The Wheeling Daily Intelligencer.

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THE CAMPBELLS COMING.

The Same May Be Said Concerning Christmas.

CHRISTMAS WILL COME FIRST.

Candidate Campbell Talked About the Governorship of Ohio at Bellaire Last Night—Outhwaite and Myers also Speak.

Mr. Campbell, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio, spoke at Bellaire last night. The meeting was held in the new Odd Fellows' building, the same room in which Governor Foraker spoke a few days ago. About twelve hundred people were present, and the house was not nearly filled.

Candidate Campbell spoke in Woodsfield in the afternoon and was delayed by a slippery track on the Bellaire, Zanesville & Cincinnati road. In the interval between the time the crowd gathered and Mr. Campbell arrived, the audience was entertained by a bald-headed man, with a short red beard, who declared that he was a Democrat and a representative citizen of that class from Smith township. He talked horse talk, gave home made arguments or home raised wool, and punctuated his remarks with plain out swear words, and now and then, where he deemed an exclamation point necessary, put in a filthy story. There were only a few ladies in the house, but they were shamed into leaving before the respectable element succeeded in quieting the Smith township man.

At 8:30 o'clock Mr. Campbell, accompanied by Mr. Outhwaite and Allen O. Myers, was escorted to the platform followed by a number of local Democratic celebrities, among whom were ex-State Senator David Wagener, William N. Coffland ex-County Auditor, Albert Lawrence, W. M. Lupton, Henry Stidd, Marion Hoffman, W. E. Boden, candidate for State Treasurer, Dr. D. W. Walker David Milligan, editor *Gazette*, and Morgan Stidd.

Marion Huffman, chairman of the local reception committee, introduced William N. Coffland, who in a short address presented the principal speaker of the evening.

Mr. Campbell said: "It is generally said throughout the State that Belmont county may go Democratic, and I am here to insist that you be careful about which of the candidates for Representative you vote for, for upon that depends the political complexion of this great State's representation in the next Senate. I am under the impression that this audience is composed principally of workingmen. I am a workingman—working hard to be Governor of this State."

He called attention to the fact that Governor Foraker had said while there that strikes are a sign of prosperity, and contradicting it, applied the Democratic free trade panacea to the cause of the trouble. He said that before the war, in the good old Democratic times, there were no strikes, and advised that we return to those good old times and have no more strikes to hold up wages. A voice in the audience interrupted with "There were no workmen worth mentioning in the country who could afford a strike."

Mr. Campbell did not answer, but went on to quote from Governor Foraker's speech at Xenia, and to contradict it with genuine Democratic argument. At this point, the speaker was interrupted again, by a brass band on the outside. After a few minutes silence he began upon another quotation from one of the Governor's speeches. It was also about strikes and had particular reference to the strike of the long-shoremen in London. Mr. Campbell dealt with this quotation in a rather humorous manner, but did not attempt to refute the Governor's statement that the English strike was attributable to free trade more than anything else. Instead of considering the strike in England caused by the poverty, primarily brought about by free trade, he depicted the sadness and sorrow caused by the miners' strike in Illinois. He told how much sympathy he has for these poor fellows, and did not forget (casually of course) to say that he, like other tender hearted people, had given a few dollars to relieve their necessities.

Mr. Campbell walked round a ten acre lot to get to a point a few feet from where he started, and gave a few words of argument against the soda-ash duty. He said he had been informed by glass manufacturers that the duty on soda ash is responsible for the dullness of the glass trade, while, in fact, as he admitted Foraker had said, Democrats and Republicans agree that the dullness is on account of the over production caused by the springing up of new factories in the gas region.

He made the statement very positively that all the anti-third-term Republicans will vote for him. This assertion drew forth cheers from the audience which seemed to inspire the speaker with still greater confidence in his position. Mr. Campbell here decided to discontinue the discussion of the tariff question, and leave it to Mr. Outhwaith and Allen O'Myers.

He turned himself loose on the State Government, and warned the people of Bellaire that in the event of Foraker's election, and their not giving him a respectable majority, he would probably appoint a Board of Public Affairs to run the city, just as he claims Foraker did in Hamilton. In his own way he described the non-partisan Board of Public Affairs which is in charge of Hamilton, and warned Bellaire people that they may expect the same thing in case Foraker is elected. He thanked God that the Republican Legislature in drawing its public affairs bill had forgotten to include the school boards in the departments under the control of the Boards, and felt sure that in case a Foraker Legislature is elected it will amend the bill so that the Board will take charge of the school teachers and children. He hoped in that event, that the Governor would be allowed to appoint nurses to take charge of the children when born, and thus relieve the people of the care of all matters from the cradle to the grave.

Mr. Campbell then showed his dislike for the colored people, by criticising Foraker for appointing a colored hack driver to the position of clerk of an election board. The speaker paid Senator Sherman quite a high compliment, by admitting that while he is opposed to Mr. Sherman politically, he believes him to be an honest and honorable man, and that he would not knowingly tell a falsehood even in a political speech, referring to the fact that Mr. Sherman had qualified in a very gentlemanly manner, a misstatement he had been led into making. Mr. Campbell states that if he is elected Governor he will recommend to the Legislature that it repeal all laws which give the Governor the power to appoint any board for any city.

After a few further remarks explaining his and Governor Foraker's positions in the campaign, Mr. Campbell retired in favor of Hon. Joseph H. Outhwaite.

Mr. Outhwaite paid the people of the State quite a compliment by saying that now there is more tariff discussion in

[*Continued on Fourth Page.*]

A CRONIN JURY AT LAST

After Seven Weeks of Challenging—The Trial to Begin Thursday.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—A complete jury was secured in the Cronin case late this afternoon. When this work had been finished, the States Attorney asked for an adjournment of two days, in order to give the prosecution time to make out a plan for the presentation of its case. The defense objected and Judge McConnell compromised by adjourning the hearing until Thursday morning.

The impannelling of a jury commenced on August 30, and allowing for the time occupied by the Court in the drainage comission, and an adjournment asked for by the States Attorney, seven weeks have been occupied in getting the jury. One thousand and ninety-one jurors have been summoned, of whom 92 have been excused by counsel for cause. In addition to the 1,001 special veniremen summoned, there were also twenty-four on the regular panel disposed of. One hundred and seventy-five peremptory challenges have been used, of which the defense has used ninety-seven. At the time the jury was sworn in, Mr. Begg, for the defendants, had three peremptory challenges left and the State twenty-two.

FLINT AND LIME GLASS.

The American Association at Pittsburgh. Only Trade Talk Indulged In.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 22.—The American Flint and Lime Glass Association held its regular monthly meeting in this city to-day.

There were present a large number of manufacturers from this city, Wheeling, Bellaire and other places.

"We transacted no business whatever of public import," said one of the members. "We talked about credits, packages and the conditions of trade, but there was not a word said about prices, trusts consolidations or anything of that character."

However this may be, it was evident that no bad news was announced at the meeting, for Jenkin Jones, A. F. Bryce, James Wilson, D. C. Ripley, Dolph Adams and others all wore complacent smiles as they wended their ways to a restaurant for lunch. It is a question, however, whether this complacency was the result of good news at the meeting or the contemplation of the forthcoming lunch.

COKE STILL ADVANCING.

Predicted That the Regular Price Will be $2 Within Two Weeks.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Oct. 22.—Coke within the past four days, has been sold at $2 per ton.

"The nominal market price is $1 50," said an operator to-day, "but owing to the inability of railroads to handle the stuff, furnacemen are offering extra inducements to secure it. There is not a furnace in the Mahoning or Shenango Valley that is not existing on 'hand to mouth' rations, and to facilitate shipments, some producers have paid $2 for a little jag. I would not be surprised if the regular price of coke goes to $2 in the next two weeks. Coke is coke nowadays and people must have it.

MINERS' AGREEMENT.

An Effort to be Made to Revive the Inter-State Agreement.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Oct. 22.—At a conference of prominent miners here to-day, it was decided to make an effort to revive the inter-state miners' and operators' agreement which was in existence for several years prior to 1888. It is understood that the operators and miners of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, are willing to re-enter the compact. The miners also resolved to stand by any agreement made at the forthcoming convention to be held at Columbus, Ohio.

OVER 6,000 DEATHS

From Cholera in Mesopotamia in Two Months—A Fearful Epidemic.

BALTIMORE, MD., Oct. 22.—Secretary Carter, of the Health Board, has received a sanitary report from Asiatic Turkey showing the extent of the epidemic of cholera in Mesopotamia, a part of the country lying between the Euphrates and Tigris rivers. The total number of deaths from cholera from July 27 to September 26 was 6,175. Among the afflicted cities were Bagdad, wherein there were 924 deaths in about five weeks; Nasrie, 485 deaths; Bossora, 450; Kerkank, 389; Kerbela, 343; Chatra 345.

"BEAUTIFUL" SMITH.

He is Appointed to a Consulship by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—The President has appointed Nicholas Smith, of New York, to be Consul at Three Rivers, Canada. Col. Nicholas Smith, once known as the handsomest man in America, and said to have been described by Queen Victoria as "beautiful," is also noted as the husband of Ida Greeley, daughter of Horace Greeley. He has attended many weddings as best man, notably that of Mr. Ovington, of Brooklyn, three years ago, out of which a suit grew for the Colonel's expenses.

The President's Callers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—There were quite a number of callers at the White House this morning, the principal ones being Secretary Proctor, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Representatives Buchanan, of New Jersey, and Taylor, of Illinois, Col. R. H. Hunt, of Kansas City, and E. A. Field, of Indiana.

The regular meeting of the Cabinet was held in the afternoon at which topics to be embraced in the President's message to Congress were considered.

The Marine Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—Considerable progress was made at the morning session of the International Marine Conference to-day in consideration of the rules of the road. The amendments proposed to the text or changes were of an unimportant character, and the discussion, consequently, was limited to comparatively few subjects.

Yellow Jack at Key West.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—Surgeon General Hamilton, of the Marine hospital service, has received a telegram from Dr. Horter, at Key West, reporting another case of yellow fever at that place, and that quarantine restrictions have been resumed. The patient in this case is E. Ellinger, who left Havana September 21, bound for New York.

Postmaster Appointed.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—David Richards has been appointed Postmaster at Holbrook, Ritchie county, W. Va., vice George G. Griffon, removed.

West Virginia Pensions.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—Pensions to West Virginians granted to-day: Reisene, Presley V. Reynolds, James Speir.

An Ohio Postmaster.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—David N. Long has been appointed postmaster at Mingo Junction, Jefferson County, Ohio.

SEEING THE LAKE CITY.

The Pan-Americans View the Wonders of Chicago.

WHAT THEY SAW YESTERDAY

Surprised Them—Great Industries Witnessed in Operation—A Banquet at Night—The Speeches That Were Made.

CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 22.—This was a day of sight seeing for the International Congress. Promptly at 10 o'clock the members of the citizens' reception committee were on hand at the hotel, and as fast as the members of the party came down from the breakfast tables they were placed in the care of a committee and taken to see the objects of interest near by. The first visit was paid to the gigantic establishment of Marshall Field, where 1,200 clerks are employed, and after looking over the goods on the counters, and particularly scrutinizing the American silk brocades, the delegates were escorted to the board of trade building. Here they were received by President Seaverns and taken upon the floor of the exchange, the busy brokers and employes meanwhile pausing long enough in the rush of trade to allow the visitors to pass through the room. Before they reached the gallery, however, business was again in full swing and the foreigners gazed in bewilderment upon the scene of apparently meaningless confusion and uproar.

The auditorium was the next stopping place. The delegates were packed in the elevators and hoisted up to the 10th story of the massive building. They peered into the dining room, had a good long view of the lake, passed down again into the theatre, looked behind the iron curtain, inspected with interest the machinery for shifting and placing scenes and altogether found much to admire in this most wonderful of public buildings.

A brief visit was next paid the Studebaker carriage repository next door, which had been tastefully decorated for the occasion with flags of all nations and a banner similar to the one displayed at South Bend, and about noon the party was taken to the North Western station, where they were placed on cars and conveyed to the Dunham stock farm 12 miles distant.

THE BANQUET.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon the doors of the Grand Pacific banquet hall were thrown open that Chicago people might come in and view the appointments made by the citizens of this city for the banquet given this evening in honor of the All-America's excursionists. The decorations were indescribably beautiful and very costly.

For two hours the citizens trailed through the hall, admiring, then the doors were shut, the orchestra began its work and the four hundred guests were seated.

When eight courses of food had been served, and five glasses of varying size had been drained of as many kinds of fluids, Hon. Chas. B. Farwell proposed a health to the Presidents of the American republics, and the Emperor of Brazil. It was drank standing.

Senator Charles B. Farwell, of Illinois, chairman of the meeting, then called the assemblage to order, and spoke very briefly. Touching upon the matter of the inter-trade relations of the Americas, he said: "We must offer to you or exports as cheaply as others do; and to that end I shall favor such legislation as will bring about this result, even to the extent of uninterrupted trade between all the countries of the hemisphere."

Governor Joseph W. Fifer was then introduced, and in a brief speech, touching upon the hardships, trial and liberal development on this continent within the four centuries since America was discovered, bade the visitors welcome on behalf of the people of the State of Illinois.

Judge Lambert Tree, ex-Minister to Russia, after expressing a belief in the general desire of the people of this country for closer relations with those of the other Americas, and the necessity for better means of communication, said:

"I think the honorable delegates from Mexico will agree with me when I say that we and our Mexican friends begin to understand each other better by reason of the railroads which now bind the two countries together, and the more familiar business and friendly associations resulting therefrom.

"I hope the day is not far distant when the principal city of the Argentine Republic, that young giant of the South, will clasp hands with New York and the other cities on our seaboard by means of lines of ocean steamers."

Between each toast was a musical selection.

Speaking to the importance of the international conference Mr. Charles B. Flint said: "The assembly of the representatives of the nations of America is fraught with great significance. The master minds of this continent have always recognized the natural alliance which should exist between the independent governments of this hemisphere."

Violated the Revenue Laws.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WESTON, W. VA., Oct. 22.—Another arrest for violating the revenue laws was made here to-day, this time it being Levander Curtis, of Upshur county. He gave bail in the sum of one thousand dollars for his appearance at Clarksburg in April next. Deputy Marshal Stewart has made several important arrests in the past few weeks, and is fast pushing the revenue offenders to the wall.

REMOVING THE DEAD.

The Unidentified Victims of the Johnstown Flood Receiving Attention.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., Oct. 22.—The work of removing the unknown dead and their reinterment in a plot especially for that purpose is progressing. It is the intention to erect neat head-stones at each grave, and a full description of each body, with a memorandum of any articles likely to lead to identification, will be kept in a permanent record.

Over $5,000 have already been subscribed for continuing the search for the dead, and the subscriptions are still flowing in freely. Work will be commenced within a few days and prosecuted with vigor.

The Railway Conductors.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—The twenty-second annual Convention of the Railroad Conductors' Life Insurance Association of the United States and Canada met here to-day, one hundred delegates being present. Chattanooga was selected as the place for holding the next annual convention. No important business was transacted.

Do you suffer with catarrh? You can be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists. 1

SENSATIONAL DISCOVERY

Regarding the Cherokee Lands—What Article 15 Provides.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—A dispatch from the Sac and Fox agency I. T., says: A discovery has been made respecting the Cherokee lands which will prove a sensation. Judge Wilson has made known to his colleagues that under article 15 of the Cherokee treaty of 1866 Indians friendly to the Cherokee's may be settled upon the Cherokee nation itself. This should not be confused with article 16, which relates only to the Cherokee outlet.

Article 15 provides that Indians friendly to the Cherokees, and who have abandoned their tribal relations, may be settled in the Cherokee Nation by first obtaining the consent of the Cherokee Council. They may thus become incorporated into the Nation as citizens and on an equal footing with Cherokees themselves. It further provides that friendly Indians maintaining their tribal organizations, and which are not inconsistent with Cherokee laws, may be alotted 160 acres for each man, woman and child. The Cherokee Council shall ratify such agreement. In case of non-ratification, the President of the United States may settle the friendly Indians if he deems the Cherokee Council's reasons for non-ratification to be not good and sufficient. Thus it may be seen that the Government has power to settle not only the strip question but the home proper itself.

Judge Wilson professes not to know the Government's policy as to this, but for himself is in favor of setting Indians knee deep on the Cherokee lands should they decline to part with their claim to the Strip. Judge Wilson's views are also entertained by the other Commissioners. The Cherokee Commissioners' recommendation will undoubtedly be acted upon by the Government, so it is safe to say that Cherokee lands will either be opened to white settlement or completely covered with wild tribes.

A PLUCKY NIGHT CLERK.

Desperate Encounter With Postoffice Burglars by a Brave Clerk.

FARGO, DAK., Oct. 22.—Two men gained entrance to the Fargo postoffice last midnight, bound and gagged the night clerk, Harry Milton, placed a red hot poker on the soles of his feet and compelled him to give up the combination of the vault door. In the vestibule of the vault were forty or fifty registered packages. While the burglars were opening these Milton released himself, secured a revolver and shot at the men, not, however, until they had had time to blow out the light. They knocked him down with a blow on the head and escaped, securing $125 in currency. In their hurry they left over $150 in money on the desk. They had only opened four packages when they were surprised by Milton. Milton's feet are burned but not seriously. Postmaster Judd has telegraphed the Chief Inspector at Washington.

NARROW ESCAPE

From Suffocation of a Number of Factory Employes and Firemen.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—An explosion accompanied the bursting of a quantity of sulphur in a factory on Fifth avenue late yesterday afternoon and caused a panic among the fifty employes, nearly suffocating them and half a dozen firemen who were attempting to subdue the flames. In some inexplicable manner a large quantity of sulphur, amonia, oils and other highly inflammable matter became mixed and an explosion followed, scattering the burning oils in every direction. None of the burning material fell on the employes, who made a wild scramble for the door leading through the offices to the front stairway. Before half of them had passed through the door the room was filled with dense sulphurous smoke. Many of the girls reached the open air in a fainting condition. When the firemen arrived one company rushed into the room where the fire was burning. Six of them were overcome by the flames and were carried out unconscious. They were soon revived, however, and to-day are none the worse for their experience. Their comrades, profiting by the warning, fought the flames from the outside and soon had them under control.

FOR WANT OF RAIN.

There is Great Suffering in Indiana—Forest Fires Raging.

DECATUR, IND., Oct. 22.—Forest fires have been raging in the neighborhood of this city during the last forty-eight hours, doing an immense amount of damage to crops, fences, timber, etc. There has been no rain here for six weeks. The wells and cisterns are giving out and stock is suffering greatly for want of rain.

Destruction in Wisconsin.

ELLSWORTH, WIS., Oct. 22.—Forest fires are raging in the wooden portion of this (Pierre) county. Several houses and large quantities of dry wood, grain stacks, etc., have been destroyed.

Perished in the Flames.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—The residence of ex-Mayor Ballard, of Lexington, Mo., was burned last night, and Mrs. Ballard, who was of unsound mind, perished in the flames. She was alone in the house and it is supposed that she set fire to it and then went back to bed, as her charred remains were found in the debris of her room this morning.

Michigan Forest Fires.

PORTLAND, MICH., Oct. 22.—Forest fires are resulting disastrously for the farmers in Portland, Sebewa and Westphalia townships, Ionia county. A widow named Spencer lost her house and farm buildings yesterday in Sebewa. Crossways have burned out on the highways west of Westphalia, and farmers are fighting the flames night and day.

A Close Call.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Early this morning a row of frame houses, from 4111 to 4119 Halstead street, in the town of Lake, was destroyed by fire. Among them was the Burton House, which was full of boarders at the time, and although all of them escaped in safety, many of them had close calls for their lives. The entire loss was about $15,000.

Bagging Factory Burned.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Early this morning the Southern Mills Bagging Company's factory, located in the central part of this city, was totally destroyed by fire. Loss $75,000; partially insured. Over 300 hands are thrown out of employment.

Saw Mill Burned.

MUSKEGON, MICH., Oct. 22.—Bertrands saw mill, at North Muskegon was destroyed by fire last evening. Loss $25,000; insurance $10,000.

Snow in Michigan.

EAST TAWAS, MICH., Oct. 22.—The ground here is covered with snow this morning. A heavy northeasterly is blowing.

A Book-Keeper's Theft.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Ernest H. Adams, book-keeper in the office of Henry V. Skinner, New York agent for the Canadian Pacific Railroad, is under arrest for stealing $2,500 from his employer.

A REMARKABLE LYNCHING.

A Drummer Prays for the Murderer, and a Long Religious Service is Held.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 22.—Some very curious facts in connection with the recent lynching of young Robert Berrier, for the murder of his mother-in-law near Lexington, N. C., have just come to light.

A party who witnessed the hanging says Berrier was taken from the jail at 7:30 and immediately carried to the outskirts of the town under a large oak tree. Here the mob stopped and asked the prisoner if he was ready to die. Berrier said he would be if he thought he would meet his wife and babe in heaven. The mob then informed him that he would be allowed time to prepare for death.

About this time a drummer who was in town came upon the scene and asked to be allowed to pray with the doomed man. His request was granted, and he knelt down by the side of Berrier and prayed very fervently that God would save his soul. During the prayer many hearty "Amens" and such responses as "Lord grant it," "Jesus receive his spirit," &c., went up from the mob. For more than three hours praying and regular religious services were conducted. A fer minutes before midnight Berrier expressed his willingness to die. He was then placed on a horse, with a rope about his neck, and then, as an appropriate song was sung, the horse was led from under him and the body left dangling in the air.

CHLOROFORM WOULDNT WORK.

Neither was the Saturated Handkerchief Successful in Strangling a Wife.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Oct. 22.—Mrs. Hattie Lackiman, wife of Gus Lackiman, complained to the Mayor that her husband deserted her several months ago, but came back last week. Last night he spread a handkerchief over her face, which appeared to be saturated with chloroform. This happened after they had retired. She resisted, whereupon she was struck and knocked out on the floor, and then the handkerchief was wound about her throat, and she was choked until she was exhausted. He was still choking her when a girl discovered her condition and sounded an alarm. Mrs. Lackiman bore the marks of the assault, and her husband was sent to the Work House for thirty days, and was fined $25 and costs.

THE MURDERED LAWYER.

Bowman's Remains Taken to St. Louis—Excitement Over the Affair.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Information from Clayton, the county seat of St. Louis county, is that the inquest on the body of Frank J. Bowman, will be held this afternoon and that nothing new in the case has developed. The town is full of people from surrounding localities and the tragedy of yesterday at Ferguson is the sole subject of comment. Mr. Bowman's remains will be brought to the city to-day and will be buried to-morrow. The papers this morning publish voluminous accounts of the bloody event of yesterday but all the essential features of the affair were given in these dispatches last night.

MURDER AT FRANKLIN.

A Prominent Lumber Operator Shot by One of His Employes.

FRANKLIN, PA., Oct. 22.—George G. Lacy, a member of the lumber firm of Lacy Brothers, whose mills are located two miles east of this city, was shot and fatally wounded yesterday by John Hewett, an employe. Lacy and Hewett had a dispute over wages due, when the latter drew a revolver and shot Lacy in the abdomen below the navel. Lacy is still alive, but the attending physician has no hopes for his recovery. Hewett was arrested and lodged in jail at Tionesta.

MADLY IN LOVE.

Why an Elkhart Lady Made Two Desperate Attempts to Kill Herself.

ELKHART, IND., Oct. 22.—Miss Hall, a well known lady of this city, made an attempt on her life last night by the chloroform route, but her condition was discovered, and active measures saved her life. As soon as she was known to be out of danger and the family had retired, she secured some more chloroform that she had secreted in her room, and again attempted her life. This time she was still more nearly successful, but after a long siege with a stomach pump and emetics, she was again pulled through. She is in love with a young man named Frank Kriner, and his failure to reciprocate was the cause of her attempt at self-destruction.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

A Railway Train Collides With a Street Car Containing Several People.

WICHITA, KAS., Oct. 22.—A collision occurred on the crossing of the Santa Fe and Electric Street railway, seriously cutting and bruising the Misses Ollie and Sadie Munn, and internally injuring Nellie Henderson, of Oswego, Kansas, who will die. The accident occurred in the curve of the Santa Fe track. A grove of trees prevented the engineer from anticipating the danger. The street car was hurled a distance of sixty feet by the engine. About fifteen persons were more or less injured, and their escape from death was almost miraculous.

DESTITUTION IN DAKOTA

Greater Than was Reported—Farmers Mortgaging Their Lands.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 22.—The relief committee of the Chamber of Commerce has presented a startling report on the destitution existing in the Dakotas. In substance it says the suffering and destitution is much greater than has yet been reported. The report continues: "Ramsey county has a population of 7,000 people. Of these about 6,000 are engaged in farming. The frosts of last year cut off the crops generally and the farmers were obliged to mortgage their farms for feed, provisions, clothing, etc., to carry them through last winter.

His Dying Confession.

DENVER, COL., Oct. 22.—Frank Pine, alias George Hall, the celebrated confidence man and gold brick schemer, made his dying confession last evening in his residence in this city in the presence of witnesses and a notary public. The documents, two in number, were for City Auditor Winram, of Kansas City, and John E. Bull, of the same city.

Ex-Editor West Gives Bond.

CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 22.—James J. West, ex-editor of the *Times*, gave bond in the sum of $2,500, in Judge Jamison's court shortly after noon, to answer for his appearance whenever the State chooses to call him on trial, on the charge of over issuing stock of the *Times* company with fraudulent intent.

The Belford-Clarke will Resume.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—The Belford-Clarke Publishing Company will resume business in a few days. Their financial difficulties are about adjusted, the creditors having all (excepting one) agreed to compromise, and it is expected other firms will sign to-day.

THE GERMAN REICHSTAG

Is Opened in Berlin by a Speech from the Throne.

THE PEOPLE CONGRATULATED

On the Maintenance of Peace in Europe—Government Measures. Princess Sophie Starts for Greece—Foreign News.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—The Reichstag opened to-day. Herr Von Boetticher, Vice President of the Prussian Ministry, read the Emperor's speech from the throne. The address says:

The active attention of the present Reichstag has been directed to the securing of peace abroad and at home, and the tasks of the forthcoming session will be in the same direction. When the Reichstag met in 1887 the foremost object was the consolidation of the defensive powers of the fatherland. The Reichstag, with patriotic appreciation of the situation, applied itself thereto. Your co-operation to this end will be again claimed in order to develop the efficiency of the army. Its readiness for action, in accordance with whatever circumstances that may arise, will thereby impart to the efforts of the Emperor and his exalted allies for the preservation of peace the weight which is their due in the councils of nations.

A bill will be presented by the Government amending the military law of May 2, 1874. It will provide for a fresh distribution of the army, and is intended to read just in the interest of the training and conduct of the army, the inequalities of organization which have arisen through strengthening the army and the displacement of troops from time to time. From this cause and the corresponding expansion of the naval power arises the additional expenditure set forth in the budget. The financial statement to be submitted will present an inconsiderable increase in the matricular contributions of the several States to the army, compared with those of the current financial year. Nevertheless these contributions will not greatly exceed the sums handed to the federal States from the imperial revenues. Now social and banking bills are also announced to be introduced.

In East Africa, thanks to the approval of the Reichstag, thorough measures for the suppression of the slave trade and the production of German interests have been taken. The forces organized with the means provided by the Reichstag, have, conjointly with the navy, so far accomplished their tasks, rendering it again possible, after agreement with the other participating powers, to raise the blockade. The Sultan of Zanzibar, moreover, has issued comprehensive decrees promising to insure the abolition of slavery.

The costs of the East Africa expedition could not, for various reasons, be limited to the sums granted by the law passed in February, 1889. Therefore a new bill relative to the costs of the expedition will be submitted.

A special department to have charge of colonial affairs will be formed in order to relieve the foreign office of excessive work.

The hopes expressed by the Emperor to the Reichstag on November 22, 1888, that with God's help the peace of Europe would be sustained, have not only been realized, but have gained strength as regards the future, owing to the personal relations which he cultivated with friendly allies, thereby helping to strengthen the confidence felt abroad in the honest love of peace animating Germany's policy, and justifying the belief that European peace based on existing treaties, God helping, will be maintained during 1890.

DESTITUTE HEBREWS

In London to be Shipped Away by Their Wealthy Countrymen.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A movement is on foot among the wealthy Hebrews in London to raise funds to send back to Poland and Russia the poor Jewish tailors who were lured here from those countries during the strike of the London tailors recently by promises of steady work and high wages. There is absolutely nothing for these people to do here, now that the strike is over, and as they have incurred the enmity of those of their fellow countrymen whose places they took they are left utterly friendless in a strange land.

It is not improbable that these unfortunates will be all shipped to the United States as has been proposed, the American law being evaded by taking them to some Canadian port first and then sending them over the border.

To Collect Funds in America.

DUBLIN, Oct. 22.—Father Matthew, Prior of the order of Capuchins, at Cork, accompanied by Father Marsio, sailed for New York on the steamer Alaska, which left Queenstown on the 20th inst. They go as delegates on a mission to collect funds for the completion of the Capuchin church, which is being erected as a memorial to the temperance apostle. A special tender conveyed the two delegates, who were accompanied by bands, the ex-Mayor of Cork and members of the Cork corporation, to the steamer. Messrs. Lane and O'Shea, Members of Parliament, delivered addresses to the departing priests.

The Pope as an Arbitrator.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—A Rome correspondent of the *Figaro* says that General Ignatief has arrived there on a special mission to the Vatican. Gen. Ignatief, the correspondent says, bears an autograph letter from the Czar accepting the arbitration of the Pope in the Balken question and leaving His Holiness free to convoke a congress or adopt any other course which in his judgment will lead to the establishment of a *modus vivendi* between Russia and Austria.

Sophia Sails for Greece.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—Ex-Empress Frederick, accompanied by Princess Sophia, the fiance of the Crown Prince of Greece, and her other daughters, sailed from Venice on the Austrian Lloyd steamer Imperatrix for Corinth to-day.

Famous Physician Dead.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—Dr. Phillippe Ricord, the celebrated French surgeon, who was for many years known in Paris as "the great American doctor" is dead. Mr. Ricord was born in Baltimore, Md., December 10, 1800.

Mr. Bradlaugh Dangerously Ill.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Mr. Charles Bradlaugh, the well known political and social reformer, and member of the House of Commons for Northampton, is very ill, and it is feared that he is dying.

Pursuing the Rebels.

ZANZIBAR, Oct. 22.—Lieut. Gravenraith, of Captain Wissmann's expedition, surprised Busiri's camp and put his forces to flight. Gravenraith's men are continuing the pursuit of the rebels.

AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE

The Traffic Carried on Openly in Zanzibar. Englishmen Furnish the Capital.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Letters from Zanzibar received at the office of the anti-slavery society here, report that the buying and selling of human chattels in the streets of that city is being carried on with scarcely an attempt at concealment. Weekly markets are held at which the slaves are boldly exposed to the gaze of intended buyers, and in many cases each slave carries a placard suspended from his neck upon which is written the price at which he can be bought. The women are not usually ticketed in this way, but are sold for what they will fetch, the ordinary price being from six pounds to ten pounds each, if they are young. The merchants who carry on the traffic are all Arabs, but it appears to be well understood in Zanzibar that a rich firm of traders, every member of which hails from England, furnish all the capital to conduct the business and that by far the largest share of their immense yearly profits is derived from this traffic. All the local officials in Zanzibar are said to be in the pay of this firm, who purchase immunity by bribing the authorities from the highest to the lowest, and so complete is their influence that no complaint receives the slightest attention. To illustrate the openness with which the traffic is carried on it is pointed out that the receipts of slaves every week are publicly announced by placards upon the walls of the house.

The letters complain that the representatives in Zanzibar of the different European governments appear to take no interest whatever in these matters.

THE GIANTS DOWNED AGAIN.

The Brooklyns Win Their Second Victory With the Help of Darkness.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The Brooklyn's won their second victory in the world's championship series to-day, darkness again playing an important part in deciding the game. In deciding in the ninth inning, with the bases full and only one man out, Gaffney called the game to the great joy of the followers of the Brooklyn club, and the intense disgust of the friends of the Giants. Cudworth, captain of the Worcester club, lit a big piece of paper in the grand stand, and held it over his head. President Day says that Cudworth will not be allowed to enter the polo grounds again. Welch pitched poorly, and O'Day was put in to pitch in the sixth inning. Caruthers relieved Hughes in the eighth inning. To-morrow and Thursday the games will be played at Brooklyn. Attendance 5,181.

Brooklyn	0	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	*—	8
New York	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0—	7

Earned runs—New York, 4; Brooklyn, 2. Two-base hits—Gore, Connor, Welch, Pinckney, Clark. Three-base hits—Tierman, Smith 2, Hughes. Home runs—Corkhill and O'Rourke. Stolen bases—Tierman, Ewing, Richardson. Double plays—Collins and Foutz. First base on balls—Welch, 2; O'Day, 3; Hughes, 3. Struck out—by Welch, 1; O'Day, 3; Hughes, 3; Caruthers, 1. Passed balls—Clark, 1. Wild pitches—Hughes, 1 O'Day, 1. Time—2:70. Umpires—Gaffney and Ferguson.

Phillips Recovered.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Oct. 22.—Horace Phillips, formerly manager of the Pittsburgh ball club, who has been confined in the insane asylum at Merchantville, N. J., for the past three months, has entirely recovered his reason, and will be released from the asylum on Thursday. Dr. Foster, his physician, says his malady was not paresis but acute mania.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

The Work Done by the Committee on the State of the Church.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—There was a good attendance at the Protestant Episcopal Convention to-day. The morning services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Franklin, of New Jersey, and Bishop Whittaker, of Pensylvania. Dr. Goodwin, on behalf of the Committee on Canons, presented a lengthy report, which was referred to the next convention.

The Committee on the State of the Church gave a detailed account of the work done since the last convention. It set forth that the ministry should not look for recruits from the indigent only, but from the rich as well. They reported in favor of something being done for aged clergy, and dwelt at length on the unsatisfactory character of the Sunday School work. On motion, the report was transmitted to the house of Bishops.

Rev. Dr. Bliss, of Vermont, read a report from the Committee on Christian Education. It stated that the Board of Regents was now in working order.

The committee rppointed to select a place for the next convention, reported in favor of Baltimore. The report was adopted, and the convention will be held there in 1892.

Beginning with to-day, evening sessions will be held so that the convention may finish its labors by Thursday next.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIETIES

Of the Universalist Church in Session at Lynn, Mass.

LYNN, MASS., Oct. 22.—The First National Convention of the Young People's Religious Societies connected with the Universalist church, began its sessions this forenoon in the First Universalist church building here, and was opened with a prayer meeting. A business meeting followed, at which Mr. J. E. Joslyn, of Bay City, Mich., was made temporary chairman, and Miss Nannie Jennison temporary secretary. Rev. Dr. Pullman read the report of the Committee on Credentials showing delegates present from Connecticut, Vermont, Rhode Island, Illinois, Maryland, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Maine, numbering 126 in all.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Secretary Windom sees no indications of a stringency in the money market.

Secretary Tracy has gone to Brooklyn to register for the election next month.

Andrew Fisher was stabbed with a knife and killed by James Bell, near Payne, O.

It is still unknown who shot Richard C. Anderson, the Dayton, O., Police Commissioner.

Judge Gresham, at Chicago, refused an injunction to Wallace, the principal in the October pork deal.

A conference of colored men will be held at Chicago for the purpose of forming an International League.

Clement Garrett Morgan, a colored man, has been chosen orator by the Senior Class of Harvard College.

Governor Foraker's appointment at Lima Monday was filled by Hon. James A. Hall, of Maine, and Hon R. L. McCabe.

Stephen A. Douglas, jr., and I. F. Mack addressed a large Republican meeting at the Walnut Hills Odeon Monday night, in Cincinnati.

The investigation of the Mt. Auburn disaster was continued. Expert engineers testified. The cause was a small bit of iron, making inoperative the steam valve.