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The Wheeling Intelligencer.

The Weekly Intelligencer

A large sheet containing all the CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

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VOL. XXI. WHEELING, W. VA., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 14, 1873. NO. 245.

The Intelligencer.

PROGRESS AT LAST.—The Second Branch of Council last evening passed an ordinance providing for renaming and numbering the streets and alleys and for numbering the houses. It seems to be about the thing needed. On the Island the streets are all named, those running North and South being designated as "South" or "North" according to location above or below Zane, the thoroughfare between the bridges. On this side, the streets and alleys running at right angles with the river are numbered, beginning at the upper end of the city. Those running parallel with it are named. In some cases these streets in different sections of the city bear different names, and in these cases they will have the same name throughout their whole length. Each square (both sides of street) will be numbered from one up. The alleys running north and south will be lettered. The numbered streets will be designated, for example, as "First street, Second street, Twentieth street," &c. The numbered alleys will be "alley 1, alley 2, alley 10, alley 20," and so on. The lettered alleys will be alley A, alley B, Alley C, and so on. The plan is a good one. We trust the First Branch will concur in it.

The ordinance in full appears on another page, and to that the city reader is referred for details.

WE hear of a party of nine Oakland fisherman who recently made a raid on the finny tribe in the Black Fork of Cheat. We do not know how long they were out, but they caught twenty-six hundred trout. This was simply hoggish. At that rate the trout in the Black Fork will soon be exterminated.

BY the burning of the steamer McDonald, announced by telegraph this morning, three Wheeling insurance companies, the Etna, Franklin and Peabody, are sufferers, though in what sums is not stated.

SENATOR WILLEY lectured at Parkersburg Tuesday evening on "Hymnology." The lecture is spoken of by the *Journal* as quite entertaining.

THE Parkersburg *Journal* indignantly denies that Mr. DRAHOSH, the editor of the *Times*, has joined the Good Templars.

The Asylum Mandamus Case at Charleston.

The Charleston *Courier* of Monday says that on the preceding Friday the mandamus case of A. Simpson, the Insane Treasurer, against Auditor Bennett, came up before Judge Smith. Judge Fergusen, counsel for the Auditor, filed an answer to the petition of Mr. Simpson, and suggested that as a similar case was pending in the Sureme Court of the State, the argument and decision of the case in hand might as well be postponed until after the higher court had been heard from. He read a telegram from Wheeling, stating that the the Penitentiary case had been set for a hearing in the Supreme Court on the 18th inst. Major Fitzhugh, on behalf of Mr. Simpson, denied that the two cases presented the same point, and thought each case should be heard on its own merits. Further discussion was suspended until Tuesday, when the motion for a postponment will be argued.

A Meritorious Invention.

One of the most interesting and valuable inventions ever exhibited in this city is on exhibition in Reid's new building on Main street, near John. It is a connecting machine, or combination of machines, whereby the power is applied to a variety of useful purposes. The power itself is a marvel, a single horse producing as much apparently as is generally obtained from a twenty-horse engine. To the driving mechanism may be attached a threshing machine; a planing mill; a saw mill; a hay, straw and cornstalk cutter; a cider mill; a mill for grinding feed; a root and vegetable cutter, and a corn sheller. And all for less money than is paid for the ordinary threshing machine, while one horse will thresh as much in a day as four in the ordinary machine. The planer will do the work of a planing machine in any large mill. The saw will cut wood as fast as it can be piled on and slit boards very rapidly. The thresher removes every kernel of the grain, but does not break the straw. It is the completest thing of the kind we ever saw work. With one of these combined machines, costing, with the driving mechanism, about $350, the farmer, with a single horse, can thresh his own wheat, oats, rye, &c., can cut his own wood, fencing plank and lumber, make his cider, cut roots and grind feed for his horses and cattle, shell his corn and do what planing he needs. The power is easily attached, the transfer from one machine to another being made in a few minutes.

This may seem extravagant, and yet it is all literally true, as any one may see for himself by visiting Mr. REID's warehouse and seeing the machine in actual operation. The proprietors are Messrs. H. & C. T. SMITH & Co., of Colchester, Conn. These gentlemen instead of exhibiting models, which would leave the observer in doubt whether the machine would or would not do the work predicated of it, have on exhibition the machines themselves, full size. And since seeing is believing, they set them at work, saw wood, plane boards, cut apples, corn stalks, thresh wheat, &c., and every one who chooses can see these things done for himself. We saw rye threshed there yesterday, with not a grain left in the head and the straw laid out as straight and unbroken as if threshed with a flail. The machinery runs with a power and steadiness that is surprising when we consider that it is propelled by a single horse. We saw sticks as large as a man's leg cut through twenty-five or thirty times after the belt had been thrown off the saw machine, the saw doing this work by sheer momentum. Considerable work can be done with the thresher, the cider mill and the saw and cutting machines by the power of a single man. One man can thresh 50 to 75 bushels of grain per day.

While the several machines attached are marvels of ingenuity and completeness in themselves, the most remarkable thing about the affair is the motive power. This is obtained by three wheels which run by friction, not cogs. A small one is in the centre, and the two large ones being tightly geared by a belt, their motion is communicated to the small wheel, which receives power from each. It is not easy to explain on paper just how this is done, but the following description by the *Lehigh Valley News* may help the reader to an understanding of it:

"Centripetal power, as the name implies, is power absolutely tending to the centre, and, as Mark Twain would say, the machine fills the bill. The ordinary transmission of power from a fly wheel to a smaller one is accompanied, (as every one knows who has the slightest knowledge of the application of power,) by resisting friction, and when great velocity is required the "band" must be drawn tightly, and this resistance is increased. In this machine there are two large band-wheels and the axle of one works in a stationary box, while the axle of the other works in a movable box. If the broad belt be placed round these two wheels and drawn tightly (one of the axles, be it remembered, being in a movable box) it is evident that they will be brought up close together. So they would be and come in contact, but a small wheel between them prevents it. Instead of coming into contact they rest each against this small wheel. Now then for the power. Being turned by a crank, handle or by shafting (if a horse machine) these two large band wheels press tightly against the small wheel between them, and turn it, one wheel helping on the one side and the other on the other. Take a pencil and roll it swiftly between your hands and you have the principle exactly. Here then that which is ordinarily resisting friction, is utilized and becomes a motive power."

Messrs. SMITH & Co. are not proposing to sell patent rights. They wish to organize a company here for the manufacture of their machines, believing this place to have advantages for both manufacture and sale. They bring their machines here and set them up and invite our people to come and see what they will do. Many of our citizens have visited them and have seen the machines in operation; and all who have done so have been highly pleased and are unanimous in pronouncing the machine a wonderful triumph of mechanical skill and power.

Gen. Lee's Widow Claiming Arlington.

A Washington dispatch asserts that the widow of the late Robert E. Lee, of Virginia, proposes to make a claim upon the Government for the value of the Arlington estate, now used as a soldiers' cemetery. It will be remembered that before the close of the rebellion the estate was sold for taxes, and purchased at a low figure by the Government. Mrs. Lee alleges that at the time of the sale certain of her friends proposed to buy it for her, but their bid was refused. She further says that her brother, George Washington Parke Custis, dying in 1857, gave her by his will the entire Arlington estate. The terms of the will vested the property in her absolutely. Beyond the simple duties of an executor, General Lee had no control of the property, and never, either before or since, assumed a single right of ownership. According to her statement, the property did not in any sense belong to General Lee, and the Government, she claims, had no right to seize it. She does not expect to have it restored, but she hopes to obtain indemnity. It is held by officers of the Government that, waiving the question of confiscation and seizure, the Arlington property was purchased at public sale by the Government, and that Mrs. Lee has no claim upon it. The matter will be brought before Congress.

A DANBURY man—not the one who writes the funny stories—has invented a new fastening for mail bags, doing away with the straps now in use. By his invention the mouth of the bag is entirely encased in iron, easily closed and fastened, and so arranged that when the bag is open a square aperture is formed, which will much facilitate the operation of making up and assorting the mail.

PROFESSOR—What are the uses of starch in germination? Student (reciting on cheek)—In the German nation starch is used very much the same as in this country—in doing up linen and such goods. Professor—If you give another such answer as that, I will show you how they take the starch out of students in the German nation.

AN Illinois man has traveled through Palestine, and is disgusted, because "he didn't find a darned buckwheat cake after leaving America.

THE season of strawberry festivals and cholic is at its height in this land of liberty.

Weather Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER.
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 13.—8 00 P. M.

PROBABILITIES.

For New England, on Saturday, a falling barometer, fresh southeasterly and southwesterly winds, and partly cloudy weather. For the lower lake region, a falling barometer, fresh and occasionally brisk southerly to westerly winds, cloudy weather and rain. For the Middle States, a falling barometer, fresh southeasterly to southwesterly winds and increasing cloudiness, with probably areas of light rain from Virginia to Western New York. For the South Atlantic and Gulf States east of Mississippi, generally cloudy weather, rain areas and fresh southeast to southwest winds. For the Northwest, northerly to westerly winds and generally clear weather, which conditions will gradually extend eastward over the upper lake region to Illinois and Missouri. From Tennessee to Ohio, cloudy weather and rain areas.

—In Yadkin county, North Carolina on Saturday last, John Holcomb shot his wife dead and then killed himself. Jealousy was the cause.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

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WASHINGTON.

CIVIL SERVICE REGULATIONS.

NEW YORK, June 13.—A Washington special says that by the Civil Service Advisory Board in relation to the examination of candidates for office in different parts of the country, and so as not to subject them to the expense of traveling to Washington for this purpose, it is recommended that the country be divided into four or five districts, each to have a chief examiner and he to have associated with him certain officials and others qualified for the work.

It has leaked out that during the recent excursion of the Examining Board of the Treasury Department south, a collector of customs was found who could neither read nor write.

PECULATION IN THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU

The Secretary of War, according to a special from Washington, has submitted to the Department of Justice a statement of the condition of affairs found by the War Department to exist in a division of the late Freedmen's Bureau, charged with the settlement of bounties to colored soldiers. The statement sets forth that all the claimants for whom Treasury certificates have been issued and sent to the Freedmen's bureau for payment have never received their money, although they were marked on the records of the bureau as paid, reported to the treasury disbursing officer of the bureau as paid, and so credited in the settlement of his accounts. For this fraud the Secretary of War wishes to know the degree of responsibility and the relative responsibility under the disbursing officer, General Balloch. When the War Department took possession of the records of the bureau unpaid claims were found amounting to $730,000, and $33,000 were found unpaid, although entered on the records and reported the treasury as paid.

Secretary Robeson and others, who conducted the Polaris investigation, will meet this evening to agree upon a report.

Henry Howard, agent, and Mr. Carlisle, attorney for the British Government, have gone to Newport, R. I., where the American and British Commission is in session.

LARGE REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The internal revenue receipts to-day were $312,924, making the grand total for the fiscal year to date $110,077,955, or nearly $78,000 in excess of the estimates. Total receipts this month $4,061,783, and it is believed that there will be collected during the remainder of the month about $4,500,000.

S. G. Green has been appointed gauger for the first Kentucky district, and Wm. B. Nicks for the fourth Tennessee district.

The Postmaster General to-day ordered a station of the Chicago postoffice, to be established on West Side, to be known as the West Division Station. Services there to be commenced July 4th. This station will also be a money order office. Orders were also issued for enlarging the free delivery system at Cincinnati, authorizing the employment of three additional carriers.

WEST POINT.

Examination of Graduating Class Concluded.

WEST POINT, June 13.—The examination of the graduating class of cadets was concluded to-day, and at 11 o'clock the whole corps formed a square under the trees in front of the library building to witness the presentation of diplomas awarded according to the class, standing and rank. As each name was called the cadet stepped forward and received a diploma from the President. Previous to the distribution General Belknap, Secretary of War, made a speech to the cadets, and at the close General Sherman made a short, characteristic address full of good advice. This afternoon the cadets will receive their liberty, and by night the most of them will have departed.

General Sherman and party will return to Washington this afternoon, and to-morrow the President and family will return to Long Branch. Secretary Belknap will remain until Monday.

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 13.—William Ross committed suicide to-day at Coso hotel, by cutting his throat with a razor. He left $2,000 in the bank. He desired the proprietor of the house to send his remains east, but did not write his address. It is supposed that he was insane. He has been ill for a long time.

The sale of the thorough bred stock by S. B. Whipple, of San Malo, has closed. It aggregated $120,000. Harvest Queen brought $16,500, Hambleton $12,500, Speculation $18,500. The cattle generally brought large and some fancy prices. Ajax was not sold.

MEMPHIS.

Run Over and Killed--Cholera.

MEMPHIS, June 13.—Robert East, an Englishman lately from Elwira, Ills., while intoxicated laid down on the railroad track, near Collierville, Tenn., Wednesday, and was run over by a train and instantly killed.

There were 17 interments here to-day against 19 yesterday. Weather still cloudy and sultry.

Killed on a Hand-Car.

PORT JERVIS, June 13.—Two trackmen named William Carmley and Martin Branigan, while being towed on a hand-car behind a train on the Jefferson Branch Railroad to-day, were instantly killed by the breaking of a car wheel in front of them. The other persons on the car were injured.

Hotel Burned at Lawrence.

LAWRENCE, Ks., June 13.—A fire last night burned the Arlington House. Loss $7,000; insurance $5,200. A fire Wednesday night burned Bullene & Co's store. Loss $75,000; insurance $50,000.

Execution at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., June 13.—Isham B. O'Neil was executed in the jail yard, today, for the murder of James Little. He died protesting his innocence, and without a struggle.

Decoration Day at Charleston, S. C.

CHARLESTON, June 13.—The annual decoration of the graves of the Confederate dead took place here to-day. There was a general suspension of business during the afternoon.

NEW YORK CITY.

A First-class Swindle.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The police have not yet found J. H. Horton, who yesterday swindled the firm of Osgood & Co., out of about $28,000 of gold. Several weeks ago Horton entered the banking house of P. S. Peterson & Co., Philadelphia, and expressed a desire to open an account with the firm and with that purpose in view he offered to deposit on account a considerable sum, which was accepted and the account opened. Horton continued to increase his credit account by depositing several checks. He wished to go into certain stock speculations in New York, and Peterson & Co. granted, him letters of credit on two houses here authorizing Horton to draw upon them for $30,000. Yesterday Horton made his appearance in the office of Osgood & Co., Broad street, and presented the letter of credit for $67,000, remarking he should probably want to draw all of the money and perhaps more as he wished, to go into the street and speculate. Osgood & Co. demurred, whereupon Horton directed them to send a dispatch to his Philadelphia brokers and have the transfer made. The transfer was promptly made and everything being satisfactory, $26,780 in gold was bought and paid over to Mr. Horton, who had in the meanwhile remained in the outer office and then vanished. A later dispatch was received from Peterson & Co., cautioning them against paying any money to Horton, as the checks and drafts cashed for him in Philadelphia had been discovered to be forgeries, but it was too late.

Horton's swindling operations turns out to include 200 shares of Reading railroad stock received for a certificate of the Pennsylvania Railroad stock from Reed & McGrame, of Lancaster, Pa., which he had raised to that amount from one share. Horton has resided the past six years in Lancaster, occasionally visiting this city.

The excitement continues on the Cotton Exchange, but no additional failures have been announced. It is thought that the worst is over and a panic will be averted. The Stock Exchange will adjourn from July 3d to the following Monday.

HUDSON, N. Y., June 13.—The Columbia Bank, at Chatham village, conducted under the State banking law by W. A. Woodbridge & Co., has suspended, creating an excitement in the village, as nearly every business man there had money deposited. The cause of the failure is not made public, but it is supposed the recent collapse of the Columbia Paper Company involved the bank heavily.

United States Senator Windom, Chairman of the Special Committee on Transportation between the seaboard and the interior, visited the Produce Exchange this afternoon. He was received by Franklin Edson, President of the Exchange; Mr. Webb, Chairman of the Committee on Trade and Commerce; Mr. Stark, President of the Northern Transportation Company, and other prominent members, who escorted him through the building and then displayed to him the statistics of the inland trade and commerce of the port as collected by the statistician of the association.

CINCINNATI.

A $40,000 FIRE.

CINCINNATI, June 13.—An extensive fire occurred on Commerce street between Vine and Walnut, this morning, entailing a loss of some $40,000. The fire originated in a shed containing benzine, adjoining the store of A. McDonald & Co.

BUSINESS COLLEGE ASSOCIATION—A BLOODY TRAGEDY.

CINCINNATI June 13.—The International Business College Association to-day elected George Soule of New Orleans, President; L. L. Williams of Rochester, New York, Vice President; A. J. A. Cole of Peoria, Illinois, Corresponding Secretary and this afternoon adjourned to meet in Baltimore on the second Wednesday in July of next year.

Charles C. Hoon, a member of the Fire Department, this afternoon shot and mortally wounded James Whalen, a laborer. The affair occurred at 6 o'clock at the Lawrence and Third street engine house. Whalen came to the engine house drunk, quarreling with a Sullivan street car conductor, with whom he had been riding and had trouble. Violence was about to ensue when Hoon interfered, drew a pistol, and marched Whalen about a square down street and delivered him to some friends. He then returned and went into the engine house. Whalen almost immediately followed him back, and stopping at the engine house door, where he heaped the vilest epithets on Hoon, who was standing just on the inside with a four barreled pistol in his hand. Whalen made as if to enter, and Hoon said, "If you come in I'll kill you." Whalen went in and Hoon fired three shots, the first entering his left breast about an inch below the nipple, penetrating his lungs; the second entered the centre loins, an inch to the right of the vertible column, and the third cut off two fingers from the left hand. Hoon was arrested. Whalen was taken to the hospital, the surgeon says he cannot live.

Ohio Congregational Conference.

CLEVELAND, O., June 13.—In the Congregational Conference Revs. S. Walcott, Douglas Putnam, and R. D. Hutchins were appointed to represent the Conference before the Constitutional Convention on the subject of temperance. The committee who narrate State religion made a report favorable in nearly every respect. The report was ordered to be printed. Resolutions thanking the families of their church, and their friends for the hospitality shown the members of the Conference were passed, and the Conference closed with prayer and the benediction from the Moderator.

Execution at Paris, Ky.

PARIS, June 13.—Joe Duncan, colored, was hanged here to-day for the murder of John Hawkins, colored, in April 1872. Duncan was tried at the spring term of the Bourbon county Circuit Court and condemned to die on the 13th of June. All efforts to have his sentence commuted failed. The scene of execution was within a half mile of this city, and crowds attended it on foot and in wagons. The drop was sprung at 1 o'clock and he fell, but the rope proved too long. He was taken upon the scaffold and the rope being shortened he was hung again, this time successfully.

Verdict in Favor of Dr. Hostetter.

PITTSBURGH, June 13.—The jury in the case of the Pittsburgh Petroleum Company for the use of Dr. Hostetter vs. the Standard Oil Company, an action to recover about $180,000 worth of Petroleum oil, and which retired yesterday morning, returned into court this morning with a verdict for the plaintiff for the sum of $52,073 68.

OBSEQUIES OF MINISTER ORR.

A Sympathetic and Imposing Display.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Before 1 o'clock this afternoon, a great number of persons had assembled in the City Hall Park and in the neighborhood to witness the removal of the body of the late Minister Orr, while the City Hall was filled with prominent Free Masons and members of the Common Council who had come to take part in the ceremonies. Deputy Grand Marshal Elwood E. Thorne, in a brief address to Mayor Havemeyer, assumed charge of the remains. He thanked the city for the interest the corporate authorities had taken in the remains, and expressed his thanks and those of the family of the deceased to the Mayor and Common Council.

Mayor Havemeyer, in his reply, expressed his acknowledgements for the trust reposed in the city, and conveyed his sympathies to the bereaved family of the lamented deceased.

At about 2:30 P. M., the officers of the Grand Lodge, the Mayor and the members of the Common Council, descended from the Governor's room to the lower hall, and thence marched slowly out to the park, followed by the pall bearers with the body. A solemn dirge was meanwhile performed by the band which was stationed in the rotunda. The coffin was born by twelve Knights Templars. The pall bearers, who were distinguished by white scarfs were as follows: S. H. Johnson P. G. M. and Wilmot G. Dessasure, representing the Grand Lodge of South Carolina; N. F. Warring P. G. M., Isaac Phillips P. G. M., John W. Simons P. G. M., Daniel Sickles P. G. M., Albert G. Mackey P. G. M., of South Carolina; Josiah H. E. Drummond P. G. M., James Jenkins P. G. M. and Joseph D. Evans P. G. M. The body having been placed in the hearse, which was drawn by six white horses covered with black netting, and each led by a colored groom, the procession moved. The escort was headed by large detachments of the police force. Then followed the officers of the Grand Lodge and Grand Commandry and the following Commandries and Knights Templar: Columbian, Morton, Palestine, Coeur De Lion, Manhattan, Ivanhoe, Constantine and York, of this city; De Witt Clinton of Brooklyn, and the New Jersey Knights. After the hearse came the Mayor and Common Council in carriages, with the Russian Minister and Consul General, Major General Hancock with Captain Wharton of his staff, Gen. Morris, Gen. Duryea and numerous others. The procession accompanying the body arrived at the Church of the Disciples about 4 o'clock, and the casket, surrounded by the pall-bearers and a guard of Knights, was carried down the aisle, preceded by Rev. Dr. Tyng, Jr., reciting the service of the Episcopal Church, and was deposited at the foot of the altar. On the altar were placed the floral offerings one was a wreath of tube roses and tea roses from Mrs. C. P. Leslie, of Barnwell county, South Carolina, and two from the Grand Commandery and one from the Grand Lodge, representing the Masonic emblems. The plumed cap and robes of a Templar were removed from the casket and replaced by wreaths of flowers. The chief mourners, pall bearers, Grand Marshal and the aids of the Grand Lodge and Grand Commandery, defiled slowly down the church, bearing wands covered with crape. The Knights with drawn swords, were at the main entrance, forming a line through which the procession passed. A guard of Knights, under the eminent G. C., John T. Conover, followed the casket. Rev. Dr. Hepworth took his place at the altar, and with him were Rev. Tyng and Rev. Dr. Yarc, and Rev. Mr. Schoonmacker, Grand Chaplains of the Grand Lodge. Rev. Dr. Tyng officiated. After the usual service, a sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Helpworth. He said they were standing amid the awful stillness of death, which taught lessons of the uncertainties of life, and the value of faith which alone can smooth the dying pillow, and enabled us to say "Thy will be done." In conclusion he said: May we never fear when the Senior Warden comes for us in the shape of death, and lays us low. May we not be afraid when the Junior Warden, whose name is Justice, tries our lives with the plumb; but may he find everything as it should be and may we look up without dismay when we hear the call, to God the great architect who built for us houses in heaven, and thank him for all the blessings of the present time and be afraid of nothing for the future. "So mote it be." No reference was made in the sermon to the deceased. A choir of forty voices, consisting of members of St. Cecelia Lodge, Pratt and other Lodges, under brother Jerome Hopkins, sang the dirg "Peace to Memory" from Lurlin, after which the funeral service, according to Masonic rite was performed by Grand Master Edward E. Thorne. At the conclusion of the services the remains were escorted from the church by a troop of Washington Greys and the 7th regiment of New York the S. N. G. bands playing funeral marches. The Lodge of the State preceded the hearse, which was surrounded by the Grand Commandry of the Knight Templars of the State. The son of the deceased with Col. Edwards of South Carolina, followed next, after which came the Governors of the States and Territories, officers of the army and navy, officers of the Civil Service of the U. S., Judges of State and city Courts, members of Congress and the Legislature and citizens. The procession moved through Madison avenue, 42d street, Fifth avenue, 14th street to 11th avenue, where the ranks were opened and the hearse passed between them to a revenue cutter. Arrived there the body was taken off and placed on board en route for Jersey, where a train was ready for its reception and removal to South Carolina. The streets through which the cortege passed were lined with people.

Indiana Press Association.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., June 13.—The publishers and editors of the evening *News*, of this city, have just perfected arrangements for the proper reception of the Indiana State Press Association on their arrival here, and the citizens will tender them a banquet. O. O. Stealey, of the *Courier-Journal*, leaves for Indianapolis to night to further perfect arrangements.

Wm. Guyser, an old citizen of this city, and well known in Indianapolis, died this morning.

The Case of Santata and Big Tree.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Several weeks ago Gov. Davis telegraphed to the Secretary of the Interior that he would send Santata and Big Tree to Fort Sill to await further action by the Texas authorities. It is held here, however, that when these chiefs shall be removed from Fort Sill, the State can have no jurisdiction over them. There seems to be no doubt the chiefs will soon be restored to their people.

THE MODOCS.

The Disposition to be Made of the Captives.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 13.—A dispatch from Boyle's Camp, of June 11, states that the captive Modocs will be taken to Fort Klamath, where the commission will sit and try them. Some of the wounded soldiers have been sent already. It is generally thought that Bogus Charley, Hooka Jim, Steamboat Frank and Shack Nasty Jim, having volunteered to aid in the capture of Captain Jack, will escape punishment. Alcatraz Jackson's troops start for Fort Klamath this evening for the reception of the Modoc captives.

A dispatch from Jacksonville, Oregon, says that General Ross and the Oregon Volunteers have just arrived. They deny that the massacre of the Modoc prisoners was committed by the Oregon Volunteers, and say that they had other better chances to murder the prisoners had they desired it.

VISITORS TO CAPT. JACK.

BOYLE'S CAMP, SALT LAKE, June 13—11 P. M.—Last evening a party consisting of Hon. J. K. Lutterell, Congressman elect from the 2nd district; Judge Steel, Sheriff Morgan, J. S. Mathews, E. H. Anterisk and Masters Lutterell and Mathews have arrived—Messrs. Lutterell and Steele for the purpose of enquiring into Indian affairs. The others of the party on business and pleasure combined. This morning Captain Jack, Scarfaced Charley, Boston Charley, Schonchin, Princess Mary and Lizzie were escorted to the office tent under guard that Judge Steel might talk with them, and gain such information as might throw light upon certain acts which are now shrouded in mystery. Jack, Schonchin, Boston and Mose walked in chains, the others were loose. The captives formed the usual semicircle in the tent. Jack had an ugly, sullen look, he was apparently displeased at being brought forth to talk. The dark lines about his eyes, which are bright, indicates confinement in the large, airy tent is beginning to tell on him. The restriction on his liberty has greater effect on him than suspense as to his future fate. Only a few days since he told the officer in charge of the prisoners that his Indian heart is dead and his body cold. All he expected was that Lizzie, his favorite squaw, might be allowed to sit beside him. The request was granted, and the squaw came to him. During the interview he and Schoncin sat on a large dry goods box and Lizzie squatted at their feet. Judge Steel shook hands with the Indians and said he was glad to meet them. No one but Jack removed his hat. Scar Face Charley was called to the front to act as interpreter. Judge Steel said he regretted to see that the Indians had not followed his advice and behaved themselves, and was sorry to find them in such a bad fix; but he had come to have a talk and wanted nothing but the truth. Then followed questions about the disposition of the property of the Modoc victims and little satisfaction was obtained at first. The Indians denied any knowledge of Dr. Thomas with Lieu. Cranston's ring. They told different storries and referred the Judge to Hooka Jim, Shack Nasty Jim and Steamboat Frank, desiring to implicate those three worthies as much as possible. Jack's people hate the two Jims and Frank on account of treachery. They have threatened to kill them, even if it takes years to accomplish the job. Boston said the Indian placed the watch under a rock, and that the ring was burned after the battle of Dry Lake; that it was buried with Ellen's man and his property. After half an hour's talk, Steel told them that unless they told where they had cached the army guns, and gave up the watch and ring, he would abandon them to their fate; nor would he try to get them off. The Indians have until to-morrow morning to consider the matter. Judge Steel, Mr. Lutterell, Fairchild, Dr. Cabaness and one or two others leave for home to-morrow by way of the Lava Beds, and possibly may capture Miller's Charley, Lucky Warrior and his squaw, who are thought to be living in the Lava Beds.

ST. LOUIS.

A Case of Cleptomania.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—W. H. Day, a young son of F. O. Day, a prominent merchant here, was arrested yesterday on the charge of grand larceny, for stealing a pair of ladies' bracelets from the house of a friend of the family. The bracelets were found at a pawn broker's shop, where they had been spouted by a prostitute, who says young Day gave them to her. Day is said to have been in similar trouble before and is regarded as a Cleptomaniac by some of his friends.

DEATH OF THE HEAD OF THE DAILY TIMES

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—Maj. Henry Ewing, the principal proprietor and general manager of the daily *Times*, of this city, died to-day of typhoid fever, after an illness of ten weeks. Maj. Ewing came here from Nashville in 1869, bought one-third of the *Times* in August, 1872, purchased the interest of S. Hutchins, which gave him two thirds in the paper. He was thirty-one years of age, an active, intelligent, and very popular young journalist.

J. Lester Wallack, of New York, has sued Spaulding & Pope, of the Olympic Theatre, of this city, for an infringement of copyright, by playing "Rosedale" and "Central Park" at their theatre.

Samuel H. Richardson & Co., commission merchants, suspended yesterday. Their liabilities are not known.

Catholic Benevolent Union of Va.--Recommendation to the I. C. B. U. of America.

RICHMOND, June 13.—The Catholic Benevolent Union of Virginia, to day adopted the report of the Special Committee, recommending that the Irish Catholic Benevolent Union of America, at its annual union at St. Louis, in October next, amend its Constitution in regard to the representation of the State Unions and local societies so as to allow each State in the Union to elect one delegate for the three hundred members represented in their Union and one for each fractional part thereof, and one delegate at large; and that societies not attached to any State Union shall be entitled to representation on the same basis, with the exception of a delegate at large.

Fire at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, June 13.—The extensive tube works of Messrs. Freeman & Burgher on Railroad street, between 28th and 29th streets, was destroyed this evening at 9:15. The building, a two story iron-clad, was totally destroyed. The fire spread to the fitting shed of the Keystone Bridge Company, which was also destroyed. The loss of Messrs. Freeman & Burgher will reach $25,000; insurance $12,000. The bridge company lose $3,000; fully insured.

FRANCE.

The Chief Destroyer of the Vendome Column to be Prosecuted.

PARIS, June 13.—It is announced that the Minister of Finance will prosecute Gustave Courbet for the recovery of the sum expended by the Government in the reconstruction of the Vendome Column, as Courbet was the chief instrument of the Commune in destroying the column.

SPAIN.

THE POLICY OF THE NEW MINISTRY.

MADRID, June 13.—In the Cortes to-day an official statement of the future policy of the new ministry was read. It favors the speedy demarcation of the Federal States; the restoration of discipline in the army; the proclamation of martial law against the Carlist insurgents; the liberty of the Antilles and the suppression of slavery. It estimates the deficit in the the finances at the end of the present month at 2,800,000 reals. Senor Muzo, the new Minister of War, is a friend of Castelar, and he announces that he will pursue the same foreign policy as his predecessor.

A Famous German Band Coming.

HAMBURG, June 13.—The band of the Prince George regiment of the Saxon army, sailed from this port for New York. The band has sixty members and proposes to make a concert tour throughout the United States.

Burning of the Steamer McDonald.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—A private telegram from Miami, Mo., says the steamer McDonald was burned at Gilhaw's Landing, Missouri river, while en route from Kansas City to St. Louis. The boat was owned by George G. and Henry Keith, of St. Louis, John H. Galloway, of Howell, Mich., and Durfee & Peck, of Leavenworth, and was valued at $31,000. Insured for $14 000, in the Eureka, Cornet and Enterprise, of Cindinnati, and the Ætna, Peabody and Franklin, of Wheeling.

Suicide at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 13.—Berrel T. Oddie committed suicide last night, by taking opium and hydrate of chloral. Oddie has filled the position of Supervisor of the Insane Asylum but was recently discharged on account of his dissipated habits.

River News.

PITTSBURGH, June 13.—Monongahela four feet 8 inches and rising slowly.

CINCINNATI, O., June 13.—River 8 feet 10 inches.

LATEST NEWS.

—A National Convention of millers is announced to meet in Toledo, June 17th.

—Nicholas Liebling suicided Friday by drowning in Catakin Creek, East St. Louis. Cause whisky.

—The French Government has decided to immediately transport Henri Rochefort to New Caledonia.

—Secretary Richardson will leave on the 21st, to attend the Harvard commencement.

—Albert Eugene Perry, who escaped from prison at Auburn, N. Y., the 14th of Jan. last, after killing the keeper, was captured Thursday night near Oswego and returned to prison.

—The funeral of the late Sir George E. Cartier, a baronet, took place at Montreal on Friday, and was one of the most imposing demonstrations of the kind that ever occurred in Canada.

—A passenger train on the Pennsylvania Railroad ran off the track at Berger's Cut, Thursday night, and soon afterward a Midland Railroad train ran into it. Both trains were considerably damaged. Nobody killed.

—The extensive woolen mills of Edward Brierly, at Milton Mills, N. H., with the contents, were distroyed by fire Thursday. Loss estimated at $75,000 or $100,000. Insured for $25,000. The fire caught in the upper story among some waste.

MISCELLANEOUS.

$500,000 Cash

GIFTS TO BE PAID IN FULL.

The Third Grand Gift Concert

In aid of the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KY.,

Will be given in the great hall of Library Building, at Louisville, on TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1873, at which time *TEN THOUSAND GIFTS*, amounting to a grand total of $500,000, ALL CASH, will be distributed by lot to ticket-holders. No reduction in amount of gifts at this distribution, but each gift will be paid IN FULL.

OFFICE OF FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, LOUISVILLE, KY., April 8, 1873.

This is to certify that there is in the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, to the credit of the Third Grand Gift Concert for the benefit of the Public Library of Ky., FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, which has been set apart by the Managers to pay the gifts in full, and will be held by the Bank and paid out for this purpose, and this purpose only.

[Signed] R. S. VEECH, Cashier.

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift	$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift	5,000
24 Cash Gifts of $1,000 each	24,000
50 Cash Gifts of 500 "	25,000
80 Cash Gifts of 400 "	32,000
100 Cash Gifts of 300 "	30,000
150 Cash Gifts of 200 "	30,000
590 Cash Gifts of 100 "	59,000
9,000 Cash Gifts of 10 "	90,000
Total, 10 000 Gifts, all Cash	$500,000

Only a few tickets remain unsold, and they will be furnished to the first applicants at the following prices: Whole tickets, $10; halves, $5; quarters $2 50; 11 wholes for $100, 56 for $500, 113 for $1,000.

For tickets and full information, apply to

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Louisville, Ky.

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