The Wheeling Daily Intelligencer.

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The Intelligencer.

Office: Nos. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

WELCOME to the next President.

BLAINE will be a vigorous and safe President.

ANOTHER name for Blaine is Protection to American Industry.

HONEST Democratic newspapers don't pretend that theirs is a party of protection.

WEST VIRGINIA is proud to do honor to Garfield's beloved friend and Secretary of State.

No man of the age has such a following as James G. Blaine commands. The people believe in him.

LITTLE Bellaire beat Wheeling on the demonstration. It is fair to say that Bellaire had the advantage of a bigger attraction.

Do we hear any able West Virginia Democratic howling about the crushing surplus in the Treasury of West Virginia?

MR. E. WILLIS WILSON hasn't been able to explain away the odious reassessment order. The farmers don't relish the idea of taxation without legislation.

IN West Virginia we have the interesting spectacle of a State which is forbidden to have a debt and yet runs further into debt every year. The Democratic party understands how to make the law bow to its necessities.

CONGRESSMAN FINNERTY'S reasons why he is opposed to Cleveland might have a very beneficial effect upon his countrymen in this State. He has an Irishman's repugnance to hypocrisy and knows how to express his ideas on the subject.

HENDRICKS' subsided into his normal condition at the approach of the Plumed Knight. The people are quick and unerring in their instincts, and in this instance were very sudden in their relegation of the anti-American to his native mediocrity.

THE Republican meeting at Capitol Square on Tuesday next, though now for the first time announced, will be an interesting affair. Speaking will begin at one o'clock and Mr. Blaine has promised to be present. There will be no formal demonstration.

MR. RANDALL omitted to say in his Wheeling speech why it is that, Democrat though he is, he voted with the Republicans on the tariff question. Doesn't this seem to suggest in a mild way that Mr. Randall thinks the Republican party about right on the tariff question?

THE sheep are dead against the Democratic party. In West Virginia that party taxes them as their more fortunate progenitors were not taxed. In Congress it refuses to restore to them the comfortable tariff of 1867. And so the sheep will go in flocks to the polls and vote against that party.

IS IT true that the managers of the Harrison county Democracy warned Mr. Randall that his kind of tariff doctrine wouldn't go down with them, and actually kept him from speaking in Clarksburg? The INTELLIGENCER is informed that it is true; in which case it is important. The free traders rule the Democracy in Harrison.

BLAINE appears to be moderately popular in Southern Ohio. Come to think of it, he seems to get the people out all over the country pretty numerously. Well, he belongs to them, has always advocated and defended their rights as no other American has done, and in him they see a sure defender of American principles. Mr. Blaine's popularity is no mystery.

MR. HENDRICKS' explanation of his Treasury surplus blunder is beneath the dignity of a man in his position. He says he heard the statement from a Republican Congressman. The public has not heard the Republican Congressman in his own defense. But the public knows that the record is open to Mr. Hendricks, who ought to have informed himself before he undertook to teach the public. It is no excuse that he got his misinformation from a Republican. Any man of average information knows there is no four hundred million surplus in the Treasury.

BLAINE IS MY KINSMAN AND MY INTIMATE FRIEND. IN EVERY PRIVATE RELATION OF LIFE—AS SON, HUSBAND, FATHER, FRIEND—I KNOW NO KINDER, PURER ON BETTER MAN; AND AMONG OUR PUBLIC MEN HE STANDS UNSURPASSED AS AN EMBODIMENT OF THE SPIRIT AND GENIUS OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE. I DON'T BELIEVE IF EVERY LETTER HE EVER WROTE AND EVERY WORD HE EVER UTTERED WERE PUBLISHED TO THE WORLD, THAT THEY WOULD FASTEN ON HIM A SINGLE ACT OR THOUGHT OF OFFICIAL CORRUPTION. IF A MAN BE TRUE IN ALL PRIVATE RELATIONS, AS FROM HIS BOYHOOD I HAVE KNOWN HIM TO BE, HE IS NOT LIKELY TO BE FALSE TO THE PEOPLE.—*General Thomas Ewing, late Democratic nominee for Governor of Ohio.*

WEST VIRGINIA has upon her soil to-day the most illustrious American of his time. Mr. Blaine believes in his own country and his own countrymen, and his great abilities are devoted to their interests. He is a full-blooded American who has the intelligence to know, and the courage to do, what is best for his own country. No nomination was required to make him an illustrious man.

As a plain citizen in private life he has the confidence, the admiration and the affection of the great body of his countrymen. As the nominee of his party he has the enthusiastic support of the voters who will choose the next President. The world produces few such men as James G. Blaine.

The Bystander Gets It Again.

CINCINNATI, O., October 5.—Christian Weber died at Newport, Ky., at 4 P. M. from a pistol shot wound inflicted at the election yesterday by Policeman Joseph Edgar. Four drunken rowdies had attacked Edgar, who, in drawing a revolver from his pocket, accidentally discharged it and the ball entered Weber's stomach. Weber was a bystander.

MILES OF MEN

Gather in the Glass City to Greet the Great Blaine.

A Demonstration of Welcome to the Next President

Without a Precedent in Local Political Annals.

Bellaire a Blaze of Fire and Glory From End to End.

Surrounding Cities Swell the Great Throng.

And the Whole Countryside Pours Into the Town

To See and Hear the Party's Matchless Chief.

The greeting extended to Hon. James G. Blaine at Bellaire Saturday night was in all respects the most glorious and notable political demonstration ever made by any political party in this vicinity. Never since the famous Brough campaign, when the loyal people of Ohio turned out *en masse* to administer a stinging rebuke to the elements that sought to throw the moral support of Ohio into the scale against patriotism and the preservation of the Union, was old Belmont county so stirred from centre to circumference as she was shown to be on this occasion.

The meeting at the Public Square was only limited in size by the power of the voices of the speakers who addressed the crowd. The procession far surpassed in magnitude and splendor any ever before seen near Wheeling, the illumination of the town was more attractive and general than on any previous occasion, and the whole demonstration was worthy of the fame and popularity of the Plumed Knight from Maine.

MR. BLAINE'S ARRIVAL.

Mr. Blaine was expected shortly after five o'clock, but unavoidable detentions delayed his arrival until after seven o'clock. Then, instead of running into the Bellaire depot, his special train was switched off upon the Baltimore & Ohio tracks, and Mr. Blaine and party taken off at the head of Thirty-fifth street, his train being left on a side track there, where his special car was inspected by hundreds of curious visitors. A massive floral ship which decked one end of the parlor won much praise.

Mr. Blaine's party was met at Cambridge by Hon. L. Danford, Chairman of the Belmont County Republican Committee, and the following committee of Belmont county Republicans: Dr. Israel Weirich, G. W. Robinson, M. C. Mitchell, H. W. Smith, W. W. Holloway, Dr. J. M. Todd, Isaac Holloway, Dr. Cope, C. L. Poorman, Judge St. Clair Kelly, Col. J. T. Mercer, D. H. Darrah, John Pollack, I. H. Gaston, J. R. Mitchell, Leroy C. Sedwick, C. W. Carroll, W. A. Hunt, Dr. Hogue, J. M. Lewis, J. S. Ely, S. B. Piper, Charles H. Baltzell, Col. C. S. S. Baron.

The party with Mr. Blaine consisted of his son, Mr. Walker Blaine; J. H. Manley, Postmaster at Augusta, Maine, and an intimate friend of Mr. Blaine; F. B. Loomis, representing the National Committee; General Adam E. King, of Baltimore; Hon. Channing Richards, of Cincinnati; Hon. John F. Finnerty, the famous Irish orator, and J. W. Pettit, of Washington, D. C., and a number of epresentatives of the press.

BEFORE THE MEETING.

The party was taken to the Globe house, where supper was served, and Mr. Blaine, Gen. King, Mr. Manley, Mr. Richards and Mr. Finnerty were driven to the stand erected for the occasion on the Public Square, facing Belmont street. Here a commodious platform had been erected, with room to accommodate every person who had any right on it, but scarcely had the distinguished visitors reached the stand until it was crowded with men so densely that Mr. Blaine could not be seen from the crowd about the platform. Several hundred persons clambered on the stage and were presented to the Maine statesman. An immense crowd quickly gathered in the street and about the square, and a struggle began for access to the platform. The crowd grew and grew until probably ten thousand people were congregated in the immediate vicinity of the stand. Here they waited probably three-quarters of an hour, the arrangement being that the meeting should not open until the procession should pass.

THE GREAT PARADE.

Over Three Thousand Uniformed Men in Line.

Meantime uniformed marching clubs, accompanied by hundreds of men, women and children, had been arriving at intervals of about a quarter of an hour from all the stations on all the railroads leading into Bellaire. Hourly trains on the B. & O. road had taken thousands of Wheeling people down, the train which left at 7 P. M., carrying the Blaine regiment, having 1,284 men aboard.

When they reached Bellaire they were run out into the western suburbs, where they debarked and marched into town. Already Noble, Guernsey, Belmont and Union streets were occupied for several squares by marching clubs awaiting the arrival of the Wheeling delegation to form in line.

The Wheeling regiment was given the right of the procession, and the line of march was taken up on Guernsey street north to Thirty-seventh, on Thirty-seventh east to Belmont, and on Belmont south past the Square, being reviewed at the platform by Mr. Blaine.

THE MAKE UP OF THE PROCESSION.

The number of men in line was over 3,200 as they passed the stand. The organizations came in the following order:

Wheeling Blaine and Logan Regiment, in command of Col. W. H. Travis and Staff, 1076 men in line, including 370 of the Lincoln Club without uniform
Benwood Blaine and Logan club, 46 men.
Bridgeport Young men's Company, 56 men.
Ætnaville club, with drum corps, 37 men, in neat red shirts.
Martin's Ferry club, with handsome lanterns, 45 men.
Martin's Ferry colored club, with drum corps, 31 men.
Mingo's creek club, 82 men.
Somerset Township company, 37 men.
Kirkwood Township, 36 men.
Warren club, 25 men.
Brilliant company, 36 men, white and colored.
Gas City Juniors of Wellsburg, 22 men.
Gas City club, 60 men, white and colored.
Steubenville Juniors, 22 men.
Sherrard Guards, of Steubenville, with drum corps, 89 men.
Second Ward Club of Steubenville, 59 men.
Neff's Brass Band.
Bellaire Plumed Knights, 42 men.
Bellaire Colored Club, 24 men.
Drum Corps, 10 men.
St. Clairsville Colored Club, 18 men.
Fifth Ward Juniors, of Bellaire, 32 men.
Indian Run Brass Band.
Gravel Hill Club, of Bellaire, 51 men.
Glencoe Plumed Knights, with their own drum corps, 102 men.
Barnesville Brass Brand.
Barnesville Club, 60 men, with neat red lanterns.
Barnesville Juniors, 36 men.
Quaker City Cornet Band.
Moundsville, 64 men.
Cameron Blaine and Logan Club, 100 men.
Twenty-four Bellaire Juniors, in very neat uniform.
Twenty-two Bellaire Juniors, from the Bottle Works.
Wegee Brass Band.

Continued on Fourth Page.

THE STRICKEN TRAGEDIAN.

The Mental Condition of John McCullough No Better.

NEW YORK, October 4.—"I made all my arrangements last night to start for Chicago this morning, to accompany my friend John McCullough back to New York," said Captain Connor, of the St. James Hotel, this morning. "Later in the evening I received several telegrams from John B. Carson, who is with Mr. McCullough, saying it had been decided not to remove him from Chicago immediately, and that it was uncertain whether he would go to St. Louis or New York." Mr. Connor said he had made up his mind to remain in New York, and that, as Mr. McCullough had plenty of friend around him, his assistance was not needed. In regard to the state of Mr. McCullough's health, he had received no further information than that the Western papers had greatly exaggerated his illness. He was in a very weak condition, physically, Captain Connor said, when he started out for his regular season a year ago, and many of his friends at the time thought he was not in a condition to undertake the hardships of his profession. Yet he was stubborn, and would not listen to the warning. This year he was more unfit to work, and he ought never to have resumed his duties without a longer period of rest. The consequence of his attempts showed that his friends were right, and that he may never be able to go upon the stage again. According to the latest dispatch received by Captain Connor this morning from Manager Brooks, the probabilities were that McCullough would go to St. Louis either to-day or to-morrow.

M. E. CONFERENCE.

Thursday's and Friday's Proceedings of That Body.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

BUCKHANNON, W. VA., October 2.—This morning's session of the M. E. Conference opened with religious services conducted by J. W. Webb, who also conducted the previous half hour's prayer service. Dr. Walden, the recently elected bishop, comes to the work with a clear head, a steady nerve, and with all the indications of efficiency and thorough qualifications for his work. Close inquiry is made whether the order of the church in regard to the benevolent interests is followed and whether literature relating to the various benevolent interests is circulated or not.

Reports of preachers were called for and Dr. H. K. Dix, of Morgantown district, reported his district in a prosperous condition, much having been accomplished the past year in building, repairing and discharging old debts. This kind of church work has been pursued in this district so faithfully that nearly all of our societies find themselves in good commodious churches, which they enjoy the more from the consideration that they are paid for. But little church debt remains now in the bounds of this district.

C. H. Lakin, P. E., of Oakland District, reported an increase all along the line. This is a mountain district, but has within its bounds a population mostly inclined to Methodism and many good, sterling people. While much of the territory is yet in a state of nature, the population in many sections is sparse, and many of the appointments are so scattered that much travel is involved in furnishing this people with the gospel.

George C. Wilding, Conference Secretary and Presiding Elder of Parkersburg District, reported his work as in a prosperous condition. The western part of the district suffered much from the flood, but there is much occasion for courage, hope and trust, in which we propose to go forward.

Rev. George E. Hite, the presiding elder of Wheeling district, represented the district as prosperous, spiritually, the preachers earnestly at work and successful in their labors. This district being largely engaged in the iron trade, the present depression of that trade is seriously affectin; the finances of the church, but amid this drawback there is much to inspire confidence.

The report of the Committee on Temperance was recommitted. There seems to be a disposition on the part of the conference to put themselves on record in a way that "he who runs may read." The impression seems to possess the Conference that the time has passed for ambiguous, equivocal expression; that the time has come for vigorous, explicit expression that will leave the lines sharply drawn and the public in no doubt as to the position of the conference on this all important subject.

FRIDAY'S SESSION.

Buckhannon Hospitality—Examination of Candidates for the Ministry.

BUCKHANNON, October 3.—The half-hour's prayer service this morning was conducted by Rev. T. B. Hughes; also the opening religious services of the session. The conference is most hospitably entertained, each thinking he has the best conference house and the most engaging host. Many of the members are surprised to find the hospitality of this section so different from what they expected to find it. Where they were anticipating rocks and mountains, deep gorges and general roughness, they are delighted with the fine meadow and farming lands, the gentle slopes of the hills and the general appearance of thrift and enterprise of the people.

With Bishop Walden in the chair, the Conference addressed itself to the usual routine of disciplinary work in a spirited and most commendable way.

A resolution by J. Wesley Webb in relation to the distribution of the Conference fund, occasioned a most excellent address from the chair on the pastorate of the M. E. Church and its supports.

The third question was taken up and the names of preachers in the first years course of study called.

From the reports of the committee that examined them, it would seem that the West Virginia Conference has a very promising class of young men coming on.

The following were received into full connection: D. A. Friend, V. R. Hennen, R. D. Wynd, C. D. Lamblyn, R. C. Mays, W. W. King, R. E. Woodruff.

The address to the class by the Bishop was "words of wisdom fitly spoken."

There was a clear exposition of the relation of baptised children to the church, the duty of preachers to instruct their people in this regard and to insist upon the duty of parents to have their children baptised, the preachers' duty to instruct the baptised children in classes and wherever he has an opportunity. The duties and relation of the pastor to the Sunday School and church in general was largely dwelt upon with wisdom and power. The relation and duties of Methodist preachers to the youth of the land in the preservation of morals and the maintenance of a pure, wholesome, moral condition among those whom they serve was strongly stated and fervently insisted upon. The corrupt literature of the day was handled with energy. The people in general were warned of its pernicious influence and of the insidious designs and efforts to introduce it into families in a clandestine way. Breadth of scope, depth of thought, clearness of apprehension all seasoned with grace characterized the address.

Cholera in Italy.

ROME, October 5.—There were 207 fresh cases and 126 deaths from cholera reported during the past twenty-four, including 49 cases and 33 deaths at Naples, and 20 cases and 20 deaths at Genoa.

NAILING SOME LIES.

DEMOCRATIC SLANDERS REFUTED

By Mr. Blaine—His Record on Naturalization Laws—Never Voted to Impose a Tax on Miners, Neither Does He Own Any Hocking Valley Coal Lands.

BELLAIRE, October 5.—The following letter explains itself:

BELLAIRE, OHIO, October 5.

Hon. Wm. McKinley, M. C., Canton, Ohio:

MY DEAR SIR: I have your favor stating certain charges against me which you wish to be able to contradict authentically. I answer you promptly and decisively:

First. It is utterly untrue that I ever advocated a residence of twenty-one years as a requirement of naturalization in the country. I always opposed the party that suggested it. I think the only change in the naturalization laws for which I ever voted in Congress was to admit those foreigners who had honorably served in the Union army to citizenship without the delay required of others.

Second. I never voted to impose a tax of ten dollars per annum on miners by the internal revenue laws framed to raise money for the expenses of the war. Proprietors of mines were taxed ten dollars per annum, just as lawyers, physicians and other callings were, but the individual miner, the man who actually worked in the mine, was not in the least affected by the tax. I voted for the tax on the proprietors of mines as I did for every other tax needed for the support of the Union armies. The tax was repealed fifteen years ago.

Third. I do not own and never did own an acre of coal land or any other kind of land in the Hocking Valley, or in any other part of Ohio.

My letter to Hon. Hezekiah Bundy in July last on this same subject was accurately true. Very truly yours,

JAMES G. BLAINE.

FOLGER AND BLAINE.

The Late Secretary of the Treasury in Favor of Blaine.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—A member of President Arthur's Cabinet said to-day:

"I am surprised at the assertions made by some of Mr. Blaine's political enemies, to the effect that the late Secretary Folger was dissatisfied with the action of the Republican National Convention, and at heart did not desire the success of the ticket. Nothing could be more wide of the truth, nor more unjust to Judge Folger, who was as ardent and loyal a Republican as any man now living. I saw him the day after the nominations were made, and conversed with him about them. He said the proceedings of the convention clearly showed that Mr. Blaine was the free choice of an overwhelming majority of the Republican party, and that it was the plain duty of every Republican to give him the most earnest and hearty support.

"The tone of the conversation throughout on Judge Folger's part convinced me that he was sincerely anxious to have Mr. Blaine succeed, and that he would do everything he could with propriety to promote that result. In subsequent conversation on the same subject he alluded to the assertions made in regard to his feelings toward Mr. Blaine, and declared that they were untrue, and everybody would be convinced of it before the end of the campaign. I know that he expressed the same sentiments in conversation with many of his personal friends. Two or three of them, I heard, had exhibited symptoms of a disposition to oppose Mr. Blaine's nomination, and Judge Folger promptly used his influence to prevent them from so doing."

THE IRISH AMERICANS

In the East Working for Blaine—Extent of the Disaffection.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—Mr. P. T. Barry, of Chicago, arrived in Washington tonight, on his way to Ohio, where he will make speeches for Blaine and Logan during the coming week. Mr. Barry has been speaking in Connecticut and New Jersey during the present week. His special field of labor is among the Irish-Americans, who have hitherto voted the Democratic ticket. He says that their enthusiasm for Blaine and Logan is surprising even to him, and he has no doubt whatever of Republican success, both in Connecticut and New Jersey.

There are three large clubs in Bridgeport and six in New Haven, composed entirely of Irish Americans. These, however, do not by any means fully measure the strength of the Irish disaffection from Cleveland in those large cities. There are hundreds of Irish Americans who will quietly vote the Republican ticket without announcing their intention beforehand. Mr. Barry thinks that Blaine and Logan will receive at least five thousand votes in Connecticut which have heretofore been cast for the Democracic candidate for President.

In New Jersey, especially in Jersey City, Newark and Burlington, he found the Irish disaffection from Cleveland much more numerous than even he had been led to expect. He thinks there is no doubt that Blaine and Logan will carry New Jersey by a round majority. Mr. Barry said that all the Democratic "claims" placing Illinois in the list of doubtful States are wild exaggerations. In Chicago alone, he says, six thousand Irish-Americans are enrolled for Blaine and Logan, and they are almost wholly accessions from the Democratic ranks.

LOGAN IN OHIO.

A Great Demonstration at Chillicothe in Honor of the Soldier Statesman.

CHILLICOTHE, O., October 4.—General Logan and party left Dayton at 8 o'clock bound for this city. At Springfield Gen. Logan spoke to an immense crowd as follows:

The demonstrations that I have seen throughout Ohio augur well for the future of the party which I in part represent. If there is a city or locality in all this grand Republic that ought to be Republican, Springfield is that place. [Voices, "That's so." The great industries of this country are known wherever civilization is recognized. It is not a personal contest which is going on. It is not a contest between individuals. It is not a contest merely for the success of one man over another, but great principles are involved, and the fate of great interests in this country are at stake. You are to make a choice between the English system of free trade, which would close the manufactories of this country, and the American policy of protection, which sustains them. You have got to decide whether labor shall be dignified, and placed upon the plane where each and every man shall be recognized as an independent citizen, with the same rights, the same privileges and the same chance in the race of life with all other men; whether or not our people shall have an opportunity of obtaining for themselves homes and means to educate their children, and whether or not the statesmanship of this country is not adequate to carry out that policy which has prevailed in this country for twenty years. The Democracy has no ill-feeling toward this individual, but I defy any man to point to one single act of the Democratic party from 1860 up to the present time, or to one single proposition it has advocated during that time by which humanity would be benefited or prosperity would be advanced in this country. [Applause.] The Republican party proposes to continue on the line it has mapped out for itself. It was right during the war and since the war. Then why should it be turned out of power? The mere fact that it has been in office for twenty years is no argument why it should be turned out. The same principle contended for by the Democratic party as to this would, if applied to private life, break up families.

After speaking on the question of the surplus, General Logan made an earnest appeal to Ohio Republicans to turn out on the 14th of October and give General Robinson a good majority. That done, he said the Presidential election would be settled.

BEFORE KELUNG.

Admiral Courbet Dislodges the Chinese After a Short Engagement.

PARIS, October 4.—The *Telegraphe* states that it has received information that the Government intends shortly to recall Admiral Courbet from China, and has therefore instructed him to destroy the Chinese fleet in the event of the capture of Kelung failing to cause China to submit to the French demands.

Ferry, in a note to the British Embassy explaining the measures adopted by France for the safety of foreigners in China, says Admiral Courbet was instructed at the beginning that he was not to injure the foreign concessions. The note concludes with assurances of France's solicitude for the interests of English commerce.

General De Lisle sends a dispatch stating that hearing that Chinese troops, between Bacle and Langson were moving forward he took the measures necessary to drive them back to their gunboats. A brilliant engagement ensued, four thousand Chinese troops being pitted against him. Commander Chalie, of the Massue, was killed in the fight. When the dispatch was sent the Chinese were being steadily driven back, and had lost heavily.

Admiral Courbet telegraphed from Kelung, under date of yesterday, as follows:

"I commenced operations against Kelung Wednesday by occupying the height of St. Clement. The Chinese forces, after a fairly warm engagement, Wednesday night evacuated two of their works west of the height, which was afterwards occupied. I am now fortifying them, and shall operate on Saturday against their works eastward of the height. Our loss was four killed, one missing and thirteen wounded. The Chinese loss is estimated at from eighty to one hundred killed and from two hundred to three hundred wounded. Admiral Lespes commenced an attack on Tamsui on Thursday, and will occupy that port if possible.

LONDON, October 4.—Advices from Hansi to-day state that the gunboats Monsqueton, Massue and Hache, while cruising in advance of a party which was reconnoitering in the valley of Lechnan, were attacked by Chinese regulars. One French officer was killed and thirty men wounded. Reinforcements have already arrived at the scene of the encounter, and others, under the command of General Negrier, have left Hansi.

HONG KONG, October 4.—A serious riot among coolies occurred here yesterday. Some boatmen refused to convey the cargo to French ships, and a general fight followed, resulting in disorder. The populace maltreated the police, who endeavored to preserve order. The military finally quieted the disturbance. Several natives were killed and a number wounded. The excitement has now subsided.

Funeral of Frank Chanfrau.

LONG BRANCH, October 5.—The funeral services of the late Frank Chanfrau, actor, were held this afternoon at the Chanfrau cottage, Cedar Avenue. The attendance was large. Among those present were Mrs. Ettie Henderson, Miss Ettie Henderson, Hon. John E. Lanning, Mrs. Dr. John P. Pemberton, Miss Mary Pemberton, Charles Parsloe, Mrs. John Hoey, Lewis Leland, Charles Leland, Ex-Congressman James L. Gallagher, of Connecticut; Col. William W. Tayleure, of Petersburg, Va.; C. W. Tayleure, for nineteen years the intimate friend and manager and friend of the dead actor; the members of Mr. Chanfrau's company, Mrs. May Tayleure, Col. T. Allston Brown, Mr. and Mrs. John Drew, of Daly's theatre; Mr. and Mrs. George C. Boniface, Jr., and many other members of the theatrical profession. The floral tributes were elaborate. Rev. Elliott D. Tompkins, rector of the St. James Episcopal Church on Broadway, Long Branch, officiated. He spoke feelingly of Mr. Chanfrau as a man, neighbor, husband and actor. The remains were interred in the cemetery at Braenburg.

Railroad Disaster.

TOPEKA, KAS., October 5.—As the passenger train which left Kansas City at 10 P. M. on Saturday night on the Santa Fe railroad reached a point one mile east of the Emporia Junction, the engine struck an obstruction in the shape of a cross tie, which had been placed on the track. It pushed it lengthwise between the guard rail and the outside rail on the bridge across a small stream and passed on safely, but a freight train following was thrown from the track, wrecking the engine and nine cars. A fireman named Scott was crushed and killed under the engine and the engineer slightly wounded. It is supposed the cross-tie was put on the track for the purpose of wrecking the passenger train. The Atcheson, Topeka and Santa Fe road will to-morrow offer a reward for the apprehension and conviction of the guilty party. The government will also be asked to offer a reward of $500 in addition.

A Cold-Blooded Murder.

UNIONTOWN, PA., October 5.—Shortly before midnight Wm. Vandevere, a noted character, stabbed Charles Lally, a miner, killing him instantly. Lally with a couple of friends were standing in front of the Clinton Hotel talking, when Vandevere came along and made the boast that he could whip ten men in ten minues. Lally laughingly remarked, "Oh, I reckon not," when Vandevere rushed at him with a knife and cut him through the heart. Lally fell dead and Vandevere ran down White street, but was captured and lodged in jail. The indignation at the cold-blooded affair is intense, and if the officers had not hurried him to jail he would have been lynched.

Killed on the Rail.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., October 5.—A butcher's wagon, driven by Bromlee Stout, of Bridgeport, was run into by the west-bound accommodation yesterday afternoon at Pikes' crossing. The accident is attributed to the carelessness of the driver, who paid no attention to the whistle. One of the horses was killed and Stout injured about the head.

Cotton Factories Closed.

PETERSBURG, VA., October 5.—The closing of all cotton factories in this city and vicinity in consequence of the scarcity of water throws out of employment over 700 men, woman and children, nearly all of whom are actually suffering for the want of the necessaries of life.

Hendricks at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, O., October 5.—Governor Hendricks, accompanied by J. R. Fellows, Governor Pillsbury and others, arrived from Wheeling to-night.

THROUGH THE STATE.

GEN. GOFF AT NEW MARTINSVILLE

Rousing Republican Meetings in Monongalia and Grant Counties—A Sham Democratic Affair at Martinsburg—The Great Fizzle at Charleston.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

NEW MARTINSVILLE, October 5.—General Goff arrived here on the up train yesterday morning. He and T. P. Jacobs immediately started for Wileyville, where he was announced to speak at 2 o'clock P. M. He came back in the evening and spoke here last night in the Court House. The meeting at Wileyville was a success in every particular, both as to numbers and and enthusiasm, and the meeting here last night was the finest one we have had here this nampaign. The Court House was full to overflowing. General Goff is very popular here. At the close of his speech Mrs. George Paull, of your city, temporarily residing here, assisted by several other ladies of the place, presented the General with an elegant basket of flowers. He came down from the judges desk, where he had been speaking, was introduced to and shook hands with the ladies, thanking them for their kind remembrance. The General added friends here last evening to the many he already had.

He stays here to-day and will go to Tyler county to-morrow, where he has engagements to speak.

The rear guard of the Hendricks and Randall army of Wheeling are coming in. Some of them have had hard luck. One lost his watch, another his pocket book, while the third fell off the train in the mud and so disguised his usual appearance that he was taken for a tramp and refused admission to his hotel.

OLD MONONGALIA.

Rousing Republican Meeting—The Address of General Beaver.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA., October 4.—General James A. Beaver, of Pennsylvania, delivered one of the best speeches of the campaign at this place last night. He confined his remarks to the main issue of the campaign, the tariff, passing over without notice the political slanders of the day. He showed with irresistible logic how tariff secures diversity of interests, protects labor and capital and is beneficial to all classes whether on the farm, in the mine or in the shop. He demolished the Frank-Hurd theory that a tariff is a heavy tax upon the consumer, and is especially oppressive to the farmer by showing the reduction in the prices of articles of consumption under a protective tariff, and how the farmer was protected not only indirectly by being furnished with a ready market for farm products, but also by a specific duty on the importation of wheat, thus saving him from competition from the rich wheat country of Canada and other countries.

Gen. Beaver spoke nearly two hours and was able, eloquent and logical throughout, making a deep impression on his audience.

He was followed by ex-Gov. Pierpoint, of Fairmont, who addressed himself mainly to the issues of the State canvass.

The enthusiasm of Republicans is aroused and there will be a general shaking of the dry bones in this county until election time. A grand rally will be had the day preceding the election, when eminent speakers will be present. Monongalia will do her duty on October 14.

GRANT COUNTY AROUSED.

Judge Maxwell Makes a Decided Impression on the People.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

MAYSVILLE, GRANT COUNTY, October 2.—One of the largest demonstrations ever held by any political party in this section of the country was held here to-day by the Republicans. At no time in the history of Grant county have the people manifested such a lively interest in political matters as they are doing in this canvass. A series of meetings are being held in this county, to all of which the splendid cornet band of Maysville has been chartered to furnish music. This excellent band is a big card and draws crowds of people to hear their splendid music. The meeting to-day was the crowning success of the series so far. A flag pole 125 feet high, bearing a streamer with the words, "Blaine, Logan, Reynolds and Maxwell," was raised amid the enthusiastic plaudits of the crowd.

At 2 o'clock Judge Maxwell was introduced by Hon C. M. Babb. Our next Governor made one of his most forcible and effective speeches and throughout its entire delivery received the marked attention of the crowd. He spoke mainly upon State issues and intelligently discussed them. He referred to his antagonist in a gentlemanly manner and did not call him "that thing" once. Judge Maxwell made friends here and his vote in October will show that the people of Grant County appreciate a gentleman.

Colonel Carskadon here came to the platform and in a happy speech presented Judge Maxwell with a handsome bunch of flowers, donated by the ladies, to which the next Governor happily responded.

Thomas H. B. Staggers, Esq., of Marion county, was the next speaker, and in a speech of an hour and a half kept the crowd in a high state of enthusiasm. Mr. Staggers spoke at length upon the tariff question, and demonstrated clearly that the farmers are benefitted by a protective tariff as well as the employes of the manufacturers. He reviewed the record of the Democratic party of West Virginia in a scathing manner, and exposed the recklessness and extravagance of that party in an interesting and effective way. At the close of his address Judge Maxwell stepped forward and on behalf of the ladies presented Mr. Staggers with a beautiful bouquet of flowers prepared by the ladies of the neighborhood. The presentation was neatly responded to by the recipient.

Mr. L. J. Foreman, candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Grant county, was then presented and made a very sensible and appropriate address of twenty minutes in length. Colonel Carskadon related one of his rarest incidents and the large crowd dispersed. Grant county will be heard from in October for Maxwell and the State ticket and in November for Blaine, Logan and Reynolds by not less than 450 majority.

Hon. W. L. Wilson, candidate for Congress, spoke last night at Petersburg, and your correspondent is reliably informed, made a red hot free trade speech. Hon. F. M. Reynolds is in the same section making speeches for protection, prosperity and plenty.

BERKELEY DEMOCRACY.

Senator Bayard, of Delaware, and W. L. Wilson Make Speeches.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

MARTINSBURG, W. VA., October 4.—This was to be the greatest day for the Democracy in the history of Berkeley county. The meeting had been advertised for ten days or more for more that fifty miles around. The day was bright, warm and clear, and when Senator Bayard, of Delaware, was introduced to his audience, from a stand erected in the public square, not more than 300 persons were present to greet Delaware's favorite son. The speech was a regular Democratic one in the usual free trade spirit supplemented by Mulligan letters. This champion of the Delaware match monopoly strongly denounced the Republican party as a friend of monopolies. He tried to show that the Republican party had shown that they were not capable of managing this nation as it should be managed, but made no effort to show that the Democratic party is better fitted for the task.

At the conclusion of Mr. Bayard's speech Hon. W. L. Wilson was introduced, but owing to the fact that he had addressed our people for over two hours last week, he made only a few remarks. If any protectionist Democrat in the Second district thinks in voting for Mr. Wilson for Congress, that he is voting for a man who entertains the same idea he does, he had better inform himself at once. Mr. Wilson's speech was a clever presentation of the free trade or "tariff for revenue only" idea. He stands by his record on the Morrison bill and under the same circumstances will, if elected, vote for a bill that will put our duties down to a revenue basis.

At night ex-Senator White, of Maryland, addressed a large audience. Ex-Senator Davis, of West Virginia, presided.

THE CHARLESTON MEETING.

The Superhuman Efforts of the Democrats to Beat the Republicans.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., October 2.—The great, overshadowing (?) demonstration which the Democrats have been for three weeks advertising far and near, with posters almost as large as a barn door, with crowing roosters at the head of their newspaper columns and with every device that would attract attention, has come and come and gone. It was especially prepared to throw in the shade the Republican demonstration of the 6th of September, which was the grandest outpouring of people ever witnessed in this part of the State. It compared in numbers with that of the 6th of September about as one to eight, not more.

Col. Fellows, of New York, quite an orator, in opening his speech, said: "I should have been sorely disappointed and discouraged had there been any fewer of the people of this beautiful valley in attendance on this grand occasion." If he was not disappointed and discouraged as it was he failed to be in harmony with the feelings of the working Democrats, who by their superhuman efforts had succeeded in getting up a failure.

Several prominent and active Democrats here have been known to express their fears that the opposition would carry the State in October. Mr. Wilson says "he will be elected easily," but don't mention "20,000 majority" as much as he did.

BEAVER AT GRAFTON.

Preparations Making to Give Blaine a Royal Welcome.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

GRAFTON, W. VA., October 5.—A large and enthusiastic audience greeted General James A. Beaver, of Pennsylvania, at the Court House last night to hear his arguments in favor of protection to American industries.

The workingmen were present in large numbers, and frequently applauded the strong points made by the speaker.

The General's speech was masterly, strong and effective and was seed sown in good ground. It afforded food for reflection and its good results will be shown by the ballots cast for the party of protection.

The Republicans here are enthused. Blaine's visit to-morrow is the absorbing topic of conversation. Elaborate preparations are being made for his reception and the largest crowd that Grafton ever held is expected to welcome the Plumed Knight.

EDITOR RICHARDS SHOT

And Lying in a Precarious Condition—Cause of the Shooting.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., October 5.—Campbell Osborne assailed and shot W. F. Richards, editor of the *Telegraph*, about 7 A. M. yesterday, in front of Osborne's home. There has been an alleged intimacy between Osborne and Richards' wife for many months, resulting finally in a separation, she going to her old home in Union City, Pa. Richards has been terribly wrought up over his domestic affairs and made some reference to Osborne in the last issue of his paper.

The people here are in sympathy with Richards, and the trouble has no political significance.

The ball entered the left side of the chest under the collar bone and is supposed to have passed through the upper part of the right lung. There has been no great loss of blood. Richards has been unable to lie down and has suffered considerably from pain and is considered in a very precarious condition. Osborne is in jail and will have a preliminary trial on Monady.

POSTMASTER GENERALSHIP.

Indications that Mr. Hatton will Receive the Appointment.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—Mr. Hatton and his friends fully believe that his designation as Acting Postmaster General for another period of ten days is sufficient evidence that he will receive a regular appointment to that office on or before the 16th inst., when under the law the vacancy caused by General Gresham's resignation must be filled. Mr. Hatton expects to receive the appointment, and several members of the Cabinet are under the impression that he will not be disappointed. His friends think the delay is due to the desire of the President to reach a decision in regard to the Secretaryship of the Treasury.

Secretary Gresham continues to return unsatisfactory replies to all inquirers who try to ascertain whether or not he expects to remain at the head of the Treasury until next March. Judge Drummond is in Washington, and is Secretary Gresham's guest. It is understood he vouches for the substantial accuracy of the report of a conversation with him, in which he said:

"I do not say that I should refuse to continue in the office until March 4th, if I were urged to do so."

From this remark it is inferred by some of Secretary Gresham's friends that it may not be necessary for him to leave the Treasury at once in order to take Judge Drummond's place.

To Encourage Manufacturers.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., October 5.—An association for the encouragement of manufacturers was organized last night at a large and enthusiastic meeting of citizens. The following officers were elected: President, P. S. Newmyer; Vice President, B.