The Wheeling Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852. WHEELING, WEST VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 23, 1877. VOLUME XXV—NUMBER 231

The Intelligencer.

Intelligencer for the Summer.

Persons leaving the city may have the Intelligencer sent to their address by mail, postage prepaid, for such time as they may desire, at the rate of fifteen cents per week.

☞ The money to pay for the time required must in all cases accompany the order.

AMONG the names mentioned for Bishop of the new Diocese of the Episcopal Church in West Virginia are the following: Rev. Dr. Addison, of Washington, D. C., formerly of Wheeling, W. Va.; Rev. Mr. Greer, of New Jersey; Rev. W. L. Hyland, of Parkersburg, W. Va.; Bishop Hare and Rev. Mr. Eggleston, of Philadelphia.

It is stated that the first Council of the new diocese will be held in Martinsburg.

Death of Capt. Henry Wallace.

We regret to learn of the death of Captain Henry Wallace, which occurred at his residence on La Belle street, yesterday morning. His death resulted from internal injuries sustained by a fall, which occurred on Thursday last. His injuries were not at first deemed serious, but inflamation setting in speedily carried him off. Captain Wallace was one of the original members of the firm of Bailey, Woodward & Co. in the erection of the La Belle Nail Mill, and at the time of his death was still connected with its interests, although not actively so for some years past.

Capt. Wallace was a Pennsylvanian by birth and resided in Pittsburgh, his native town, until the year 1848, when he came to Wheeling, which was just then beginning to attract the attention of iron and nail manufacturers. He was one of the original stockholders and operatives in the Belmont mill, with which he seven[illegible] his connection to become a member [illegible] the La Belle firm, afterward the La [illegible]lle Co., with which latter, as we have [illegible]ted, he was connected at the time of his death and owning a large share of its stock.

Like nearly all the early representatives of the iron business in this city, coming from a free State Capt. Wallace was decidedly anti-slavery in his opinions, and was therefore naturally among the first to embrace and advocate the principles of the Republican party. Being bold and independant in character he did not hesitate to either avow or defend his opinions, and was therefore one of the men who contributed largely to the development of the strong Union sentiment of this city, which for a time had been seemingly cowed by the small but active and rampant secession element.

After retiring from active business, Capt. Wallace gave considerable attention to the study of politics and became well posted upon governmental affairs. He served the city several years as a member of Council, and was noted for his persistent advocacy of an economical administration of municipal affairs. Having become wealthy, he was disposed to give liberally to the aid of any cause which met his approbation. In this category was the Children's Home, of which institution he was the firm friend and liberal patron, and by the Management of that benevolent enterprise his name will be ever held in grateful remembrance. The community at large will warmly sympathize with his family and friends in their bereavement.

Captain Wallace died in the 63d year of his age.

Fireworks.

Fireworks as a constituent element of holiday celebrations seem destined to yield to the inevitable law of profit and loss, and because of their destructive energy to be tabooed as an attractive feature in the commemoration of the glorious Fourth and other distinctive National holidays. One by one in quick succession, cities and large towns, by special enactment, are prohibiting the use of the tumultuous cracker, the sky-piercing rocket, the whirring and whizzing fire wheel, the sputtering, slam banging Roman candle and other loose pyrotechnics, within their corporate limits. These are all so intimately associated and interwoven with the American idea of the largest liberty that the immediate suppression of the noisy nuisance is not to be expected. Still the idea of a more rational and appropriate method of celebrating the birthday of the Republic is progressive, and while the objectionable Chinese feature in a minor degree, will continue in suburban and rural districts, it will gradually fade out, and the explosion of the anniversary cracker and the brilliant pathway of the screaming rocket will be among the sights and sounds unfamiliar to the coming generations.

Bad as is such news for the boys, yet such have been the terrible lessons of destructive experience that even childhood is amenable to their teachings and yields, though reluctantly, to its philosophy. The National Board of Fire Underwriters, which has already commenced a crusade against Fourth of July pyrotechnics, sets forth a startling array of figures, which is well calculated to make city authorities extremely vigilant in suppressing the use of fire crackers and other pyrotechnicalities except in the very mildest form consistent with any display.

We present the figures of the Board:

The invoice value of all the fire-crackers imported since Jan. 1, 1865, is less than $1,500,000, while the loss by only two fires directly occasioned by them was $15,000,000! On one day only of last year the loss traceable to them amounted to 25 per cent of the whole invoice value of the importations in 1875. Every dollar's worth of crackers imported has occasioned a direct loss by fire of upward of $100. The Centennial Fourth of July cost the insurance companies alone $154,574, while the value of the crackers imported during the year was but $160,095. Then fireworks of American manufacture during the ten years from 1866 cost $2,556,000—which has all gone off in smoke.

The fire-cracker, costly as it is, is rather an insignificant amusement. There are few among sensible people who will rush to its defense, and the explosive could not be allowed to speak for itself. Perhaps if we begun by stopping its importation, the public taste might in time give up rockets and serpents and the other fiery fascinations of the Fourth, contenting itself with brass bands, picnics, speeches, orations, processions, bell ringing, illuminations, and other innocent diversions.

THE "City of Brussels" has not yet arrived at port. She left New York on the 21st of April, and has, consequently, been out just thirty-one days to-day. There is no reason, since the news which the City of Richmond brought, to gather any renewed alarm from the continued delay. The steamer is proceeding under sail, with a broken shaft; as such vessels are poor sailers at best it may be a week or two yet before she arrives. The passengers may be put to very great inconvenience, but there is food enough aboard, so that none need starve. The steamer Atlantic, in 1855, was forty-nine days, under the same circumstances, in making the passage.

Still, anxiety will continue until the boat arrives; for people can not but remember other missing steamers which were never found. On the 9th of March, 1841, the steamer "President" left New York, and was never after heard of. Her leading officer was Captain Roberts, the first officer to cross the Atlantic in a steamship, and the first to lose his life in that labor.

On January 19, 1856, the steamer Pacific left Liverpool, for New York, with forty-five passengers, a crew of 141, and a cargo worth two millions. She has never since been heard from—not the faintest trace found—although, as soon as anxiety arose, the British Government sent out two steamers in search of her.

The last case of the kind—the city of Boston—is one with which all are familiar. She left New York on the 25th of January, 1870, and cleared at Halifax for Liverpool, on the 28th, and was never again seen, nor any trace found of her. She carried 112 passengers. It was not until the 4th of June that the Inman Company formally conceded her loss. Vessels taking the Northern route immediately before and after her encountered no ice.

The City of Brussels has on board seventy cabin passengers, most of them being Roman Catholic pilgrims en route to celebrate the Papal anniversary. Gen. Newton, of Hell Gate fame, is also aboard. There are also over a hundred steerage passengers. The total number of persons on board can not fall short of 300—a large number to feed for a month.

BELLAIRE LOCALS.—Mr. Gow, editor of the Bellaire *Leader*, while returning home from a visit to Martin's Ferry, late on Sunday evening last, in a buggy, was confronted by a few desperate villains near Benson's Ferry. These modern highwaymen, in order to carry out their designs, attempted to get possession of the horse's reins, but Mr. Gow, giving the horse a sharp cut of the whip, managed to escape unharmed, and arrived safe at home, but rather frightened at his experience.

Mr. Truxell, a photographer, of this city, left last Monday for Michigan on business.

Several of our citizens were swindled of late by purchasing, as they supposed, fine pieces of English goods from parties who stated they had successfully smuggled a small quantity from Canada, and that in consequence they would offer an extra inducement to purchasers. The oratorial capacities of these Canadian gentlemen are calculated to deceive an angel.

Boggs Island is the haunt of card playing and vices of many other discriptions every Sunday. Marshall county police please take notice.

The ball and entertainment of the Lieder Krantz Singing Society at Zilch's Hall on Monday evening last, received a slim attendance. The weather was sultry and money too scarce.

Temperance meeting to-night at the Presbyterian Church.

Rev. Spence, of the Disciples Church, presented our Reading room with a fine collection of magazines and books.

J. E. D.

Mexican Affairs.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 22.—The popularity of Diaz's administration is apparently increasing.

Senor Zamacona, late a member of the Mexican Commission at Washington, and Senor Romero, ex-Minister of Mexico to the United States, have strongly recommended their friends in the United States to urge the early recognition of Diaz. It is reported that the acknowledgment of Diaz by foreign powers would follow his acknowledgment by the United States. France and England will then be invited to renew their relations.

General Jiminez, has been relieved of the State Governorship, and of all military command, for the outrage on the American Consul at Acapulco.

Four thousand troops have marched to the frontier, where General Escobedo is expected to commence a revolution.

Weather Indications.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23—1 a. m.

PROBABILITIES.

For Lower Lakes and Middle Atlantic States, rising barometer, with stationary or lower temperature, occasional showers and northwest winds.

For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, rising barometer, north winds, clear or partly cloudy weather and stationary or lower temperature.

Political Conspiracy in San Domingo.

HAVANA, May 22.—Advices from San Domingo to the 9th inst. state that a political conspiracy was discovered on the 7th in San Domingo. Thirty persons implicated have been arrested, and others took refuge in different consulates. Subsequently guards were stationed before the dwellings of all consuls, to prevent their further use as asylums. Great consternation prevailed and a revolution seemed imminent.

International British Celebration.

PETERSBURG, VA., May 22.—The grand international British celebration commenced to-day and will last all week. The streets are gaily decorated with British and American flags. Delegations from Canadian cities, Chicago, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore arrived today.

Amicably Settled.

LITTLE ROCK, May 22.—The difference between Col. Newton, of the Pine Bluff *Press*, and Mayor Reynolds, of the same place, which came near resulting in a duel a few days ago, has been amicably settled.

Burned to Death.

POTTSVILLE, PA., May 22.—By an explosion of fire damp in Mine Hill colliery, at Millersville, this morning, two boys, Wm. Edwards and a companion whose name is not known, were burned to death.

Death of a Turkish Consul.

BOSTON, May 22.—Joseph Tasigi, a Turkish Consul of this port, died to-day.

Obituary.

LONDON, May 22.—Sir Mathew Digby Wyatt, the English architect, is dead.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

GENERAL NEWS.

Terrible Disaster at a Shipyard.

Seven workmen Crushed to Death.

Truly a Heartrending Scene.

A Reported Conspiracy to Oust Hayes from the Presidency.

Sam. Tilden as a Political Ghost.

A Canard That's Worn Very Thin.

Fall of a Three-Story House in Chicago.

An Insane Man Runs Away with a Locomotive.

Burning of Chambers & Co.'s Lead Works at Pittsburgh.

WASHINGTON.

Called on the President.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—A delegation of the Baltimore and Philadelphia Conference of the African M. E. Church called on the President this morning for the purpose of paying their respects. They returned their thanks for the consideration manifested by him towards the colored race, and expressed their desire for the success of his administration. The President appropriately replied, and expressed his pleasure at meeting the delegation.

During the interview the chairman of the delegation said to the President: We are not a political body nor are we here to ask any special favors above those given to other citizens, nor are we here to dictate to your Honor, the President. We are here to ask for simple justice. We are here in regard to petitions circulated for the removal of the Marshal of this District. We ask you, Mr. President, to require legal disqualifications, and not that he be removed in order to satisfy the extreme malevolence of party.

Senator Blaine had a talk with the President prior to the meeting of the Cabinet to-day.

BLACK HILLS MAIL ROUTE.

The Postoffice Department to-day contracted with J. H. Warren, of Albany, Wis., for mail service between Paddock, Neb., and Custar City, in the Black Hills, a distance of 260 miles, semi-weekly, from June 1st to September 30th. This will make the sixth mail route into the Black Hills country.

NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS.

At the Cabinet meeting to-day the various appointments were considered, but no conclusion was reached in any case with the exception of Roger S. Green to be Chief Justice of Washington Territory, vice Jas. R. Lewis resigned. A number of territoral appointments were discussed and persons selected for two or three positions in the far West, but their names have not been made public and will not be until they have been notified and informed the Attorney General that they will accept such positions.

DEATH OF A CONSUL.

The Department of State has received information of the death of Louis N. Delastro, Vice Consul of the United States at Tampico, Mexico.

The Department also received information to the effect that a pronunciamento had been issued in the State of Guerrera, in the mountainous regions of Mexico, by the friends of Gov. Alvarez against the central government of Mexico.

Fishing and Fighting.

MEMPHIS, May 22.—At daylight this morning two fishermen named Ellsbury and Robinson on going to their nets on the Arkansas shore, opposite the mouth of Wolf river, caught two negroes named Sam Jefferson and Jim Bailey stealing their fish, and a scuffle ensued, during which Bailey and Jefferson were thrown into the river, and the latter being unable to swim was drowned. Bailey swam ashore, and to-day in company with a lot of his friends gathered around Ellsbury's house, and the latter called on the chief of police for protection, which was afforded and the crowd left.

Baptist Missionary Union.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 22.—The National Baptist anniversaries commenced this morning with a meeting of the American Baptist Missionary Union. The attendance was very large, including clergymen from all parts of the country. The Treasurer's report shows the receipts for the year to be $225,753, expenditures $242,949, balance against the Union $17,225, which with the previous deficiency makes the balance against the Union to be $47,461. There has been an addition to the permanent fund of $13,052, making the entire receipts $238,777.

Lynching of the Negro Pile.

CAIRO, ILL., May 22.—On Sunday evening a party of disguised men went to the jail at Blandville, Kentucky, and, with drawn pistols, demanded and received the keys. They then seized the negro Levi Pile, who attempted to outrage and murder Mrs. C. R. Pile last week, tied a rope around his neck, tied him to a mule and dragged him away to the woods. Nothing further is known, except that his body was found hanging to a tree with several bullet holes in it and the clothing burned off. At last accounts the body was still hanging.

Indian Matters.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—A Portland dispatch says: Gen. Howard has just returned from Waltona Valley, where he has been to adjust troubles with Montrey Nezperces Indians. He reports that the refractory Indians have been compelled to return to the reservation, where they agree to remain with their families. It is believed there will be no further trouble with them. U. S. troops have been distributed through the valley and every precaution taken to insure the safety of settlers.

Reported Conspiracy.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The *Graphic* has a dispatch from Washington to the effect that the postponement of the extra session of Congress was due to the discovery of a conspiracy on the part of Congressmen of both parties, headed by David Dudley Field, to introduce a resolution, declaring Samuel J. Tilden the honest President elect, and inviting him to take his place in the White House.

Louisville Races.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 22.—Beautiful weather, interesting races and an attendance of 10,000 were the features of the Derby day.

Terrible Accident at a Ship Launch.

CHESTER, PA., May 22.—This morning the Saratoga, a large iron steamer which was to be launched at Roach's ship yard, started from its blocking sooner than was expected, killing and wounding many persons. Six bodies have been recovered.

There were about forty men under the Saratoga when she went off. An order was given for them to come out, but it was not heard. The names of the killed as far as known are Edward Fowley, J. Nelson, Charles Wright and Edward Burke. The wounded are George Wolf, Barney Cannon and Walter Parkinson. It is thought that some of the workmen were killed and dragged into the water by the ship. The bodies of the dead are horribly mangled, one being literally cut in halves, and others with their legs and arms torn off. The ship yard is thronged with friends and relatives of the victims, and presents a very distressing scene.

THE DEAD AND WOUNDED.

The total number of the dead in consequence of the accident at the ship-yard is 7. In addition to those already reported J. J. Crew was instantly killed and Geo. O. Woof and Barney Canon died at 11 o'clock this morning. Three persons were wounded, all of whom will recover. All of the killed and wounded were workmen employed at the yards, and were engaged in knocking blocks from under the keel.

A HEARTRENDING SCENE.

The scene during the time the ship was going off was heartrending, men being seen struggling to escape, while huge blocks rolled by the ship and crushed them to a jelly. No assistance could possibly be rendered by those who were standing by. Instead of cheers, which usually greet a launch, a wail of anguish went up and shrieks of pain rent the air. As soon as possible the dead and wounded were carried to the yard office and physicians were summoned. About 1,000 men are employed at the yard and the friends of nearly all of them rushed to inquire for them. Flags are at half-mast throughout the town and work at the yard has been stopped. John Roach has ordered money to be furnished to the families of the killed and wounded.

STATEMENT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

John Fountain, who had entire charge of the Launch, makes the following statement: "I found the ship was ready to move and called for all hands to get out from under before I commenced cutting loose. The men who were down by the after blocking evidently didn't hear the order or didn't obey, as they had fully five minutes to get out from the time the order was given until the ship started. Some of the men remained under, which is frequently the case, to attend to the forward blocking.

All the men who were under the Saratoga, just previously to launching her to-day, have been accounted for. No additional deaths occurred among the injured, and the limits of the number killed may now be set at seven. The inquest will be held to-morrow morning.

The Methodist Convention.

BALTIMORE, May 22.—The Methodist Protestant convention considered the subject of obtaining the Uniform Methodist Hymnal, to be used in all Methodist Churches.

The Committee on Sunday Schools recommended that it be the duty of the pastor to organize Sabbath schools in their churches, and to neglect this important matter, that it be the cause for their removal from the church. Adopted.

The Committee on Revision made a report as regards the trial of a minister. If a minister be suspended and he appeals to a committee for decision, he shall perform the duties of his office while the appeal is pending, and none of the committee or the accuser shall vote on an appeal. If charged with unfaithfulness he shall be granted a trial twenty days after the charge is preferred.

The Committee also recommended that the section in the constitution, relative to the admission to membership remain the same as now. Adopted.

An amendment restricting all persons from admission to membership was lost.

Another Building Falls.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Yesterday afternoon Mulday & Preston's three-story brick block, in process of erection, fell, carrying with it 18 or 20 workmen, killing one and injuring several, some fatally. A high wind was the cause.

ANOTHER MYSTERY.

A young man named Walter Dupuy and a woman named Annie Blade, out rowing on the lake, last night, were overturned and probably both drowned. Their companions in another boat both saw the boat capsize in the distance and could find nothing of the bodies. The affair is another mystery.

Late in the day the man was discovered in the city, but it is not certain that the woman is drowned. Efforts were made to raise her body by firing along the shore in the vicinity of 22d street where the accident occurred, but without success.

Freak of an Insane Man.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—As an engine belonging to the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad was standing on the track on Washington avenue this afternoon, and during the temporary absence of the engineer and fireman, an unknown man jumped upon the engine and started it at full speed towards the river front. Two freight cars which were attached to the engine struck the bumpers at the Washington street wharf with such force that the engine was thrown from the track and the cars ran into the river. The stranger, who was evidently insane, was pitched into the water by the shock and drowned.

The St. Louis Custom House.

ST. LOUIS, May 22.—It was stated in these dispatches a few days ago that reports were in circulation of frauds in the construction of the new Custom House here, and that the United States Grand Jury were examining the matter. It is now known that the evidence before the Grand Jury was of a very flimsy character and wholly insufficient for the jury to base any action upon it. It may therefore be said that the reports in circulation were untrue, and there is no testimony reflecting upon the integrity of any one connected with the Government buildings here.

Convicted Distiller.

ST. LOUIS, May 22.—John C. Simpson, of Oregon county, this State, was convicted in the United States District Court yesterday, of illicit distilling, the jury finding him guilty on all five counts. The indictment sentence was deferred by the court. Simpson is fifty years old; he was County Judge for two years, and has been a Baptist minister for twenty years.

Emigration of the Pool Sellers.

NEW YORK, May 22.—All of the old New York pool sellers have moved to New Jersey, and opened establishments in the different cities near New York. There is no law against betting in New Jersey.

Marine Disaster.

ADELAIDE, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, May 22.—Thirty persons were drowned by the wreck of a vessel, plying between Adelaide and Albany Isles on the northeast coast of Australia.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The War In the Orient.

The Greek About to Attack the Turk.

Bismarck to Take a Look at the French Situation.

Russians Fortifying their Depots on the Coast Line.

Preparing for a Vigorous Attack on Kars.

A Battle in Progress at Adler.

Kossuth Urges an Alliance Between Hungary and Turkey.

WAR NOTES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 22.—The Porte has been inquiring of contractors about the time in which quantities of provisions could be stored in Constantinople.

PREPARING FOR THE PASSAGE.

LONDON, May 22.—A Rustchuk dispatch, dated Monday, has the following: Great preparations are being made by the Russians for an attempt to pass over between Rapova and Nikopolis. They have brought down by rail to the bank pontoon bridges, and small steamers are erecting large fortifications at Islatz. The Turks are fully prepared to resist the attempt.

The *Telegraph's* dispatch from Turtukai Monday evening reports that 42 Russian batallions, three batteries of artillery and some cavlry have just arrived on the opposite side of the river at Altenitza. An attack is expected daily.

The *News'* Galatz special says: Yesterday the Russians were crossing in boats from Ibrail to Ghiacet. They burned the latter place. The Russians have dismounted their Barbouchi fortifications, considering them of no further use, as from Ibrail to the Reni river is sufficiently protected by strong barricades and torpedoes.

An Alexandria dispatch says: The Turkish convoy for the Egyptian contingent arrived on Monday. It consists of the iron-clad frigate Mehomet Ali and a corvette. The troops will embark on Tuesday.

GUARDING ODESSA AND THE COAST LINE.

An Odessa letter states that the Military Commander of the South Coast has taken measures to defend Odessa against Coup de Main, by concentrating there a force of three brigades of infantry, light sotnias Cossacks and six squadrons of light calvary. The thirteenth corpse de arme is to be employed in defense of the coast line, from Otchokoff to Ackerman, according to signals of the Coast Guard. Odessa seems less threatened than Otchokoff. Great care has been bestowed of late on this fortress, which, with the works at Kinburu, protects the entrance to the bay and the mouth of the Dnieper, and consequently Mikolaieff is the only ship building place thereabouts since the destruction of Sebastopol. For some days past Turkish vessels have been cruising there, seemingly with troops on board. Great stores of provisions and ammunition are accumulated at Nikalsieff and in the event of the Turks rendering Otchakoff torpedoes harmless not only these stores and shipbuilding yards but also Kherson and other great towns on the Dnieper basin would be open to them. A Turkish squadron consisting of two monitors, three iron clad frigates, several smaller vessels and a whole flotilla of barques, supposed to have volunteers on board, are cruising in the waters of Sebastopol and Eupatoria. It is reported that this fleet will not be satisfied with bombarding places on the coast, but also means to excite an insurrectionary movement in Crimea. It cannot be denied that a spirit is beginning to show itself in the population which is not calculated to inspire much confidence. The south coast of Crimea is now almost entirely occupied by Mohammedans.

ROUMANIAN DECLARATION.

BUCHAREST, May 22.—The following is the resolution adopted by the Senate and Chamber of Deputies yesterday:

This Chamber takes notice that war is proclaimed between Roumania and Turkey, and declares the connection between the two countries dissolved.

The unanimously desired independence of Roumania thus receives official sanction, and the Chambers count upon the sense of justice of the guaranteeing powers.

TURKISH REINFORCEMENTS.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 22.—Three thousand five hundred Kurds, 12,000 Bashi-Bazouks, five infantry battalions are moving northward from lake Van to join the Turkish forces at Kara-Kalesa. The Turkish detachment which was expected to attack Bayazid has fallen back towards lake Van in a body. The Turkish Chief of Staff was found among the slain at Ardahan.

ERZEROUM, May 22.—The troops comprising the garrison at Ardahan have retreated to Ardausch. The Russian column has left Kagisman to reinforce the central division before Kars.

CONCENTRATING ON KARS.

LONDON, May 22.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that since the capture of Ardahan the Russians appear to be preparing for a vigorous attack on Kars. The Turkish Ministers have resolved to draw no pay during the war.

A BATTLE IN PROGRESS.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 22.—A dispatch dated Sotschi, Tuesday, reports that the Turks attacked the Russian's position at Adler. A severely contested engagement ensued. The Turkish men-of-war have been violently bombarding Adler since 10 o'clock this morning.

MOVEMENTS OF BOTH ARMIES.

LONDON, May 22.—A dispatch from Erzeroum reports that the Russian centre has driven the Turks from their positions at Karade, a village near Kars. All indications betoken that the Russians are making a serious movement on Western Bulgaria. The Danube rose 9 inches between Sunday and Monday. The Servians are making offensive preparations at Saitschar and along the Timok. The Turks have stationed a strong corps of observation at Adlia to guard against a sudden movement from Servia.

It is reported in Vienna that the Servians wish to operate in the direction of Bosnia and against Nisch.

Prince Milan is about to leave Belgrade to visit the Czar at Ploiesti.

A Vienna correspondent learns from Belgrade that the Council of Ministers has resolved that Prince Milan shall inform the Czar that after the Roumanian proclamation of independence Servia cannot maintain neutrality. A similar report is current in Pesth. The Roumanian declaration of independence caused little sensation in Vienna. All the Hungarian papers, however, declare that the hour of action has arrived for Austro-Hungary.

KOSSUTH AGAINST RUSSIA.

A letter from Kossuth is published urging an alliance between Hungary and Turkey to defend their independence against Russia.

A decree is published ordering the formation of two more divisions of Cossacks to reinforce the operating army. The Sultan will in a few days replace Redif Pasha by a more competent war minister.

IN FULL INSURRECTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 22.—The Abschians are in full insurrection and arms have been distributed to them. The Sultan has ordered 20,000 revolvers to be paid for from his own private purse for distribution in Caucassus.

FRANCE.

Clamor Against McMahon.

LONDON, May 22.—A Paris special, reports that the impressions gathered on a visit of investigation to the Artisan quarters of Paris show that Duke de *Broglie is scarcely mentioned in the popular clamor*, all the abuse being heaped on President McMahon.

STILL CHANGING.

PARIS, May 22.—Fresh changes in the prefectoral administration are gazetted affecting 14 departments.

A letter from Senator Krantz is published adhering to the manifesto of the Left, and stating that he will continue to hold the post of Commissary General of the exhibition of 1878 as long as it is compatible with the independence of his vote.

RESTRICTION OF FOREIGN NEWSPAPERS.

PARIS, May 22.—The *Le Temps* states that the circulation of foreign newspapers in France will only be permitted after a minute censorship. Some newly appointed prefects show disinclination to accept posts.

The Radical deputies under Louis Blanc, will draw up a declaration violently inveighing against the ministers, but recommending calmness, prudence and employment of the lawful means to secure triumph of the Republicans.

Kaiser William Recalls Bismarck.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The following specials were published here:

BERLIN, May 22.—It is officially announced that Emperor William has recalled Prince Bismarck to consider the situation in France, and probably to effect a change of ministry upon the relations of France and Germany.

A Berlin special says: Bismarck has arrived here in response to a summons from Emperor William. The Ministerial Council is being held to-day, the Emperor presiding. It is expected that important resolutions regarding the future policy of Germany towards France, will be adopted.

NO SIGNIFICANCE.

BERLIN, May 22.—The arrival of Prince Bismarck in Berlin is not the result of any sudden determination, nor is there any special political reason for it, it having been arranged before hand as a part of the general programme of his journey.

ENGLAND.

Strike of the New Castle Colliers.

NEW CASTLE-ON-THE-TYNE, May 22.—At a meeting to count the votes of the Northumberland colliers as to whether the dispute with the masters should be referred to arbitration, it was overwhelmingly in favor of the strikers. The Northumberland colliers number 25,000.

GREECE AND TURKEY.

PARIS, May 22.—*Le Temps'* Athens special says war between Greece and Turkey is considered inevitable. The Premier at the opening of the session of the Chamber will deliver a speech tending towards war, which it is thought will break out in 20 days at the latest.

FIRE RECORD.

$50,000 Fire.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., May 22.—A fire at Indian town this morning burned Lee's sash factory, Shaw's large carriage factory, and eight or ten dwellings. Loss, $50,000.

$100,000 FIRE.

GLOVERVILLE, N. Y., May 22.—A fire last night destroyed 20 buildings in the heart of the village, also the stock of 46 business men. Loss, $100,000; insurance $60,000.

$25,000 FIRE.

COLUMBUS, O., May 22.—The extensive warehouse of Keyes & Co., in which was stored between 20,000 and 30,000 bushels of corn, was totally destroyed by fire to-night. Loss, $25,000; insurance $7,000.

COLUMBUS, O., May 22.—The passengers arriving on the evening train report that a part of the village of Taylor's station, this county, was destroyed by fire this morning. As far as can be learned, four dwellings, a mill and the railroad station were burned. No particulars have been received.

WHITE LEAD WORKS BURNED.

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 22.—A fire tonight destroyed the extensive white lead works of Messrs. Davis, Chambers & Co., located on the South Side. Loss $100,000; fully insured.

Retired from Business.

CLEVELAND, May 22.—The Residence Fire Insurance Company of this city, organized in 1873 by the leading business men of Cleveland, with a capital of $200,000, has decided to retire from business, and on the 19th reinsured all its old standing risks, composed entirely of dwellings, in the Scottish Commercial Insurance Co., of Glasgow, Scotland.

ABOLISHED.

The German Catholic Association of the United States in Convention to-day decided to abolish the Immigrant Central Committee. The work heretofore done by that committee will now be done by the local societies at the ports of entry. A committee of seven was appointed to report resolutions on the school question to-morrow.

Body Recovered.

DAYTON, O., May 22.—The body of Ernest Kaut, who has been missing for two weeks, was yesterday found in the Miami river, near Franklin. There were marks of violence about his head that lead to a suspicion of foul play, but an examination shows the wounds to have been sustained after death, the body having floated 25 miles in the river. He is supposed to have committed suicide.

Suicide.

ST. LOUIS, May 22.—Louise Bostelman, a young lady, 19 years of age, of highly respected and well to do parents, committed suicide yesterday by throwing herself into a well forty feet deep. Her parents opposition to her marriage with a young man for whom she had strong affection, was the cause.

A Case of Gold Fever.

LITTLE ROCK, May 22.—There is great excitement at Searcy, in White county, over the finding of what is taken to be a gold mine.

Marine News.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—Cleared—Ship Black Hawk, New York.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Arrived—Steamer Bothnia, from Liverpool.

LONDON, May 22.—Steamers Caledonia and Oder, from New York, arrived out.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—Steamship Ohio, from Liverpool, arrived out.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Arrived—Steamer State of Indiana, from Glasgow.

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

WINDSOR, ONT., May 22.—Austin Humphreys, who shot and killed his employer, Frank Appell, the 26 of January last, was hung this morning.

HALIFAQ, May 22.—Four men and three women were drowned at Matagnaw, Cape Briton, on Sunday last by the upsetting of a boat while on their way to Church.

MOVILLE, May 22.—Steamer Alsatia, from New York, arrived out.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, May 22.—MONEY—Closed easy at 2@2½ per cent. *Prime mercantile* paper 3½@4½ per cent. Custom receipts, $190,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed; $268,000. Clearings $15,000,000. Produce exports for the week, $5,518,000. Sterling steady; actual business, long at 4.87¼, short 4.89¾.

GOLD—Steady throughout the day at 106⅜. Loans were made at flat and 1@2 per cent. Specie shipments for to-morrow are estimated at $250,000.

SILVER—At London 54½d. Here, silver bars are quoted at $1 26¾, greenbacks; $1 18½, gold. Silver coin ¾ per cent discount.

GOVERNMENTS—Firm.

United States 6s of 1881, coupons	115½
Five-Twenties (1865) new	111½
Five-Twenties (1867)	111½
Five-Twenties (1868)	116
New Fives	111½
New Four and a halfs	108½
Ten-forties	113½
Ten-forties (coupons)	113½
Currency Sixes	125

RAILROAD BONDS—Strong; Hannibal & St. Joe convertibles sold up to 85.

STATE SECURITIES—Steady, except Louisiana consols, which were weak.

STOCKS—Somewhat irregular but without special feature. The coal shares were strong, Western Union steady and the rest of the list a fraction off from the opening prices. It is announced that the Delaware, Lackawana & Western Railroad Company will, at the regular monthly auction sales next Tuesday, sell 150,000 tons of coal. It is reported the Pennsylvania Coal Company on the same day will sell 70,000 tons. Next Wednesday Delaware & Hudson Canal 100,0000. The H. & N. Railraad, which defaulted in 1875, was sold at auction to-day for $250,000. The transactions aggregated 161,000 shares, of which 4,500 were New York Central, 32 000 Lake Shore, 6,000 Northwestern, 15,000 Rock Island, 22,000 St. Pauls, 51,000 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 9,600 Western Union, 3,000 Pacific Mail and 6,000 Delaware & Hudson Canal.

Western Union	67¾	Northwestern com.	23
Quicksilver	14	Northwestern pfd.	40⅞
Quicksilver pfd	22	C. C. C. & I.	27¼
Pacific Mail	22⅝	Rock Island	94⅝
Mariposa	3½	St. Paul	19⅝
Mariposa preferred	4⅝	St. Paul preferred	40½
Adams Express	93	Wabash	3
Wells, Fargo & Co.	83	Chicago & Alton	81
American	45½	Chicago & Alton pfd	101
United States	40	Ohio & Miss'ippi	5⅝
New York Central	93	Delaware & Lacka.	42¾
Erie	16½	A. & T. Telegraph	21¼
Erie preferred	16	Missou'i Pacific	17½
Harlem	142	Burlington & Quin.	109
Harlem preferred	143	Hannibal & St. Joe.	12¼
Michigan Central	42⅞	Central Pac. bonds	106½
Panama	96	Union Pacific bonds	107½
Union Pacific stock	68	Land Grants	102⅝
Lake Shore	52	Sinking Fund	95⅝
Illinois Central	58¾	Fort Wayne	95¾
Pittsburgh	85½	Terre Haute	7½
New Jersey Central	8	Terre Haute pfd	15

New York.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Cotton—Firmer at 10⅞@11c. Flour—Dull, heavy and lower; No. 2, $4 75@5 75; superfine western and State $6 90@7 10; common to good $7 15@7 40; good to choice $7 45@7 60; white wheat extra $7 60@7 95; fancy $8 00@9 25; extra Ohio $7 15@9 75; St. Louis $7 25@10 75; Minnesota patent process $8 25@11 25. Wheat—Very dull and in buyers' favor; shippers and millers holding off; No. 2 Chicago spring nominally $1 78@1 80; No. 2 Milwaukee $1 85@1 87; winter quiet and nominal. Rye—Quiet; western 87@95c. Barley—Quiet but steady. Malt—Quiet but firm; six rowed State $1 00. Corn—Large business done; ungraded western mixed 59@60c; low mixed 60@61c; steam mixed 60½@63c; white western 65½c; steam yellow 65c. Oats—Heavy; western mixed State 41@66c; white western 42@70c. Hops and Hay—Unchanged. Coffee and Sugar—Unchanged. Molasses—Firm; New Orleans 50@62c; Porto Rico 60@70c. Rice—Steady; demand moderate. Whisky—Quiet but firm at $1 11@1 11½.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—Flour—Inactive; Minnesota family $8 75@9 37½; Pennsylvania $9 50@9 50; Ohio $9 75@10 00; high grades $10 00@12 00. Wheat—Dull; red western $1 75; Pennsylvania $2 00; amber $2 02@2 05. Rye—Easy at 85@87c. Corn—Dull; yellow 65@66c; mixed 64@65c; white 63c; rejected 54c. Oats—White western at 50@51c; Pennsylvania at 52@53c. Seeds—Quiet and unchanged. Butter—Western extra 23@25c. Cheese—Inactive; western fine 13@14c. Eggs—Western fresh 12@13c. Petroleum—Nominal; refined 13¾@13⅞c; crude 10½c Whisky—Firmer; western at $1 11.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Flour—Nominally unchanged. Wheat—Fairly active and a shade higher; No. 2 Chicago spring $1 55@1 56 cash; $1 55½ June; $1 55¼ July; No. 3, $1 40. Corn—Active and a shade higher at 47½c cash; 48⅝@48⅝c June; 51⅝c July. Oats—Firmer at 40c cash; 40½c June. Rye—Dull and lower at 70@71c. Barley—Steady and unchanged. Pork—Quiet and a shade higher at $13 75@13 87½ cash; $13 75 June; $13 87½ July. Lard—Firmer at 9½c cash and June; $9 35@9 37½ July. Bulk Meats—Quiet and unchanged. Whisky—$1 07.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 22.—Cotton—Quiet but steady at 10½c. Flour—Dull and unchanged. Wheat—Quiet and scarce; red $1 75@1 90. Corn—Quiet at 49@53c. Oats—Dull at 43@50c. Rye—Dull at 85c. Barley—Dull and unchanged. Pork—Quiet but firm at $14 75. Lard—Fair demand; steam 9