

THE NEW TARIFF BILL

Creates Some Dissatisfaction in Sections of the Country.

WHICH WAS TO BE EXPECTED.

The Committee claim that it is a satisfactory one to all classes of human ingenuity to make it. Farmers Well Cared For.

Perfect Harmony Among the Republicans

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—As might have been expected there is considerable dissatisfaction over the tariff bill which has just been completed by the House Committee on Ways and Means. The diversified interests of the country make it a physical impossibility for any party or set of men to compile a tariff bill which will meet with the complete satisfaction of all localities or all men in any party, as each State and almost every Congressional district has an industry which those locally interested desire to be specially protected by a customs duty. As a whole, however, the bill is pronounced a very good one by those best able to judge of its merits. The manufacturers and consumers among the committee are of the opinion that they have done the very best they could to please all interested. The prairie States and sections in the central States are not envious of the tariff with the reduction of the tobacco tax.

Prefer Free Sugar.

They prefer to have free sugar and a lower tariff upon clothing and the articles of most common use, and leave the tobacco tax as at present. There is a very large and growing interest in Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa and many other States in the beet sugar industry and representatives of these States not only fought hard against such a heavy cut in the sugar duty, but declare that they will not support the reduction, which would cut it at once to fifty and sixty per cent. The combined interests of the producers and consumers, never so much varied in any country, had to be considered as a whole by the committee when the bill was under consideration.

When in steel mills and all iron and steel manufacturers will be pleased to the fact that there is a great deal of railroad building. The protection to iron and steel has advanced these industries to a stage where they can meet northern competitors with the world at any time in our history and put them upon an equal footing with any country in the world were it not for the fact that we employ a higher grade of labor and pay better prices.

THE FARMER OCCUPY TO BE PLEASED.

The reduction in the lower grades of wool and the increase in the higher grades will have the result of lowering the prices of clothing to the farmers and affording higher prices to the farmers who produce the higher grade of wool. The farmers fare better in this bill than any other class. The reductions are all in the most important articles, and nearly all of the increases in duty are upon articles in the production of which the farmers are most interested. The duties on long and medium wools are protected by the bill which amounts to a practical inhibition, except when we have a failure in crops. The farmer has everything to please him in this bill that it was possible to provide and nothing which he can complain.

TOBACCO TAX REDUCTIONS.

There may be exception taken to the reduction of the internal taxes upon tobacco, but the wishes of that great expanse of growing country south of the Ohio river must be taken into consideration, and it might be understood that it has a voice in the reform of the tariff. The South demanded a complete abolition of the tobacco tax and gets a reduction of about 50 per cent.

THE STEEL COURT MARTIAL.

Private Wild Hates his Charges of Brutality. CHICAGO, March 19.—The trial by court martial of Lieutenant Steele on a charge of abusing Private Wild, was resumed this morning. The proceedings opened with the reading of the official report of the yesterday's proceedings by the Judge Advocate.

WEST VIRGINIA IN CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—Senator Faulkner introduced four bills in the Senate to-day for the relief of West Virginians. The first was one providing for the payment of \$10 to E. C. Trimble, of Overhill, Barbour county, for hauling coal by him for the Federal army during the war. The second was one to pay to the trustees of the Presbyterian church at Springfield, Hampshire county, \$3,800 for the Federal army during the war by General Kelly's command and the church has never been compensated. The third bill provides for the return of Robert W. Johnson, of Westwood, \$540. Thomson acted as a scout for General McClellan, and left all his property in the hands of the Confederates, which were taken to the Federal army during the war.

A SERIOUS WRECK.

Six Passengers Dead Here in Collision on the Northwestern. BARABO, Wis., March 19.—A serious collision occurred on the Northwestern road at Lavalite station, twenty-five miles north of this city, at 1 o'clock this morning, and six passengers were more or less hurt. Passenger train No. 4, bound for Chicago, was struck by passenger train No. 4, bound for Chicago, which was struck by passenger train No. 4, bound for Chicago, which was struck by passenger train No. 4, bound for Chicago.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The new law, which is to be put in force on the 1st of April, will be a great relief to the people of this city, as it will allow them to buy coal at a lower price than they have been paying for some time past.

THE NEWARK LAUNCHED.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The new law, which is to be put in force on the 1st of April, will be a great relief to the people of this city, as it will allow them to buy coal at a lower price than they have been paying for some time past.

MISSISSIPPI'S SHORTAGE.

JACKSON, Miss., March 19.—The Legislative Committee filed its report with the Governor to-day. The report places the deficit at \$30,412. The report also agrees with previous reports in showing that the deficit is due to the fact that the State has not received the amount of the Federal bounty on cotton.

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO THE NORTHWEST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The President's visit to the Northwest is being discussed in the House to-day. It is believed that the President will visit the Northwest in the summer of 1890.

AN ENGINEER SEES A CHILD.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 19.—A little child was discovered on a train which was coming into the city yesterday. The child was found by an engineer who was on duty at the time.

WEST VIRGINIA POSTMASTERS APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The West Virginia postmasters to-day were as follows: Liddell McKinnon, vice Wm. Roberts, removed, Holliday's Cove, Hancock county; Benj. L. Kiplinger, vice J. C. Michael, removed, Lahnmanville, Grant county; Wm. Longwater, vice J. Whelan, removed, Broad Run, Doddridge county.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The new law, which is to be put in force on the 1st of April, will be a great relief to the people of this city, as it will allow them to buy coal at a lower price than they have been paying for some time past.

MISSISSIPPI'S SHORTAGE.

JACKSON, Miss., March 19.—The Legislative Committee filed its report with the Governor to-day. The report places the deficit at \$30,412. The report also agrees with previous reports in showing that the deficit is due to the fact that the State has not received the amount of the Federal bounty on cotton.

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO THE NORTHWEST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The President's visit to the Northwest is being discussed in the House to-day. It is believed that the President will visit the Northwest in the summer of 1890.

AN ENGINEER SEES A CHILD.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 19.—A little child was discovered on a train which was coming into the city yesterday. The child was found by an engineer who was on duty at the time.

WEST VIRGINIA POSTMASTERS APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The West Virginia postmasters to-day were as follows: Liddell McKinnon, vice Wm. Roberts, removed, Holliday's Cove, Hancock county; Benj. L. Kiplinger, vice J. C. Michael, removed, Lahnmanville, Grant county; Wm. Longwater, vice J. Whelan, removed, Broad Run, Doddridge county.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The new law, which is to be put in force on the 1st of April, will be a great relief to the people of this city, as it will allow them to buy coal at a lower price than they have been paying for some time past.

MISSISSIPPI'S SHORTAGE.

JACKSON, Miss., March 19.—The Legislative Committee filed its report with the Governor to-day. The report places the deficit at \$30,412. The report also agrees with previous reports in showing that the deficit is due to the fact that the State has not received the amount of the Federal bounty on cotton.

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO THE NORTHWEST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The President's visit to the Northwest is being discussed in the House to-day. It is believed that the President will visit the Northwest in the summer of 1890.

FOUNDING THE FARMER.

Voorhees Pictures the Alleged Depression in Agriculture

IN A GRANDILOQUENT MANNER

He Alludes to the Carnegie Banquet as a Parallel with Belshazzar's Feast—His Theatrical Plovers—Strikes a Stump.

MICHIGAN IS ALL RIGHT.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Gen. Russell A. Alger, Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R., is at the Palmer House. The General is inspecting the State Department of the Grand Army, coming to Chicago from Indianapolis.

Perfect Harmony Among the Republicans

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—As might have been expected there is considerable dissatisfaction over the tariff bill which has just been completed by the House Committee on Ways and Means. The diversified interests of the country make it a physical impossibility for any party or set of men to compile a tariff bill which will meet with the complete satisfaction of all localities or all men in any party, as each State and almost every Congressional district has an industry which those locally interested desire to be specially protected by a customs duty. As a whole, however, the bill is pronounced a very good one by those best able to judge of its merits. The manufacturers and consumers among the committee are of the opinion that they have done the very best they could to please all interested. The prairie States and sections in the central States are not envious of the tariff with the reduction of the tobacco tax.

Prefer Free Sugar.

They prefer to have free sugar and a lower tariff upon clothing and the articles of most common use, and leave the tobacco tax as at present. There is a very large and growing interest in Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa and many other States in the beet sugar industry and representatives of these States not only fought hard against such a heavy cut in the sugar duty, but declare that they will not support the reduction, which would cut it at once to fifty and sixty per cent. The combined interests of the producers and consumers, never so much varied in any country, had to be considered as a whole by the committee when the bill was under consideration.

When in steel mills and all iron and steel manufacturers will be pleased to the fact that there is a great deal of railroad building. The protection to iron and steel has advanced these industries to a stage where they can meet northern competitors with the world at any time in our history and put them upon an equal footing with any country in the world were it not for the fact that we employ a higher grade of labor and pay better prices.

THE FARMER OCCUPY TO BE PLEASED.

The reduction in the lower grades of wool and the increase in the higher grades will have the result of lowering the prices of clothing to the farmers and affording higher prices to the farmers who produce the higher grade of wool. The farmers fare better in this bill than any other class. The reductions are all in the most important articles, and nearly all of the increases in duty are upon articles in the production of which the farmers are most interested. The duties on long and medium wools are protected by the bill which amounts to a practical inhibition, except when we have a failure in crops. The farmer has everything to please him in this bill that it was possible to provide and nothing which he can complain.

TOBACCO TAX REDUCTIONS.

There may be exception taken to the reduction of the internal taxes upon tobacco, but the wishes of that great expanse of growing country south of the Ohio river must be taken into consideration, and it might be understood that it has a voice in the reform of the tariff. The South demanded a complete abolition of the tobacco tax and gets a reduction of about 50 per cent.

THE STEEL COURT MARTIAL.

Private Wild Hates his Charges of Brutality. CHICAGO, March 19.—The trial by court martial of Lieutenant Steele on a charge of abusing Private Wild, was resumed this morning. The proceedings opened with the reading of the official report of the yesterday's proceedings by the Judge Advocate.

WEST VIRGINIA IN CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—Senator Faulkner introduced four bills in the Senate to-day for the relief of West Virginians. The first was one providing for the payment of \$10 to E. C. Trimble, of Overhill, Barbour county, for hauling coal by him for the Federal army during the war. The second was one to pay to the trustees of the Presbyterian church at Springfield, Hampshire county, \$3,800 for the Federal army during the war by General Kelly's command and the church has never been compensated. The third bill provides for the return of Robert W. Johnson, of Westwood, \$540. Thomson acted as a scout for General McClellan, and left all his property in the hands of the Confederates, which were taken to the Federal army during the war.

A SERIOUS WRECK.

Six Passengers Dead Here in Collision on the Northwestern. BARABO, Wis., March 19.—A serious collision occurred on the Northwestern road at Lavalite station, twenty-five miles north of this city, at 1 o'clock this morning, and six passengers were more or less hurt. Passenger train No. 4, bound for Chicago, was struck by passenger train No. 4, bound for Chicago, which was struck by passenger train No. 4, bound for Chicago.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The new law, which is to be put in force on the 1st of April, will be a great relief to the people of this city, as it will allow them to buy coal at a lower price than they have been paying for some time past.

THE NEWARK LAUNCHED.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The new law, which is to be put in force on the 1st of April, will be a great relief to the people of this city, as it will allow them to buy coal at a lower price than they have been paying for some time past.

MISSISSIPPI'S SHORTAGE.

JACKSON, Miss., March 19.—The Legislative Committee filed its report with the Governor to-day. The report places the deficit at \$30,412. The report also agrees with previous reports in showing that the deficit is due to the fact that the State has not received the amount of the Federal bounty on cotton.

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO THE NORTHWEST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The President's visit to the Northwest is being discussed in the House to-day. It is believed that the President will visit the Northwest in the summer of 1890.

AN ENGINEER SEES A CHILD.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 19.—A little child was discovered on a train which was coming into the city yesterday. The child was found by an engineer who was on duty at the time.

WEST VIRGINIA POSTMASTERS APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The West Virginia postmasters to-day were as follows: Liddell McKinnon, vice Wm. Roberts, removed, Holliday's Cove, Hancock county; Benj. L. Kiplinger, vice J. C. Michael, removed, Lahnmanville, Grant county; Wm. Longwater, vice J. Whelan, removed, Broad Run, Doddridge county.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The new law, which is to be put in force on the 1st of April, will be a great relief to the people of this city, as it will allow them to buy coal at a lower price than they have been paying for some time past.

MISSISSIPPI'S SHORTAGE.

JACKSON, Miss., March 19.—The Legislative Committee filed its report with the Governor to-day. The report places the deficit at \$30,412. The report also agrees with previous reports in showing that the deficit is due to the fact that the State has not received the amount of the Federal bounty on cotton.

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO THE NORTHWEST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The President's visit to the Northwest is being discussed in the House to-day. It is believed that the President will visit the Northwest in the summer of 1890.

AN ENGINEER SEES A CHILD.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 19.—A little child was discovered on a train which was coming into the city yesterday. The child was found by an engineer who was on duty at the time.

WEST VIRGINIA POSTMASTERS APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The West Virginia postmasters to-day were as follows: Liddell McKinnon, vice Wm. Roberts, removed, Holliday's Cove, Hancock county; Benj. L. Kiplinger, vice J. C. Michael, removed, Lahnmanville, Grant county; Wm. Longwater, vice J. Whelan, removed, Broad Run, Doddridge county.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The new law, which is to be put in force on the 1st of April, will be a great relief to the people of this city, as it will allow them to buy coal at a lower price than they have been paying for some time past.

MISSISSIPPI'S SHORTAGE.

JACKSON, Miss., March 19.—The Legislative Committee filed its report with the Governor to-day. The report places the deficit at \$30,412. The report also agrees with previous reports in showing that the deficit is due to the fact that the State has not received the amount of the Federal bounty on cotton.

THE ROOF FALLS IN.

Nearly Another Disaster at the Bowen-Merrill Building

AT INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

No One Hurt, but Many have Narrow Escapes—Miners Perish in a Mine Under Peculiar Circumstances in Gogebec Region.

THE WORLD'S FAIR BILL

Reported to the House by the Committee for Action. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—Mr. Candler, of Massachusetts, presented in the House to-day the report of the special committee on the World's Fair. It is as follows:

By the vote of the House, the city of Chicago was selected as the place for holding the fair of 1893, and under the instructions given by the action of the House the committee has inserted the name of the city of Chicago in the bill and has consulted with the representatives of that city for the purpose of perfecting and improving it, making after a careful consideration such amendments as it deemed necessary and of importance.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 19.—Part of the roof of the Bowen-Merrill Company building, which burned Monday, when a number of firemen lost their lives, fell at 1 o'clock to-day, burying a number of men in the ruins. Great excitement prevailed, and thousands of people surrounded the scene of the disaster.

Reports of eye witnesses were very conflicting as to the number supposed to be in the building, when the roof fell, Captain Campbell, of the Metropolitan Police, and O'Brien Manning and Lester were standing on the main floor about forty feet from the front. Almost directly beneath the projecting roof were Peter Albin and William Meadows, carpenters, who were bracing the iron front. The officers escaped injury, but Albin and Meadows were struck by the mass of timbers. They were extricated in a few minutes. Meadows was struck in the back with heavy timbers and was injured internally. Albin escaped with a few scratches, but with a fright. It was impossible to clear away the wreck at the iron front which is cracked badly and was likely to topple at any moment. The fire department had been called, but with a guard for the safety of those whose lives were risked in the undertaking.

Immediately after the fall of the roof, the fire department was called, and by 1 o'clock the fire was under control. The fire was extinguished by 1 o'clock. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the boiler room. The boiler was exploded, and the fire spread to the roof. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the boiler room. The boiler was exploded, and the fire spread to the roof. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the boiler room. The boiler was exploded, and the fire spread to the roof.

Under the ruins there is known to be the body of a man, Henry Woodruff, who was caught in Monday's collapse. Further than this it is not believed the number of casualties will be exceeded. The body of the man was found shortly before noon, on the fourth level, near the shaft. Could they have gone down the shaft, they would have been near No. 3 shaft, they would have been saved. The loss so far will reach about \$100,000.

Foundry Burned.

CLEVELAND, March 19.—The brookly and machine shop of T. H. Brodsky & Co. at 10th street, near the river, was burned to-day. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the boiler room. The boiler was exploded, and the fire spread to the roof. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the boiler room. The boiler was exploded, and the fire spread to the roof.

TALLUKE, La., March 19.—All west of here is a vast sheet of water to the hills of Mayou Bayou. The water in the bayou is so high that it is impossible to get across. The water is so high that it is impossible to get across. The water is so high that it is impossible to get across.

NEW ORLEANS, March 19.—The Times-Democrat's Helena special says: From Clarendon it is learned that the White House is rising, and at Clarendon on the night of the 17th the fire level was one inch an hour. The town of Clarendon is now pretty high covered with water from the White river.

WHI FIGHT HERE.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., March 19.—Billy Meyer challenges the winner of the McAniff-Carroll fight next Friday night at St. Francis to a final contest for a purse of \$5,000. The fight will be held at 8 o'clock on Friday night. Meyer is a native of Ireland and is now in the United States. Meyer is a native of Ireland and is now in the United States. Meyer is a native of Ireland and is now in the United States.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The dock laborers' strike at Liverpool is practically ended, the men resuming work. M. J. Cheatham, white, was hanged at Grenada, Miss., yesterday afternoon for the murder of John Tilden, colored, on July 10 last.

CONDUCTOR HOPKIN, of the Lake Shore road, has been held for trial as being responsible for an accident on that road near Buffalo.

MILWAUKEE, March 19.—Col. B. F. Bryant was elected Commander by the Wisconsin Department G. A. R. this morning. A resolution favoring a service pension bill was laid on the table by a large majority.

THE SUGAR TRADE.

New York, March 19.—The application of the sugar trust to declare a dividend of 2 per cent on its \$50,000,000 of certificates, was to-day referred to Judge O'Brien because of his familiarity with the case, and it will be heard to-morrow.

EVICTING THE BOOMERS.

United States Troops Commence the Work of Clearing the Cherokee Strip.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 19.—The patrol of the Cherokee Strip by forces of the United States Army began to-day. General Merrill, commanding the Department of Missouri, issued orders to that effect early yesterday morning. A party of troops of cavalry were on the march to this place. The forces included in the order were as follows: Troop G, 50 men, from Fort Reno, Capt. E. M. Hayes, commanding; Troop K, 50 men, from Fort Reno, Capt. A. W. Woodson, commanding; Troop F, 50 men, from Fort Supply, Capt. George H. Paddock, commanding; Troop I, 40 men, from Fort Supply, Lieutenant Andrews, commanding. These troops were moved at this point last morning, and from here will march in squads, covering as much ground as possible north through the strip, notifying the settlers who now remain on the Cherokee Strip of the President's notice, and forcibly evicting those who refuse to go voluntarily.

After the full width of the strip has been patrolled, the troops will return southward to different points in the strip, establish military stations and guard the land from invasion until it shall be legally opened to settlement by the Congress and Presidential proclamation.

It is not expected that the military will encounter any resistance, for the settlers who remain are very few and seem peaceably inclined.

A BRIBERY SENSATION.

Two Jurors Bribed in the Perrin Case at Ashland, Wis. ASHLAND, Wis., March 19.—A bribery sensation has developed in the Perrin case. District Attorney Rossman said this morning that at least two of the jurors were bribed the first night after they were chosen. Rossman had asked the court to have a bailiff appointed to take charge of the jury on the same day the jurors were chosen. The court appointed Bailiff Boyd. A superior officer asked for a jury on the same day. Boyd did so. That night, Rossman says, at least two jurors were bribed by the defendant. The defendant Attorney proposes to push through the case, and that he will employ a number of prominent persons. Sheriff Cohen, Boyd's superior, emphatically denies that he did anything of the kind, and says the whole affair is the scheme of Rossman's "to kill him" for the next nomination for Sheriff.

At 1 o'clock the jury was still out, and it is expected that it will be called and discharged this afternoon.

The jury finally reported this afternoon that they were unable to agree, and were sent back for conviction and six for acquittal.

THE CATHOLICS WON.

Wisconsin Supreme Court Decides that Reading the Bible in Public Schools is Unconstitutional. MADISON, Wis., March 19.—One of the most important cases decided by the Wisconsin Supreme Court in many years was that of Weiss against the Edgerton District School Board. Some of the public school teachers there were in the habit of reading the Bible to their pupils, and to this some Catholic parents objected. The case was tried in the Circuit Court of Rock county, which overruled the decision of the Circuit Court. The case is now in the hands of the Wisconsin Supreme Court.

By to-day's accidents F. R. Ricknell's horse-keeping and note store sustains a loss of \$10,000. Several stacks of lumber and other goods were destroyed. For a time the wilder rumors of the disaster were silent, and before they were set at rest a large portion of the city's inhabitants had thronged into the streets to witness the scene. The investigation, however, it was learned that but two men had been hurt, though many had narrow escapes. Those injured are not seriously hurt. After the fire was extinguished, the front wall of Bowen-Merrill to be torn down. This was done.

Under the ruins there is known to be the body of a man, Henry Woodruff, who was caught in Monday's collapse. Further than this it is not believed the number of casualties will be exceeded. The body of the man was found shortly before noon, on the fourth level, near the shaft. Could they have gone down the shaft, they would have been near No. 3 shaft, they would have been saved. The loss so far will reach about \$100,000.

Foundry Burned.

CLEVELAND, March 19.—The brookly and machine shop of T. H. Brodsky & Co. at 10th street, near the river, was burned to-day. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the boiler room. The boiler was exploded, and the fire spread to the roof. The fire was caused by a gas leak in the boiler room. The boiler was exploded, and the fire spread to the roof.

TALLUKE, La., March 19.—All west of here is a vast sheet of water to the hills of Mayou Bayou. The water in the bayou is so high that it is impossible to get across. The water is so high that it is impossible to get across. The water is so high that it is impossible to get across.

NEW ORLEANS, March 19.—The Times-Democrat's Helena special says: From Clarendon it is learned that the White House is rising, and at Clarendon on the night of the 17th the fire level was one inch an hour. The town of Clarendon is now pretty high covered with water from the White river.

WHI FIGHT HERE.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., March 19.—Billy Meyer challenges the winner of the McAniff-Carroll fight next Friday night at St. Francis to a final contest for a purse of \$5,000. The fight will be held at 8 o'clock on Friday night. Meyer is a native of Ireland and is now in the United States. Meyer is a native of Ireland and is now in the United States. Meyer is a native of Ireland and is now in the United States.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The dock laborers' strike at Liverpool is practically ended, the men resuming work. M. J. Cheatham, white, was hanged at Grenada, Miss., yesterday afternoon for the murder of John Tilden, colored, on July 10 last.

CONDUCTOR HOPKIN, of the Lake Shore road, has been held for trial as being responsible for an accident on that road near Buffalo.

MILWAUKEE, March 19.—Col. B. F. Bryant was elected Commander by the Wisconsin Department G. A. R. this morning. A resolution favoring a service pension bill was laid on the table by a large majority.

THE SUGAR TRADE.

New York, March 19.—The application of the sugar trust to declare a dividend of 2 per cent on its \$50,000,000 of certificates, was to-day referred to Judge O'Brien because of his familiarity with the case, and it will be heard to-morrow.

GRAND CLOUDBURST.

German Military Bill.

BERLIN, March 19.—It is stated that the new military bill, which will be submitted to the Reichstag, will be completed by the end of the month. The bill is a measure of the Government's intention to increase the strength of the German army. The bill is a measure of the Government's intention to increase the strength of the German army. The bill is a measure of the Government's intention to increase the strength of the German army.

THE DAUGHTER OF THE RANGE.

Gogebec Miners Have Prepared to Care for the Chicago War. ASHLAND, Wis., March 19.—The pretty baby abandoned a day or two ago by a Chicago mother has become the adopted daughter of the Gogebec iron range. A dozen big-hearted men have offered to give the babe a home and protection in a clear, sunny, and healthy environment. The babe is now in the hands of the Gogebec iron range. The babe is now in the hands of the Gogebec iron range. The babe is now in the hands of the Gogebec iron range.

Among the many rumors concerning the causes that led to Prince Bismarck's resignation, a story is told to the effect that the Emperor intended his intention to abolish the office of President of the Prussian Ministry, and that Bismarck stoutly objected to such a course.

General Von Caprivi, the new Chancellor, will not assume the foreign portfolio.

A MEMENTO TO RAISE A POPULAR SUBSCRIPTION FUND IS ON FOOT among the miners on the range. The money will be applied to the benefit of the mysterious little stranger.

THE CHICAGO MYSTERY.

The Police at St. Joseph's Hospital's Husband Did Not Kill Her. CHICAGO, March 19.—Mrs. McGarvey, the mother of Mrs. Jennie Garvey, who was murdered Sunday night, has arrived in the city from