

ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852.

The Intelligencer.

SENATOR PRICE and Congressman Faulkner were on the floor of the two houses of the Legislature yesterday, putting in their work among the members for the Senatorship.

OUR representatives at Washington are paid \$5,000 a year to stay there during the sitting of Congress and attend to the interests of the people of West Virginia. They are not paid to leave their posts and come to Wheeling to log roll with members of the Legislature for their votes.

ABRAHAM, the son of David, stood in the gates and kissed the people as they passed in for the sake of their votes. He wiped his mouth afterwards on his coat sleeve on the sly. So with these office-seekers from Washington, who have deserted their posts to come here and kiss the members of the Legislature. They will all wipe their mouths as soon as the election is over.

WEST VIRGINIA is now represented at Washington by Col. Pen. Wilson. All the rest of the delegation are candidates for the U. S. Senate and have deserted their posts in order to button-hole the members of the Legislature. There was once a man by the name of Jefferson who said the office should seek the man and not the man the office. Query: are Faulkner, Price, Davis, and Herford Jefferson Democrats?

WE are glad to see so many good sized plums falling into the basket of the Third District at the State House. She yesterday carried off the three important offices of the House of Delegates, viz: Speaker, Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms, and also one or two good offices in the Senate. The First District is entirely amiable in the distribution of patronage. It is more blessed to give than to receive.

MR. GEO. ALFRED TOWNSEND has again turned his attention to Mr. Tilden. He writes regrettably from Washington: "I am compelled to say that personal enmity as one of Mr. Tilden's allies is well nigh defunct. He is hardly an object of iniquitousness. His apparently unobtrusive and nibbling way of obtaining recognition has not affected the incredulity of his supporters. They visit him without being impressed, and leave without being satisfied. The Southern supporters of Mr. Tilden are more dissatisfied than they can at present confess."

THE Annual Statement of the City for 1876. We print this morning the annual statement submitted by the City Clerk at the meeting of Council Tuesday night. The leading items in it as compared with the same items for the two previous years are as follows:

Table with columns for item, 1875, and 1876. Items include Receipts from assessments on real estate, Receipts from assessments on personal property, Water Works, Licenses, Landings, Second and Third Markets, Miscellaneous, Aggregate of receipts for each of these years, Principal expenditures for the last three years, and Aggregate of expenditures in these three years.

THE excess of expenditures over receipts in each of the three years was as follows: 1874, \$102,677.62; 1875, \$22,449.49; 1876, \$1,411.45.

THE amounts paid over by the Gas Trustees to the Gas Commissioners in each year was as follows: 1875, \$1,935.95; 1876, \$1,937.60; 1877, \$7,500.00.

IN the matter of licenses, the receipts of 1876 were reduced \$1,979.86 below those of 1875. And \$1,050 of the reduction was in the item of wholesale liquor licenses.

A radical reform is needed in the manner of presenting our financial affairs to the people. A clear statement of our Loan account should be made. We should know the particulars of each item

of bonds outstanding, how much interest and principal has been paid during the year, the rate of interest each issue pays and when the bonds will mature. We should know the particulars in regard to the receipts and disbursements of the Gas Works, how much was paid out for redemption of that loan, how much for extensions, and the condition of the property. This, if it be, could come into the annual statement in the shape of a brief report from the Gas Commissioners.

THE People have a right to much further information in the most important matter of their financial affairs than they receive. Look, for instance, how briefly and blindly the expenditure of \$57,764.72 under the head of Streets and Alleys is disposed of. Barely three lines are devoted to it, instead of making it tell us what amount was paid for scraping the streets, what amount of new paving was done, what sewers were built, all matters that every tax payer in the city is deeply interested in.

OF course the answer to the complaint will be those interested in these matters can go to the city building and look them up. This is no answer at all. Nine persons out of ten have no time to spend in that way, and they could not get satisfactory information in such way even if they had. It is far cheaper and more satisfactory to everybody to get it in detail once a year in the annual statement of the city's receipts and expenditures.

AS showing how difficult it is to get accurate information in regard to a matter so seemingly accessible as the city indebtedness, we may refer to the fact that the Mayor, in the "Election Notice" which we published over his signature this morning, puts this indebtedness at \$552,000, whereas a statement made only within the last few days by an expert in the city's finances puts it several thousand higher. This shows that there is a necessity for reform in the manner of keeping the city books. We understand that the entire debt of the city does not appear on the Clerk's books, and that the items have to be gathered up in piecemeal when anything like an accurate statement is wanted. This is not as it should be, and we trust that the true debt will be reliably ascertained at an early day, and then put on the public records, and that hereafter it will come into the annual statement in an intelligible shape along with such other details as will serve to explain our fiscal affairs to the comprehension and satisfaction of the tax paying public.

THE West Virginia University. Editor Intelligencer: Some days ago, during the Christmas vacation, it was stated by the Wheeling Evening Standard that there were just thirty-eight students at the West Virginia University. Some remarks were added, intended for the editor of the paper, and in the style of the article, one would naturally suppose it to be the production of a malignant and unscrupulous partisan, who was not professedly editorial.

BUT whether really editorial or not, it may fare with the Standard as often in similar cases, that we manufactured out of falsehood will do more harm, in the trigger of the blunderbuss, than to any one else. The rule "in one false in all," is by no means obsolete, and will require any statement made by the Standard on subjects involving party feeling, whether in state or church, to be confirmed from some other quarter before it can be safely believed. During the Christmas vacation, when the article in the Standard, editorial or otherwise, appeared, there were no students in attendance at the University. The number thirty-eight is evidently put down recklessly by somebody, without regard to truth, and for a sinister purpose.

THE evidence mentioned in that thirty-eight was the whole number in all departments. Shortly before the end of the preceding term, the number handed in by the roll-keepers was about sixty, was exactly fifty-nine, and so continued till the present year. This number is small enough without misrepresentation. The number has been gradually decreasing for more than five years past, as shown by the catalogues. This decrease has been caused, in great measure, by the hard times as in other similar institutions all over the country. In the case of the West Virginia University, other causes have also been at work, unhappy political and ecclesiastical complications and animosities. Now unless these difficulties can be removed, unless all parties in State and church will rally around and sustain their own State University, unless articles intended to ridicule and disparage the University, sometimes at the expense of truth, as we have just seen, shall cease in the public press of the State and articles of an opposite character shall take their place, the election of a President will never occur, and the school so insisted on by the Standard as a cure for all the University's ills, in the nature of the case, cannot of itself secure the University's prosperity.

A LOVER OF TRUTH. MORGANTOWN, December, 1876.

YOUR letter containing a bill of \$16 00 for advertising has been received and handed over to Geo. C. Sturgis, Secretary of the Board of Regents, who attends to the payment of local bills. He said it was all right, and would be attended to. I have to say that I was not just and fair in your comment respecting the University, and therefore hope that you, as lovers of justice and fair play, will admit the enclosed article to your columns. If you could see your way to add some editorial, setting forth the duty of the press in the case of the press of West Virginia, to the University in the present crisis, it would doubtless have much influence for good. I am aware that some changes are needed in the management, and such papers as are charged with the duty of securing them, such as restoring the collector would pass back a certain number of tickets taken up. The frauds by three-cent ferry tickets alone reached the enormous sum of about \$50,000 and \$70,000 per year. So general did the conspiracy become that the honest employes were known as "measles," while the dishonest party were "admirably characterized as "solid men."

Removed Destruction of a Reservoir Army.

NEW YORK, January 10.—A dispatch from Constantinople says, it is rumored that a Russian army in Turkistan, forty thousand strong has been destroyed.

President Orton will appear.

NEW YORK, January 10.—Mr. Orton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, will leave to-morrow for Washington, in obedience to the subpoena of the House of Representatives.

All Quiet in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, January 10.—At this writing, 9:30, the city is perfectly quiet, and, with the exception of a few armed squads patrolling the streets with white ribbons, there is nothing to indicate the events which transpired yesterday. Not a single case of violence or disorder occurred during the night as far as is known at this hour, and there is no indication of a gathering upon the streets of yesterday.

Second dispatch.—On visiting the State House this morning the writer found a line of Nicholls' police on the south side of the street, and on the opposite side a line of metropolitan police. The former permitted him to pass, but the latter halted him until word from Governor Packard was received to pass him.

On entering the building he found the metropolitan police looking like they had been on duty all night. The Nicholls' police, and the members of the Legislature present, and his appearance. Gov. Packard, who had

BY TELEGRAPH. ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT. TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER. CONGRESS.

The Situation in Louisiana Not Materially Changed.

GEN. GRANT TO GEN. AUGUR.

A Committee Interviews the President.

They Take a Hint and Warn Their Friends.

Ugly Feature in the Oregon Business.

Tilden's Bar's a Fountain of Bribery.

A Panic in the New York Bureau.

CRONIN WORKS FOR PAY.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.

The bill reported yesterday from Committee on Commerce authorizing the bridge across the Ohio river between Cincinnati and Covington without a pilot-draw, was before the House all morning.

The bill was finally rejected, yeas 74, nays 133.

A bill authorizing the appointment of a commission to attend an international conference on the subject of the relative value of gold and silver went out without action, and the House went into Committee of the Whole on the Diplomatic Appropriation bill.

Mr. Whitmore, Chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill authorizing formation of the mixed commission to inquire and report as to the future naval policy of the United States. It was made the special order for the 23d of this month.

Mr. Holman's amendment reducing the salaries of ministers was discussed at length, and the House adjourned.

SENATE.

Mr. Spencer presented a joint resolution of the Alabama Legislature asking Congress to approve the act of that body for the construction of a breakwater in Mobile Bay. Referred.

Mr. West presented a memorial of the New Orleans Board of Underwriters, asking an appropriation for improvement of the mouth of the River.

Mr. Boutwell presented a resolution of the Boston Board of Trade, asking Congress to provide for the appointment of a commissioner to meet the Commissioners from other countries, and consider the expediency of remonetizing silver coin and to authorize the President to invite foreign nations to appoint similar commissioners for fixing the value of silver in relation to gold coin, and until such international convention silver shall not be made legal tender for any sum above \$10. Referred.

Several bills of no public importance were introduced during the hour and the Senate then resumed the consideration of the unfinished business on the House bill for the revision of statistics of the United States.

Mr. Edmonds presented the annual report of the Librarian of Congress; and printed. It shows the number of bound books in the library is 311,097 and of pamphlets 100,000. The law library contains 37,797 volumes, number of entries of copyright dating 1876 is 14,882. The materials of the new general catalogue of the library, embracing over 200,000 letters are ready for the press, but no appropriation has been made for the printing. No volume is to be printed until a particular volume is in the library. During the year the publication of the first volume of the original historical documents relative to the French discoveries and explorations in the northwestern portion of the United States, by the late President, was made. The whole work will contain six octavo volumes, and will cover a vast collection of letters, official papers, and other documents, in the original French, relating to discoveries and settlement under Cavalier de La Salle and other explorers in the territory now belonging to the United States, from 1610 to 1762. The necessity for a new library building is urged.

Mr. Windom from the Committee on Public Lands, reported favorably the bill to amend the act of May 12th, 1876, for the land in Iowa, to aid in the construction of a railroad in that State. Placed on the Calendar.

Mr. Wright introduced a bill extending for two years the act establishing the Board of Southern Claim Commissioners. Referred.

Mr. Ingalls submitted a resolution requesting the Secretary of State to transmit to the Senate a report of the commissioners to adjust the claims between the citizens of the United States and Mexico under the conventions of '68, '71 and '76. Passed with an amendment calling upon the President to report as follows: Secretary of Treasury, S. L. Leopart, Democrat; Secretary of State, H. E. Hayes, Republican; Attorney General, James Conner, Republican; Superintendent of election, J. R. Tolbert, Republican; Inspector General, James Kennerly, Republican; Director of Census, General, is claimed to have been elected over his opponent Gen. John Hood, Democrat, by a majority of one vote, Leopart's majority is given in round numbers at 44 and Conner at 100 votes.

TRIAL FOR CONSPIRACY.

NEW YORK, January 10.—The trial of Jacob A. Van Valkenberg and John W. West for conspiracy to cheat and defraud the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has been begun. The defendants were respectively ferry-master and collector of tickets at the Jersey City ferry. It is charged that the collector would pass back a certain number of tickets taken up, and the ferry-master would receive them. The frauds by three-cent ferry tickets alone reached the enormous sum of about \$50,000 and \$70,000 per year. So general did the conspiracy become that the honest employes were known as "measles," while the dishonest party were "admirably characterized as "solid men."

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On entering the building he found the metropolitan police looking like they had been on duty all night. The Nicholls' police, and the members of the Legislature present, and his appearance. Gov. Packard, who had

just returned from breakfast, looked as cool and collected as on yesterday. He stated that there was no change in the situation since last evening beyond the fact that the House would have a quorum to-day, which was prevented yesterday by the fears of the members. The Senate still wants one to complete a quorum.

EX-GOV. KELLOGG, U. S. Marshal Pitken and others were present, and engaged in an earnest conversation, but all were very reticent and declined to give any information as to their lines of policy or intentions.

THE Republican this morning says: At about 10 o'clock last night Marshal Pitken informed Gen. Augur that his deputies had been refused admission to the State House. General Augur immediately communicated with Gen. Nichols, and stated through a staff officer that this must be stopped. Gen. Nichols said it was not by his order, and directions were then given which would allow that admission to be made that there were no restrictions on any person either entering or leaving the State House or vicinity. Nichols' police patrolled the streets last night, and looked around pretty lively, but made few or no arrests. At midnight but few men were seen on the streets, and the streets were closed. A train of cars from Mobile brought in several companies of United States troops at 11 o'clock last night.

IN its leading editorial on the affairs of yesterday the same journal says: "As the present time no government in this State whose authority is undisputed, and as there are two or three Congressional Committees trying to find the truth about the late election, perhaps the President may deem it his duty to establish Martial Law, till such time as Congress shall come to some agreement on the subject. This step would at least give to the business community a season of peace, such as they understand it, instead of sounds of war alarms and the tramp of armed men that all yesterday re-echoed through the streets of the city. Though we were told that the President would take no such step, there is a decided preference on the part of a majority of the people for a government of any kind, strong enough to maintain itself over uncertainties, necessarily incident to two armed hostile forces in the same city."

11:20 A. M.—Everything is remarkably quiet. No armed men to be seen on the streets and it is said they have all disbanded. At an interview half an hour since with Gen. Augur he said he anticipated the Democratic Legislature, and that both Nichols and Packard that he would not interfere to keep the peace and that when it was reported to him last night that the Nichols police were preventing government officials from visiting the State House he promptly notified Nichols that he would not allow that and Nichols replied that it was without his knowledge or order. He had the police instructed to allow any one to enter.

NOON.—There is no change in the situation, nor is any trouble anticipated. Nichols' party assert that they are satisfied with the situation, and will make no further aggressive advances.

12:30 P. M.—The Republican Legislature now has a quorum and is in session. A crowd of several hundred persons are congregated in the streets around the State House, but are very quiet. The Democratic Legislature also is in session at the Old Fellows' Hall.

KEELLOGG ELECTED SENATOR.

1:40 P. M.—The Republican Legislature is in joint session. It has just elected ex-Governor Kellogg United States Senator for the long term, and the indications are that Lieut. Gov. Antoine will be elected for the short term.

2 P. M.—The President extra says: Alfred Bourges, the newly appointed Sheriff by the Supreme Court, made a demand for the Court House this morning, and was refused. It is expected that a squad of police will be sent there to-morrow.

THE Republican Senators of the Senate Investigating Committee, have been in conference with the Republican chiefs at the State House this morning. It is rumored that this conference had reference to the existing state of affairs, and that they will in a telegram to Grant for recognition.

A LEGAL SUIT.

There is much discussion here over the legal aspect of yesterday's proceedings. The Democrats allege that Chief Justice Ludlum, who was appointed by Governor Kellogg a few days since, could not have been appointed, as the Republicans claim that the Chief Justice is worthy to remove the Sheriff before he took possession of the Supreme Court room.

A BALLOT FOR SENATOR.

A ballot was had in the Republican Legislature this afternoon for U. S. Senator, for the short term, which resulted as follows: Antoine 15, Pinchback 21, Loomis 13, Deatie 9, scattering 9. In the House the result was as follows: Antoine 100, Pinchback 21, Loomis 13, Deatie 9, scattering 9.

THE Speaker instructed the sergeant-at-arms to see that the members had free ingress and egress to and from the State House; the motion was carried.

TO-day an injunction was sued out of the U. S. District Court by Attorney General Ogden enjoining Alfred Shaw from acting as Judge of the Superior Civil Court, lately created by the Republican Legislature.

THE Democratic Legislature balloted on for U. S. Senator to-day without result.

Nicholls' government has organized a regiment of field artillery, with John Glynn, jr., as Colonel, and a full staff.

Gov. Nichols to-day made numerous appointments of parochial officers.

THREE NEGROES and two galling guns, lately taken from the Warrenton Arsenal by Gov. Kellogg, were taken from the State Arsenal by the Nichols government, and drawn through the streets by bodies of men to Washington Artillery Armory.

SENATOR TO-DAY WERE WARMOUTH, ALBERT LEONARD, and Gen. McMillan. The latter two were members of the McEaney Senate of 1872.

THE armed bodies of men who thronged the streets yesterday were not visible to-day, and the force of Nicholls' police, however, patrolled the city all day.

AN OVERTURE OF PEACE.

THE Democrats assert that the Republican Legislature was without a quorum to-day, as the absence of Senators Hamlett, Wheeler and Demas left the Senate with one less than a quorum. The Republicans claim, while there was no quorum, members, the joint session had 30 members, whereas the Republican Legislature without a quorum of the members claimed by that body.

IN the Republican House to-day, Mr. Warmouth introduced a resolution which recites that the peace and good order of the State is threatened by the present condition of affairs, and it is the duty of all, especially those claiming authority to provide means to secure good government, and quiet to the State; therefore be it

Resolved, That a joint committee be appointed, five by the Speaker of the House and three by the President of the Senate, which shall be empowered to confer with a similar committee appointed by the Legislature recognizing Nichols as Governor to devise and report as soon as practicable measures to secure a willful apprehension of the guilty party.

and peaceable settlement of the pending political contest relative to the government of the State.

THE resolution lies over under the rules. No change in the situation is anticipated to-night.

WASHINGTON.

AN Order That Will be Understood and Complied With.

WASHINGTON, January 10.—The Secretary of War and President were in conversation to-day upon the telegraphic information received from New Orleans, through military and other sources. The following dispatch was the result:

Gen. C. C. Augur, New Orleans: It is reported that the State House in New Orleans is surrounded by a mob, if this be so, notify all persons to disperse, and compel compliance with your orders. See that the Legislators are not molested, and when he has the full knowledge of all the facts in the case he will decide which should be recognized.

(Signed) J. D. CAMERON, Secretary of War.

THE House Committee on Pacific R. R. to-day accepted the report of the sub-committee on the bill commonly known as the compromise Pacific Railroad route, and made a few amendments, but the meeting of the House prevented the vote on the report as amended.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Representatives Gibson, Ellis and Levy Democrats, of the Louisiana delegation, called on the President to-day to ascertain whether interference was contemplated, in view of the recognition of either party government, and that the Secretary of War and Attorney General were present. The substance of the President's reply was, he would not, in absence of all the facts, issue any order recognizing either government or their respective departments. The President attached no importance to the fact that one Legislature occupied the Capitol and the other St. Patrick's Hall, and assured the delegation that the troops should be employed only to suppress violence, preserve public peace and prevent collisions.

THE President expressed himself perfectly satisfied with the interview.

PROTEST FOR.

THE Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections met to-day, and ordered Gen. D. M. Frost, of St. Louis, to be subpoenaed to testify in relation to his (Frost's) alleged ineligibility as Presidential elector.

AS MIGHT BE EXPECTED.

THE House Committee on the Privileges, Powers and Duties of the House in counting the electoral vote have decided that Harry Deardorf, a young son of a prominent manufacturer there, has been arrested for robbing the mails of over \$2,000. Deardorf was not in need, but was induced to do wrong, it is said, by an ardent desire to please a young lady who is now missing.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 11.—(A. A. J.) PROBABILITY.

IN Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, falling barometer, rising temperature, increasing south-east winds, and cloudiness, probably followed by rain areas from the last section to the south-west.

FOR Lower Lakes and Middle States, rising temperature, west winds, backing to south, with a heavy, but cloudy weather, and in the former probably light snows.

A Youthful Mail Robber.

LOUISVILLE, January 10.—A Springfield, Ohio, special to the Courier-Journal says that Harry Deardorf, a young son of a prominent manufacturer there, has been arrested for robbing the mails of over \$2,000. Deardorf was not in need, but was induced to do wrong, it is said, by an ardent desire to please a young lady who is now missing.

COMES UP AGAIN.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 10.—The long pending libel suit of Rev. Robinson, of Louisville, against the St. Louis Democrat, for publication of an editorial in that paper, in January, 1875, referring to that gentleman, as implicated in a plan to introduce yellow fever infected in clothing into the Northern cities during the war comes up in the Circuit Court to-morrow.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

ST. LOUIS, January 10.—Harry Doyle, a freight conductor, while assisting in making up a train at the Union Depot, slipped and fell between two cars and was run over and instantly killed, the whole top of his head being torn off. He formerly lived in Marshall, Mich.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, January 10.—The steamships Labrador, from New York, and Sarmation, from Portland, have arrived.

QUERQUENTON, January 10.—The steamship Siberia, from Boston, has arrived.

NO NEW FACTS.

CLEVELAND, January 10.—The Coroner jury at Ashland, continued the examination of A. L. Rogers, but no new facts were elicited.

HAYES AND WHEELER.

COLUMBUS, O., January 10.—Hon. Wm. A. Wheeler arrived here to-day, and met Gov. Hayes at dinner this evening.

MEMPHIS, January 10.—A Jackson, Miss., special to the Appeal says that Hon. Wm. Barksdale, member of the House from Grenada, died to-night.

(Markets by Telegraph).

BALTIMORE CATTLE MARKET.

CATTLE.—Fairly active and prices are 1/4 cts lower. Very best \$5 75/8 12 1/2; 1st quality \$4 00/25; medium or good fair quality \$3 25/50; ordinary thin steers, oxen and cows \$3 00/25; 2nd best head sales 1 1/8.

HOGS.—Have been in fair demand at unchanged rates. Range, \$8 00/8 75; Receipts 1,877 head.

SHEEP.—Have been in moderate demand and prices a shade lower. Range, \$4 00/6 00. Receipts 4,968 head.

CHAS. E. DWIGHT, PRACTICAL CHEMIST.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.

ASK FOR ALLCOCK'S, and obtain them, also see our new INVENTIONS.

MUSIC FOLIOS—BEAUTIFUL AND CHEAP.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

W. S. HUTCHINS' MUSIC & ART-STORE.

CRANBERRIES.

New Hampshire Republican State Convention.

CONCORD, January 10.—The Republican State Convention met to-day and nominated Benj. F. Prescott for Governor.

Granville P. Conn was nominated for railroad commissioner.

THE Convention in resolutions views with alarm and indignation the attempt by the Democratic party of the South, to rob the freedmen of their franchise by intimidation, violence and murder; and to secure by illegal and unscrupulous means the election of the last Presidential canvass by the Democrats of the South, in that they undertook by processes that shame our civilization to nullify indirectly the Constitutional amendments adopted to conserve the fruits of the victory of the rebellion, and to overthrow large majorities against them in several of the Southern States; also condemn the attitude of the Democratic leaders, especially of the North, since the Presidential election in striving to secure by illegal and violent means an advantage which does not belong to them, and by such methods to count in Samuel J. Tilden as President of the United States.

THE incendiary appeal and rebellious threats of the Northern Democratic press and newspapers, are such as to put to shame any declaration that has thus far emanated from Southern sources, and are deserving of the severest censure and condemnation. The seventh resolution declares in substance that we have a man who is fully identified with the great principles of the Republican party, and is imbued with the great appreciation of its past services, who is fitted by ability and experience in public affairs, for the responsibilities of the high office of President of the United States, and whose name and career are guarantees of the integrity of the government, and in the interests of the people, upon principles of honest economy, intelligence and fidelity to public trust.

THE eighth resolution declares that it is a matter of especial congratulation that in this trying hour of the nation's peril we have in the President-elect, and distinguished citizen, U. S. Grant, invincible upon the field of battle, he has proved himself equally courageous in the administration of the affairs of the Government, and upon his patriotic honesty, and courage, and hearts of the loyal people of the land rely now, as ever, with unchanging faith and confidence.

HENRY W. BLAIR has been renominated to Congress by the Republicans of the Third Congressional District.

Weather Indications.

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