

The Intelligencer.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

Persons leaving the city during the summer can have the DAILY INTELLIGENCER forwarded to their address for any time, and to any locality desired, at the rate of fifty cents per week, postage prepaid by us.

FRANCE is behaving like a bull in a China shop. Look out there, Judge Brannon! We are going to shoot.

HARMONY and a winning man, gentleman of the First District Convention.

MR. BLAINE is a Protestant, but he doesn't divide up his countrymen by race or religion.

A FIRST-CLASS man will hold the First Congressional District up to a handsome Republican majority.

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND ought to be allowed to try it again. Consider, if you please, his inexperience.

If General Goff had been in the field he would have had a renomination without question. He is not in the field.

SPEAKING OF SUMMER resorts, where will the landlady's resort after this brief and unprofitable summer has ended?

GENERAL ANTONIOM JONADAB WARNER, you ought to know whether the following piece is loaded before you try with it.

ANOTHER gas well, this time in Washington county, Pa. Wheeling wasn't let all of these sporters get away from her.

They will be likely to get enough of this Know-Nothing business before they get through with it. Maybe they are through with it now.

These are lullaby days. The campaign season has closed and the fairs have not yet begun. For a brief space there is peace.

If the Democracy is really the friend of the workman it will reconvene Mr. Cleveland and ask him his views on the tariff question.

BREKIDLE SAYS, after the first vacation since he was twenty years old, has required in Wall street to crack jokes as of yore. This means trouble for somebody.

If there is less money than usual in the campaign this year perhaps there will be more honesty. Men don't concoct a Money letter without a valuable consideration.

The Register of Jefferson county, Ohio, has just entered on its third year with indications that it is meeting with the recognition which its freshness and reliability merit.

The newspapers are telling of a Jersey farmer who caught a bull by the horns and got sick of the pastime. Let's see—didn't some able Democrats begin to compare "moral character"?

Our friends elsewhere, needn't believe that the prospects of the Democratic party in West Virginia are bright. West Virginia Democrats don't believe it themselves. If they do, why are they begging for money to save them or their parish?

It is somebody's duty to see that avenging poles do not hang so close to strike polestars. A gentleman walking on Main street in broad daylight ran against the end of one of these poles and bruised himself terribly very near the eye. At least the danger is obviously greater. No avenging pole ought to be so low as to be a constant danger. It is better to take this matter in hand before there is a suit for damages.

The highly entertaining and now celebrated article of the Register of July 16 is reproduced on another page. It is an arraignment of Democratic administration by the leading Democratic newspaper of the State. It is not a "radical assault." The Register cannot be suspected of recklessly assailing a pure and good Government for partisan purposes. If the article is as hard on the Bourbon party as anything that has appeared in a Republican newspaper, that is the fault of the party which has abused its opportunities and offended good citizens of all parties.

An interview with an INTELLIGENCER correspondent Mr. Robert J. Simpson, of Weston, reviews at length and in detail the Know-Nothing, anti-Catholic charges against Mr. Blaine. Mr. Simpson, himself a Catholic, has been at the pains to make a full investigation, with what result the interviewer relates. The charge was refused to begin with. A man who had refused to deny that he is a Catholic because he was unwilling to so much as seem to cast reproach on his mother's religion, was not likely to make war on professors of that faith.

This, like the other charges against Mr. Blaine, testifies to the Democratic appreciation of his popular strength—a strength which grows every day. The opposition has assaulted him at every point. Not satisfied with opening fire on him as a public man, Democratic campaigners and Independent doughfaces have invaded his home and sought to erect a horror on his hearthstone. All to no effect. Mud has been flung by the ton, and not so much as a particle sticks.

A Court martial Postponed. WASHINGTON, August 27.—The President has directed a postponement of the general court martial of Judge Advocate General Swain and Col. Morrow from September 10 to November 15. This action was taken by request of Gen. Swain. The reason given is that the principal counsel, Gen. Calhoun of Indiana, will be unable to attend to the case before November.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer. WESTON, W. VA., August 25.—The article which appeared in yesterday's Wheeling Register, alleging that Mr. Blaine had been not only a member of the Know-Nothing organization, but that he was one of the parties who aided in the outrages upon Catholics in Maine in 1854, was "meant" for the hungry Democracy here. The leading members of the party read it over and over to each other; and if an Irishman could be found, his life was shortened by many days by the incessant chatter about Blaine's Know-Nothingism. In Lewis, Upshur and Braxton there are large settlements of intelligent and prosperous Irishmen. They came here, mainly before the war, and by industry and economy have acquired in most instances, ease and competence for themselves and good property for their children. Most of them, during the war were for the Union, but after hostilities ended, a majority drifted back to the Democracy. But this campaign has opened their eyes to many facts which make them like Irish-Americans all over the land, independent voters. They announce their intention of thinking for themselves and voting as they please. Hence the eagerness of the Democracy to prove, if they can, that Mr. Blaine, in years gone by, was in the same "know-nothing" band with John N. Camden, Henry G. Davis, and a host of other now eminent "Democrats."

ROBERT J. SIMPSON, ESQ., a native West Virginian. He is at the front of the Lewis county bar, and as a citizen and a lawyer, he commands the esteem of our people, regardless of party. From his youth up, until within a year or so past, Mr. Simpson was identified with the Democracy; but a close study of the two parties on the question of the tariff, led him into line with James G. Blaine and the Republican party. He is now chairman of the Republican County Committee, and is so far in his discussions, notwithstanding his fearless and aggressive earnestness, that wherever he is known, he is hailed as a man of high character and high ability. His views on the tariff are sound, and his opinions on the rights of others, lend to his utterances a weight which does not attach to the vapors of a windy and unscrupulous politician. Like other Catholics, the question is a matter of course.

"WAS MR. BLAINE A KNOW-NOTHING?" He is really the enemy of the religion so dear to every Catholic? With his usual liberality, Mr. Simpson quietly informed himself upon these questions, and answers them as an intelligent gentleman who knows whereof he speaks. Knowing that he had been giving the matter some attention, your reporter called on him at his law office, yesterday, and exhibiting the big headlines of the Register of the 25th, he asked him to speak in the article, and if so, would he be kind enough to give his ideas concerning it, and any other information on the subject, which he had been able to gather.

MR. SIMPSON'S REPLY. "Yes, sir," said the lawyer. "I have just read the article you speak of, charging Mr. Blaine with having been a Know-Nothing. It is taken from the Catholic Columbian, which paper, I observe, credits it to the Springfield Herald—a non-Catholic paper. I notice no endorsement of the article, editorially, by the Columbian. The writer is so inaccurate in regard to dates that he has misled himself; and his article will do more harm to the cause of the people than it will do to the cause of the Know-Nothing organization. For my own information, some time since, I wrote to Mr. Stevens, asking him if Mr. Blaine was ever a Know-Nothing. I here hand you the reply received:

MR. STEVENS' ANSWER. "AGUSTA, ME., August 16, 1884. "Dear Sir: Yours of August 12 received. I have looked carefully at the main points of your inquiry. Without hesitation or reservation I answer that James G. Blaine was never a member of the Know-Nothing organization; and never had any sympathy with its distinctive doctrines. I have been intimately acquainted with Mr. Blaine nearly thirty years; and at that period I never knew him to express either a disapprobation of the distinctive doctrines of the Know-Nothings.

"Yours truly, "JOHN L. STEVENS."

GOOD ENOUGH EVIDENCE. Now it would seem to me that the testimony of Mr. Stevens, a nominal member of the Know-Nothing Lodge of Augusta, that an associate and fellow-townsmen was not a member of that lodge, is of the highest authority. So, also, is the testimony of an editor, that his associate was opposed to the doctrines of an organization whose principles and proceedings were discussed in their paper. But for the sake of certainty, let us grant to our Democratic friends that they are not bound to believe Mr. Stevens. They are surely bound, as conscientious men, not to represent and misrepresent facts. The article in the Register implies that the Kentucky Journal was a violent Know-Nothing sheet, and says that Mr. Blaine piloted it into that course in 1854, and that his writings brought about the indecent treatment of Father Bapst. The article says, also, that the outrage occurred in 1850.

Now, how was it? In 1854, Mr. Anson P. Morrill was nominated for Governor of Maine by one faction of the Whig party; and after his nomination he was endorsed by the Know-Nothing. The regular Whig party nominated Isaac Reed. All persons well-informed on the subject, I think, admit that the Kennebec Journal ostensibly supported the regular Whig candidate; but it is charged that it privately aided Anson P. Morrill. Let us grant that it did. But right here the Register article makes a mistake. It says that Blaine was the editor of the Kennebec Journal during the entire year, 1854. The Herald is bitterly opposing Blaine, and it is not likely that it or its correspondents would state anything favorable to him, except they were forced to do so by stern facts.

THE STRIKE. Mr. Simpson, that you will recall, said that the Know-Nothing, as exhibited in the National elections of 1850 and 1852, was confined—so far as success is concerned—to the South exclusively.

Now, I think, then, Mr. Simpson, that there is no truth in the charge against Blaine, that he was a Know-Nothing?

"I see no evidence sufficient to sustain the charge. All the worthy testimony is the other way. I left Mr. Simpson, after thanking him for the information he had so kindly furnished; and I trust that all Catholics, who have been misled in this matter, will either take the course he has pursued—investigate it for themselves—or address him on the subject. He is free, able and willing to defend Mr. Blaine against all such assaults as those attempted to be made against him in yesterday's Register.

Struck a Flag Pole. CAMB, ILL., August 27.—During a heavy storm this afternoon the lightning struck a large flag pole, falling 10 to the ground. The pole fell across the Western Union telegraph line, causing considerable damage. No one hurt.

THE FIRST DISTRICT CONVENTION, NEW MARTINSVILLE.

The Advance Guard Arrives—The Word Given out that Goff will be a Candidate—Hubbard's Chances Looking Up—News and Gossip Picked Up.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer. NEW MARTINSVILLE, W. VA., August 27.—The preliminary arrangements for the holding of to-morrow's convention are precisely the same as those of the last one. The convention will be held in Nuzum and Stumam's mill. It is by all odds the most comfortable place in the town, his only drawback being its size. However that was no drawback last week, as it was fully up to the requisitions of the crowd present. Beer arrangements were then made for fifteen hundred and only five hundred or less were present. To-morrow, few persons beyond the delegates are expected. A meeting will be held in the afternoon, which Col. B. Caldwell, B. D. Dovenor, C. B. Hart, John A. Hutchinson and possibly Judge Maxwell will speak. Much anxiety is felt here among Democratic leaders, on account of the local ticket. There are several districts in the county, in feeling, in distinction toward some of the gentlemen on the ticket, and it is claimed that this is widening every day and becoming more pronounced. Major Ed. McConnell, of Burton, is associated with Judge J. E. McElldowney, for Clerk of the Circuit Court, is not altogether pleased with the manner of his "late arrival," and is said to be very sulky. There is also much dissatisfaction with Col. B. Caldwell, the candidate for Sheriff. The "New Martinsville ring" is held responsible for several of these nominations, and an effort will be made to drop a hint or two this time. The Republicans have made strong local nominations, and are doing all in their power to aid them. All are hopeful of success and a vigorous contest is going on.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION. None of the delegates have come in at this writing, and very few are expected this evening. The Wetzel delegates, Mr. J. W. McIntire informs me, are a unit for Willard to know. He says that they were so glibly in favor of Gen. Goff.

"Well, he has a large personal following in this county and will besides attract many Democratic voters in several districts. He is thought to be a strong man in the whole district. Personally, I feel very favorable to Mr. W. P. Hubbard. I think he is a man of the very highest qualifications and would make an admirable Congressman. If Goff is not in the ticket, I think the delegates will come over to Mr. Hubbard."

Col. H. S. Hering came down as far as Moundsville to-night. He says until there is not the spectre of a chance for Goff will be left to himself. I asked him why he nominated him, and he said that he was in favor of the nomination. He is a man of high character and ability, and would make an admirable Congressman. If Goff is not in the ticket, I think the delegates will come over to Mr. Hubbard."

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HE TAKES HIS SCALP.

WARNER WORRIED AND WORSTED. In Joint Debate by Colonel J. D. Taylor. Adoniram Jonadab Allows his Bad Temper to Get Away with him While Taylor Gets Away with the Crowd.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CAMBRIDGE, O., August 27.—Col. J. D. Taylor has met Adoniram Jonadab Warner on the platform in joint discussion and the doughty gentleman is his. Five thousand voters from all over the district, at least a thousand of whom were soldiers, were in attendance at the joint debate here today to learn for themselves how the candidates of the two great parties for Congress in the Seventeenth district stood on the Pension question and on matters pointing to the interests of the Union soldiers. This is a close district, with the preponderance in favor of the Democrats, but the soldier vote holds the balance of power. Hence the matter of Pension and Bounties has been made the supreme issue.

Col. Taylor scored a signal victory today. Gen. Warner became ill-tempered and abusive and gave his cause away at the close of the first hour's debate. Col. Taylor was hoisted upon the shoulders of the crowd and carried through a shouting chorus of approving soldiers and friends. The soldiers are with him and the prospect for his election is ten times brighter than before the discussion. The ovation with which he has been greeted all day has never before been accorded so heartily to any man in Cambridge.

REPRESENTATIVE TAYLOR. Ohio is safe if a Full Vote is Brought Out—His Own District. PHILADELPHIA, August 27.—A Washington dispatch to the Press says: Representative J. D. Taylor, of Ohio, who has been renominated for Congress, has been in the city for several days. By the redistribution of the State by the Democratic Legislature, Mr. Taylor finds his district changed from a strong Republican district to an equally strong Democratic one. General Warner, who now represents the Fifteenth District of Ohio in Congress, is Mr. Taylor's opponent. Speaking of the political situation in Ohio, Mr. Taylor said to the Press correspondent that he believed the Republicans would certainly carry that State, both in October and November.

"If the full vote is brought out," he said, "I will carry the State by a large majority. While I am confident that the State will be carried by the Democrats, the organization is good. There is a great deal of enthusiasm among the Republicans in all sections of the State. The meetings are all large, and the speakers are all of the highest quality. I noticed more men at the meetings this year than I have ever seen at political gatherings since the war."

Mr. Taylor attributes the defeat of the Republican party in Ohio last year to the use of large sums of money by the Democrats and the success of the wool growers upon the reduction of the duty on wool. He says the defeat of Converse, the champion of the wool growers, was due to the nomination of Frank Hurd, an avowed free trader, who showed the position of the Democratic party on the tariff, and will be worth thousands of votes to the Republican party in Ohio next year. He says that the Prohibitionists will not vote for the wool growers, but that the wool growers will vote for the Democrats, and will vote for the election of Blaine to St. John.

THE TAIL OF THE TICKET. Thinks Cleveland Should not be Withdrawn—A Hopeless Cause. DEERFIELD, IOWA, August 27.—The Herald will publish to-morrow the following letter from ex-Governor Hendricks, received by a citizen of this city in answer to an inquiry concerning rumors affecting a change in the National Democratic ticket, consequent upon the reports published against Governor Cleveland:

INDIANAPOLIS, August 27.—I have your letter of the 19th inst. I cannot consider with favor your suggestions of a change in the National ticket. The action of the convention cannot now be reconsidered. I do not agree with you in respect to the probable result. I think the Prohibitionists are favorable to the success of our ticket. The Cleveland scandal will not have weight with the people, and might do us more harm than good. It is unnecessary to repeat the contents of the Times Governor Cleveland has stood the test of a popular canvass; once for the office of Mayor of his own city, and each time he received the endorsement of his constituents by a vote largely above his party strength. Whatever there may have been of the scandal existing before, it is not just either to him or the people now to revive it. The public welfare requires that he be left to his public record; by his candor and fitness for a discharge of responsible and important public duties, and not by an old and exploded private slander. Yours, T. A. HENDRICKS.

SHUT UP IN AN INSANE ASYLUM. How a Hurdle of Relatives Sought to Deprive a Wealthy Woman of Her Money. NEW YORK, August 27.—Lawyer Leonard, who acted in behalf of Henry Prouse Cooper when that gentleman was confined in a private insane asylum at Flushing, L. I., known as Sandford Hall, of which Dr. Josiah W. Earlow is in charge, made application to-day to Justice Bartlett, of the Supreme Court chambers for a writ of habeas corpus in behalf of Mrs. Henrietta Wylie. Mr. Leonard said that his client was unduly restrained from her liberty in Sandford Hall and wished to have her produced in court so that it might be her own choice as to whether she would be discharged. He said that Mrs. Wylie was a woman of wealth, with an income of many thousand dollars, and that she had been held a large portion of her life in the insane asylum. He said that she had been held there for the purpose of securing her property for her relatives, who had a reversionary interest in the estate. He said that she had been held there for the purpose of securing her property for her relatives, who had a reversionary interest in the estate.

NEWS IN BRIEF. Eighteen thousand persons attended the Gruggers picnic at Williams Grove, near Harrisburg, Pa., yesterday. Senator Pomeroy, nominee of the American party for President, has withdrawn in favor of St. John. The Baltimore & Ohio railroad elevator at Sandusky, O., containing 2,000 bushels of wheat was completely destroyed by fire last night, caused by a hot box which the machinery was in motion. Yesterday Joe Bayard, colored, aged 18, was hung on a gallows, in the presence of 3,000 people, for raping a white girl named Mary Agnes, 17 years of age. Bayard on the gallows made a speech warning the spectators against loose company and crime.

NEW CUMBERLAND. The Republicans Wakened Up—A Roaring Meeting Tuesday Night. Correspondence of the Intelligencer. NEW CUMBERLAND, W. VA., August 27.—The Hancock county Republicans are stirring ready for the fray, but, owing to the extreme apathy upon the part of the Democracy it seems like a useless thing to exercise ourselves to any particular degree of enthusiasm. The opposition here have become so thoroughly disgusted with

AT WAR IN EARNEST.

FRANCO-CHINESE "DIFFICULTY." Result of the Bombardment of Foo Chow. The Chinese Troops Suddenly Swoop on the French Troops in Tonquin and Annihilate the Army.

LONDON, August 27.—English circles interested in commercial relations with China are denouncing the advisability of presenting a memorial to Earl Granville, Secretary of Foreign Affairs. This would urge the Foreign Department to co-operate with America and Germany in representing to France the serious injury which will be inflicted upon trade by interfering with the Chinese treaty ports.

A dispatch of to-day from Shanghai to Reuters' agency says the French loss in the bombardment of Foo Chow was seven killed and fourteen wounded. The Chinese loss is estimated at one thousand killed and three thousand wounded. The Chinese man-of-war Yangtsu was exploded by a torpedo after it had fired a broadside at a French torpedo boat. The boiler of the latter was then exploded by hand grenades thrown from the Yangtsu, after which the French boat was sunk by the Yalta to prevent its being captured by the Chinese. The French are expected to occupy the heights commanding the pagoda anchorage. It is reported that there are 75,000 Chinese troops in the vicinity of Foo Chow. According to reports received at Sontay 80,000 Chinese troops invaded Tonquin, and have had an engagement with the French. In this battle, it is asserted, the French were annihilated, while several thousand Chinese were killed.

LONDON, August 27.—A telegram just received from Shanghai states that 80,000 Chinese troops who had been secretly massed on the frontier suddenly invaded Tonquin, and after desperate fighting completely annihilated the French troops in that province, the Chinese losing several thousand killed during the different engagements which followed in quick succession. The French were taken by surprise and were unprepared for such an onslaught. Beyond the information given above nothing further is known.

LONDON, August 27.—A Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says: A telegram from China states the French landed 5,000 troops at Keelung and took possession without opposition. The Times' Foo Chow despatch, dated August 27, in the evening says: Admiral Courbet has been engaged in the bombardment of the King Pai forts. He will probably make an attack in force to-morrow. The fall of the forts is certain as they are so constructed that they cannot reply with a fire directed up stream.

Bombardment of Foo Chow. LONDON, August 27.—The official report of the bombardment of Foo Chow, on Saturday, was received from Admiral Courbet to-day, and is as follows: Foo Chow, August 24.—A good beginning was made. We opened fire yesterday, and in four hours nine Chinese men-of-war and twelve junks were sunk, and the Krupp battery, commanding the arsenal, was silenced. Our loss was six killed and twenty-seven wounded. The fleet suffered no serious damage, except the boiler of a torpedo boat burst. During the fight the fleet was beset by burning wrecks and logs. The torpedo cutters will clear all this away to-day, and afterwards will bombard the arsenal. We shall not leave the river before the 29th or 30th. Officers and men are animated with the greatest ardor.

Rebels Defeated by Gordon. CAMB, ILL., August 27.—News has been received here to the effect that a large force of rebels attacked Gen. Gordon's position at Khartoum on the 11th instant, and after fierce fighting they were driven back with a heavy loss, two of the rebel leaders being killed during the engagement.

Major Kitchener telegrams from Donggala says brought in the report that Gordon had killed a large number of rebels on August 11, and that two rebel leaders were killed in the engagement.

What France Will do. PARIS, August 27.—La Presse Berlin correspondent attributes the attitude of Germany towards England and France to Germany's designs upon Holland. He has reason to believe that the Emperor will declare war against France. Measures will be taken to provision the French fleet in the event of the English ports being closed, and the French will work the mines of Kiating and China pays the indemnity demanded.

The Miners' Strike. PITTSBURGH, August 27.—The Commercial Gazette's Coal Centre, Pa., special says: From two to three hundred miners paraded the streets of Greensfield early this morning, and marched to Newburg, but were ordered off. They halted a short distance away and as the men went to work details of strikers met them and endeavored to persuade them to join the strike. One man, however, who had been a member of the union, but who had not come out, and the miners replied, "We will bring you out, if you don't come willingly." Trouble is feared to-morrow, as Deputy Sheriff Kitching says that the men, confident themselves as they did, were ordered off the whole crowd under arrest. The miners intimate that they will not submit to any more of their members being arrested on the conspiracy charge, and lively scenes are anticipated if McClure attempts to put his threat into execution. Another camp will be established in the Third pool to-morrow.

Killed by His Stepson. DELAWARE, O., August 27.—Last night a fatal affair took place near Ashley. William Vanness was stabbed to death by his stepson, S. Miller. Vanness has been exceedingly quarrelsome, often abusing the family, and especially this son. Yesterday Vanness went to the village and filled up with very bad whiskey and returned home terribly drunk. He assaulted his stepson, and when the boy was cornered and could no longer resist the terrible onslaught of the father, he drew a knife and stabbed Vanness in the breast, from which he soon died.

Not For Sale. RACINE, Wis., August 27.—Mr. Case authorizes the following statement with reference to various rumors that have been floated as to whether or not he has been buying Jay-Eye-See: No one has the option from him to buy Jay-Eye-See. He is not for sale.

MARRIED. McCONAHY-HARTSTEN.—On Wednesday evening, August 27, at 7 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's parents in Wheeling, the marriage of Mr. John McConahy and Miss M. E. Hartsten, of Wheeling, was celebrated.

STEAMER PARTIALLY BURNED.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CHARLESTON, W. VA., August 27.—The steamer Boone, now lying at this wharf, caught fire in a mattress in one of the staterooms this evening and damaged the boat about \$200. The origin of the fire is not known, but the city fire department turned out to extinguish it. It is thought that the fire was caused by the flames in a short time.

APHRODISIAC MERCHANT'S CRIME. Many Forgeries Traced to the Hand of a Wealthy Merchant. NEW YORK, August 27.—A handsome man, about forty-four years old, five feet ten inches in height, with thick grayish mustache and beard, was escorted to the police station by the Old Slip at 5 o'clock this afternoon by four men all locked up. The prisoner was Joseph M. Pease, an importer of West Indian and foreign fruits at No. 83 Beaver street. His escort consisted of Detective Robert Pinkerton, Captain Caffrey, Detective Charles Hagan, Mechanic William Cox, the plaintiff in the mechanical suit, No. 93 Wall street. Mr. Cox had complained against the fruit importer for forgery, naming three specific instances of the crime. Mr. Pease seemed overwhelmed by his arrest, and confessed that he had used the bank's regular questions to induce an answer to the questions which had been asked. When Captain Caffrey reached him he took a number of papers from his pockets, and also a can-opener. He laid the can-opener down on the desk, but the other prisoner did not touch it. Mr. Pease could not find it. He went down to Pease's cell, and searching him, discovered the missing article. He had managed to repress himself off it surreptitiously.

Mr. Pease is a well-known merchant, and his father founded the house and business at No. 83 Beaver street and carried it on successfully. His son was associated with his father in the business, and was one of the oldest and most respected of the depositors in the Mechanics Bank. Less than a week ago, however, Mr. Cox learned that his father-in-law had died, and he was surprised to find that the bank's regular questions to induce an answer to the questions which had been asked. When Captain Caffrey reached him he took a number of papers from his pockets, and also a can-opener. He laid the can-opener down on the desk, but the other prisoner did not touch