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The Intelligencer.

OFFICE: NO. 15 QUINCY STREET.

FREW, HAGANS & HALL,
PROPRIETORS.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 25.

PERSONS leaving the city for a few weeks can have our daily sent to any address by mail at fifteen cents a week.

The New Revisory Committee.

The new Committee on Revision, consisting of Messrs. Hoke, Boreman and Workman, on the part of the Senate, and Ferguson, of Cabell, Heermans, Stewart and Riddle, on the part of the House, will meet at Portland, in Preston county, on the 11th of August, to proceed with its work on the Code. It is thought the remainder of the Code can be completed by the 1st of September.

WE learn from the Charlestown *Free Press*, that Senator Hoke, of Martinsburg, Senior Editor of the *Berkeley Union*, has disposed of his interest in the establishment to Mr. R. M. Price of Baltimore county, Md. The paper will in future be conducted by J. N. Wisner and R. M. Price.

We are sorry to lose Mr. Hoke from the fraternity. We trust the new editors, (one of whom, Mr. Wisner, was associated with Mr. Hoke,) will keep the *Union* up to its high standard in the past.

OUR public debt, the existence of which is due to the fact that the southern wing of the democratic party, in its attempt to rule or ruin, forced the government into an expensive war, is now receiving particular attention at the hands of the democrats. Some time since the New York *Express* tried its hand at figuring on this subject, and enlightened its readers by the startling announcement that since the close of the war the public debt had not been diminished, but on the contrary, had increased over eight and a half millions. This, of course, was simply untrue, the debt actually having been decreased at that time about $125,000,000 since the close of the war, and nearly twice that amount from the highest point which the debt had reached. The *World* now, withdrawing for a moment from the earnest pursuit of information as to what General Grant's Christian name may be, and from characteristic attacks upon his private habits, finds itself particularly anxious "to find out how it came to pass that, after paying into the national treasury during the past three years *more than fifteen hundred millions of dollars*, we find ourselves with an unreduced national debt, an unrestored Union, an undiminished federal army." One of its contemporaries, the *Evening Post*, in endeavoring to relieve its anxiety, is forced to point out several little inaccuracies in the statement put forth. It calls attention to the fact that instead of more than fifteen hundred millions paid into the Treasury, there was but little more than eleven hundred millions, making a trifling error of three or four hundred millions to begin with, in the amount available for reducing the debt. "Our unreduced national debt" is also found rather open to criticism in view of the fact that it has, as stated above, been reduced actually nearly two hundred and fifty millions ($247,443,684 59). These matters having escaped the attention of the *World*, it was, of course, proper to allude to them, if only for the purpose of enabling it "to find out how it came to pass," &c. The *World* aslo finds us with an "unrestored Union." This statement may perhaps be incontrovertible, but would it not have been well to make a passing allusion to the fact that seven of the once rebel States have been reconstructed, and their representatives admitted to Congress? The "undiminished federal army" is put rather too loosely to stand a close examination. From an army numbering over a million, it was rapidly reduced to 766,000, which was, as nearly as can be estimated, the number three years ago, and it is now below 50,000. That 50,000 is less than 766,000 is a natural inference. The *Post* closes its review as follows:

The notion that the Democratic paper in question is in the habit of referring to unofficial tables of statistics is confirmed by its allusion to-day to "the radical faction, to whom we owe it that three years of peace have cost us nearly as much as four years of war." Now the four years of war have cost the country more than $3,000,000,000; and the three years of peace have cost it not much more than $300,000,000, not counting, of course, the war debt and war claims; since the *World* surely does not mean by war when it says peace. It is evident, therefore, that the tables to which the *World* has referred have contained a typographical error in the ciphers. These mistakes in figures are not always to be avoided; but political arguments ought to have some foundation besides mistakes. Yet, however exalted a writer's contempt for very little things, the disregard of a difference like $2,700,000,000, much more than the whole national debt, cannot reasonably be ascribed to it.

READ the excellent Address of Hon. John H. Atkinson, printed on this page.

POLITICAL ISSUES OF THE DAY

An Address by Hon. J. H. Atkinson,

Before the Grant and Colfax Club of New Cumberland.

Fellow-Citizens of Hancock County, West Virginia:

You have by your resolution requested that I should define the political issues now pending before the country. Want of time compels to brevity, and I might truthfully say that the whole subject could be fairly stated by averring that the great Union party has, from the beginning of the late war, bent all its energies to the putting down of the rebellion and the preservation of the republic. That as the exigencies of the hour required new measures, we have gone steadily forward to maintain the right, as God has given us to see the right; and that the Democratic party has invariably opposed all that has been done; fighting us as persistently, step by step, at the ballot box and through the agency of the press, as did the rebels in the field.

But in order that we may have a more complete understanding of the subject, we must be more explicit—we must recur to history and pass before our minds occurrences and measures familiar to us at the time they transpired, but which have been forgotten or have lost their significance amid the panorama of thrilling events of the last seven years. No political party now in existence can claim to have seen the end from the beginning. Human knowledge has ever been limited to the narrow horizon of to-day, and it is only that party which places itself up on the platform of justice and right that can by faith move forward at all times assured that it shall be well.

Little did the Southern chivalry think, as urged on by the promise of aid from the Democracy of the North, they plunged this peaceful land into a fearful war to conserve slavery, that they were making haste to their own ruin, and the downfall of human slavery on this continent, and indeed throughout the world. And as little did the great Union party dream of the labor before it when 300,000 men rushed to arms to prevent secession and to maintain the Union of these States. Thus began a contest on the one side to secure slavery by a separate confederation of homogeneous States, and on the other, not to remove slavery, but solely to maintain the Union. But our ways were not as God's ways, nor our thoughts as His thoughts. Partial success to the rebel arms inflamed them to the highest pitch of enthusiasm, while the loyal heart of the nation throbbed in full sympathy with every nesessary means used to prevent a separation. But neither party intended by their actions to destroy slavery, and it is only now as looking backward we see how God was working at the great problem of human freedom through us while we were fighting to prevent the separation of the States. And now how plain are the steps by which we have been led, often reluctantly and with much hesitation, but always approaching the sublime heights to be reached for our race by the war and through our instrumentalities.

The slaves were found to be sinews of the rebellion and therefore contraband of war. Emancipation followed. The clouds of war lowered above us and a Democratic convention, with Seymour at its head, declared the war a failure and demanded cessation of hostilities. We called the colored soldier to our aid and victory crowned our arms with complete triumph upon the field.

Let us then, as a party, not arrogate to ourselves any further honor than that we stood by our country and the Constitution when they were assailed, giving to the God of hosts all the praise of having led us in a way we know not, of having crowned our arms with success, of having established us more firmly than ever as a nation, because he has moulded the hearts of the people in these days of trial to higher and holier views of equality, justice and right.

The close of the war has left many new questions upon our hands for settlement. Among which are the reconstruction of the seceded States, what is to be the status of the four million freedmen and how we are to discharge the enormous debt curtailed upon us by the war.

These questions, we believe, have already been placed in the way of a proper settlement if we continue at the head of the Government men who have stood firmly by our side during the war. And we doubt if the history of the world can furnish a parallel to the impudence of the party which now seeks to guide this nation in the settlement of these great questions, while the smoke of the battle has scarcely cleared away in which they did their best to disrupt the Union, to reduce to bondage the freedman, and to ruin the finances of our country. We can make no distinction between the rebel in arms and his northern sympathizer, except it be that great numbers of the former after a gallant fight in the field have laid down their arms and return with a soldier's sacred promise to abide that decision, and henceforth to uphold the old flag; while the latter still continue their opposition to the party who have been instrumental in maintaining the Union. The convention held at New York last week was the same which met at Chicago in 1864, with the addition of the worst spirits of the confederate army.

Hoping to gain by diplomacy what they had lost under arms the rebel element, true to their instincts of aristocratic pride and caste, have endeavored to reduce the freedman to a serfdom worse than slavery. To this we could never honorably submit. Those who had stood by us in the hour of trial must not be deserted. The civil rights bill protected them in their earnings and personal rights before the courts, and the reconstruction acts rising to a higher platform than mere expediency, and casting the errors and mistakes of former generation aside, have raised these unfortunate people to the dignity of freemen. In doing so we have but returned for guidance to the inspiration of those nobler papers, the Declaration of Independence and Constitution left us by our fathers, which teach that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, that taxation and representation should be inseparable, and that all men are created free and equal.

In progressing through all these changes the Democratic party has combatted us at every step. Early in 1861, as many of you remember, they were opposed to coercion, averring with Jas. Buchanan that the Constitution conferred no power upon the Government to coerce a State endeavoring to secede. Then as the loyal thousands came at the call of the Government, the howl was raised about the terrible war taxes. When defeat met our armies they exclaimed you can never conquer the South. When dark days came and the draft was required to bring recruits to our armies, they resisted it to blood or skulked away to Canada.

When emancipation became necessary they cried "unconstitutional," and used every argument in favor of the sanctity of slave property.

When negro soldiers were called to our aid they insidiously tried to create mutiny among our soldiers in the camp, by endeavoring to stir up feelings of caste. But no sooner was the move made a success than these same negro despisers were anxiously seeking to engage them as substitutes for themselves. When all these questions were decided and no longer served for electioneering capital against the war, they rang the changes upon negro equality, and when this has lost its power before a thinking people, and when it appears there may be a possibility of getting some of these freedmen to vote the Democratic ticket, we find them making a whole platform at New York without one word about a White Man's Government, and inventing a new phrase to let the people down upon this question and calling it negro supremacy.

As the two parties now stand before the country, we need not fear scrutiny. The progress of events has been honestly met by the Republican party, and their course has been approved by the people, and justified us before the civilized world. And even the Democracy themselves, who declared in 1864, the war to be a failure, have, at their recent convention, confessed that "slavery and secession have been settled for all time to come by the war, or the voluntary action of the Southern States in Constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or reagitated."

A comparison of the two platforms shows that wanting any grand distinctive policies they restate the principles of the Republican platform as though they were the original thinkers, and the real friends of this country.

1st. They demand the immediate restoration of all the States. So do we; and to prove our sincerity, seven States have been restored to their proper orbits, while the remaining three are only kept out through the perverseness of the rebel citizens, the aid and comfort of Northern sympathizers, and the arbitrary action of a dishonest and unscrupulous President.

2d. They demand amnesty for all past political offenses and the regulation of the election franchise in the State by their citizens. Just so we put it down in our platform. But we mean that all loyal men are citizens, and should control their States, while they mean to give the whole control to the whites, knowing that a majority of these are disloyal to-day as they were in 1864.

3d. They demand the payment of the public debt as rapidly as possible; an economical administration of the Government, and that when the bonds are not payable in gold, they should be paid in the lawful money of the United States. Just the Republican doctrine, only that we seek to have our lawful money (greenbacks) made as good as gold, while they would flood the country with them, ruin the credit of the nation, inflate business, and in the end place our debt and currency on a par with that of their friends of the Confederate States, which is worthless.

4th. They demand equal taxation on any species of property according to its real value, including Government Bonds and other public securities.

While the law for good reasons, denies the right of State and municipal corporations to tax these bonds, Congress has wisely and justly reserved the right to tax for the purposes of the general Government. And here the Democracy have labored hardest to mislead the people and with probably greater success than upon any other point, but unfortunately for them, as tacticians, after making a platform for Mr. Pendleton (of greenback notoriety), they place upon it Horatio Seymour whose sentiments and interests upon this point are as fully obnoxious as would be the most Radical Republican.

5th. They demand one currency for the Government and the people, and so does the Republican party.

6th. They demand the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau, just what Congress is doing as fast as loyal State governments are prepared to maintain the civil law in their respective States.

They demand a tariff in such ambiguous terms as to please the protective men of Pennsylvania, and at the same time to meet the views of the free-traders of the great importing Democratic city of New York.

Fellow-citizens, while we have many great and important questions that need attention, such as the internal improvement of our rivers and harbors, the question of tariffs for the protection and fostering of our manufactures, the great question of public instruction in our States, and many others that might be enumerated, yet these are not directly before us, nor can the parties be brought to an issue upon them. One great and engrossing subject fills all our minds to the exclusion of every other, and that is, How are the results of the war to be settled and used for good? Northern peace men, and unrepentant rebels may meet in solemn conclave at New York or any other place, and with clasped hands and fraternal embrace may say that we are to have peace; but we want to know what *kind* of peace.

Gen. Hancock and Gen. Forrest may room together, and General Wade Hampton declare he accepted the conclusions of the war; but we want to know what *conclusions*. We prefer to follow the leadership of the great peacemaker, Gen. Grant, the closing words of whose letter of acceptance were in favor of peace, rather than to march under the banner of the Democratic hotspur, Francis P. Blair, who declares that there is but one way to restore the Government and the Constitution, and that is "for the President elect to declare these acts null and void, compel the army to undo its usurpations in the South, disperse the carpet bag State governments, allow the white people to reorganize their own governments, and elect Senators and representatives." "Then to compel the Senate to submit once more to the obligations of the Constitution." These words of the Democratic nominee for the Vice Presidency, written less than two weeks ago, means the opening of the rebellion anew, and we should thank him for thus warning us in advance.

But we shall have no war. The contest is ended. The men who fought us in the field, but who, like brave soldiers, accept the arbitrament of the sword, and now join us to preserve the Union, have been forgiven; but this shall not lessen our vigilance in watching the still turbulant spirits of the South, and their no less dangerous allies in the North.

There can be no laying down of the armor until we have fully vindicated the honor and good name of our gallant soldiers, have cared for their widows and orphans and made certain that the memories of our dead shall always be remembered as the heroes of Liberty and Union; until secession has been made dishonorable and those who were engaged in it seek to restore themselves again to public confidence by a full retraction of their error, or shall hide their infamy in oblivion's grave.

And to this work we invite the thoughtful men of all parties, whatever may have been their affiliations heretofore. To this work we ask the co-operation of the young men of the land, and of those everywhere who believe that this land is to abide, under the providence of God, as she ever has been, the home of a generous people and the asylum of the oppressed from all nations.

In the language of our murdered Lincoln:

"With malice toward none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in, to bind up the nation's wounds, to care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow and his orphan, to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations."

THE New York *Commercial Advertiser* at the time of the New York riots gave the following incident of the occasion:

"Governor Seymour was very much excited with the condition of affairs, and asked General McClellan to go to the scene of the rioting on the east side of the city, and address the '*people*,' stating that a speech from him would quell the riot. General McClellan replied: 'If I should go up to the people, as you call them, it would not be with a speech, but with grape and canister.'"

MR. PENDLETON says that in 1868, "*for the first time in their history*, the American people realized that free government was in danger." There was no danger, according to him, at any time during the four years' struggle with a powerful insurrection.

Republican Mass Meeting.

A Republican Mass meeting was held yesterday at Hessville, Harrison county. Speeches were made by Hon. W. E. Stevenson and other distinguished speakers.

CONGRESS has decided to take a recess from Monday next until the third Monday in September.

MARRIED.

DEWEY—TINGLE—At the residence of the bride's parents, on Wednesday, July 22, by the Rev. C. G. Currie, Mr. ORVILLE C. DEWEY to Miss LIZZIE G. TINGLE, both of this city.

15 Bales Jute Wool Twine JUST RECEIVED and for sale low for cash. apr18 CHAS. H. BERRY

Special Notices.

Forewarned---Forearmed.

AN AWFUL PESTILENCE.

With the "heated term" comes the dangers of that frightful pestilence—Cholera. What untold and indescribable misery it has brought into thousands of households in our land every year for generations past. A specific and certain *preventative* as well as speedy and absolute *cure* for this awful disease is the Great Household Remedy, now know all over the world, as Mishler's Herb Bitters. It will positively fortify the system against the attacks of Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Diarrhoea, Summer Complaint, Dysentery, Choltc, Painters Cholic, &c. D. H. Bissell, M. D., Physician-in-chief of the U. S. Hospital Ship, "Falcon" highly recommends it for Cholera, and has used it with marvellous success in such cases. It acts like an angel of mercy in every instance. Sold by all druggists and dealers.

Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Proprietors, Lancaster, Pa.

For sale by LAUGHLIN, SMITH & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Wheeling, W. Va. jy18-2w

"A CERTAIN CURE."

For Incipient Consumption, Asthma, Coughs, Colds, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and General Debility, will be found in Dr. Tobia's Pulmonic Life Syrup. This valuable medicine, compounded from the gifts of the "Vegetable Kingdom," will be found a sovereign remedy, in all the above named diseases. The demand for this valuable compound is daily increasing, and it will without a doubt become as popular as Doctor Tobias' celebrated Venetian Liniment. Consumption in its last stages this Syrup will not cure, nor is there any remedy that will; a relief, however, will be found by its use. What it is stated to cure it surely will do, as a trial will prove. Thousands of Certificates can be seen at the Depot. Sold by the Druggists, and at No, 10 Park Place, New York. Price 75 cents. Ask for Dr. Tobias' Pulmonic Life Syrup, and take no other. jy16-1md&w

Pure Blood, Muddy Water.

Pure blood may be compared to pure water, and impure blood to muddy water. If you pass muddy water through muslin you soil it; continue the process and you cover with thick mud. Blood passes through all parts of the body; if good and pure it nourishes and cleanses the parts it goes through. If impure it leaves more or less dirt behind it. BRANDRETH'S PILLS are the medicine wanted, because they are made on purpose to take dirty humors out of the body, and they never fail. These pills cure scrofula, even of forty years' standing; they have cured cases of rheumatism when the patient had not walked for four years; of paralysis where the legs had lost their power of movement for seventeen years. The evidence in these cases cannot be disputed. Is there a town in the world where such evidence exists not? If BRANDRETH'S PILLS have been much used there we know that such evidence can be found.

But be sure and see upon each box my name in the Government stamp, in white letters. B. BRANDRETH, Brandreth House, New York. Sold by all druggists. jy16-1md&w

THE

National Trust Co.

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
No. 336 BROADWAY.
Capital, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
CHARTERED BY THE STATE.
DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
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TO DYE, OR NOT TO DYE? THAT IS THE QUERY.

If your hair's gray or red, then hear ye, hear ye!
Use CRISTADORO'S DYE, and none will jeer ye.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative AND BEAUTIFIER.—It is actually effecting wonders. People with their hair almost ruined by the use of deleterious nostrums, are now rejoicing in a luxuriant crop, and this has been accomplished by a short use o the above wonderful compound.

Sold by Druggists and applied by all Hair Dressers. Manufactory No. 68 Maiden Lane. Principal Depot, No. 6 Astor House. jy16-1md&w

HAPPY MARRIAGES.

ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, on the Errors, Abuses and Diseases, which create impediments to Marriage, with the humane view of treatment and cure, and in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my19-3md&w

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

PHYSICIANS AND CLERGYMEN Testify to its merits in restoring GRAY HAIR to its original color and promoting its growth. It makes the hair soft and glossy. The old in appearance are made young again. It is the best

HAIR DRESSING

ever used. It removes Dandruff and all Scurvy Eruptions. It does not stain the skin.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

Beware of the numerous preparations which are sold upon our reputation.

Manufactured only by R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H. Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. jy20-1md&weod

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN LOTION" for Beautifying the SKIN and COMPLEXION. Removes all Eruptions, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Tan, etc., and renders the Skin Soft, Fair and Blooming.

For Ladies in the Nursery it is invaluable. For Gentlemen after Shaving it has no equal.

"PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the SKIN.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP" for the Toilet, Nursery and Bath, will not chap the Skin. Price 25 cents per cake.

"FLOR DE MAYO."
"FLOR DE MAYO."

A new perfume for the Handkerchief. Exquisite, Delicate, Lasting Fragrance.

PHALON & SON, New York. Sold by all Druggists. my28-1yeod

Zingari Bitters.

THE GREAT TONIC, UNEQUALLED for

Dyspepsia, Bilious Complaint

and all derangement of the Bowels. They have an unprecedented sale all over the world.

MCCABE, BUSHFIELD & KRAFT, General Agents. jy4-1aw6m

CHEAGARY INSTITUTE,
ENGLISH AND FRENCH,
For Young Ladies,
BOARDING & DAY PUPILS.
1527 AND 1529 SPRUCE STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, PENNA.

WILL reopen on Monday, September 22. French is the language of the family and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY, Principal. jel5-3meod

15 Bales Jute Wool Twine JUST RECEIVED and for sale low for cash. apr18 CHAS. H. BERRY

New Advertisements.

☞ RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—Zane St. M. E. Church—To-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock, the pastor, Rev. F. Ball, will occupy the hour of service by relating incidents of great interest, which came under his own notice while attending the Great National Campmeeting held at Manheim, Lancaster, county, Pa. The narrative will probably be resumed in the evening 7½ o'clock. This was the greatest meeting of the kind ever held on our continent. jy25

☞ RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—St. John's Congregation will please to continue worshipping with St. Matthew's, in their new church, until further notice.

W. B. MORROW, Rector. jy25

For Sale.

A GOOD BRICK HOUSE, CONTAINING 10 rooms, gas and water all through the building; located on 3d street, Centre Wheeling. Also, an unimproved corner lot on Chapline street, also an unimproved lot on Market street. For particulars enquire at the office of Dr. HALLEY MCCOY, or at the New Drug Store, cor., Chapline and 3d sts. jy25-1t*

ANNIE SEFTON'S

Star Dramatic Combination.

WASHINGTON HALL.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, July 25,

TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.

Admission 25 cents to all parts of the Hall.

SATURDAY EVENING,

the farewell performance, the great Dramatic seven act sensation of the

Streets of New York!

in which the whole company will appear. jy26

A LADY GRADUATE, WITH EIGHT years experience in teaching, and well qualified in English, Latin, Music and Drawing, desires an engagement, to commence in September. References exchanged. Address, stating terms, &c., TEACHER, Box 101, Stumersville, New Jersey. jy24-6t

Wanted.

A SITUAATION AS BOOK KEEPER, by a young man who has had experience. References given. Address, P. O. Drawer 54, city. jy24

Tin Shop for Sale.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF BAD HEALTH, I will sell my tools and the fixtures of my tin shop in South Wheeling. The room will be rented low. Possession given at once.

jy24-1w* HENRY MARRIOTT.

Notice.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE Heaters of Wheeling and vicinity, on Saturday, July 25th, at 4 o'clock, p. m., at the "La Belle Saloon," corner of 1st and Chapline streets. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

MANY HEATERS. jy24-2t*

Oil Tank.

150 BBL. OIL TANK. for sale cheap, by P. C. HILDRETH & BRO., 53 Main street. jy24

Duff's College.

No. 37 Fifth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
HAS JUST PUBLISHED

DUFF'S NEW SYSTEM OF BOOK-keeping. Elegantly printed in colors by HARPER & BROTHERS, New York. pp. 400. Crown 8vo., $3 75. Postage 35c.

The first American work that fully illustrates the accounts of MERCHANTS, RAIL ROADS, MANUFACTURERS, NATIONAL BANKS and JOINT STOCK COMP'S, PRIVATE BANKERS,

"Undoubtedly the most elaborate and carefully prepared text-book upon Bookkeeping accessible to the student."—[Boston Journal.

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Including the most important improvements introduced into modern business education. The pupils of other colleges never see a set of National Bank, Rail Road or Private Bankers Books.

Our new 16 page DOUBLE QUARTO DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR, containing the College terms, the report of a Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of New York on the above work, fac simile engravings of our penman's writing, silver medals, &c., mailed free. Address

P. DUFF & SON, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy24

Pleasant Hill Female Seminary.

THE 23d SESSION OF THIS WELL known and long established school commences the first Monday in September next. T. A. Crenshaw, A. M., is now Principal of the School, and will be assisted by the former able corps of professors, together with Mrs. Crenshaw as teacher of French. For further particulars apply for Catalogue at the Book Store of Messrs. Campbell & McDermot, Wheeling, or to any of the Faculty or Superintendent, West Middletown, Pa.

MARTHA McKEEVER, Superintendent. jy23

ALL ABOARD FOR THE LAKES!

ALL PERSONS DESIRING TO TAKE advantage of the opportunity of visiting Cleveland during the sess on of "*National Temperance Convention*" at low rates will please leave their names with either of the undersigned. The rates have been fixed at $4 80. Car will start from Bridgeport, Tuesday at 6:25, A.M., and returning will leave Cleveland at 7 A. M., Saturday. Persons desirous of going to Niagara Falls can, on arriving at Cleveland, take the steamer at 5 P. M., arrive at Buffalo 6 next morning, and Falls at 9 A. M., and return in time to return on Saturday.

M. F. STONE, C. E. IRWIN, E. S. DILLON. jy23

FRUIT JARS

AND

CANS!

500 Doz. qt. & 2 qt. Tin Cans,

At Manufacturers' Prices.

500 Doz. qt. & 2qt. Stone Jars.

100 Doz. Eureka Glass Jars.

For sale, Wholesale or Retail, by

R. J. SMYTH,
Corner Market and Quincy Streets. jy22

Scotch Granite Works.

A. & G. DODDS, Xenia, Ohio,

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS RED, BLUE & GREY GRANITES for monuments, tablets, &c., a choice stock always on hand and constantly arriving.

AMERICAN GRANITE

Monuments FURNISHED AS CHEAP as marble.

Designs and specifications furnished upon application or personal conference given with parties desiring work, when it may be requested.

References in Wheeling—Messrs. W. F. Peterson, Geo. Robinson, Geo. R. Wheat, and R. C. Bonham. jy17-1m

Sheridan Coal Works.

CAPEHART & McMECHEN have increased their number of Miners in order to meet the demand for their

SUPERIOR COAL.

They are prepared to deliver promptly, all of their grades from "pea" to clean top or parlor coal, at prices ranging from 5 to 10 cts per bushel, warranted measure. To guard against mistakes or impositions we have placed a sign board on each of our wagons and carts, and provided each driver with our ticket, with the number of bushels he loads upon it, to be signed by the party to whom he delivers. This obviates all mistakes.

OFFICE—Market st., opposite Union st. my26-2m

LARD, BACON, FLOUR.

35 HHDS. choice N. O. Sugar.
50 Bbls choice N. O. Molasses.
Just received and for sale by
feb22 PAXTON & OGLEBAY

New Advertisements.

Just Receiving

AT

FISHER & SEAMON'S

116 MAIN STREET,

A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING & SUMMER

DRESS GOODS!!

Consisting of all new and desirable styles in Prints, Ginghams, Chambrays, Delaines, black and colored Alpacas, Mohairs, blue, pink and buff Percales and Lawns. Also,

Spring Shawls and White Goods,

which will be sold lower than the lowest apr15

ELECTION 1868.

Campaign Badges and Medals.

MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE by the

Dozen, Hundred or Thousand,

AT

Partridge's Gallery,

NO. 117 MAIN STREET, WHEELING. je26

BACON, &c.

PLAIN HAMS,
Best Sugar Cured Hams.
Clear Sides,
Clear Rib Sides.
Mess Pork.

For sale by LIST, MORRISON & CO.

SUGARS.

10 HDS CHOICE P. R. SUGAR.
15 " Prime do
25 " Cuba prime at
LIST, MORRISON & CO. je15

CHEESE.

50 BOXES Goshen, Dairy and Factory. for sale by LIST, MORRISON & CO.

LARD.

50 TRCS PRIME LEAF.
50 kegs Family.
for sale by
LIST, MORRISON & CO.

Closing Out Sales.

WE WILL COMMENCE THIS MORNING our regular semi-annual sales of SLOW moving Summer Dress Goods and Remnants at such prices as cannot fail to astonish our customers.

Handsome Plaid Mohairs at 18¾c.
Plain and embroidered Grenadines at 25c.
Organdie Lawns and Berages at 19¼c.
White Piques reduced from 75 to 50c.
Black Silk Sacques at less than New York cost.
Black Lace Mantles ALL SILKS at $300.

je15 J. S. RHODES & CO.

BAD TASTE

In the mouth in the morning is one of the symptoms of a bilious condition or disordered state of the liver, and should not, for a single day, be neglected, as it is but the premonitory symptom of a train of evils and the very seeds of disease. Procure at once Roback's Blood Pills, administer them according to the directions accompanying each box, and the difficulty and danger of disease will at once be removed.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Flags, Flags!

Silk, Bunting and Muslin Flags.

ALL STYLES AND SIZES FOR CAMpaign purposes.

Banners and Transparancies

MADE TO ORDER.

CAMPAIGN MEDALS AND PINS

in great variety. Liberal discount made to the trade.

Also, a full line of MILITARY, CHURCH REGALIA and THEATRICAL GOODS.

Rail Road Companies supplied with Caps, Buttons, etc., etc., for uniforming the employees.

Agents for the American Manufactured Bunting.

HORSTMANN BROTHERS & CO., Fifth and Cherry Sts., PHILADELPHIA, PA. jy2-3m

Choice White Wheat

FAMILY FLOUR,

ALSO,

PURE RYE FLOUR.

A few barrels of each, just received and for sale by

PAXTON & OGLEBAY, No. 54 Main street. je29

Examination of Teachers.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION OF Teachers for the Public Schools of Wheeling will be held in the 1st Branch Council Chamber, in the city of Wheeling, on **Thursday, August 20th**, commencing at 9 o'clock, a. m.

Candidates must be present at the hour of commencing.

Holders of Certificates, who desire to have them renewed, will please present them to the undersigned, on or before the day of examination.

Certificates heretofore issued, will cease to be valid, August ensuing. Their renewal is at the option of the Examining Committee, and will depend upon character and grade.

F. S. WILLIAMS, Dis. Su,'t of Schools. jy20-1m

50,000 LBS. SUGAR-CURED HAMS.
20,000 lbs Plain Hams.
200,000 lbs Shoulders.
100,000 lbs Clear & Clear Rib Sides.
100 Tierces Prime Lard.
50 Kegs " "
50 Barrels Extra Lard Oil.
200 Bbls Uno Family Flour
200 do Star do do
100 do Swan do do
200 Half Barrels Lake Fish.
50 Barrels Vinegar.
50 Boxes Factory Cheese.
50 do Concentrated Lye.

For sale by HANDLAN, JORDAN & CO. mar16

HANDLAN, JORDAN & CO.,
PORK PACKERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Flour, Oils, Cheese, Grain, &c.
PORK HOUSE:—Cor. John and 4th sts.
OFFICE—17 MAIN STREET.

Dividend.

THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF the North Western Bank of Virginia, have this day declared a stock dividend of five dollars per share, payable on or after the 1st of August, 1868.

G. LAMB, Secretary, at Bank of Wheeling. WHEELING, July 9th, 1868. jy11-tiaugl

Tar, Rosin and Roofing Cement.

20 BBLS NORTH CAROLINA TAR.
10 " low No. 1 Rosin.
30 " Roofing Cement.

Pure Pine Tar put up in one gallon cans, and warranted to be as represented, on hand and for sale low.

CHAS. H. BERRY, No. 18 Water street. apr29

CHARLES SEIBKE,

FANCY DYER, SCOURER AND REPAIRER, South street, near the B. & O. R. R. Depot, Wheeling, W. Va. All kinds of Shawls, Dresses, Ribbons, and every description of Silk and Woolen Goods executed at short notice, and on reasonable terms. Also, prepared to do dyeing in any color for Woolen Factories, &c. mar24-1y

Dry Goods.

FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE ONLY,

TO THE TRADE.

WE WILL OFFER

Special Inducements,

TO CLOSE OUT OUR LARGE AND handsome stock of fine Dress Goods consisting of

Grenadines, Leno Grenadines, Silk Mohairs, Alpacas, Lustres, Beroges and Lawns.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Lama Lace Points,
Circulars,
Shetland Wool Shawls and Parasols

AT PRICES

WHICH DEFY COMPETITION!

Handsome Alpaca Lustres, only 30 cents.
French Jaconet Lawns, only 25 cents.
Beautiful Plain Bereges, only 30 cents.
Best Gro. Grain Silk for Sacques, only $2 50.
Silk Parasols, only $1 25.
Best French Corsets, only $1 00.
Best 5-4 Damask Table Linen, only $1 00.

WHITE SWISS, VICTORIA LAWNS, PLAID AND STRIPED NAINSOOKS, PLAIN AND BARRED MUSLINS, AT VERY LOW PRICES

Consult Your Own Interests,

AND YOU WILL

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS

AT

BRUES & SANDERS,

114 Main Street,

WHEELING, W. VA. je3

For the Benefit of the Public!

JOHN ROEMER

Nos. 31 & 33 Main Street,

CENTRE WHEELING,

Has reduced the prices of all kinds of

Dry Goods,

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Blinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c., &c.,

From Ten to Twenty Per Cent Less than any House in the City.

To convince yourself, come and see

Merrimack Prints	13½c
Other Goods, Fast Colored, from	10 to 12½c
Bleached Muslins from	8 to 12c
Unbleached " "	8 to 18c
Good Ginghams	12½c
" Kentucky Jeans	50c
" Ladies' White Cotton Hose	12½c
" " Linen Handkerchiefs	12½c

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Blinds,

In large variety. GOOD CARPET as low as 30 cents. Wholesale and retail terms, net cash. Please call and examine our stock.

JOHN ROEMER. ap27

GREAT REDUCTION

IN

DRY GOODS!

CARPETS, &c.

IN ORD