

The Intelligencer.

Office: Nos. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

Don't you hear yo' Marso seems a-takin' away down in Maine?

BROTHER SAM JONES has been invited to return to the Mountaineer camp meeting next year. He gubious non disputandum.

All the first ballot predictions in the Fourth District went astray. Politicians sometimes miss it. Perhaps the brethren down there don't intend to make a nomination this year.

In the Second District Mr. Wilson appears to be getting there with both feet, but then the convention hasn't met yet, and in spite of present appearances there may be some fireworks.

In the Ohio county Democratic Convention the anti-Camden men got the honors and the Camden men got the substantial things. We can imagine the immortal J. N. rubbing his hands when he heard the news.

In Washington the politicians say that Cleveland and Blaine are to have another foot race. After that Mr. Cleveland will be able to fish in the Adirondacks without anybody being able to say that he is neglecting his duties.

When Ellen Terry went in bathing at Narragansett Pier the populace assembled on the beach to see whether she would dare to toy familiarly with her English tailor-made costume. Very little served to engage the attention of a herd of fashionables.

SIXTY evicted tenants marching in a body from the Westford estate of the Marquis of Ely to the workhouse, is a spectacle to move any but a Tory heart. Yet the Tory Government proposes to get at the root of the trouble by "inquiring into the material resources of Ireland."

FOR years ago the Democrats of the Fourth Congressional District in convention assembled resolved that the people ought to be allowed to vote on a prohibitory amendment, and this they effected by nominating Mr. Estace Gibson. This year the same proposition was put at them, and they kicked it out of the convention. Fourth District Democrats progress backward.

MR. EDWARD ROBERTSON'S friends are not happy over his peculiar defeat and not disposed to have it that way. But Mr. Riley was declared the nominee and the convention has adjourned, and the element which was against Mr. Robertson is not frantically endeavoring to pull Mr. Riley off. On the other hand Mr. Riley is not to blame for what happened. The situation is interesting and likely to become more so.

TEXAS Democrats complain that the President has deserted them in the hour of danger and gone off to rusticate. They can't understand that he has merely retired where he may resume the interrupted honeymoon. A President's lot is not a happy one during the session of Congress, and in these days of steam and telegraph no place in the country is very remote from Washington. Let the President enjoy himself and renew his youth if he can.

An Elm Grove Republican says that the nomination of Mr. A. W. Campbell for Congress would be highly gratifying. Mr. Campbell's name was included in the list of those who have been mentioned, but Mr. Campbell is not at the party's command for any other nomination. Mr. W. P. Hubbard and Mr. N. B. Scott are two more Ohio county men who have been favorably named in the same connection, but the INTELLIGENCER understands that neither would consent to be nominated.

Mr. Campbell is the only Ohio county Republican who is in the field.

SOME of the INTELLIGENCER'S own opinions do not appear in their accustomed place, because the opinions of Mr. Blaine crowd them out. This thing cannot be permitted every day, but the people like to read what Mr. Blaine says, and to-day they get the whole of his great speech at Sebago Lake. Mr. Blaine has never appeared to better advantage than in this speech. He touches briefly and with a master's hand the questions which engage the public attention and which will be discussed before the people in this campaign. He gives a clear and interesting exposition of the tariff question and the labor question, two subjects which cannot be disconnected.

On the two foreign topics with which the State Department has attempted to deal he comments with an intelligence, candor and patriotism characteristic of his broad and elevated mind. He is not for rushing into war. He would have this country present as bold a front to powerful Great Britain as to impotent Mexico, and in each case he would look to arbitration before contemplating blood-spilling. Though he does not say so, we may be sure that as President or Secretary of State he would have investigated the Cutting case before blustering and asking Congress to back him up.

The Cleveland Administration reversed this natural order of procedure, and now has a special envoy in Mexico to ascertain whether anything went off before it was loaded. Mr. Blaine's speech will of course stir up the Democratic politicians, as everything he says does, and it will be interesting to learn what they are able to say against it, except that it is a Republican statesman's utterance.

CONVENTIONS.

GIBSON, JACKSON AND HOGG

Fighting for the Nomination at Point Pleasant—After Twenty-seven Ballots the Convention Adjourns Until This Morning. The Second District Convention.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

POINT PLEASANT, W. Va., August 24.—The untimely Democracy of the "whoe-string" district met at the Rink in this city at 11 A. M. to nominate a candidate for Congress. After the usual red tape business was finished, J. M. Layne, of Cabell county, called the convention to order and in a neat and well delivered speech full of Democracy introduced Joseph E. Chilton the temporary Chairman, who urged upon the delegation the necessity of absolute harmony if they desired future success. After the various committees had been appointed the convention took a recess until 2 P. M.

When the recess convened at 2 P. M. the Committee on Permanent Organization reported the temporary chairman and secretary as permanent chairman and secretary.

Putnam county was only allowed eleven votes, whereas she was entitled to twelve. The Committee on Order of the Convention. The Committee on Order of Business reported the following as the Executive Committee: Cabell county, James A. Walkinshaw; Calhoun county, John M. Hamilton; Jackson county, R. S. Brown; Lincoln county, Joseph S. Chilton; Mason county, J. P. Smith; Putnam county, J. L. Knight; Putnam county, James H. Stewart; Ritchie county, R. S. Blair; Boone county, G. W. Hundley; Wayne county, S. W. Foster; Wood county, J. E. Horner; Wirt county, M. M. McKillop.

AFTER the Committee on Resolutions had reported the following amendment was offered and rejected by a large majority: Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that the people of this State have the right to vote on the question of prohibition.

The resolutions offered and adopted were not one that would, if nominated, cut the Democratic majority of 1,000 down to 153, as did Mr. Gibson, two years ago. His speech was received with loud applause.

L. N. Tavenner, of Wood, nominated Judge Man Jackson.

AFTER several bitter speeches the convention proceeded to ballot, which resulted as follows: First ballot—Gibson, 72; Jackson, 55; Hogg, 51.

Second ballot—Gibson, 73; Jackson, 58; Hogg, 47.

Third ballot—Gibson, 74; Jackson, 58; Hogg, 48.

Fourth ballot—Gibson, 75; Jackson, 55; Hogg, 48.

Fifth ballot—Gibson, 74; Jackson, 55; Hogg, 48.

Sixth ballot—Gibson, 71; Jackson, 54; Hogg, 52.

Seventh ballot—Gibson, 63; Jackson, 57; Hogg, 52.

Eighth ballot—Gibson, 61; Jackson, 58; Hogg, 60.

On this ballot, when Wayne county, which had heretofore cast her vote solidly for Gibson, was called, she split and gave part of her votes to Hogg. When her vote was announced it created the wildest excitement. Cheer after cheer went up from the hundreds in attendance. Gibson and Jackson delegates left their seats, waving their hats, and shouting in approval. It was a most interesting scene, and the delegates who had been named as opponents of Hogg had many friends among the above named delegates.

For twenty minutes the chair was unable to control them. When order was restored, a delegate moved to adjourn on 8 P. M., which motion met with a prompt second, and the Gibson and Jackson delegates voted aye, and the adjournment took place. If an adjournment had not taken place Hogg would now be the nominee. As it is, it gives his enemies time to form combinations, and from present appearances they are making splendid use of their time. It seems as if every Deputy United States Marshal in this district is here to defeat Gibson and Hogg. It is proclaimed by prominent Democrats that should Jackson be nominated he will be defeated as a just rebuke for his treachery to the Democratic party in trying to defeat Gibson in 1884.

ADJOURNED TILL TO-DAY.

The convention assembled at 8 P. M. and proceeded to ballot. The ninth ballot stood Gibson, 64; Jackson, 55; Hogg, 60; Leonard, 33-49. From this ballot up to the twenty-seventh, which stood Gibson, 70; Hogg, 33; Jackson, 58; Chilton, 13, while five will go to Martin and one to Bradford. Hardy's eleven are solid for Wilson.

THE DELEGATES GATHERING—LOOKS LIKE WILSON ON THE FIRST BALLOT.

KEYSER, W. Va., August 24.—The Democratic class of the Second District are here. Most of the delegates are here. The indications are that the Hogg-Lucas circus will not be duplicated, but that there will be a lame convention. First that Wilson will pull through on the first ballot were freely offered with no takers. Wilson, Bradford, Martin and Brown, of Preston, are all here. Wilson arrived tonight with a large delegation from Jefferson. He will gather in its twenty-two votes, and Bradford's fourteen votes will stay with Captain Bradford as long as he stays. If Bradford drops out two will go to Wilson and the rest to Martin. Berkeley's eighteen votes are solid for Wilson and so are Grant's three, while Hampshire in the language of the red headed ex-door-keeper, "Jim Neelis, is all split up. Wilson counts on eleven of her seventeen, while five will go to Martin and one to Bradford. Hardy's eleven are solid for Wilson.

A DEAL IN MARION.

Marion will largely go to Martin. There is a deal in Marion. She supports Martin and Martin's men are in turn to support Ed. Water. Camden's candidate for the Senate, Wilson, however, expects five votes from Marion, Martin gets the rest. Mineral will likely go to Bradford, 8 for Wilson and 1 for Bradford.

MONROGIAH'S MEN ARE TO GO TO PRESTON, says he will not go into the convention. He, Pat Crogan and two or three others are claimed for Wilson, while

THE GULF STORM

PROVES VERY DISASTROUS

On the Texas Coast—A Number of Vessels Lost—Towns and Villages Destroyed. People in Distress—Help Needed. The Death List Increasing.

GALVESTON, August 24.—The recent storm proved very destructive to small vessels on the Texas coast and it will doubtless be months before the full list of casualties are known. The sloop Katie J. went to pieces off Pelican Island. The crew were saved. Lying near her, bottom up, was the sloop Eliza. Her crew of two men are supposed to be drowned. An unknown vessel is reported bottom up at Pelican Island. The schooner Lillian Perkins is now lying bottom up in the bay near Pelican Island. Two of her crew were lost. The schooner Little Mayo is reported ashore near Indianola. All hands are supposed to have been lost. The schooner Lillian Perkins is reported to have been saved. All hands are supposed to have been saved. The schooner Lillian Perkins is reported to have been saved. All hands are supposed to have been saved.

CONDUCTOR KILLED.

CUMBERLAND, Md., August 24.—Conductor Frank Riehart, of the Cumberland & Pennsylvania Railroad, was instantly killed by being jerked from his train in the Cumberland yard this evening. He leaves a wife and five children.

CUTTING'S RELEASE.

Confirmed by an Official Dispatch from Minister Jackson.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 24.—An official telegram has been received from Minister Jackson, confirming the press report of Cutting's release, but giving no particulars. No doubt is entertained at the Department that the published statements with regard to the reasons alleged by the Mexicans for their action are correct. The release will not affect Mr. Sedgewick's mission, which is to learn all the facts in the case. The Government does not at present concern itself with any question of damages due Cutting, but will use the information it may gather through Mr. Sedgewick in the furtherance of its negotiations for a change of the Mexican laws in so far as they are held to give a right to any American for acts committed within American territory.

THE ACRECRO-MONDRAQ MURDER CASE is still a subject of inquiry. As it appears at present the only act for which this Government can demand redress is that of kidnapping Acrecro when he was domiciled upon this side of the border line. In no case can it be expected that Mondraque will be surrendered for trial to the American authorities, a special treaty clause intervening to warrant refusal of Mexico's part to surrender one of her citizens upon any pretext.

DEADLY PEACE.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—A dispatch from Nogales, Arizona, states that General Francisco Galeado, Governor of Sinaloa, with a party of prominent citizens of Mexico, arrived yesterday morning in the city of Mexico. One of the party is authority for the statement that in Sinaloa there is no thought of war between the United States and Mexico. There are no revolutionists in that State and the only things which impede things in the United States.

THE FINLEY WAIL.

THE Canadian Authorities Endorse the Captain of the Terror.

HALIFAX, N. S., August 24.—Captain Scott, Admiral of the Canadian fishery protection fleet, will command the new steam cruiser Acadia. She is being fitted out and a crew is being collected. She carries one brass gun, probably a nine-pounder. She will sail about Monday next. The statement of the American officers of the North Atlantic squadron who have been visiting the fishing grounds contained in a Portland dispatch, to the effect that the Dominion Government had taken Captain Quigley, of the Terror, in hands for being too severe on the American fishermen, has no foundation. It is true that the Government was investigating the matter. Captain Scott has spent all his time at that very work, but had the Captain Quigley did not exceed his duty in any particular, and that none but general instructions had been given him and no new orders had been issued to him.

THE AMOUNT of it is that the American fishermen have been allowed to do about as they liked. They came down to the Canadian ports and traded without even reporting to the Custom Houses and violated the law in many other ways. On account of this, the enforcement of the custom regulations has been very lax, and this state of affairs has been going on so long that the Americans have come to look upon these privileges as vested rights and to imagine that there are no laws of Canada which extend to them.

NOT long ago Captain Scott was talking with a man who had been a custom officer for forty years, and he informed the captain that during the whole period he never boarded an American fishing vessel. All this is to be stopped. The Minister of Customs is determined that the laws shall be strictly enforced. He says: "As far as it is in my power, I am going to see that no customs or other infringements are permitted, and that the officers of all the vessels in their endeavors to prevent violations."

SEBAGO LAKE, ME., August 24.—The formal opening of the Republican campaign in Cumberland county took place this afternoon, when Hon. James G. Blaine and Congressman Reed, of Maine, and General Gibson, of Ohio, made addresses. The meeting was called to order by James Dick, Chairman of the County Committee. John E. Warren, of Cumberland, presided.

MR. BLAINE'S speech will be found on the second page of this issue.

LEARNED RUNS, Louisville, 1; Pittsburgh, 2; Home runs, Berkeley, 2; Base hits, Hecker, 1; Three base hits, Carroll, Shomberg, Passed balls, Cross, 2; Carroll, 2; First base on balls, Hecker, 1; Morris, 3; Struck out, by Hecker, 2; Morris, 6; Base hits, Louisville, 3; Pittsburgh, 10; Errors, Louisville, 3; Pittsburgh, none. Umpire, Kelly.

OTHER GAMES.

At Chicago—Boston, 0; Chicago, 18. At Cincinnati—St. Louis, 4; Cincinnati, 0. At New York—Met, 3; Brooklyn, 3-drawn game.

At Philadelphia—Athletic, 3; Balto, 0. At Detroit—Philadelphia, 10; Detroit, 3. At St. Louis—Washington, 4; St. Louis, 8. At Kansas City—New York, 1; Kansas City, 7.

ONE of the sights of the City.

CHICAGO, Ill., August 24.—The number of people who called to see the imprisoned Anarchists to-day could not have been less than 100. The jailer in speaking of the matter, said he had thought the average number of visitors daily was a little short of a hundred, fully one-half of whom are ladies. About one-fourth of the visitors are non-residents. The Quakers and others opposed to capital punishment have been making great efforts to induce Governor Gray to commute the sentence. He had a life of crime before killing his wife, the last act being a most brutal affair.

A HORRIBLE CRIME.

An Unfortunate Woman Tries to Cremate Her New-Born Child.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Police Captain Conlin, of the East Eighty-Eighth street station sent the following dispatch to Acting Police Superintendent Steers this morning: Kate Stalberg, a German nurse, set fire to her room in the basement of the house No. 210 East Eighty-Eighth street. The owner, Edward Marx, who lives in the house, smelled the smoke and traced it to her door. When he entered the room to put out the fire he discovered the body of a newly born child on the charred and burning bed. It was half consumed by the flames, and the sex of the child could no longer be distinguished. Examination showed a deep cut on the child's head that had killed it. The police put the woman under arrest and summoned the coroner. No. 210 East Eighty-Eighth street is a four-story tenement full of tenants. The discovery of the crime created the most intense excitement in the neighborhood.

APPEARANCES indicate that Catharine Stalberg attempted to chop up her child, and then to cremate it in her kitchen stove, but found even after mutilating it, too large, and so built a funeral pyre on the pillow on her bed and lighted it. Probably before the design was consummated she was taken out. She persisted in her declaration of innocence and utter ignorance of the crime, and says that she awoke to find her bed on fire. A surgical examination proved, however, that she had recently become a mother. The purpose of the crime, it is believed, was to get rid of a child born alive from all appearances, and killed with a blow of a sharp instrument that nearly severed the head from the body. A slanting blow had cut a gash in the scalp and cheek, and both arms had been severed at the elbow with a blow of some edged tool.

THE police found in her room a hatchet with blood stains on the handle. It had evidently been carefully washed and wiped recently, but the tell-tale stains remained. The prisoner lived for several years at No. 239 East Eighty-Eighth street, where she passed the life of Otto Williams, a young butcher, who visited her. Williams is said to have gone to Baltimore two weeks ago. A brother of the Stalberg woman, who lives at No. 239 East Eighty-Eighth street, quarreled with her some time ago on account, it is said, of her irregular manner of living, and has not since visited her. She is not known to have had any male visitors at the house since the murder, and had, therefore, probably no accomplice.

SERVED HIS TIME.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—The Post-Dispatch's special from Chattanooga says: William Plummer, of Petersburg, Va., and Mrs. Virginia Edwards, of New York City, met here to-day for the purpose of getting married. Having engaged the services of a minister, the couple had taken their places before the minister the lady discovered that her intended was drunk, whereupon she took the marriage license from the minister, threw it in Plummer's face and shortly after left for New York.

IRISH M'P'S SAIL FOR HOME.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Messrs. O'Brien, Deasey and Redmond, comprising the delegation from Ireland, who came on recently to the Chicago convention of the Irish National League, left for Europe on the steamer Wisconsin this noon. At the steambank dock the delegates spoke highly of their reception in this country. As the vessel moved out from the berth the crowd cheered and the M'P's responded by removing their hats.

MURDER BY SUICIDE.

CHICAGO, August 24.—A special from Sterling, Ill., says: Frank Wood, the son of very respectable parents residing here, shot and instantly killed his wife in the house of Dr. Waller McPherson, yesterday afternoon. The man was in a jealous rage in nature and his wife had left him some weeks ago on account of his cruel and abusive treatment.

GEN. JOE JOHNSTON NOT FAIRLY III.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—The reports in circulation abroad to the effect that General Joseph E. Johnston is dying in this city are incorrect. The General arrived here yesterday and is in a jealous rage in nature and his wife had left him some weeks ago on account of his cruel and abusive treatment.

METHODIST MINISTER DEPOSED.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 24.—Rev. Mr. Nepper, a prominent Methodist minister in the Rock River Conference, was to-day expelled from the ministry and also from membership on account of unchristian conduct and the misappropriation of funds. He pleaded guilty to two of the charges.

MINE EXPLOSION.

HARRISBURG, Pa., August 24.—Two mine explosions of gas occurred at the Short Mountain Colliery at Lykens, yesterday, which burned twenty men seriously. Jas. B. Bateman, the foreman, was painfully injured. No deaths have yet occurred. The explosion was caused by lighting a lamp in the air shaft.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

AMOS ADAM LAWRENCE, identified with the settlement of Kansas Territory, died at Nahant, Mass.

IT IS thought there was a plot to rescue the Chicago Anarchists on the day they were found guilty.

IT IS probable that another call for \$15,000,000 three percent bonds will be made during the second week of September.

DR. LEONARD, of Ohio, is blamed for "cutting up" Sam Jones to make an attack on Murphy's temperance revival.

Mrs. Cleveland, the President's wife, has taken sixty sittings for pictures in a Washington photographer's gallery.

General Robinson will be renominated by the Republicans for Secretary of State of Ohio. No other name has been suggested.

DR. S. A. RICHMOND, of St. Joseph, Mo., charged with killing Col. James W. Strong, editor of the Herald, has been found on trial to be insane and not guilty.

THE saving to the Government by President Cleveland's 102 pension votes is about one-fifth the amount that will be expended in fitting up his residence in Washington.

HARVEY MASON, alias Anderson, a boy not yet fifteen years old, was brought to trial in Cincinnati yesterday on the charge of murdering Charles B. Warman in October last year. The testimony indicated that the killing was in self-defense. The boy will be sent to the State Industrial School.

THE officer commanding declared that the whole Bulgarian army was opposed to the deposition of Alexander, and was prepared to die for him. The inhabitants fraternize with the troops. Large numbers of the rural inhabitants are flocking to Philippopolis. The provincial population is frenzied in favor of Alexander.

ALEXANDER'S CAUSE GAINING.

LONDON, August 24.—A Bucharest dispatch says that disorder prevails in Sofia, and that the outlying garrisons are waiting for the signal to march on the capital. It is stated that the Roumelian militia are prepared for active service and that Alexander's cause is hourly gaining ground. The only news received from Darnstadt is that Alexander accompanied by his brother, was expected to arrive in Sofia, passed Barliza on Sunday and landed at Nisopolis or Grakon on Monday and was escorted thence to a place as yet unknown.

THE Daily Telegraph says: It is stated that a sanguinary encounter has taken place among the troops of Jassy, Roumelia, resulting in the killing and wounding of many on both sides.

THE OUSTED PRINCE.

COUP ACCOMPLISHED AT NIGHT

By a Regiment of Russified Soldiers—The Czar's Revenge—The Bulgarian Soldier Declares for Alexander—The Porte's Circular to the Powers.

LONDON, August 24.—Authentic dispatches received from Sofia to-day show that the deposition of Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria, was accomplished during the night. According to these advices one thoroughly Russified regiment of cavalry was detained in the city after night fall when the other troops retired to their barracks. This regiment, perfectly under the control of the Revolutionists, surrounded the palace about two hours past midnight. Prince Alexander was in bed, and the palace was closed. The revolutionary leaders, with the assistance of the soldiers, forced their way into the building, went to the Prince's ante-chamber and had him aroused. They blantly made known to him the purpose of their intrusion. He was stunned, having been taken completely unawares. When he recovered his self-control and realized the utter helplessness of his situation, he bitterly reproached his captors for their treachery.

What followed is still rather obscure. The revolutionists declare that Alexander, to avoid capture, fled to the balcony. Others, however, assert that he firmly declined to sign an abdication, and that in consequence of his refusal he was made a prisoner and confined in a remote prison, being and he would be kept there until he complied with the demands of the revolutionists. It is said that the Prince was removed from Sofia under a strong cavalry escort long before daybreak. The people did not become acquainted with even the fact of the coup d'etat until several hours after the Prince had been removed from the palace.

Prince Henry of Battenberg, who is at Balmoral, was asked whether he had received any communication from Prince Alexander, to which he replied: "I don't know where my brother is. I have not heard from him yet."

Telegrams from Widen say that advices received there from Bulgaria state that there is much discontent among the Bulgarians, and that a change in the government, and that a large number of the troops are disposed to restore Prince Alexander. All towns in Bulgaria and Roumelia, except Widen, are in a state of siege, and Servia has begun to place her army on a war footing.

RUSSIA'S HAND IN THE AFFAIR.

Russia has obtained speedy revenge for the harsh language addressed to her by the British Foreign Office when she closed the port of Batoum by bringing about the deposition of Prince Alexander, which was managed in Russia. The Russian Government and the Russian people were lavishly urged and led to corrupt the adherents of Prince Alexander, and the few of those who remained steadfast in their loyalty to the Prince were carefully sent away, leaving the Prince at the mercy of the revolutionists. Thus the Prince of Bulgaria pays the penalty of thwarting the wishes of the Czar in allying himself with England and trying to run his little government alone.

The Czar has a feeling of the deepest bitterness against Prince Alexander, and the latter's previous revolt. He has steadily refused to answer the Prince's personal appeals, and finally returned his letters unopened, declaring he would receive no further communications from him.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 24.—The Journal de St. Petersburg, commenting on the Bulgarian crisis, says it hopes the politicians of Bulgaria and Roumelia have the wisdom to understand that the destinies of both nations depend upon the behavior of the people. "The Powers, with whom rests the decisions of these destinies," adds the Journal, "desire, above all things, peace and the good will of those Powers should be shown in the political movement which should abstain from agitation and should attempt to hamper their good intentions."

THE Russian press generally do not believe that any of the other Powers will interfere with Russia's "direct pacification of Bulgaria."

THE Novae Vremia advocates sending a Russian dignitary to maintain order until a successor to Alexander be chosen.

BULGARIAN TROOPS FAVOR ALEXANDER.

VIENNA, August 24.—The Political Correspondence prints a dispatch from Gurgievo, in Roumelia, on the Danube, opposite Rastuch, which says that the Bulgarian troops in Eastern Roumelia have issued a proclamation in favor of Prince Alexander. The dispatch further says that the Bulgarians have proclaimed Colonel Mutkuroff their chief, and that the government which they have organized to oppose the government of M. Karaveloff, and adds that the inhabitants of Shumla and Terova have publicly declared for Prince Alexander, and that the movement for his restoration is spreading.

BUCHARST, August 24.—The yacht supposed to have Prince Alexander on Board, a prisoner, passed Gurgievo without stopping. It was expected to stop there. The yacht was seen by the Russian vessel, the Silistria. It is supposed that the revolutionists intend to land Prince Alexander on Russian territory. The Roumelian government has taken all the necessary steps to protect Prince Alexander if he be landed in Roumelia. The yacht was last reported at Rani, in Bessarabia, at the junction of the Pruth and Danube. This is Russian territory.

LONDON, August 24.—Telegrams from Bucharest state that a majority of the Bulgarian army as well as a majority of Bulgarian soldiers are declared in favor of Prince Alexander, including the soldiers in the Widin, Nicopolis and Silistria garrisons. A detachment of persons from the interior of Bulgaria expecting that Prince Alexander, on his way to exile, would pass through Bucharest, have arrived here whether they came to tender the Prince his fidelity to his fortunes.

ALEXANDER LANDED.

BUCHARST, August 24.—Prince Alexander has been landed at Rani, a prisoner. Telegrams speak of serious troubles in the interior of Bulgaria, but details are not given. The garrison at Philippopolis, Eastern Roumelia, has taken arms in favor of Prince Alexander. A regiment of infantry with a band playing marched to the frontier consulates to give notice of their allegiance to Alexander.

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BRUNNEN, August 24.—The Deutsche Zeitung says that Prince Alexander six weeks ago wrote to his father at Darmstadt that he was so undetermined by Russian intrigues that only a miracle could save him.

TURKEY'S Circular.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 24.—The Porte has sent a circular to the Powers concerning the Bulgarian crisis. The circular says that the deposition of Prince Alexander has left Bulgaria in a position which interests the Powers as much as it does Turkey, and asks to be informed of their intentions and opinions respecting the situation as possible. The troops in Eastern Roumelia and at Shumla disapproved of the deposition. Two thousand people who openly favor the restoration of Prince Alexander, met yesterday in front of the Russian Consulate in Philippopolis, and made a public demonstration of their wishes.

THE question has arisen of the population of Sofia into two hostile parties, one of which ardently supports the revolution, the other is warmly espousing the cause of the Prince. The partisanship on both sides has become dangerously heated, and it is feared that party conflicts of a serious nature will ensue. The railway service between Constantinople and Roumelia has been suspended. Orders have been sent to Adrianople suspending the issue of tickets beyond the frontier.

A DISASTROUS FLOOD.

At Mandalay—Fifty Thousand People Homeless—Dead Bodies Washed Ashore.

LONDON, August 24.—Dispatches from Mandalay state that the embankment of the Irrawaddy river at that place burst, making a breach of three hundred yards wide. The whole district around the city is flooded to a depth ranging from four to twenty feet. Innumerable houses have been washed away, many of them so suddenly that the inmates were drowned before they could escape. Fully fifty thousand people are homeless. The number of lives lost cannot at present be ascertained.

THE flooded district had within its territory many of the food supply stores, and all of these were swept away. The result will be an approach to famine among the homeless population. The river will not fall until the end of the month, and the reconstruction of the broken embankment until November. The British military operations are seriously interfered with by the damage done by the flood already amounting to \$300,000. Many dead bodies are being constantly washed ashore.

STREET CAR STRIKE

ON BROADWAY SURFACE ROAD.

The Men Paid Off and Told Their Services Were no Longer Needed—Third Avenue Men Intercepted in Taking the Jobs of the Strikers.

NEW YORK, August 24.—The 1,100 employees of the Broadway and Seventh Avenue Surface Road were paid off to-day. Superintendent Newell said that since the men had refused to accept the terms offered he will have nothing more to do with them. He has advertised for new men. Early this morning fifteen non-union men from the extra list of the Third Avenue Surface Road started for the stables of the Broadway road to apply for work. They were intercepted by the strikers and assaulted and driven away. Master Workman James P. Graham hastened to the stables and ordered the men to refrain from all violence. It is asserted that the company had violated their agreement, which was to make each driver and conductor run only five trips a day. The new schedule would make them run six trips a day, or 10 hours work. The employees of