The Wheeling Daily Intelligencer.

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Massacre.

ANOTHER BLOODY RACE RIOT

Reports Conflict, but it is Known that Many are Killed and Wounded.

The Victims Both White and Colored, and State Troops Called Out.

THE RESULT OF A QUARREL

Between White and Colored Boys at Wahalka, in Mississippi.

Further BloodShed May be Looked for--Meagre Accounts from the Seat of War.

WAHALAK, MISS., Dec. 17.—There was a terrible riot at this place last night and to-day twelve white men and 150 negroes lie dead as a result. For a long time there has been much ill-feeling between the whites and blacks here, which has been aggravated by the alleged impertinence of the latter, and yesterday the two elements became involved in a quarrel which ended in great loss of life. The facts, as far as they can be ascertained, are as follows: A negro and a white man quarrelled and the negro was killed. This was an excuse for an assault, and the negroes immediately swept down upon the whites, who were greatly outnumbered. Knowing that it would be a fight to death, the whites prepared to receive their black assailants, and when the battle was ended it was found that twelve white men and over 150 blacks had been killed.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Some two months ago a white farmer living a few miles from the almost desolate village, lost his gin-house, together with eight or ten bales of cotton by a fire, which was evidently the work of an incendiary. Suspicion was at once directed to one or two negroes living in the vicinity, with whom the farmer had had some trouble. The officers in the meantime had been searching for evidence against the negroes. At a late hour last night sufficient evidence had been secured. One of the negroes was approached by an officer, who demanded that he surrender.

The negro became furious and terribly assaulted the officer, after which he made his escape. This attack on an officer of the law aroused the indignation of the few white citizens in the neighborhood, who organized themselves to capture, not to mob the fugitive. The woods in the vicinity were scoured but without result. Not a trace of him could be found, and it was decided by the posse to act in a body and surround his premises. They had proceeded only a few miles in the direction of the negro's house when from an ambush came a deadly volley. Fifty well armed negroes composed the mob. After every white man had fallen to the ground, the negroes dispersed. The horror stricken people have telegraphed for aid. Seventy-five well armed men left Meridian, Miss., at 10 o'clock this morning for the scene of the tragedy. West Point will furnish more help as soon as the necessary advices can be had.

A STILL LATER ACCOUNT.

A late special says:

The negroes are said to be well armed and assembled *en masse*, and seem determined to fight it out. Various rumors exist. It is said that six white men were killed and as many more wounded, and that the trouble originated in two negro men whipping a white boy.

It is feared there will be bloody work to-night, as the negroes are concentrating. Nearly every town in East Mississippi is sending aid to the whites.

FIRST REPORTS EXAGGERATED.

A dispatch from New Orleans says: A special dispatch from Columbus, Miss., to the *Picayune*, says: Several gentlemen reached this city this morning from Artesia, bringing news of the wholesale slaughter of a constable's posse near Wahalka, a small station on the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, near Macon, Miss. On Friday last a negro and white boy got into a fight. The white boy's father attempted to separate them when he was set upon by the negro boy and his father and terribly beaten. Yesterday the white man swore out a warrant for the negro's arrest, and Constable Seth Cobb went to the negro's house to execute it, when he was attacked by a number of negroes and beaten. He then summoned a posse of twelve men and went yesterday evening to arrest the negro. The posse were fired upon from ambush and five were killed outright and six wounded, more or less seriously. The news spread rapidly and the negroes were strongly reinforced. Wahalak telegraphed along the line for help and Meridian responded with about 75 well-armed men. They were joined at every station, and reaching Wahalak marched immediately to the scene of bloodshed. The negroes were barricaded and refused to surrender, or give up the dead whites. At noon the forces were supposed to be about equal, and what the result is no one here knows. This afternoon news was received that the belligerent negroes have retreated to the swamps and are stubborn, while the non-combatant negroes are fleeing to the woods in terror.

Capt. McDowell, of the Columbus Riflemen, telegraphed to the Sheriff of Kemper county that his men were ready, if he should ask the Governor for military assistance. The telegram was not delivered, as the Sheriff was not in town. There is considerable excitement here, and the news of the developments is waited with the utmost anxiety.

Following is a list of the killed and wounded: Killed—Henry Mauery, Seth Cobb, Tom Nicholson, Bill Vaughan, Bill Hare.

Wounded—Frank Mauery, Tom Giles, Bob Harper, H. L. Harper, John Dew, Jeff Thomas.

A special from Macon, Miss., says: It is reported this evening that seven of the negroes implicated were shot this morning. Two armed squads have left here to-day for the scene of the trouble and more bloodshed may be expected.

TO GIVE THE NEGROES SUFFRAGE.

A Question to Come up in the Chickasaw Legislature.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Dec. 17.—The Chickasaws in Indian Territory alone of all the civilized tribes have denied the right of citizenship to freedmen living in their country. Recently the question has been raised whether under the Constitution of the United States the negroes would be deprived of rights guaranteed by that instrument, and there is a probability of a bill being passed by the Legislature conferring suffrage upon them. Many Chickasaws favor colonizing the negroes in Oklahoma, paying them for their property and other rights acquired as adopted citizens of the Chickasaw nation. The negroes outnumber the Chickasaws, and the latter fear that giving them the right to vote will be attended with dangerous consequesces.

COLORED FEMALE COLLEGE.

Colored Missionaries to be Trained for Service in Africa.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—At the meeting of the Presbytery of Baltimore the Rev. A. B. Cross called attention to the enterprise of Aia College and Mission Institute which is designed for the Christian and industrial education of young girls of the African race. He spoke of the importance of such an education as the basis for the elevation of the race in this country, and through them their race in Africa. He quoted Prof. Warfield, of Princeton Seminary, as saying: "It is the commonplace remark that the greatest work before the American people is the elevation and civilization of the millions of these people among us. The great obstacle to their rising is the weight of prejudice against them. Secular training, though good, could not mould the colored population. Christian schools and teachers aglow with missionary fervor alone could do so." He quoted from Bishop Taylor about the horror of the slave trade in Africa, and urged the necessity of missionary enterprise in Africa—the new country lately opened up—which must be rescued, he said, from the infidel and the heathen. He urged the necessity of training colored girls to go as missionaries and wives of missionaries to Africa. He then stated that years ago a most desirable location for a college or institute for colored girls was secured on the N. C. railroad, and the work now is so advanced that it is expected that a beginning will be made in the early spring to erect suitable buildings there. In the meantime the college would be opened at No. 710 North Calvert street, corner of Monument.

DR. SCOTT DEAD.

The Author of the Scott Liquor Laws Yields to Old Age.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 17.—Dr. James Scott, author of the famous Scott liquor laws, died at his home at Lebanon, yesterday, aged 73 years. He had been a member of the Ohio legislature eighteen years. He was appointed Secretary of Washington Territory by President Grant, and served as consul from 1874 to 1876, having been a public official more than thirty years. He was born in Washington county, Pa., July 15, 1815, and his death was due entirely to the infirmities of old age.

A Railroad In For It.

DAVENPORT, IA., Dec. 17.—Twenty-four suits have been entered in the District Court here against the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad by Attorney General Baker in the name of the State of Iowa. The charge is extortion of freight rates and the allegation asks $5,000 damages on each of the twenty-four suits, amounting in the aggregate to $120,000. Suits will also be commenced by leading jobbers at Dubuque, Burlington, Keokuk and Cedar Rapids against the road.

Asked for an Injunction.

HARRISBURG, PA., Dec. 17.—In the Dauphin county court to-day Attorney General Fitzpatrick asked for an injunction against the Pittsburgh, Shenango & Lake Erie Railroad Company, which is capitalized at $2,900,000. It is charged that the company has issued a large amount of stock, for which no equivalent has been paid and which is utterly fictitious and void.

The Allen O. Myers Case.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 17.—The testimony on the part of the State was concluded to-day in the tally sheet forgery case in which Allen O. Myers is defendant. Four additional witnesses were examined and pretty much the same grounds passed over as in the former trial. From the present indications the trial will be concluded this week.

The Phil Daly Badger Case.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The case of Edward Meredith, Addie Stanton and Ella Hammond, three of the badgers who attempted to rob Gambler Phil Daly, was before Judge Martine this morning. Counsel for the prisoners moved that the indictment be quashed on the ground that it was found on illegal evidence. Judge Martine reserved his decision.

Supply of Grain in Chicago.

CHICAGO, DEC. 17.—The visible Supply of grain compared with that of one week ago, as reported by the Board of Trade, is as follows:—

Wheat 37,245,000, increase 675,000; corn 6,327,000, decrease 249,000; oats 7,970,000, increase 378,000; rye 1,613,000, decrease 27,000; barley 2,427,000, increase 180,000.

Mr. Morton Close Mouthed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Hon. Levi P. Morton, Vice President-elect, to-night assured a reporter that the visit of himself and wife to Gen. and Mrs. Harrison was of a social nature, and smiled and said nothing when the subject of President Harrison's cabinet was broached.

A Firemarshal's Suicide.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Frank T. Sweenie, firemarshal of the town of Lake, a large suburb in which the stock yards are situated, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat. No cause for his rash act is known.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

High water prevails in the Nagatuck Valley, Conn., and much damage is done.

The Mohawk Valley, New York, is flooded, and the factories are stopped.

Patrick Darlt, a seventeen-year-old boy, was fatally stabbed on the steamer Katie Stockdale, near Steubenville, by Mat Pomeroy, the second cook.

The explosion of a furnace at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works, Pittsburgh, last night, terribly burned three men whose names cannot be learned.

The Clay county (Ind.) miners endorse the action of the Columbus convention recommending one national order for the miners of the United States.

Insanity will be the plea by the defense in the trial of T. H. Briggan, late Chairman of the Cuyahoga county, O., Republican Committee, charged with forgery.

It is rumored that a friend of General Harrison has visited New Haven, Conn., and sounded leading politicians as to the acceptibility of Hon. R. D. Sperry for Postmaster General.

The Republicans of Indianapolis resent the appointment of Leon A. Barley to succeed U. S. District Attorney Sellers, owing to Barley's personal attacks on General Harrison during the campaign. They say it is in the nature of an insult to General Harrison by President Cleveland.

THE TARIFF DISCUSSION.

The Iron Schedule of the Republican Bill Still Under Debate.

MR. VEST'S COMBATIVENESS.

He will Fight it if it Takes Until the Fourth of March—The Immigration Committee—Riddleberger's Insane Actions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 17.—The Senate resumed consideration of the tariff bill at paragraph 147, referring to taggers iron. This paragraph and the two preceding ones on the same subject were passed over informally without action. The next paragraph, 148, was as to "spikes, nuts and washers and horse, mule, or ox shoes, of wrought iron or steel,' imposing a duty of 1 8-10 per cent. per pound.

Mr. Vest moved to amend by reducing the rate to 1¼ per cent. per pound. After discussion the amendment was rejected—yeas 19, nays 21.

The next paragraph, 149, was as to "wheels, or parts thereof, made of iron or steel, and steel tired wheels for railway purposes," wholly or partly manufactured, imposing a rate of 2½ cents per pound, and of 1¼ cent per pound on ingots for the same without regard to the degree of manufacture.

Mr. McPherson moved to amend by making the rates 2 cents and 1½ cent per pound respectively.

Mr. McPherson called attention to the fact that Republican Senators had abandoned the idea of defending the bill on the ground of Protection to American Labor, and had taken the ground of protecting the factory interests.

Mr. Edmunds argued that there was practically no such thing as raw material. Taking a car-wheel to weigh 300 pounds and to be worth so many dollars, 90 per cent of these dollars represented the labor put into it. Whether the result was properly divided between the laborer and the employer was another question, which no tariff could fix, except in the sense that the more foreign articles that are brought in, the less of such articles will be produced in the United States.

Mr. McPherson said that nobody denied that a good deal of labor was involved in the manufacture of car wheels, but after the iron ore and coal and limestone was mined and brought together and iron made out of them, that pig iron was protected at the rate of $6 72 a ton, that was far beyond the relative difference between wages at home and abroad. American labor was as much better than foreign labor as the pay was better.

Mr. Edmunds disclaimed any intention of contributing to endless discussion on the bill.

The debate continued at great length, and in the course of which Mr. Vest referred to Democratic Senators as being represented as the enemies of the country.

Mr. Frye—That is so.

Mr. Vest—It is impossible for the Senator from Maine to think worse of me on this subject than I do of him. I think that if he has a contract to carry this country to utter ruin, he is carrying it out to the best of his ability. I honestly believe that he is robbing the people of the country, on whose welfare depends the welfare of the entire Republic. I propose to fight every item in the bill, if it takes till the 4th of March, but I will make plain to the American people that this whole Senate bill is in the interest of piling up the fortunes of the manufacturers at the expense of the consumer.

Finally the discussion closed and the vote was taken on Mr. McPherson's amendment, which was rejected. The House bill to incorporate George Bancroft and others a body politic and corporation under the name of the American Historical Association was laid before the Senate and was referred to the Committee on the Library.

The House holiday adjournment resolution was laid before the Senate and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Adjourned.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 17.—Mr. Sowden, of Pennsylvania, from the Committee on Accounts, reported a resolution appropriating $2,000 out of the contingent fund of the House to pay the expenses of the Ford immigration committee.

Mr. Dunham, of Illinois, said the committee had already expended $5,000. The matter had the appearance to him of a junketing affair.

Mr. Ford, of Michigan, said that no man familar with the work of the committee, would excuse it of any extravagant expenditures. The committee had worked diligently and had examined many witnesses, (many of them unwilling) and when the testimony was printed and persued by the gentlemen from Illinois he would not accuse the committee of wasting public money. The committee desired to conclude its investigation and make a report to Congress immediately after the holiday recess.

Mr. Guenther, of Wisconsin, remarked that if the gentlemen from Illinois thought that the committee was a junketing committee [Mr. Guenther] as a member of that committee would resign in the gentleman's favor.

Mr. Kerr, of Iowa, thought that there was no necessity for the committee to proceed further with the investigation. In a couple of months there would be an administration in harmony with the laws on the statute books. The officers appointed under that administration would see that the laws were enforced, and there would be no necessity for Congress to institute an investigation in order to make these officers enforce the laws.

Mr. Cox, of New York, hoped that the House would give the committee the money it asked for. It ought to be able to report a bill of some kind so that the laws might be more stringently effectuated, or be added to, if they were defective, but it seemed to him that the committee was going a little too far in the exercise of its functions. The committee, according to the press, was proposing to prevent foreign actors from coming into this country.

Mr. Oates, of Alabama, remarked that that was an open question. The committee had not reached its decision in regard to it.

Mr. Cox was glad that the committee had not decided that those people who went to the theatres should be restricted to American players. They should have the privilege of seeing tragedy, comedy, drama, farce, and, as some gentleman suggested, ballet, in all their histrionic forms, which any art or genius might provide for the delectation of the American public. Under the contract labor law a foreign minister had been forbidden to take his parsonage because he had come to this country under some sort of contract. He hoped that this thing would not be driven to excess. It was well to be right but not excessively right. It was well to be a Christian, but there was no use in joining the Salvation Army.

While he would vote for the resolution, he hoped that the committee would receive in all good temper the caution he here gave in behalf of those who were fond of the drama and fond of the church. The resolution was adopted.

A Bill That Should Pass.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 17.—A week ago Mr. Lawler, of Illinois, introduced a bill granting a pension of $12 month to honorably discharged soldiers and sailors when they have attained the age of sixty years. Since that time he has been the recipient of many letters requesting him to lower the minimum age to fifty, and this morning he introduced a bill in accordance with that request.

Hearing the Manufacturers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 17.—This morning the Senate sub-committee in charge of the tariff bill heard a delegation of manufacturers upon the schedule of feltings. They had not completed their work when the hour for the Senate to convene had arrived, and the committee will hear them further this evening. After them will come representatives of the manufacturers of ruchings and ruffilings and rattans.

Is This True, Governor?

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 17.—While here Governor Wilson intimated very strongly that all four of the Democratic candidates for Congress in West Virginia would be given their certificates, no matter what the decision of the courts may be. He claims, it is said, that he is authorized by law to issue the certificates of election on the face of the returns.

Death of an Army Officer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., DEC. 17.—Acting Adjutant General Kelton has been informed of the death at Fort Supply, Indian Territory of Col. Robt. Lamotte, thirteenth infantry.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Representative Cowles to-day introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to report at an early day a seperate bill containing a provision for the repeal of the tobacco tax, the retail license tax on dealers in spirituous liquors, and the other internal revenue provisions of the Mills bill. It was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Ford Special Immigration Investigation Committee will leave Wednesday for Pittsburgh to take testimony in regard to the operations of the contract labor law. The taking of testimony will begin on Friday. The committee will probably visit Detroit and may go to Port Huron, Mich.

Representative Breckenridge, of Ky., to-day introduced a joint resolution reported during the last Congress by Representative Tucker from the Committee on the Judiciary, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United State, defining polygamy, and making it unlawful at any place in the jurisdiction of the United States or any State.

Mrs. Cleveland left Washington this morning for a visit to Philadelphia.

THE WHITE CAPS IN OHIO.

Governor Foraker Has Lost No Time in Doing His Duty.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 17.—Governor Foraker said last night that a detective had been among the White Caps since the first report of their outrages in this State, and that the names of all members and the secrets of the order had been secured, with such other evidence as would bring any offender to justice. He said that none of the members had been summoned to his office, but that several of them had come voluntarily, being frightened by their possibility of prosecution and the result of their visit was that the organization had been abaned and the members had consented to quit their line of conduct.

The Governor said that the White Caps were a regular organized secret body, but they had no connection with the organization of White Caps in Indiana. They were divided into lodges, and the entire order was under a general officer known as a "Colonel." There were nine lodges in Ohio with a membership of about 1,000, among whom were many of the best citizens of the communities in which they were organized.

A White Cap Victim Dies.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Dec. 17.—James McDonald, who was so unmercifully beaten last Monday by the mob calling themselves the "Kansas division of White Caps," died yesterday. A farmer living near here says that he saw the White Caps pass his house on two different nights. On the second night he followed them and they halted in the woods and seemed to hold council. The chief addressed the men by number instead of name.

DISCUSSING THE FLOUR TRADE.

Important Conference of Millers at Milwaukee—Large Representation.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 17.—An important conference of millers is being held in this city this afternoon. About 100 makers of flour from all parts of the country are in attendance. The meeting was called to order at the Plankington house at 2:30 p. m., and the present condition and future prospects of the flour trade are under discussion.

Diamond Smuggler Caught.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—A passenger who landed here this morning from the steamer Etruria, tried to smuggle in $25,000 worth of diamonds. They were discovered by the customs officials and seized. They were carried in a little oil skin covered valise. It is learned that the man's name is Gilbert Lerrois. He describes himself as a wholesale clothing merchant of Nicaraugua. He says he had no intention of smuggling, not being familiar with our customs laws.

The Poet Whittier's Birthday.

DANVERS, MASS., Dec. 17.—John G. Whittier, the venerable poet, to-day reached his eighty-first birthday. He is at his winter home at Oak Noll, one of his favorite resorts. Many friends and neighbors called to pay their respects, and a large number of congratulatory letters and telegrams were received by him.

Endorsing Sir Charles Tupper.

MONTREAL, Dec. 16.—Sir Charles Tupper's recent speech in London against Imperial federation is warmly commended by the French-Canadian press here. The *Le Canadien* says it trusts Sir Charles Tupper will continue to throw cold water on the scheme which French Canadians are bound to combat with all their might.

Suspended From the Ministry.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The Rev. John F. Hooper, pastor of St. Paul's Reformed Church at Morrisania, has been suspended from the ministry. This action is on account of a recent decision of the California courts granting Hooper's wife a divorce on account of his cruel and inhuman treatment of her.

Kilrain in Earnest.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Charles Mitchell and Jake Kilrain arrived in this city yesterday. In respect to the mistire about covering Sullivan's money in New York, Kilrain says he is not responsible for the failure and will direct that the money in his behalf be put up in the usual way.

THE SNOOTS MURDER CASE

To be Given to the Jury To-day—The Closing Arguments.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CAMBRIDGE, O., Dec. 17.—This is the third week of the Snoots poisoning case and the question of who poisoned Carrie Snoots is almost as unsettled as the great problem, "Who struck Billy Patterson?" Under the extra-humane judicial code of Ohio, prescribed for the government of trials for murder in the first degree, the result attained is in most cases the complete mystification of the facts and the utter bewilderment of the jury, so that it takes a very hard-headed if not hard-hearted jury to bring in a verdict of conviction.

Hon. Frank Southard occupied the most of Monday in a close argument for the defense, concluding after dinner in an eloquent peroration that appealed to the humanity and sympathy of the jurymen, emphasized effectively by the piteous weeping of the accused and the heart-splitting cries of the baby.

Prosecutor Winn began the last speech in the case, the closing argument for the prosecution, at half-past two o'clock, holding the floor until four, when court adjourned. Winn is a young man, only 27, and this is his first case of any magnitude.

He is approaching his task seriously and earnestly and has already put in some telling licks. He will conclude after dinner to-morrow, and the court will charge the jury at once and submit the case into their hands.

HAD HIS FOOT CUT OFF.

Accidents in Parkersburg—Well-Known Professor Called to New Fields.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Dec. 17.—George Shannon, a lad fourteen years of age, son of B. & O. Engineer Edward Shannon, had a foot cut off by the tender of a C., W. & B. engine and was otherwise injured. He was trying to jump on the train.

Prof. E. S. Cox, of Belpre, formerly City Superintendent of Schools of Parkersburg, and also of Bellaire, Ohio, has been chosen to a similar position at Chillicothe, Ohio, to succeed Prof. John Hancock, recently appointed School Commissioner for Ohio.

Thurston Coffman, a young plasterer, fell from the Chancellor building to-day, severely, though not fatally, injuring himself.

Bear Killed Near Charleston.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Dec. 17.—A black bear weighing 300 pounds was killed yesterday on Witcher's creek, fourteen miles from this city. Others are reported as having been seen in that neighborhood lately.

Bled to Death.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

ROWLESBURG, W. VA., Dec. 17.—James Miles, of Tucker county, came to his death last week by hemorrhage of the nose. The case was an unusual one and baffled the skill of all the medical experts of the place.

A BLOODY ENCOUNTER.

A Farmer Murdered While Defending His Property from a Thief.

TOPEKA, KAS., Dec. 17.—A bloody encounter took place Friday night near the Indian Territory line in Stevens county, between a farmer named Howell and Jim Newton, a notorious horse thief. Friday Howell heard a noise in his barnyard and upon going to investigate found the thief preparing to leave with three of the best horses. He commanded Newton to release the horses, but the desperado answered by firing a pistol. Howell then attacked the thief unaided, and a desperate struggle ensued. The farmer was overcome, brutally beaten about the head, and to finish his work the thief fired three bullets into Howell's body, and rode off to the Territory with the horses. The mangled body of the farmer was found yesterday morning, and a posse of farmers was at once organized and are following the desperado.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS ROBBERY.

If the Robbers Had Waited Longer They Would Have Made a Big Haul.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Dec. 17.—Officials of the Southern Express Company say their loss by the train robbery Saturday night near Duck Hill, Miss., will not exceed $3,000. The train which followed had $139,000 in the express car. The robbers were evidently provided with horses at the place where they stopped the train, and as all the telegraph wires were down owing to a storm which was prevailing, they had full eight hours start of the pursuing parties. There were only two men engaged in the robbery.

Mysterious Mail Robbery.

OTTAWA, ONT., Dec. 17.—On Monday last a mail bag containing over $650 in cash and several letters containing money was delivered at the Grand Trunk station here, but it disappeared in some mysterious way and that was the last seen of it.

A Fatal Riot at Findlay.

FINDLAY, O., Dec. 17.—Twenty men engaged in a desperate fight near this place Saturday night, during which revolvers, stones, knives and clubs were freely used. Nearly every participant in the row was more or less seriously injured. Leon Ducomba, a Frenchman, was shot in the head and is dying. A young man named Campbell, it is believed, was fatally injured. The cause of the fight is unknown, and no arrests have been made.

Reinforcements Arrive at Suakim.

SUAKIM, Dec. 17.—The Arab trenches were heavily shelled by the forts to-day. The Twentieth Hussars and two companies of the Fifth Egyptian battalion have arrived here.

A Word About California.

The Western railroads have recognized the importance of California travel by placing fast and improved trains in service and endeavoring in every way to remove the tedium of the long journey. If you contemplate a trip to the Pacific slope this winter it will be well for you to communicate with the nearest passenger or ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, who will give you the fullest information about all the roads and sell you tickets at lowest rates via any route you may choose.

AN excellent remedy for headache from constipation and gastric derangement, as in fact it is for most of the troubles originating with the digestive organs, is Simmons Liver Regulator. It is what the name indicates—a regulator of that most important organ, the liver. It is a vegetable preparation and a very valuable family medicine for the various ailments arising from derangements of the stomach or bowels. As a headache remedy few things equal it. MWFAW

A SAD STORY.

The child coughed The mother ran. No remedy was near. Before morning the poor little sufferer was dead. Moral: Always keep Dr. Acker's English Remedy at hand. C. R. Goetze, R. B. Burt. C. Menkemeller, Logan & Co. 5

EVIDENTLY A CANARD.

A Dizzy Story from New York About West Virginia Politics.

DEMOCRATIC SPECULATIONS

Which Have no Foundation—Only of Value as Showing what Imaginations Some Newspaper Reporters Have—A Silly Story.

CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 17.—The following absurd story appears in the *Enquirer's* New York special. It will create a laugh in West Virginia political circles:

There will be an effort in West Virginia on the part of Republicans to secure the Legislature and so elect a United States Senator. General Nathan Goff, whose election as Governor is now conceded, was met yesterday by Chairman Scott, of the Republican State Committee, who is also a member of the Republican National Committee, and Charles Hart, editor of the Wheeling INTELLIGENCER. They had a long conference, to which S. B. Elkins became a party. Elkins has taken up his legal residence in West Virginia and wants to be Senator. Goff intends to be the first Republican United States Senator from West Virginia if the Legislature is Republican. It is claimed by the Democrats to be Democratic by one or three majority on joint ballot.

Elkins will press Goff for a Cabinet place if the Republicans get the Legislature, and will thus expect to become Senator himself. It was whispered around last night that the Republican manipulators think they have discovered places where they can secure an extra member or two, which would give them the Legislature. But it will cost money, which means, that it is crooked. The conference here was to discuss the financial side of the affair. Goff and Elkins are said to have agreed to furnish the necessary funds to capture anything yet in sight. It is a foolhardy undertaking, in view of the fact that a Pinkerton detective in the employ of the Democratic State Committee followed Messrs. Hart and Scott here and will trace them on their way back.

THE KANAWHA COMPLICATION.

Last Desperate Effort of the Democrats. The Official Vote of the County.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Dec. 17.—The Chapman-Littlepage matter is still the topic of conversation in political circles. Detectives who worked on the case claimed to have discovered evidence to throw out Republican votes, and advised Chapman to compromise. Parties in danger of indictment are thought to have employed the detectives in order to get a Democratic prosecutor if possible, in case they should be indicted. The Democratic attorneys to-day got a *certiorari* from the Circuit Court against the County Commissioners, compelling them to bring up the record for review. A prominent Republican attorney says the whole business don't amount to a hill of beans. The only object is to get Alderson on the roll of the House so that he can draw some money and partially reimburse him for what he has spent in the campaign. The attorneys on both sides are reticent, the Republicans saying little but are confident.

The official vote of the county is: Goff, 4,601; Fleming, 3,082; McGinnis, 4,468; Alderson, 3,123.

Governor Wilson, Senator Carr and Messrs. Dana and Huling returned from Washington yesterday.

THAT $40,000 STORY.

The Pittsburghers Named in It Pronounce It a Canard.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Dec. 17.—The story sent out from Indianapolis last night that $40,000 had been raised here for the campaign in Indiana, and had been stolen, is looked upon in this city with doubt. It was stated in the dispatches that Mr. C. L. Magee and the Tariff Club of this city had raised the money, and that two young men to whom it had been entrusted for delivery had stolen it and gone to Canada. Mr. Magee was seen at his office to-day, and when asked about the story smiled and said:

"Well, as far as the story relates to me, it is utterly devoid of truth. What money I contributed, I contributed for the local campaign. I did give a personal contribution for the Indiana campaign, but I assure you it was not $40,000, and what I did give arrived safely in Indiana.

"Well, do you think there is any truth in the other part of the story, or was there $40,000 raised here by the Tariff Club?"

"Now, you are asking me a question I cannot very well answer," said Mr. Magee. "Colonel Dudley and Mr. Michener were in Pittsburgh, that is true; but as for the Tariff Club end of the story, you will have to see the Tariff Club members about that."

From the way Mr. Magee talked and acted it is safe to say that he thinks the whole story is without foundation in fact.

Several members of the Tariff club were spoken to, and they all denied that the club had raised $40,000 for the campaign in Indiana. All the politicians in City Hall, and other places treated the whole story as a joke. One gentleman, however, said that he knew about the story, and said he himself had given $5,000 and was sorry it had miscarried.

"Did you give it in greenbacks or a check?" was asked, to which he replied: "Neither. I gave it in mind, and that is all there is to that story. Some fellow who was hard up for a newspaper story sent that out. If $40,000 had been raised here, you would have heard something about it."

An Important Message for Blaine.

SALEM, MASS., Dec. 17.—Gen. Alger, of Michigan, passed through here on the noon train Saturday, on his way to Augusta, Me., to meet Mr. Blaine. At Ipswich he got out and sent a dispatch to Mr. Blaine asking him to meet him at the station at 8 o'clock that evening. It is understood that Gen. Alger comes direct from Gen. Harrison with an important message for Blaine.

Gen. Alger Denies It.

BOSTON, DEC. 17.—Gen. Russell A. Alger, of Michigan, who has just returned from a visit to Hon. James J. Blaine, at Augusta, was seen in this city to-night, and positively denies the current rumor that he was bearing an important message from President-elect Harrison to Mr. Blaine. Gen. Alger said that his visit had no political significance whatever.

A Decision on Campaign Bets.

Weston Republican.

The Clarksburg betting men received replies from the *Sporting Life* and *Spirit of the Times* in answer to a letter of inquiry about the wagers on Goff's and Fleming's election. They both agreed that the decision is on the face of the returns. Recounts and contests are not taken into consideration. That those who bet on Goff's election win the money. These two papers are considered authority and the stake holders handed over their money. The men who bet on Atkinson are also winners.

CLAIMING THE REWARD.

Different Parties Who Think They Caused the Arrests of the Glenn Murderers Trying to Secure the Money.

Yesterday the Board of County Commissioners met in special session to hear evidence as to the justice of the different claims which have been presented for the $1,500 reward offered by the county for the arrest of the murderers of Policeman Joe Glenn, who was shot by two burglars whom he surprised in trying to break into the residence of John G. Hoffman, Sr., January 15th last. Claims to this reward and to the additional reward of $1,000 offered by the city, have been put in by Thomas Keller and his son, J. W. Keller, pawnbrokers at Newark, Ohio, who claim that they furnished the first information which led to the arrest of Thomas Kelly and Harry B. Christie, since convicted and now in the penitentiary at Moundsville on a life term. Town Marshal Rickenpaugh, Deputy Marshal Meredith and Jailer David H. Moore, all of Newark, also claim that they furnished the fruitful information, while Sheriff Handlan and Chief of Police Smith, of this city, claim that they worked the case up and made several trips to Ohio in doing so, at their own expense, and that they ought to have at least a share of the reward.

Rickenpaugh, Meredith, Moore, Handlan and Smith have pooled their issues, and expect if they secure the reward to divide it equitably among themselves. They are represented in the matter by Capt. B. B. Dovener, while the Kellers have secured H. M. Russell as their attorney.

Evidence to substantiate their claim, both oral and in the form of affidavits, was presented by the Kellers. Then Meredith was put on the stand. At this point Mr. Russell raised the question whether Sheriff Handlan and Capt. Smith, officers of the law in this State, could claim any part of the reward for doing their duty, and pending this question the Board adjourned till this morning.

CONDEMNATION SUIT

Against Mr. Rainey by the Wheeling & Lake Erie Company.

To-day the jury will examine the land of Wm. J. Rainey, east of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh railroad at Rainey's coal works, relative to the appropriation suit of Mr. Rainey against the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad. The company has appropriated all the land for its road between the Cleveland & Pittsburgh road and the Ohio river and offered Rainey $2,000 for it. He refused to accept this sum and wants $25,000.

Mr. Rainey, a Cleveland millionaire, arrived in Martin's Ferry yesterday, also Mr. M. D. Woodford, Vice President of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, and Mr. D. W. Fuller, of this company. They came for the purpose of looking over the ground and effecting a compromise, if possible, more especially the latter. For this purpose a conference was held behind closed doors in the Hotel Maywood, where Messrs. Woodford and Fuller were stopping. The result of the conference could not be ascertained. For right of way through Mr. Rainey's land on the west of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh road at Rainey's Coal Works Mr. Rainey asked $25,000. The S. P. & O. company offered him $1,000. He brought suit and the jury gave him $5,500, and he thinks the land the Wheeling & Lake Erie wants is as valuable as this. Much interest is manifested in these cases by the people in and around Martin's Ferry.

THE ANNUAL COLLECTION

Of Sacks For the Children's Home—A Liberal Donation.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR:—Please allow the Directors of the Children's Home to again extend to the public hearty thanks for their contributions to the last, or ninth annual Thanksgiving sack gathering.

There were some especially generous donors whose names it would seem just to mention, but where all have probably given with a generous heartiness, we merely append a common summary, as follows:

SUMMARY.

237 cans of canned goods, 19½ barrels apples, 14 barrels flour, 40 barrels potatoes, ½ barrel sweet potatoes, 44 heads cabbage, 68 pounds brown coffee, 2½ barrels corn meal, ⅛ barrel oat meal, ½ barrel buckwheat, 1½ barrels onions, 2 barrels turnips, ½ barrel brown sugar, ½ barrel white sugar, ½ barrel pancake flour, ½ barrel spices, ½ barrel parsnips, 1-16 barrel raisins, 1 barrel rice, 3 packages cereals, 5 jars apple butter, 3 bottles catsup, ½ barrel prunes, 4 packages vermicelli, 2 bottles extract of vanilla, 7 cans salmon, 26 packages ceraline, ½ barrel crackers, 10 tumblers and one bucket jelly, 9 jars preserves, 1½ barrels bread, 15 boxes baking powder, 1 barrel coffee sugar, ½ barrel dried peaches, 1-16 sack dried peas, 2½ barrels soap, 3 boxes sardines, 6 pieces side meat, 3 hams, 4 dozen scrub brushes, 21 hats, ½ barrel dried apples, 1 1-16 barrels hominy, ⅛ barrel salt, 1 lot sausage, 4 lots clothing, 1 large cake, 1 lot small cakes, 1 lot doughnuts, 2 gallons ice cream, 35 yards canton flannel, 2 large bolts blue calico, 1 lot dry goods, 1 bucket salt fish, ½ sack barley, peas and corn, ⅛ sack soapine, ½ sack of pancake flour, ½ sack Ivory soap, 1 lot picture cards, 9 pounds tea, 1 car load coal.

The cash gifts in the envelopes at the drug stores were as follows: Logan & Co., $30 75; McLain Bros., $9 00; R. H. List, $6 25; S. L. Brice, $4 50; E. Bocking, $2 00; C. Menkemeller, $2 75; A. T. Young, $2 00; W. H. Williams, $1 25, and from other sources, $28 86.

COMMITTEE.

Santa at the Children's Home.

A well-known Main street business man, who has prospered during the past year, yesterday handed his check for $25 to one of the lady managers of the Childrem's Home, to be used in the purchase of toys and candies for the Christmas stockings of the inmates of the Home, and "for no other purpose." That amount of money will buy a vast amount of enjoyment for the little ones and make their Christmas more like that of the children who have homes of their own. There will be a big dinner provided on that day, and the hints that have been thrown out indicate that presents of clothing and other substantials will not be wanting at the Home.

The Glass Blowers.

Prof. Foley's company of Bohemian glass blowers opened their engagement in the room formerly occupied by Sheib's music store, in the Washington hall block, last night, and a large number of people visited their exhibition during the evening. A steam engine made of glass, a doll dressed in glass clothes and with the finest, fluffiest golden hair made of glass, a woven shawl made of glass and other objects of interest are shown. Each patron draws a prize. All the processes of glass blowing, spinning, drawing and working are intelligently and interestingly explained, and in this valuable particular the exhibition is superior to any others ever seen here.

Holiday Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets at low round trip rates will be sold by the Pennsylvania Lines west of Pittsburgh on December 24, 25 and 31, 1888, and January 1, 1889, good