

ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24 1852.

The Intelligencer.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

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NO KNOWING

WHETHER SESSIONS DID OR DID NOT

Try to Buy Bradley at About Ten Times His Value—Some New Testimony Yesterday—Two More Unsuccessful Ballots.

ALBANY, June 16.—The bribery investigation continued this morning.

Wm. A. Graves, of the firm of Spencer, Trask & Co., testified that Mr. Sessions' account was closed June 7th, by the payment of \$6,616 in currency.

Mr. Brooks asked consent to offer a resolution in the event no election is made for Senators by Monday, June 28, the joint convention will adjourn sine die on that day after one or more ballots have been taken, and with the understanding on the part of the convention that the two houses of the Legislature adjourn on Monday.

Mr. Hustel raised the point of order that it was not in the power of this joint convention to adjourn.

The Lieutenant-Governor decided the point of order well taken—that this joint convention must meet daily until the Legislature adjourns.

A Little One for a Cent. PHILADELPHIA, June 16.—The special committee of the Common Council, appointed to investigate the charges of bribery against councilman Stephen Herse, recommends the expulsion of Herse and handing over the testimony to the District Attorney, to take whatever action he may see fit in regard to the others concerned.

John S. Terrill was laying a drain pipe on his property contrary to law, and attempted to bribe Herse, who returned the bribe to Terrill, but did not report the bribe to the proper authorities.

Heavy Pig Iron Failure in Boston. BOSTON, June 16.—The Advertiser today announces the suspension of the old firm of E. P. Otter & Co., iron dealers, said to be owing to the continued depression in pig iron. The liabilities are between \$600,000 and \$700,000. It is stated the firm has been carrying too much iron and has also been working an iron mine in Virginia and iron foundries in this city, New York, and Pennsylvania, mostly leading farces.

Assemblyman Bradley was recalled and he was asked for the manuscript he wrote in the room where he had met Speaker Sharp.

Mr. Bradley handed it to Counselor Bangs, who read it aloud. It was the same as he had addressed to the Assembly on June 9th, when asking for an investigating committee, had no appointment with Sharp in any way.

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SOME CHANGES

IN THE DIFFERENT DEPARTMENTS.

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REMOVED REASONS

BALTIMORE, June 16.—It is now ascertained beyond a doubt that John King, Jr., First Vice President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and Mr. Keyser, Second Vice President, have resigned their respective offices.

The case of the resignation of Messrs. King and Keyser is not certainly known, but it is stated here that it grows out of disagreements between them and Robert Garrett, son of President Garrett, Third Vice President of the Company.

Neither King or Keyser will admit that they have resigned, but inasmuch as they do not deny it, the presumption is that they have tendered their withdrawals.

How the matter will terminate is not known, as nobody seems to be in a position to disclose the facts.

A DENIAL FROM MR. KING. BALTIMORE, June 16.—The special Di-Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

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WHAT WE GROW

AND WHERE WE GROW IT, FOUND OUT

By Special Agent Dodge of the Census Bureau—An Unprecedented Advance in the Production in the Last Decade.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The Census office to-day issued the report of J. R. Dodge, special agent for the collection of statistics of agriculture, giving the result of the first count of the area and product of cereals of several States and Territories. Mr. Dodge says that it is the census taken in 1880 of the crops of 1879 and the acreage on which they were grown. It is given in comparison with the production of 1869 reported in the census of 1870.

The supplementary and corrected returns may slightly change these aggregates in the final publication.

The most striking suggestion of these figures is the unprecedented advance in the production during the last decade, amounting to nearly 100 per cent for all kinds taken together, while the increase of the ten years preceding was but 12 per cent. This wide difference is largely real, from obvious causes, though in part only apparent by reason of the partial failure of the corn crop of 1869 and the heavy yield of 1870. The cereal increase between 1869 and 1880 of the great agricultural growth was 43 per cent, as reported by the census.

The acreage of the crops, now for the first time given by the census, will in the future prevent the misleading effect of a very low and of excessive production in the census year.

The gain apparent in corn is 133 per cent, the gain in wheat 73 per cent, in Illinois, Iowa and Kansas, more than the great corn in 1869. The advance in Illinois, from 129,921,395 bushels to 327,796,895 bushels is in part the result of an extension of her area, but is largely due to the fact that the crop of 1869 was a partial failure by reason of drought. The five-fold increase in Kansas is caused by heavy immigration and cheap fertile lands; and a still higher rate of increase from similar causes is noted in Nebraska, yet both these States there was a belt of low yield from drought and grasshoppers.

Cotton States show a gain of about forty per cent since 1870. The low ratio between the figures of area and product in general of these States is partly explained by the exceptional prevalence of the cotton in the more southern portions.

The Pacific Coast region is not especially well suited to this crop, but exhibits as credible an increase in fair proportion to the advance in population as was expected, the gain being but small extension in the cultivated area.

What is comparatively steady and the rapid increase of wheat growing is shown by a comparison with former enumerations, the gain being 73 per cent in the last decade and 66 and 60 respectively in those immediately preceding. All the States and Territories, except Florida and Wyoming, include wheat in their reports.

Several States on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts show a diminished production. Seventy-sixths of the entire crop is produced in nine States in the following order of precedence: Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, California, Missouri and Wisconsin.

There has been for several years an increasing interest in wheat culture in all Southern States, especially in the Piedmont regions of Carolina and Georgia, and in the northern central counties of Texas, and there has been a disposition to experiment in the more southern portion of the cotton belt, even in Louisiana and Florida, confined in the former State to northern parishes on the uplands between Wichita and the Red river. The low rate of yield in the Southern States may be attributed to the inferior soil or unfavorable climatic condition, but to the practice of using wheat fields for winter pasture, a consideration often deemed more important than harvesting ripened grain. The season of 1879 was also a failure in product, in fact, in this section, the average yield being but five or six bushels in several of these States.

Oats.—The production of oats has been extended mainly in the West and South. Forty-fourths of the area of this crop, with only a small extension in the States of Illinois, Iowa, New York and Pennsylvania. Heretofore it has been an unpromising and unpopular crop in the Southern latitude, being extremely liable to blight, until the introduction of the new varieties and the practice of fall sowing for winter pasture.

Barley—California and New York still produce nearly half the crop. Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota have made the heaviest increase, and now produce the greater part of the remaining half. It is being no appreciable advance in the South.

The increase in rye has been only 17 per cent, showing a decline in the production in proportion to the population. Pennsylvania, Illinois and New York still produce about half the crop.

Buckwheat.—The increased production of this minor cereal has not been in proportion to the advance in population, as in 1870. It is scarcely grown in the South, and is not altogether done to the north of the crop being the product of New York and Pennsylvania.

In California, Oregon, Washington Territory and Alaska a number of persons are engaged in the silver business, which by 1880 aggregate \$16,745, employing 5,546 persons and having a value of \$58,146. The capital invested in vessels, boats, apparatus, outfits and buildings and apparatus of manufacture was \$2,748,383. The total value of the product was \$9,548,277.

Drowned Dead—On Fire. BRADFORD, Pa., June 16.—Myron E. Wink, a drifter who has been living in the Bradford region two years, fell dead on Main street this afternoon. He was unmarried. The cause of his death is unexplained. A post mortem will be held tomorrow.

During a violent storm at midnight the lightning is reported to have struck a twenty-five thousand barrel iron tank, full of oil, at the State Arsenal. The storm is in progress and men have been sent out to ascertain the truth of the report.

REMARKS ON THE RIVER. PITTSBURGH, June 16.—River 7 feet 4 inches, and stationary. Weather clear and warm.

CAIRO, June 16.—Arrived: Sidney B. Lowry; Harry Brun, New Orleans; departed: Jay Gould, St. Louis; Sidney Pittsburg; Andy Mum, Cincinnati; River 24 feet and rising. Weather clear. Thermometer 95°.

CINCINNATI, June 16.—River 33 feet 6 inches, and falling. Weather fair and sultry. Arrived: Perry C. Brown, New Orleans; departed: Kate Stockdale, Pittsburgh; Virgin Lee, Evansville; Shinkle, Memphis; Silver Gull, Tennessee River.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—Arrived: George and John, Chicago; Tamm, St. Paul; New York; departed: Perry C. Brown, New Orleans; Weather clear and sultry. River falling. Inch: 32 feet 4 inches by the gauge. Weather clear and exceedingly warm.

LOUISVILLE, June 16.—River stationary with 11 feet 4 inches in the canal and 9 feet 10 inches in the chute on the falls. Arrived: Perry C. Brown, New Orleans; departed: Kate Stockdale, Pittsburgh; Virgin Lee, Evansville; Shinkle, Memphis; Silver Gull, Tennessee River.

MONTECAL, June 16.—Steps have been taken by business men to form an Anglo-American cable company and lay a cable for exclusive use between England and Canada.

HAMBOURG, June 16.—The House of Burgesses adopted a treaty incorporating Hamburg in the Republic, by a vote of 100 to 45.

WICKED WOMEN. DANVILLE, Va., June 16.—In a fight to-day among women Minnie Harris (white) got the best of Kate Cyan (colored).

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