Amending an act entitled "An Act amending section 8, chapter 7, acts 1866.

House Bill 30, Authorizing Thomas B. Swann, of Kanawha county, to practice law without taking the "test oath."

House Bill 61, Authorizing the Point Pleasant M. E. Church to sell their Church property.

House Bill 68, To authorize the 1st United Presbyterian Church and St. Johns Protestant Episcopal Church, of Wheeling, to raise money.

Mr. Dix, from the Committee on Education, reported a substitute for the Senate Bill requiring Sheriffs and County Treasurers to pay over all monies collected by them belonging to the school fund, to township treasurers.

Mr. Young, by leave, introduced a bill to incorporate the Greenbrier and Tygart's Valley Railroad Company. Tabled and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Zinn introduced a bill authorizing the payment of Company "B," 25th Regiment militia.

Mr. Dix introduced a bill amending the act incorporating Raymond City, in Putnam county. Referred.

Mr. Farnsworth introduced a bill to amend the law providing for the registration of the qualified voters of this State. Passed.

Mr. Werninger introduced a bill to repeal an act in relation to the competency of witnesses.

Chapter 30 of the Code was referred to the Committee on Revision.

A Senate joint resolution, proposing that when the Senate adjourn on the 28th of this month, it stand adjourned until the 10th of next November; that a Committee on Revision consisting of three from the Senate and four from the House, remain in session as long as may be necessary, and that they, together with their clerk and page receive the same *per diem* as during the session, for every day they are actually engaged in their duties; and that no other member or officer of the Legislature receive any per diem, was adopted. Yeas, 15—Nays, 5. Messrs. Stevenson, (President), Burley, Dawson, Drummond and Werninger voted in the negative. Messrs. Hoke and Chapline, absent.

Adjourned until 2 o'clock, P. M. tomorrow.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Prayer by Rev. Taggart, of the Baptist Church.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk reported a message from the Senate announcing the adoption of, and asking the concurrence of the House in joint resolutions raising a committee to procure a temporary capital building, and authorizing the Auditor to loan to the Board of Supervisors of Cabell county, the books of the commissioners of that county for the years 1861 and '62; also the passage of chapters 35, 36, 37 and 38 of the Code.

The resolutions were concurred in, and Messrs. Goff, Ferguson, of Marshall, and Miller appointed on the first on the part of the House.

RESOLUTIONS AND PETITIONS.

Mr. Gregory presented a petition of citizens of Webster county, asking the condemnation of certain land for the building of a mill thereon. Referred.

Mr. Heermans offered a resolution directing inquiry into the expediency of providing for an enrollment tax to be collected from persons for whose benefit private bills may be passed.

BILLS PASSED.

A Senate bill making an appropriation to the Institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, at Staunton, Va.

A Senate bill in relation to the Holliday's Cove Railroad.

THE CODE.

Mr. Ferguson, of Cabell, moved to take from the table chapter 29 of the Code, relating to the assessment of taxes. Agreed to.

The question was upon ordering the chapter to engrossment.

A number of unimportant amendments were offered and adopted, until the section relating to railroad companies being reached, Mr. Ferguson, of Cabell, moved to strike out from the section that part of it placing a tax upon railroads for county purposes of the same amount assessed against it for State and school purposes, the sum accruing from such taxation to be distributed among the several counties of the State through which the road runs, in proportion to the number of miles thereof in each county.

Mr. Parker offered an amendment to the amendment to strike out section 67, relating to railroads, and the words requiring the principal officers of railroad companies to return for taxation all rolling, personal and movable stock, property exempt by the charter not to be taxed.

The question being upon the amendment a lengthy debate ensued, in which the mode of taxing railroads was fully discussed.

Without reaching a vote the House adjourned.

CAPT. R. F. DENNIS and Capt. A. C. Snyder, both of the Confederate army, were prominent delegates in the Grafton Convention from Greenbrier county

A GRANT CLUB was organized at Parkersburg last Saturday, with 300 members to begin with.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 21.

SENATE.

The joint Committee on Library were discharged from further consideration of petitions on the subject of the international copyright law.

The concurrent resolution declaring the ratification of the 14th amendment was taken up and adopted. It declares that three-fourths of the States, including Ohio and New Jersey, having adopted the amendment it has become a part of the Constitution of the United States.

A resolution was offered instructing the Secretary of the Senate to pay the Senators from Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina and Louisiana the compensation allowed by law, computing from the commencement of the 40th Congress. Debate arising it went over.

The joint resolution admitting steam plows free of duty one year from the 30th of June last, was passed.

The bill for the protection of American citizens in foreign countries was taken up and assigned for the evening session.

The bill granting a pension to the widow of Brig. Gen. Wallace was passed; also the bill making an appropriation for the Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.

Mr. Howe presented the report of the Conference Committee on the Indian appropriation bill, which was adopted.

The Senate went into executive session and subsequently took a recess.

When the doors were re-opened Mr. Sherman offered a concurrent resolution for the adjournment of Congress *sine die* on Friday next.

Mr. Howard and several others expressed the hope that no day be designated until after the bill for military peace establishment has become a law, and said they would not consent to place it in the power of the President to retain it in his possession.

Mr. Hendricks opposed the bill.

Mr. Wilson could not consent to adjourn till the bill was passed over the President's objections. He moved an executive session which motion was not acted on.

The report of the Committee on Conference on the Deficiency bill was agreed to. At 5 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Sumner reported from the Foreign Committee, Resolutions expressive of sympathy with the Cretans, and of hope that the Turkish Government will grant them peace, and making it the duty of the President to instruct our Minister to Turkey to co-operate with those of other powers in good offices, to terminate the sufferings of the people of Crete. The resolutions were adopted.

The Chair submitted a telegram from Governor Bullock announcing the ratification of the 14th amendment, by Georgia.

The bill to authorize the erection of bridges across the Ohio river was debated. After a slight amendment the bill was passed, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Wilson, chairman of the Judiciary Committee to which was referred claims of the representatives from the late Rebel States that they be allowed full pay from the commencement of Congress, reported a resolution that pay shall commence from the date of their respective elections. Adopted.

Mr. Kelly introduced a bill to promote the establishing of an international system of coinage. Referred to the Coinage Committee.

Mr. Dawes, from the Committee on Elections, reported the credentials of the Alabama representatives correct, and moved that the test oath be administered to them.

After some discussion by Messrs. Brooks and Dawes the previous question was seconded and the report adopted, and the oath administered to Messrs. Chas. W. Beekley, Benj. W. Morris, Chas. W. Pierce, J. B. Callis and Thos. Haughey, who took seats as members from Alabama.

The conference report on the bill to supply vacancies in the Executive Departments was agreed to.

The concurrent resolution received from the Senate declaring the ratification by three-fourths of the States of the Union of the 14th amendment and declaring it part of the Constitution of of the United States, which was adopted under the operation of the previous question—126 against 32.

During the proceedings a dispatch from Gov. Bullock to Speaker Colfax, dated at Atlanta to-day, was read announcing the ratification of the amendment by the Georgia Legislature by 34 majority in joint ballot.

The House resumed the consideration of the funding bill.

Mr. Boutwell advocated his substitute at length.

Mr. Schenck opposed the substitute, and Mr. Pike favored the Senate bill.

Mr. Boutwell resumed the floor and concluded his speech.

EVENING SESSION.

The consideration of the funding bill was resumed.

Mr. Marshall opposed the bill.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, made a report from the Committee of Conference on the deficiency bill. The report was agreed to.

The consideration of the funding bill was resumed. After speeches by Messrs. Lawrence, Benton and Schenck, Mr. Holman moved to table the bill. Rejected.

The House proceeded to vote on the amendments reported from the Committee of the Whole.

The first amendment, fixing the lowest denomination of bonds at $50, was agreed to without division.

The second amendment, striking out the provisions for 20, 30 or 40 years bonds at various rates of interest, and substituting for it one issue of bonds at 3 65-100 per cent interest, was agreed to —76 to 61.

The third amendment, providing that the income from the bonds shall never be liable to taxation, was adopted.

The amendments from fourth to ninth being merely verbal, were agreed to.

The tenth amendment, striking out the section of the Senate bill legalizing coin contracts, was agreed to.

The eleventh and twelfth sections being merely verbal, were agreed to.

The thirteenth amendment, a new section offered in Committee by Mr. Randall, requiring sales of public bonds to be made by advertising for proposals, as agreed to.

The fourteenth amendment, a new section offered in Committee by Mr. Logan, requiring the tax on income of banks to be collected by the Treasurer, was agreed to.

The fifteenth amendment, a new section of similar origin, terminating the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue bonds, etc., under existing laws, was agreed to.

The remaining sections were agreed to and the bill passed.

Adjourned.

ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY, July 20.—A large Democratic ratification meeting was held here to-night. Speeches were made by General Canton, ex-Governor Watts and others. Several negroes were present.

River and Weather.

PITTSBURGH, July 21.—River twenty inches and stationary. Weather warm and clear. Mercury 87° in the shade.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Weather clear in part. Thermometer 84°.

DETROIT, July 21.—The Republicans of the Second District to-day nominated Gen. W. L. Stoughton for Congress.

CINCINNATI.

Three Men Hanged by a Mob.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Three men, Phil. Clifton, Charles Roseberry and Val. Elliott, who were arrested for the attempted robbery of the Adams Express car at Brownstown, Indiana, on the night of the 10th inst., left here last night under a strong guard, to be placed in the Browntown jail. When the train reached a point two miles west of Seymour, it was stopped by a mob of about 200 men from Seymour and vicinity. The guard was overpowered and the three prisoners taken out and hung.

The lynching of the Adams Express robbers near Seymour, last night, was a premeditated affair, and was occasioned by the determination of the citizens of Jackson and adjoining counties, to rid themselves of as desperate a gang of robbers and murderers as has ever been known.

A family named Reno, living at Rockford, two miles from Seymour, are the leaders of this gang, whose operations have extended all over the west. The Adams' Express Company has been repeatedly robbed by these men, who get on board the trains and overpower the messenger, or by taking possession of the engine and express car and running them off from the train, and then leaving them after robbing the safes. A robbery of this kind occurred lately on the Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, near this city, whereby the American Express Company was robbed of a large amount, the Reno family being the leaders or instigators in the affair. They are also the party who led the raid in Iowa last spring when so many of the county safes were robbed. On the 22d of May last, the Adams Express Company's car was robbed eighteen miles from Seymour of $96,000 in which the Reno's and their friends were the principal actors, some of whom are now in Canada to avoid capture, and others are under arrest. On the 10th inst. the Adams express was again attempted to be robbed about 12 miles west of Seymour, but the armed guards of the company repulsed the robbers, captured one and wounded some of the others, two of whom have been capturtured, and for the remainder a large reward has been offered.

Val. Elliott was one of this gang and was captured on the night of the attempted robberry. Charles Roseberry, a resident of Seymour, and a pupil of the Reno's, was afterwards arrested by the citizens of Seymour. Fred Clifton was also arrested. They all admitted their connection with the affair. For safe keeping they were taken to Cincinnati, when warrants were procured and they were put on the train of the O. & M. Railroad last night bound for Brownstown, the county seat of Jackson county. The train was stopped two miles west of Seymour and the men taken out and hung, as already stated. Their bodies were found at an early hour this morning hanging to the limbs of trees in the vicinity.

The particulars of the outrage have not yet been received, and it is not known who were the leaders of the mob.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The late robbery of the Importers and Traders Bank appears to have been a very mysterious affair. The money was secured in a burglar proof safe, locked with a combination lock which required five persons, each knowing only a part of its secret operations, to open it. Yet over $50,000 in gold was taken from it. The lock apparently was not tampered with.

The coroner's investigation in the recent drowning disaster, in North river, by which officer Corbett and a girl named Jane Bell lost their lives, was continued yesterday. A sergeant and a roundsman on being examined testified that when they told the captain of the boat a policeman was overboard, he replied in abusive terms, and said "let him drown." The investigation will be continued.

There was a heavy rain storm all last night, with prospects of more rain today.

A man named Rickey Conlan, a laborer in Moore's brickyard in Morton street, in this city, was murdered on Sunday night, in the back yard, by some unknown person. The body was thrown into an adjacent pond.

NEW YORK, July 21.—From the report of Dr. Harris, head of the bureau of Vital Statistics, it appears that of the 1,142 deaths in New York, last week, 497 were from seymotic diseases; and of the 431 in Brooklyn, 231 were from similar causes. There were 132 deaths from sunstroke in New York, and 28 in Brooklyn. Five hundred and nineteen infants, in their first year, died in New York, and 222 in Brooklyn.

Charles R. Washburne, cashier of the People's Bank of Roxbury, Mass., who resigned on account of ill health, jumped overboard from the steamer Scotia, on her last trip to Liverpool, and was drowned.

The jury in the Court of Common Pleas to-day rendered a decision in the case of Frank Leslie, allowing Mrs. Leslie an alimony at the rate of fifty dollars a week and a counsel fee of five hundred.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Gen. Gillen has submitted to Gen. Grant a report of his action as regards the condition of Mississippi under the reconstruction acts. He states the result of the late election for the Constitution is 56,232, and 63,860 against it. Gen. Gillen says: As is generally the case in elections, fraud is charged by both parties. All reports and complaints bearing on the subject are herewith transmitted for the consideration of the proper authorities, merely remarking that I am satisfied the election was as fair and free from intimidation or influence of fraud as it would be possible to receive under existing circumstances, and that no undue influence was exercised at the polls. If intimidation was used at all it was beyond the power of the military to reach it. The defeat of the Constitution renders it possible that the State may for a time remain under military control. I consider it my duty to call attention to the almost impossibility of finding persons to fill the vacancies in the civil offices who possess the necessary attainments, and can qualify under the existing laws. I would, therefore, recommend that section 9 of the act of July 19th, 1867, be so modified as to render eligible to office persons on the list of registered and qualified voters to fill vacancies which exist or may occur in civil offices, State or municipal.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Our Rio Janiero correspondence of June 26th states that a measure regulating the qualification of voters had been introduced in the legislature.

A bill had been incorporated in the Senate subjecting a Brazilian citizen who had renounces his allegiance and removed to another country, to the loss of all pensions or honors conferred by Brazil, and all rights as legate and heir of Brazilian citizens.

The news from the seat of war is meagre. The Brazilian Special Envoy had arrived, and would arrange maters between Minister Washburne and the Brazilian military authorities.

Montevideo letters of June 15th state that the banks of Montevideo were directed by a decree of Flores, the Dictator, to pay up their notes in gold on the 1st of June. In consequence, a great run was made on them on that day, but the Brazilian House of Mana & Co. closed up the doors and refused to pay. The Senior issued a manifesto charging his failure on the Government and believes that Brazil will assist him in enforcing his claim.

EUROPE.

LONDON, July 21.—Lord Napier, of Magdala, to-day received the freedom of the city and a sword from the corporation of London. The ceremony took place at Guild Hall, and was witnessed by a large assemblage of ladies and gentlemen. The Lord Mayor presided and made the presentation. Lord Napier was loudly cheered by the audience, among whom were the principal officers of the army. A grand banquet is to be given to-night in honor of Gen. Napier at the Mansion House.

BERLIN, July 21.—The Grand Ducal Government of Hesse has signified a desire to join the other German States in concluding naturalization with the United States. Mr. Bancroft is expected at Darmstadt to make the necessary arrangements.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The Junction City Land Office reports that 31,000 acres of land were entered up to the 10th of June, and 37,350 in May.

A large delegation of soldiers from Fort Leavenworth marched down to the Democratic ratification meeting at Leavenworth, Saturday night last. One of their number addressed the meeting endorsing Seymour and Blair.

The journey of Grant, Sheridan and Sherman, over the Kansas and Pacific Railway, was a perfect ovation. Large numbers of people being assembled at various Points on the road who cheered Grant very heartily and manifested very warm and cordial feelings for him both as a soldier and Presidential candidate.

Georgia.

SAVANNAH, July 20.—An immense gathering of Democrats and Conservatives met at Masonic Hall to-night to ratify the nominations by the New York Convention. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the platform &c. After the adjournment a grand procession took place, consisting of fire companies, railroad employees, boat and base ball clubs, colored conservative clubs and citizens carrying torches, transparancies &c.

MAINE.

ROCKLAND, July 21.—The dwelling house, barn and out buildings belonging to Lysander Fales were destroyed by fire, last night, with their contents. Loss $4,500; insured.

CAMDEN, July 21.—The Congregational Church and school house, on Elm street, were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $12,000.

Man and Boy Killed.

ROCHESTER, July 21.—A man named Richard Barrey, at work in a sewer in Sherman street, was killed, last evening, by the bank caving in on him.

This forenoon a boy named Weaver, employed in the trunk factory, was instantly killed by being caught in some machinery.

The mercury reached 90° in the shade this forenoon. No rain yet.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, July 21.—Hon. Chas. Francis Adams will receive a public reception from the citizens of Boston Thursday noon at Horticultural Hall.

WORCESTER, July 21.—Mr. Healey's store in the town of Dudley was burned this morning. The origin of the fire is unknown. Loss $3,000; insured.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 21, 1868.

REGULAR REPORT.

COTTON—Heavy and a shade lower; sales 1,300 bales at 31½c for middling uplands.

FLOUR—Closed rather more steady for common grades with moderate demand, part for export.

GRAIN—Wheat—Quiet at $1 85 for No. 2, and $1 95 for No. 1 spring. Rye—Nominal at $1 70a1 80. Oats—Quiet at 83½c in store, and 85½c afloat. Corn—Steady at $1 05a1 09½c for new mixed western afloat, $1 12a1 12½ for old mixed western in store.

PROVISIONS—Pork—Firm with sales new mess at $28 24, regular. Beef—Steady with moderate demand. Cut Meats—Steady and firm with moderate demand. Bacon—Nominally unchanged.

LARD—Steady at 17¼a17¾c for fair to prime steam.

EGGS—Moderately active at 25a27c.

DRY GOODS.

Fair demand for suitable goods, although trade will not open fully before the 1st prox.; prices meantime are firm and tending towards hardening the rates.

MONEY AND STOCKS.

GOLD—Opened at 142⅝, and closed at 143⅛.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—Higher with an active demand for export, closing very firm. Coupons of '81, 115½a115¾; do '62, 114¼a114½; do '64, 111⅞a111½; do '65, 112¼a112⅜; do new, 109¼a109⅜; do '67, 109½a109⅝; do '68, 199¼a109¾; 10-40s, 108½a108⅝; 7-30s, 109a109¼.

STOCKS—5-30 prices: Western Union Telegraph 35⅝a35½; New York Central 133½a133⅝; Erie 68⅝a68½; do preferred 78a74; Wabash 52⅝a52⅝; do preferred 72½; Fort Wayne 110½a110¾; Ohio & Mississippi 29½a29¾; Michigan Central 117a117½; Michigan Southern 91½a91⅝; Toledo 103¼a103½; Terre Haute 40¼.

EXPRESS SHARES—Wells, Fargo & Co. 25a25¼, American 46⅝a46¾; Adams 53a53¼; United States 47a48; Merchants Union 24½a24¾.

Cincinnati.

JULY 21.—FLOUR—Unchanged and steady.

GRAIN—Unchanged and steady.

COTTON—Declined to 30½c for middling uplands.

PROVISIONS—Mess Pork—In demand at $27 75, but held firmly at $28 00 and 100 barrels sold at this rate. Bulk Meats—Quiet and unchanged.

BACON AND LARD—Quiet and unchanged.

BUTTER—Firmer, fresh 26a30c.

EGGS—15a17c.

HAY—In light supply and $1 00 per ton higher.

GROCERIES—Steady.

OILS—Linseed—Firm at $1 06a1 08. LARD—Firm at $1 30a1 35.

GOLD—142¾ buying.

Chicago.

JULY 21—FLOUR—Firmer; Minnesota brands in good demand.

GRAIN—Wheat—In light demand; almost nominal; sales are confined to No. 2 at $1 72a1 74; closing with buyers at $1 73 and sellers at $1 74. Since 'change sales of No. 2 at $1 73. Corn—In good demand and ½c higher; sales of No. 1 at 92½a93¼c; No. 2 at 91¾a92c; rejected 84a85c; closing steady at 92¾a 92⅞ for No. 1. This afternoon No. 1 is dull at 92¾c. Oats—Scarce and firmer and 1½c higher; sales at 68a68½c; closing steady at 68c. Rye—In fair request at $1 15a1 20 for old and new No. 1 in store. Barley—Quiet; sample lots $1 20 on track.

Toledo.

JULY 21.—FLOUR—Receipts, 500 bbls; market quiet.

GRAIN—Wheat—Receipts, 1,860 bus; market quiet; sales new No. 1 red Wabash at $2 00; No. 2 do $1 80; white Michigan, seller August, $1 90; amber do $1 89. Corn—Receipts, 5,835 bus; market very firm and 1½c better; sales at 94a94½c for fresh receipts and regular No. 1; closing at the outside figures; No. 2 white 93c, July; buyer August, 96c. Oats—3c better; sales No. 1 at 70c. Rye—$1 40 for No. 1.

St. Louis.

JULY 21.—FLOUR—Unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat—Dull and lower, $2 15 being about the top price for choice fall. Corn—Ranges at 76a85c. Oats—Quote at 72a74c for new, and 80a83c for old. Rye—Lower at $1 10.

PROVISIONS—Dull and very little doing. Pork—$28 75. Bacon—Shoulders at 12½a13c; clear sides at 16¾a17c. Lard—Nominal.

Buffalo.

JULY 21.—FLOUR—Dull and nominal.

GRAIN—Wheat—Fair inquiry. Corn—Dull; condition generally bad; sales 10,000 bus. sample at 96½c; 6,500 bus. do. at 97c; 16,000 bus. warm at 86c; 16,000 bus. sample at 96c. Oats—Dull; asking 75c.

FREIGHTS—Steady.

Milwaukee.

JULY 21.—FLOUR—Dull, and nominally unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat—Unsettled at $2 15 for No. 1 extra.

ANOTHER VETO.

President's Objection to Electoral College Resolutions

He Repudiates Reconstruction Legislation and Adheres to "My Policy."

WASHINGTON, July 20, 1868.

The President this afternoon sent the following message to the Senate:

To the Senate of the United States:

I have given to the joint resolution, entitled "a resolution excluding from the Electoral College the votes of the States lately in rebellion, which shall not have been recognized," as careful an examination as I have been able to bestow on the subject during the few days that have intervened since the measure was submitted for my approval. Feeling constrained to withhold my consent, I herewith return the resolution to the Senate, in which House it originated, with a brief statement of the reasons which have induced my action.

This joint resolution is based upon the assumption that some of the States whose inhabitants were lately in rebellion are not now entitled to representation in Congress and to participate in the election of a President and Vice President of the United States. I have heretofore had occasion to give in detail my reasons for dissenting from this view. It is not necessary at this time to repeat them. It is sufficient to state that I continue strong in my conviction that the acts of secession, by which a number of States sought to dissolve their connection with other States and to subvert the Union, being unauthorized by the Constitution and in direct violation thereof, were from the beginning absolutely null and void. It follows, necessarily, that when the rebellion terminated the several States which had attempted to secede continued to be States in the Union, and all that was required to enable them to resume their relations to the Union was that they should adopt the measures necessary to their practical relations as States. Such measures were adopted, and the legitimate result was, those States, having conformed to all the requirements of the Constitution, resumed their former relations and became entitled to the exercise of all the rights guaranteed to them by its provisions.

The joint resolution under consideration, however, seems to assume that by the insurrectionary acts of their respective inhabitants those States forfeited their rights as such and can never again exercise them, except upon readmission into the Union on the terms prescribed by Congress. If this position be correct it follows that they were taken out of the Union by virtue of those acts of secession, and hence that the war waged on them was illegal and unconstitutional. We would thus be placed in this inconsistent attitude, that while the war was commenced and carried on on the distinct ground that the Southern States, being component parts of the Union, were in rebellion against the lawful authority of the United States, and upon its termination we resort to a policy of