

THIRD PARTY

CANDIDATES NOMINATED AT PARKERSBURG.

A State Ticket Placed in the Field by the Prohibitionists.

Hon. T. R. Carskadon Unanimously Named for Governor.

Which Means that there will be an Aggressive Campaign.

The National Ticket and Platform is Endorsed.

And a Nucleus for a Campaign Fund is Subscribed.

Mr. Ezekiel Bonar, of Marshall County, Nominated for Congress.

STATE PROHIBITION TICKET.

For Governor, T. R. CARSKADON, of Mineral County.

For Treasurer, J. W. BODLEY, of Ohio County.

For Auditor, J. D. BARNES, of Kanawha County.

For Attorney General, J. U. MYERS, of Mason County.

For Superintendent of Schools, J. C. CORWALL, of Boone County.

For State Senator, J. H. CROZIER, of Monroe County.

For Presidential Electors, T. M. HARRIS and J. T. SILER.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., July 31.—

About eighty-five delegates, representing all of the State Senatorial districts, except the Seventh, met at the rink at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon to nominate the first full State Prohibition ticket in West Virginia.

Seven or eight ladies were present, including Mrs. McClurkin, Mrs. I. H. Johnson and others.

Mr. Stewart made a speech in which he said he believed in the preacher in politics and that no congregation could be held in his mouth.

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PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

LABOR BUSINESS IN THE HOUSE—Commercial Relations Between Canada and the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—

When the House met to-day the clerk laid before it a letter from the Speaker announcing his enforced absence from the city for a few days on account of important business, and upon motion of Mr. Mills, of Texas, Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, was elected as Speaker pro tem, and took the chair amid applause.

Mr. Mills asked unanimous consent that the seventh of August be assigned for the consideration of bills reported from the Committee on Labor, with the exception of the convict labor bill.

Mr. Spindola, of New York, objected to this exception.

Mr. Mills stated that the unanimous consent could not be procured unless exception was made.

Mr. Spindola replied that in that event the labor bills should be taken over the State of New York had already taken steps towards abolishing convict labor, and he was opposed to allowing the State of Pennsylvania to flood his State with convict-made goods.

The request was not granted.

On motion of Mr. Townsend, the further consideration of the deficiency bill was postponed, and the House went into Committee of the Whole on the army appropriation bill with amendments.

All amendments were non-concurrent with the exception of those relative to fortifications and ordnance.

In the Senate.

The bill for the erection of a Marine Hospital at Evansville, Ind., was reported and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Riddleberger, from the Committee on Railroads, reported a bill providing that the surplus from the appropriation made for the Centennial Exposition of 1876 be used for the purchase of land at Augusta and Richmond, Ga., to be sold.

The resolution offered by Mr. Hoar on the 24th, was taken up and agreed to.

It provides for the appointment of a committee of seven members to report on the relations of commerce and business existing between the United States and the British North American possessions.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Mr. Manderson offered an amendment appropriating \$10,000 to repay the city of Omaha for repairing the court house and postoffice. Agreed to.

Mr. Call offered an amendment appropriating \$10,000 to be expended at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury for the recovery of property of the United States now held in adverse possession to the Government. He spoke of the fact that the money had been laid before the Senate on that subject.

Mr. Sherman opposed the amendment and spoke of the hope of recovering property which had belonged to the Confederate States as an illusive one.

Mr. Cockerell spoke of the fact that the Government might be able to recover property which had belonged to the Confederate States as an illusive one.

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GENERAL HARRISON

Receives Another Immense Delegation of Hoosiers,

AND MAKES A ROUSING SPEECH

Which Captures the Crowd—Discusses a New Question—Gen. Alger's Visit—An Eloquent Address by Michigan's Governor.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 31.—The Republicans of Henry county, Indiana, to the number of about eleven hundred, paid their respects to General Harrison to-day. They were a fine looking body of men, and the clubs from New Castle, Calia, Greensboro, Morston and Knights-town wore white play hats. The spokesmen for the visitors was General William Grose, of New Castle, a comrade of General Harrison in the campaign around Atlanta, to which General Grose alluded in his address. Henry county lies within what is historically known as the "burnt district" of Indiana, was settled by Quakers, to which sect General Harrison's remarks applied. The General spoke on a new subject to-day, when he touched upon our commercial relations with South America, and the new line of steamship lines to the South and Central American States. His response was as follows:

COMRADE GROSE AND MY HENRY COUNTY FRIENDS:—In all the addresses which have been made to me, there has been some reference to the great question of PROTECTION OF AMERICAN INDUSTRIES.

I see it upon the banners which you carry. Our party stands unequivocally, without exception or qualification, for the doctrine that the American market shall be preserved for our American products.

We are not attracted by the suggestion that we should surrender to foreign producers the best market in the world. Our sixty millions of people are the best buyers in the world, and they are the best customers of our workmen. We receive the best wages. [Applause.]

But we do not mean to content with our own market. We should seek to promote closer and more friendly commercial relations with the Central and South American States. [Applause.]

And what is essential to that end? Our mails are the first condition of commerce. The merchant must know when his order will be received and when his consignment will be returned, or there can be no trade between distant communities. What we need, therefore, is the establishment of American steamship lines between our ports and the ports of Central and South America.

Then it will be no longer necessary that an American minister, commissioned to an American State, shall take an English ship to Liverpool to find an arrival, and a French ship to carry him to his destination. [Applause.]

We are not to be frightened by the use of that ugly word, "subsidy." [Laughter.] We would pay to American steamship lines

for carrying our mails instead of turning them over to British tramp steamships. [Applause.] We do not desire to dominate these neighboring Governments. We do not desire to deal with them in any spirit of aggression. We desire these friendly political, mental and commercial relations which shall promote their interests equally with ours. We should not forget these commercial relations and advantages which our geographical relations suggest, and make so desirable. If you will excuse me from further public speech, I will be glad to take the steps of Gen. Harrison, who introduced Gov. Alger amid cheers and applause, as follows:

MY FELLOW CITIZENS:—I have had the pleasure to-day to receive in my own home a distinguished and distinguished not only for his relation to the civil administration of affairs in his State, but also as one of the conspicuous and gallant soldiers contributed by Michigan to the armies of the United States. [Applause.]

Among Gen. Harrison's callers late in the day was Hon. Patrick Egan, one of the delegates-at-large from Michigan to the National Convention and ex-President of the Irish National League of America. He was accompanied by Mortimer Scanlon, of Chicago, and other gentlemen.

They spent a half hour with General Harrison. Governor Alger left this evening for Cincinnati to attend the Exposition to-morrow.

In an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press, he said that he had no other things that the Republicans of Michigan would make an effort to get Mr. Blaine to stump the State, and in response to a query he smilingly denied that he had recently made his check, while in New York with Chairman Quay for one hundred thousand dollars or any other sum.

At Columbus, O., July 31.—The case of Blinkey Morgan, on application for commutation of sentence to imprisonment for life, was formally presented to the Governor to-day and this evening he announced he would not interfere with the sentence of the court.

Morgan will be executed at the penitentiary in this city Thursday night next, between the hours of twelve and three a. m.

There will be no reduction.

CHICAGO, July 31.—At a meeting of the passenger-agents of the Central and Great Western roads, there will be a uniformity of rates on oil.

Drank Malto, 25 cents a bottle.

THREE PROTECTION DEMOCRATS.

Sensors McPherson, Voorhees and Brown Will Vote for the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—It need create no surprise if two, probably three, Democratic Senators vote for the tariff bill, which will be presented in the Senate by the Republican members of the Committee on Finance. The attitude of Senators Brown, of Georgia; McPherson, of New Jersey, and Voorhees, of Indiana, on the subject of the tariff, is a source of suspense to Speaker Carlisle, Chairman Mills and other Democrats in the House. They have made diligent search to secure a pledge from the Senators named as to what now preparing tariff bills says he will present their measure, and they have been unable up to this time to get anything definite. The other thing which makes the Democrats in the House uneasy is the fact that Senators McPherson and Voorhees, who are known to be Protectionists, have a number of times gone to the committee on finance and made requests to have provisions of