The Intelligencer.

The Eligibility Question, as it Affects Members of the Convention and Legislature.

For the Intelligencer.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The *third* section of the 14th Article of the Federal Constitution reads as follows:

"No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress or elector for President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds thereof remove such disability."

It is asserted that several gentlemen, who have been elected to the Constitutional Convention, and also to our State Legislature, are disqualified from serving in those bodies by the above copied section of the Federal Constitution.

It is so far as we are informed, conceded on all sides, that their right to seats in those bodies, will depend upon the construction which is to be given to the *place* of member of the Legislature, or Convention. And the question to be considered, is it an office? If it is not an office, then this 3d section of the 14th Article of the Federal Constitution, will not be in the way of any member of either body—all will take their seats. But if held otherwise, several members of each body will have "to stay out in the cold" till Congress grants them amnesty.

The editors of the *Register* have decided that as such *they are not officers*, and, therefore, are not disqualified. As to the *place* of a member of our State Legislature being an *office*, the Constitution, article 4, and section 2, which reads: "The *term of office* of Senators shall be two years, and that of Delegates one year," would seem to settle the question as to a member of the Legislature, and when we add to it the force of the 17th section of the same article, which reads, "If a Senator or Delegate remove from the district or county for which he was chosen, *his office* shall be thereby vacated," we do not think there should be longer any question as to a member of the legislature. The Constitution of this State makes his *place an office*. A removal "from the county or district for which he was chosen vacates his *office*." What office? There is but one answer, and that is, the *office* of Senator or Delegate. But how as to a member of the Convention? Is his *place* an *office*? We think it is. Like a member of the Legislature, he is the representative or agent of the people who elects him. His qualifications, duties and compensation are prescribed by law. Both, we apprehend, are required by the 5th section of the 3d article of the State Constitution to take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of this State, before entering upon their duties, and both receive the same compensation. Both are delegated by their respective constituencies to speak and act for and on their behalf. The one, it is true, in an ordinary legislative capacity, the other in a primary sovereign character, and the real difference between them would seem to consist in the dignity and character of the place, or office to be filled. The power of legislation in England, where they have no written constitution, is said to be the highest authority man can bestow upon his fellow man. But we apprehend it is not so in this country, and that the highest trust or office a free people can confer upon a fellow citizen, is to make for them a written constitution which prescribes to the Legislature the law of its action and the orbit in which alone it can rightfully move. The fifth section of the third article of the State Constitution provides that "Every person elected or appointed to any *office or trust*, civil or military, shall, before proceeding to exercise the authority or discharge the duties of the same, make oath or affirmation that he will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this State."

We take it that every member of the Convention and every officer elected by that body will be required to take these oaths before entering upon the discharge of their respective duties. Should such be the judgment of the Convention, can it longer be claimed that the *place* of delegate to the Convention is not an *office*? From the written letter of our State Constitution we deduce that both the *place* of a member of the Legislature and Convention is an *office*, and that such persons who have been elected to either body, who during the war placed themselves within the operation of the 14th article of the Federal Constitution, and have not been amnestied, will, upon taking their seats in either of these bodies as members, subject themselves to the pains and penalties of the act of Congress enforcing said 14th article.

Obiter dictum. Mr. Benjamin Watkins Leigh, one of the brightest intellects and ablest lawyers of his day, declared upon the floor of the Virginia Convention of 1829-30, in the presence of one of the most distinguished and august bodies that ever assembled in America, in which was Chief Justice Marshall and Mr. Madison, and who, it seems, gave their tacit assent that "a *place* of member of Congress was held to be an *office* under the general government, according to the present interpretation of the State, and *had been so held of all times*." We know of no decision of this question differing with Mr. Leigh, save and except the *Register*, and without prejudicing the question by any opinion of ours, we leave your readers to judge the case by the weight of authority thus presented.

IGNORAMUS.

December 5, 1871.

It is a singular fact, if proved to be one, that California is visited by a flood every ten years. But so asserts an "intelligent native Californian whose name has become historical." It is to be hoped that "Bill Nye" is not the person referred to. This individual, whoever he may be, remarks that a flood occurred in 1822, when the water covered all the low lands, and rose to a greater height than ever known before. The next memorable flood occurred in 1832, the water not reaching the extreme height of ten years before, but still covering the low lands to a great extent. In 1842 there occurred another great flood, not unlike that of '32. The pioneer settlers of California remember distinctly the flood of 1852, and the last great flood occurred in the winter of 1862. Sacramento was submerged, dams, mills and manufactories were carried away on the principal streams; roads were destroyed, bridges disappeared, and the destruction of property was very great. The winter of 1872 is supposed to complete the cycle again, it being assumed that a flood will occur every ten years.

It is a common belief that "ballooning" is an exceedingly dangerous business. Perhaps this is partly due to the fact that many ascents are "unheralded and unknown," but every accident is recorded and spread abroad with amazing rapidity. At any rate the London *Telegraph* having asserted that one-half of the number of professional aeronauts had been killed in the exercise of their vocation, Mr. Coxwell, an aeronaut, replied, and denied the fact, asserting that of the thirty-five hundred ascents made in Europe and America, fifteen deaths only have been recorded. This exhibit is certainly a more favorable one than the kerosene mortality list.

LETTER FROM MISSOURI.

By an Old Citizen of Wheeling.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

LAGRANGE, LEWIS CO., MO., } November 28, 1871.

Thinking perhaps a few lines from this section of Uncle Sam's domain might be of interest to some of your readers, I take this opportunity and privilege of addressing your paper. LaGrange is a beautiful little city of about 2000 inhabitants, situated on the Mississippi river about ten miles above Quincy, Illinois. It contains many general grocery stores, dry goods stores, wagon makers, cabinet makers, smith shops, tobacco factories, &c., a large flouring mill, a printing office, two telegraph offices, an express office, twelve churches, one college, and the finest common school office in Northeast Missouri. The southern portion of the city is settled by an active German population who support schools and churches in their own language. There being a railroad bridge spanning the river at Quincy, the Mississippi Valley & Western railway connects us with that city, and will soon also place us in daily communication with the railroads centering at Keokuk, Iowa. The citizens of LaGrange, believing it advisable that there should be a united effort on their part with a view of promoting the interests of their city, and of encouraging the building of first-class manufactories, addressed a note to I. R. Adams, of Chicago, Ills., a practical iron manufacturer, which he answered in person, and made a contract with the city council for the building of a rail rolling mill, which contract was submitted to a vote of the citizens on the fourth day of October, 1871, and by them adopted by 246 in favor, and only 4 against. The contract specifies, among other things, that Adams & Co. are to build in the city of La Grange, Lewis Co., Missouri, a rail rolling mill of the following dimensions: The main building or Rail Mill, to be 225 feet or more in length by 90 feet or more in width, and 26 feet or more in height from the foundation wall to wall plate. The second building or Puddle Mill, to be 200 feet or more in length by 70 feet or more in width, and 26 feet or more in height. The foundation walls are to be of stone, the walls above, of brick, and the roof to be covered with slate or tin. The mills are to be capable of making 25,000 tons of railroad iron per annum, and the general character of the machinery to be heavier than that of any other mills (except Carondolet) west of Pittsburgh, Pa. The mills are to be completed within a year from the date of election, and to be maintained for 20 years. The company are to organize in their articles of association with a capital of not less than $100,000. The city donates ten acres of suitable land, and $200,000 in La Grange City bonds, payable in thirty years, bearing interest at eight per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually. A good scriptural foundation for the mills was found in the northern part of the city, and work was commenced on the 24th of October last. The foundation walls are now nearly completed. The Mississippi river and the M. V. & W. railway are immediately in front of the mills. A good farming country stretches back from the river, which is not as yet very thickly settled. About five miles northwest from La Grange lies the farm of Mr. Jos. S. Armstrong, late of Wheeling, and one and one-half miles farther west is the farm of Capt. Wash. Dickerson, also of Wheeling, more recently of Parkersburg, West Virginia. There are other farms here which can be just as acceptably occupied by Wheeling men as by anybody else; and if any of your readers think of emigrating they should look around here before purchasing elsewhere. Those wishing to live in the city are offered cheap, healthy and pleasant homes, cheap fuel, cheap food, a large dividend on capital, and an equal portion in her onward growth and prosperity.

Yours, truly, G. A. A.

Brides at the Eutaw.

The Baltimore *American* says: The average number of bridal parties who are arriving at the Eutaw-house is now about five daily, and last week a party of five couples arrived, and started off as soon as they had taken their breakfast and dressed for the occasion, to hunt up a minister to tie the nuptial knot for them. They were evidently from the rural districts, each of the gentlemen wearing blue neckties and each of the ladies a blue bow and scarf at her throat. They soon after disappeared, but the streams of newly-made couples from north and south on their bridal tours continues to pour steadily in, and after spending a day or two in the city start off for new sights and scenes. The old habitues of the hotel take great interest in watching the newly-made couple as they enter the dining-room, as they can always be recognized by the close manner in which the bride clings tranquilly to the arm of the groom until they are fairly seated. Then the peculiar and delicate attention which the groom pays to his partner, first facing the waiter to secure the best attendance, and then calling for almost everything on the bill of fare, from a truffle down to a boiled onion, all indicated the briefest possible matrimonial experience. A groom from West Virginia a few days since, while reveling in the luxuries of the table, encountered a dish of cranberries, and immediately invited his bride to take some of the delicious "pickled strawberries."

Will Beltaire be a City?

This is an inquiry discussed by a writer in this week's *Independent*. We quote a portion of his reflections, which may be useful in a town that is already a city:

It seems that nature has done her part well. Trade points to the place as being well suited for a city, or at least for a thriving town. It now depends upon man to do the balance. If he manages matters properly, rolling mills and manufactories of various kinds will spring up like magic; capitalists will be induced to bring their money and invest it. These men should be shown many favors to induce them to come. Their money is needed and must be had.

We know a town in this State that has several natural advantages for manufacturing. A company of capitalists visited it with a view to locating a branch of their business there. When it was noised abroad that such a company was in town, those owning lots put them up two and three hundred per cent. Then great efforts were made to sell at these ridiculous figures. The capitalists said they could buy lots cheaper in Pittsburgh or Cincinnati. That this lot owners given land enough to accommodate those capitalists, they would have made themselves more money than ever they did in one day, before or since. While the real estate belongs to such persons, a town need not expect to prosper. Many a promising town has been strangled and starved by just such characters.

OFFICE PROBATE JUDGE, WAYNE CO., O., } WOOSTER, November 29, 1871.

Hon. Chas. W. B. Allison, Wheeling, W. V.

DEAR SIR:—After consultation with our citizens, we have concluded to propose to the citizens of Wheeling, that we will agree to grade a railroad through our county, to be called the Wheeling, Wooster & Sandusky City Railroad. We have all confidence that we can make good this proposition, but we must have this road, if made, clear from all entangling alliances with any and all other roads. Advise us at an early day if this proposition meets your approbation.

Yours Very Respectfully,
JOHN K. MCBRIDE,
D. D. MILLER,
GEORGE PLUMMER,
B. BARRETT.

Oil News.

From the Parkersburg Journal.

BIG STRIKE.—On Thanksgiving day another large well was struck at White Oak, on the E. L. Gale territory. It is owned by Major John A. Steel, of this city, and one of the, pluckiest and most persevering oil men in the State, and Mr. Seymour Woodard. For the first twenty-four hours it pumped 230 bbls. actual measurement, and is now producing over 200 bbls daily. The oil is 34 deg. gravity. We congratulate our bachelor friend upon his good luck.

HEAVY TRANSACTION.—On Friday last one of the heaviest transactions in oil lands occurred that has been known in the West Va. oil regions for some time—since the spirit of speculation ran so high in 1865. Messrs. E. L. Gale and A. P. Lang bought out the entire interest of the Alexander Petroleum Co., in certain oil leases and producing wells at White Oak, located on the original Gale oil tract. There are sixteen acres in the tract and eight producing wells upon it. Two of the wells have been running about 90 days—three of them a little over six months and three about one year. The consideration paid was $25,000.

A MAN in Berlin, Vt., has posted the following "posts" in the village postoffice:

My wife, Mary Miller, having deceived me in regard to her age, before marriage, claiming to be 26 only when she was 32, with teeth badly decayed, while I am not 22, with perfectly sound teeth; therefore I will pay no debts of her contracting.

His
L. H. ✗ CHURCH.
mark.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, December 9.—STERLING EXCHANGE—109.

United States 6's of 1881, coupons	117¾
Five-twenties (1862)	110½
Five-twenties (1864)	111½
Five-twenties (1865)	111½
Five-twenties (1865) new	113½
Five-twenties (1867)	114½
Five-twenties (1868)	114¾
Ten-forties	109½
Currency 6's	113½

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, December 9.—FLOUR—Demand as usual for low extras and superfines on Southern account.

GRAIN—Wheat—Demand fair and prices advanced; No. 1 spring Chicago $1 26; No 2 do $1 20½; No. 3 do $1 12½; rejected $1 05. Corn—Demand active and prices advanced; No. 2 mixed 42⅞ 42½c; rejected 40a40½c. Oats—Dull and prices drooping; No. 2, 32½c; rejected 30a 30½c. Barley—Quiet and unchanged; No. 2 spring 63a63½c; No. 3 do 54c; rejected 44a45c.

PROVISIONS—Pork—Demand good at full prices, $13 05. Lard—8¼c. Green Meats steady at yesterday's quotations. Meats in salt 10 to 20 days; shoulders 4½c; short ribs 5¼c; short clear 6½c.

WHISKY—93c at close; 91½c offered.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, December 9.—FLOUR—Dull and prices drooping; family, $6 60a 6 90.

GRAIN—Wheat—Scarce and firm at $1 45a1 48. Corn—Demand fair and prices advanced, 47a49c. Rye—Dull, but unchanged, 77a78c. Oats—Demand fair and market firm, 36a40c. Barley—Market steady at 75a85c.

GROCERIES AND OILS—Unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Pork—Demand fair and market firm at $13 50, cash. Lard—Steady, with a moderate demand; prime steam, 9½c. Bulk Meats—Demand light, but holders firm; shoulders, 5a5½c; sides, clear rib, 6a6½c; do. clear, 6½a6¾c; outside rates, where offered cut, but little demand for either present or future delivery. Bacon—Quiet and unchanged.

HOGS—Market steady, with a moderate demand for good to extra; dull but unchanged for light; whole range, $4 25a 4 50. Receipts, 10,900.

WHISKY—Demand good at 92c.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, December 9.—FLOUR—Dull but unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat—Dull; Ohio and Indiana $1 58a1 60. Corn—Demand fair and market firm: white Western 69a69½c; Ohio—Quiet at 50a55c.

PROVISIONS—Quiet and unchanged.

BUTTER—Western rolls 24a26c; good to prime 20a24c.

WHISKY—Steady at $1 00.

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In the matter of Richard Porter and Richard J. Porter, partners as R. Porter & Co., Bankrupts. In Bankruptcy.

The undersigned, Robert P. Stoll, assignee in Bankruptcy of said Bankrupts, in pursuance of a decree made and entered by the District Court of the United States for the District of West Virginia, November 25th, 1871, in the above entitled cause, hereby gives notice that he will, on

THURSDAY, December 28th, 1871,

commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., offer for sale at public auction at the front door of the Court House of Ohio county, West Virginia, the following desirable and valuable real estate, to wit: Lot No. 99 on the east side of Market street, between Jefferson and Adams streets, in the city of Wheeling and State of West Virginia; Lot No. 14 in square No. 19, between Monroe and Quincy streets on the west side of 6th street in said city and State (the Fruit House); also the east half of the north east quarter of section eleven (11) and the north west quarter of the south west quarter of section twelve (12) in township 66 of range 18 in Putnam county, Missouri, containing 120 acres more or less; also the undivided nineteen-twentieths (19-20) of the south one-third (⅓) part of lot No. 73, situated on the north west corner of Market and Jefferson streets in the city of Wheeling and State of West Virginia, said third part fronting on Market street twenty-two (22) feet more or less, and running back the same width to a private alley or recess.

The terms of sale will be one-third of the purchase money for any of said property cash in hand, and the balance payable in two equal instalments in six and twelve months from the day of sale, with interest from said day, the purchasers giving their negotiable notes with personal security satisfactory to said assignee for said deferred payments, and the assignee retaining the title until the payment of the whole of the purchase money; but any purchaser shall be at liberty to pay the whole of his purchase money in cash or pay his notes for the deferred payments or any part thereof before they become due, thereby stopping the interest on the amount so paid.

The title to the undivided one-twentieth (1-20) of said south one-third (⅓) of lot No. 73 on the corner of Jefferson and Market streets is in John R. Porter, a minor about eighteen years of age, who has agreed in writing to convey said interest on his arriving at the age of twenty-one years, to Richard Porter in consideration of $66 66 paid him at the date of said agreement, and in the further consideration of the promise of said Porter to pay him $133 33 upon the delivery to him, said Porter, of a good deed for said interest of said John R. Seymour, the performance of said contract of said minor is secured by an agreement in writing of Wolcott Seymour and and Thos. C. Wilson to pay said Porter $400 as liquidated damages should said minor fail to carry out his contract aforesaid; now said assignee, by the order of said Court, will assign said agreements to any purchaser from him of the said undivided nineteen-twentieths of said south third of lot No. 73.

Said lot No. 99 will either be sold as a whole lot or in different portions, as said assignee may determine at said sale.

Said lot No. 14 in square 19 is now occupied by a tenant whose lease expires April 1, 1872, and is at the rate of $900 per annum. This lot property is very desirable and would readily rent from $1,000 to $1,200 per year.

Upon lot No. 99 there are two dwellings, one of which is rented at present to a tenant whose lease expires April 1, 1872, and whose annual rent is $300.

All of the property to be offered for sale as aforesaid is believed by said assignee to be free from all incumbrances, except the right of dower in expectancy of the wife of Richard Porter, subject to which the sale aforesaid will be made; but selling as assignee, the said Robert P. Stoll will merely warrant specially the title to said property and will convey any of the same to its purchaser by deed of special warranty upon the payment in full of the purchase money therefor.

ROBERT P. STOLL,
Assignee in Bankruptcy as aforesaid.
dec4td

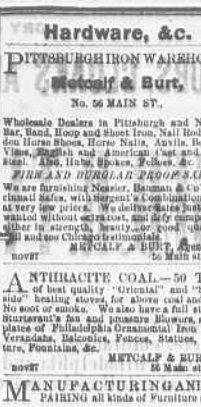
FAMILY FLOUR.

200 Bbls Washington Ind. Mills, fancy.
200 do. Avondale Mills white wheat.
Just received and for sale by M. RHILLY.
dec6

25 BBLS. CHOICE RYE FLOUR.

For sale low at
FIRST, DAVENPORT & PARKS.
nov18

Medical.



MANHOOD

IN THE

Young and Rising Generation.

The vegetative powers of life are strong, but in a few years how often the pallid hue, the lack lustre eye and emaciated form, and the imposed, billity of application to mental effort, show their baneful influence. It soon becomes evident to the observer that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body. Consumption is talked of, and perhaps the youth is removed from school and sent into the country. This is one of the worst movements. Removed from ordinary diversions of the ever-changing scenes of the city, the powers of the body, too much enfeebled to give rest to healthful and rural exercise, thoughts are turned inwardly upon themselves.

If the patient be a female the approach of the menses is looked for with anxiety as the first symptom in which nature is to show her saving power in diffusing the circulation and visiting the cheek with the bloom of health. Alas! increase of appetite has grown by what it fed on. The energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged. The beautiful and wonderful period in which body and mind emerge so fascinating a change from child to woman, is looked for in vain. The parent's heart bleeds in anxiety, and fancies the grave but waiting for its victim.

HELMBOLD'S

Extract Buchu

For Weakness Arising from Excesses or Early Indiscretion,

attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Dreadful Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, Frequently Black Spots Flying before the Eyes with Temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than solitude, and nothing they more dread, for fear of themselves; no repose of manner, no earnestness, no speculation, but a hurried transition from one question to another.

THESE SYMPTOMS, IF ALLOWED TO GO ON—WHICH THIS MEDICINE INVARIABLY REMOVES—SOON FOLLOW LOSS OF POWER, FATUITY AND EPILEPTIC FITS, IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE.

During the superintendence of Dr. Wilson at the Bloomingdale Asylum, this sad result occurred twelve patients. Reason had for a time left them, and both died of epilepsy. They were of both sexes, and about twenty years of age.

Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by these direful diseases, Insanity and Consumption? The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute; neither mirth nor grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur it is rarely articulate.

"With woful measure was despair
Low sullen sounds their grief beguiled."

While we regret the existance of the above diseases and symptoms, we are prepared to offer an invaluable gift of chemistry for the removal of the consequences.

HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract of Buchu.

There is no tonic like it. It is an anchor of hope to the physician and patient. This is the testimony of all who have used or prescribed it.

Beware of counterfeits and those cheap decoctions called Buchu, most of which are prepared by self-styled doctors, from deleterious ingredients, and offered for sale at "less price" and "larger bottles," etc. They are unreliable and frequently injurious. *Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Price $1 25 per bottle or six bottles for $6 50.*

Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION
Established upward of twenty years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Practical and Analytical Chemist, No. 594 Broadway, New York, and 104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere

septsoday

Hardware, &c.

PITTSBURGH IRON WAREHOUSE

Metcalf & Burt,

No. 56 MAIN ST.,

Wholesale Dealers in Pittsburgh and Norway Bar, Band, Hoop and Sheet Iron, Nail Rods, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Anvils, Bellows, Vises, English and American Cast and Blister Steel. Also, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, &c.

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.

We are furnishing Nessler, Bauman & Co's Cincinnati Safes, with Sargent's Combination Lock, at very low prices. We deliver these safes where wanted without extra cost, and defy competition either in strength, beauty or good qualities. All good use Chicago testimonials.

METCALF & BURT, Agents.
nov27 56 Main street.

ANTHRACITE COAL.—50 TONS of best quality "Oriental" and "Sump side" heating stoves, for above coal and coke. No soot or smoke. We also have a full stock of Stuirtevant's fan and pressure Blowers, sample pieces of Philadelphia Ornamental Iron Work, Verandahs, Balconies, Fences, Statues, Furniture, Fountains, &c.

METCALF & BURT,
nov27 56 Main street.

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING all kinds of Furniture at

HUBBARD & BROS',

Dealers in Furniture, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Looking Glasses, Mattresses, &c., at 86 and 88 Market street. nov25

JUST RECEIVED.

100 Bbls No Plus Ultra White Lime.
100 " Louisville Cement.
50 " Plaster Paris.

JACOB SNYDER,
my9 39 Main street.

JACOB SNYDER,

NO. 39 MAIN ST.,

Three Doors Below Quincy,

WHEELING, W. VA.

Wholesale Dealer in Bar and Sheet Iron, Norway iron and Nail Rod, Cast, Shear and Spring Steel, Nails, Spikes, Anvils, Vises, Springs, Axles, Hot Pressed Nuts, Washers, Wagon Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Smith Bellows, Sledges, Plaster Paris, No Plus Ultra Lime, Common Lime, Cement, &c. mar11

JUST RECEIVED—100 BARRELS

NE PLUS ULTRA WHITE LIME,
COMMON LIME—in bulk,
PLASTER PARIS,
LAND PLASTER,
ROSENDALE CEMENT,

Belmont and other brands, a full supply just received and for sale by

JACOB SNYDER,
mar11 39 Main Street.

WE ALL LIKE GOOD BREAD,

AND WHEN

Arlington Stoves

ARE PROPERLY USED,

UNIFORM BAKING

IS WARRANTED EVERY TIME.

ARLINGTON STOVES

ARE THE

MOST, SUCCESSFUL,
POPULAR AND CONVENIENT

Coal or Wood Cooking Stoves

EVER INVENTED.

Simple and Perfect in construction and so easily managed that a child can use them successfully. Thousands of them have been sold and every one has given satisfaction.

Manufactured and sold by

JOS. BELL & CO.
oc6

Transportation.

Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 13th, 1871, Trains will run as follows, via:

LEAVE.	EXPRESS.	EXPRESS.
Bridgeport	5:55 a. m.	2:10 p. m.
Steubenville	7:00 a. m.	3:15 p. m.
Wellsville	8:15 a. m.	4:40 p. m.
Alliance	11:35 a. m	6:30 p. m.
ARRIVE.		
Cleveland	2:10 p. m.	8:45 p. m.
Crestline	5:00 p. m.	10:10 p. m.
Ft. Wayne	12:40 a. m.	2:50 a. m.
Chicago	6:50 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
Pittsburgh	10:40 a. m.	6:40 p. m.
Harrisburg	10:35 p. m.	3:55 a. m.
Baltimore	2:00 p. m.	7:30 a. m.
Washington	3:05 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Philadelphia	5:40 p. m.	8:05 a. m.
New York	8:30 p. m	11:50 a. m.

Tickets to all principal points in the East and West can be procured at the Union Ticket Office, in McLure House, and at the Station at Bridgeport.

F. R. MYERS,
nov21 General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.

PASSENGER TRAINS WILL RUN by the following Schedule on and after November 20th, 1871, Wheeling time:

ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.

EAST—LEAVES		WEST—LEAVES	
Wheeling daily at	5:50 a. m.	Wheeling daily at	11:20 a. m.
ARRIVES AT		ARRIVES AT	
Cumberland	2:14 p. m.	Zanesville	3:20 p. m.
Baltimore	9:50 p. m.	Newark	4:30 p. m.
Washington		Sandusky	9:30 p. m.
D. C.	11:10 p. m.	Columbus	5:40 p. m.
Philadelphia	2:00 a. m.	Cincinnati	10:00 p. m.
New York	6:15 a. m.	Chicago	7:30 a. m.

FAST LINE.

EAST—LEAVES		WEST—LEAVES	
*Wheeling daily at	4:50 p. m.	*Wheeling daily at	4:00 a. m.
ARRIVES AT		ARRIVES AT	
Parkersburg	6:35 a. m.	Zanesville	11:00 a. m.
Cumberland	2:00 a. m.	Newark	12:45 p. m.
Baltimore	8:00 a. m.	Columbus	3:30 p. m.
Wash'n City	10:00 a. m.	Sandusky	6:00 p. m.
Philadelphia	1:00 p. m.	Chicago	8:30 a. m.
New York	4:00 p. m.	*Sundays excepted.	

*Sundays excepted.

MAIL TRAIN.

EAST—LEAVES		WEST—LEAVES	
*Wheeling daily at	10:45 p. m.	*Wheeling daily at	7:30 a. m.
ARRIVES AT		ARRIVES AT	
Cumberland	8:00 a. m.	Zanesville	2:15 a. m.
Parkersburg	7:25 a. m.	Newark	7:40 a. m.
Baltimore	5:35 p. m.	Columbus	9:10 a. m.
Philadelphia	11:20 p. m.	Cincinnati	
*Sundays excepted.		Chicago	
		*Sundays excepted.	

CHEVERLAND ACCOMMODATION.

EAST—LEAVES		WEST—LEAVES	
*Wheeling daily at	10:30 a. m	*Wheeling daily at	4:10 p. m.
ARRIVES AT		ARRIVES AT	
Parkersburg	10:00 p. m.	Zanesville	9:10 p. m.
Cumberland	10:15 p. m.	Newark	10:30 p. m.
*Sundays excepted.		Columbus	12:30 p. m.
		Cincinnati	
		*Sundays excepted.	

WHEELING, PITTS'G & BALT. DIVISION.

Leaves Wheeling at 7:10 a. m. and 5:10 p. m.

Next bound Trains make connections at Baltimore with trains for Philadelphia, New York and Boston. At Relay House, via Washington City, for all points South.

West bound trains make direct connection at Columbus for all points West and Northwest.

Tickets to all principal points can be procured at the office.

JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation, Baltimore.
R. T. DEVRIES,
General Agent, Wheeling.

C. KEMBLE,

Architect and Superintendent,

OFFICE: No. 87 MARKET ST.,

CAMDEN, N. J.

Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention. oc24

J. S. FAIRFAX,

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.

OFFICE—Crangle Block, Market St., Wheeling, W. Va., and 49 N. 3d St., Zanesville, O.

Special attention given to Public Buildings. aug23

Groceries.

BLOATERS.

50 Boxes Yarmouth Bloaters, fresh smoked. Just received by R. J. SMYTH, dec5 Corner Market and Quincy streets.

ATMORE'S MINCE MEAT.

50 Tubs Atmore's Mince Meat, in stock suitable for family use. For sale by R. J. SMYTH, dec5 Corner Market and Quincy streets.

PITTED CHERRIES.—1 CASE Dried Cherries, pitted, very choice. In store and for sale by R. J. SMYTH, dec5 Corner Market and Quincy streets.

THE FIRST NEW CROP CHOICE

New Orleans Sugar & Molasses,

Received per Major Anderson,

Which we offer at low figures. Also, Atmore's Mince Meat, Cape Cod Cranberries, Turkish Prunes, Raisins and Currants, Dried Peaches and Apples.

A full assortment of Groceries always in store at wholesale at lowest rates.

JOS. SPEIDEL & CO.,
nov30 41 and 43 Main St., corner Quincy.

D. C. LIST, JR. S. DAVENPORT. GEO. E. PARKS.

LIST, DAVENPORT & PARKS,

SUCCESSORS TO HENRY E. LIST & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

PORK PACKERS,

Corner Main and Quincy Sts.,
WHEELING, W. VA.

We offer, at very low rates—

300 Bags Prime to Choice Rio Coffee.
100 Barrels New Orleans Molasses.
50 " Choice Sugar Syrups.
40 Hhds N. O., Cuba and P. R. Sugars.
5 " Fancy Demerara Sugars.
100 Barrels Refined Sugar.
50 Half Chests G. P., Y. H. and Oolong Teas.
50 Barrels Mess Pork.
100 Tierces Prime Leaf Lard.
100 Kegs Family Leaf Lard.
50 Casks Clear Bacon Sides.
50 " Bacon Shoulders.
30 Tierces Sugar Cured Hams.
1200 Barrels Flour.
300 Bags Timothy Seed.
50 " Clover Seed.
100 Boxes Goshen Cheese.
Mackerel, Lake Fish, Nails, Brooms, Spices, Dye Stuffs, Wrapping Paper, Asiatic line selected Chewing Tobacco, Smoking Tobacco, Cigars, etc., etc.

Agents for Miami Powder Co.
oc5 LIST, DAVENPORT & PARKS.

M. REILLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

AND DEALER IN

Bacon, Lard, Flour, Oils, Glass & Nails.

ALSO IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,

Gunpowder, Patent Safety Fuse, &c.

Nos. 55 & 57 Main St.,
apr22 WHEELING, WEST VA.

TOBACCOS.

5 Cases "Sweethearts" bright Navy 4s.
5 do. do. 5s.
10 Hf. Boxes "Heirons" Rough & Ready twist
10 do. "Yellow Jessamine" do.
10 do. "Diamond" do.
10 do. do. bright Ba do.
3 Cases "Lendbetter" black Navy threes.
3 do. "Yankee Doodle" do. do.
Just received and for sale by
nov21 M. REILLY.

FISH.

20 Half Barrels Extra No. 1 Mackerel (new.)
20 do. do. No 2 do.
5 Boxes George's Codfish, large and fat.
100 do. scaled Herring.
Just received and for sale by
nov21 M. REILLY.

SNUFF.

10 Bbls Garrett's (assorted bladders) Snuff.
25 Boxes do. 2 oz. packs.
20 do. do. 1 oz. packs.
Just received and for sale by
nov21 M. REILLY.

DUPONT GUNPOWDER AGENCY

The undersigned is the sole Agent in this City for the sale of all kinds of Powder made at the celebrated Du Pont Powder Mills. Its quality is unequalled in this country, as evidenced by tests made by the United States Government.

He keeps at all times a large stock in Magazine of Mills, in whole, half and quarter kegs. Blasting and Mining Powder all in Metallic Kegs. Sporting Powder in Canisters. All of which will be sold to the trade as low as the same can be had in the West.

He has portable magazines of different sizes to ship by Rail or Boats.

Orders solicited.

M. REILLY,
No. 55 & 57, Main Street,
WHEELING, W. VA.

C. OGLEBAY. JAS. H. OGLEBAY. GEO. H. SOPP

OGLEBAY, SON & CO.,

(Successors to Paxton & Oglebay.)

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

NO. 54 MAIN ST.,

WHEELING, W. VA.

C. H. BOOTH & CO.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

FAMILY GROCERIES,

BOAT STORES, PRODUCE,

FRESH AND CURED MEATS, LAKE ICE,

CANNED FRUITS, &c.

Corner of Monroe and Water Streets,

WHEELING, W. VA.

In connection with the house formerly a Wharf Boat, and it is the design of the firm to do a Forwarding and Commission and Storage Business, act as Steamboat Agents and furnish all desirable information pertaining thereto. 1y14

OGLEBAY, SON & CO.,

54 MAIN ST.,

Have in store and are just receiving,

70 Hhds P. R. Sugar.
300 Bbls Refined do.
50 Bbls White Strong Syrup.
25 Bbls Extra Syrup.
100 Bbls Prime N. O. Molasses.
240 Bags Coffee.
20 Bags Rangoon Rice.
20 Bags Patna do.
10 Tierces Carolina do.
50 Tierces "Davis" S. C. C. Hams.
10 Tierces "Davis" S. C. C. Beef.
230 Packages Mackerel 1871 Catch.

Which we offer to the trade at the lowest market rates. 1y13

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

LIVER DISEASES and Indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is sought for in vain by millions. If the Liver is regulated in its action, health is almost invariably secured. Indigestion or want of action in the Liver causes Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad taste in the mouth, Bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart, depression of spirits, Nervous Irritability, and a hundred other symptoms. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the remedy, best that has ever been discovered for these ailments. It acts mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way; it has been used for forty years, and hundreds of the good and great from all parts of the country will vouch for its virtues, viz:

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia.
Bishop Pierce, of Georgia.
Hon. Cliff Stanton, Ex-Governor of Alabama.
Gen. John B. Gordon.
R. L. Mott, Columbus, Georgia.

Are among the hundreds to whom we can refer

Price $1.00. By mail, postage paid, $1.25. Manufactured only by

J. H. ZEILIN & C