The Intelligencer.

Frew, Campbell & Hart, Prop's.

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WHEELING, AUGUST 12, 1890.

"Is Kansas Republican?" asks the New York *Star*, and we rise to answer, "Is Texas Democratic?"

THE fact that the number of English speaking people in Europe has increased in the past 90 years from 13 to 31 per cent. of the entire population is favorable to the theory of those who hold that English is destined to be the universal language.

THE Auburn, New York, spiritualist who announces that he has communicated with Kemmler's spirit, and that he has informed the medium that his death was painless, will be gladly received by an anxious public who are beginning to grow very tired of the wrangle going on among the doctors respecting the disputed point.

THE cost of labor per ton of pig iron made, despite the large average yields of the furnaces, is much higher than in England.

* * * * *

The cost of the ore to the Pittsburgh ironmaster generally costs more than the entire cost of production to the maker of the same description of iron in England.

The above significant extracts are taken from the London *Ironmonger*. They will no doubt interest Free Traders who have been laboring to convince us that "the cost of producing iron in this country is no greater than in England, and consequently, that the profits of protected ironmasters are enormous." A large amount of just such testimony can be produced.

A Way to Boom the State.

The California Board of Trade has a practical way of booming the Golden State, which we commend to our own city Board of Trade and the West Virginia Board of Immigration as a good means to adopt by way of attracting the attention of the outside world to our industrial advantages. The exhibit on wheels we could send out over the country, similar in arrangement to that of the California Rolling State Fair now exhibiting here, would be as attractive as any that could go from any other State and would be a paying investment.

Our glass, pottery, fire brick, coal, coke, iron, steel, nail, lumber and dozens of other leading industries represented in such an exhibit, and sent on a *circuit of the great business centers of* the country would prove an advertising investment which the State could well afford.

California on Wheels.

The people of Wheeling are enjoying an opportunity to witness a very novel, interesting and attractive exhibition in the shape of an exposition on wheels. Samples of the wonderful products of California may be seen in the "Rolling State Fair," which is making a tour of the country under the auspices of the State Board of Trade, and which has arrived in Wheeling. The scheme is so novel in its character that great crowds will no doubt be attracted to the exposition. It is worthy of California's enterprise and sets forth in an interesting way the attractions of the Golden State.

West Virginia cordially welcomes "California on Wheels," but begs to remind her that the seductive display she makes will not cause West Virginians to forsake their own State of countless resources, just now on the eve of a development no less wonderful than that of her Pacific sister.

The Great Strike.

When a labor organization becomes unreasonable or unjust in its demands resistance to them is proper, and will be sustained by public sentiment, but if, as seems to be the case in the New York Central strike, the demand is simply that the laborers be allowed to exercise their rights as individuals to connect themselves with the Knights of Labor, and the privilege is forbidden on pain of dismissal from the company's employ, the sympathy of fair minded people will be with them. It may be, however, that when the company's side is fully understood a different understanding of the cause of the difficulty may be reached. At present we have only Mr. Powderly's statement that the strike is the result of an effort on the part of the railway managers to destroy the Knights of Labor by discharging all who are connected with the order. If this is true, the trouble will likely spread beyond the limits of the New York Central district and will be a long fight and involve a great deal. In the meantime developments will be watched for with interest.

A Gross Misstatement.

The editor of the Parkersburg *State Journal* exhibits great recklessness in the following editorial paragraph:

There is not a business college in West Virginia. The State has a sonculd university, good normal schools, academies, high schools and seminaries, but no institution where business methods and principles are taught, and where young men and young women are prepared to do office work in all of its details. Such a school is badly needed in West Virginia, and Parkersburg is the best place for it. All parts of the State can be reached from here and the school could soon be made to draw students from nearly all sections of the state.

The above statement is made by the *Journal* in connection with a scheme for a business college which is being agitated in Parkersburg. We do not believe that the *Journal* made the assertion maliciously, and therefore it will take kindly a correction from the INTELLIGENCER in justice to an old and established institution of Wheeling. We refer to the Wheeling Business College, which has been in existence over twenty years under the management of Prof. J. M. Frasher. The fame of the college is too well established to be injured by the misleading remarks of the *Journal*, but it is eminently proper to remind that paper of the gross mistake it made, in asserting that there was no business college of established reputation in the State.

The Breckinridge-Clayton Case.

The report of Congressman Lacey, of Iowa, as chairman of the sub-committee of the House Committee on Elections that investigated the Breckinridge-Clayton contest in the Second Arkansas district, is one of the most interesting public documents furnished since the present Congress began. The report deals with the whole history of the case, the frauds at the polls, the murder of John M. Clayton while looking for evidence upon which to base a contest for the seat, and the four other murders growing out of the memorable contest. It forms one of the most thrilling stories in the history of Arkansas politics and shows the murder of Clayton to have been one of the most dastardly crimes ever committed, and that the cowardly deed was done by two men who skulked outside the window of his room in the darkness while he sat at his table writing.

There were four other murders, or attempted murders, committed during the contest in the interest of Breckinridge's Democritic claims to the seat. Here are their names:

1. Judge Benjamin, a Little Rock Republican, shot in the head at Merriton the day before election. Died. No prosecution.
2. Republican Supervisor Wahl, shot at while on a visit to Plummerville to investigate ballot box theft.
3. Smith, a colored Republican acting as detective, shot and killed by a young man named Richmond, a son of Republican parents, who was not indicted.
4. George Bentley, one of the ballot thieves who turned State's evidence; "accidentally shot by his brother."

The report goes at length into the matter of the theft of the ballot-box at one of the precincts, the box being known to contain over 400 majority for Clayton, the Republican candidate, and is a strong argument in favor of a federal election law. The necessity, says the committee, for the enactment of some law which will prevent ballot box stealing and murder from conferring a prima facie title to a seat in Congress is evident from the result in this contest. Had such laws been in force as would have prevented the contestee from taking his seat with such a title no one would have attempted to confer such a title by stealing the ballot box. Evidently ballot box stealing was looked upon as a joke in that community until the awful consequences that have resulted have appalled the good people of the county. It was talked of and laughed about on the streets of Plummerville the night of the election.

The Farmers for Protection.

The Grange Lecturer of Pennsylvania, Mr. Gerard C. Brown, recently made a speech at a Grangers' Conference at Chautauqua, and, in violation of the established rules of the Grange forbidding political discussion attacked the McKinley bill. He is now sorry he did it, and so are the Free Traders who applauded him. The National Lecturer of the order, Mr. Whitehead, is charged with the doctrinating of the Granger organization. In his speech he availed himself of the breach of discipline committed by Mr. Brown, and by taking advantage of the opportunity afforded him effectually used up his Free Trade predecessor in a speech remarkable for its eloquence and strength. Here is an extract from *his remarks:*

"I congratulate you on the progress the Grange is making. During this year we have already established nearly double the number of new Granges that were established in the whole of 1889, and last year there were more new Granges than in any other year of the decade. There is no possible way of getting an accurate record, but we think we have now a membership of upward of 1,000,000 in good standing, with a following of, perhaps, 2,000,000 more. *We are proud of the McKinley bill, which secures us a fair measure of Protection.* With an increase of duty on hay from $2 to $4, and a raising of that on potatoes and eggs to 25 cents a bushel and a cent a dozen, we are able to defy the pauper farmer of Europe and to hold our own with the merchant and the manufacturer. *It is only fair that the workman who receives better wages should pay us better prices.* We are doing our best to compel agricultural colleges to stop turning themselves into literary institutions, and the Morrow bill we will oppose tooth and nail. We have already succeeded in Massachusetts, Michigan, Kansas and elsewhere, and within six weeks Brown University in Rhode Island, thanks to our efforts, has agreed to turn over its agricultural fund to the people for founding a separate institution."

Commenting on these expressions the *American Economist* says that the reference to the recent change of front at Brown University from free trade support of British fadism to developing an advocacy of American interests is of great importance as an offset to the pernicious tendency of Yale, under the mischievous manipulation of Professor Sumner and other Mugwumps. Grand Lecturer Whitehead's noble advocacy of Protection to American labor may be regarded as an authoritative and official acceptance of the same by the time-honored and mighty farmers' organization of which he is the recognized mouthpiece.

The Outcry Against "Force."

New York Tribune.

A bill has been pending in Congress for several months which aims to secure an honest count of honest votes. It has no other aim. It is absolutely non-partisan; it was drafted to meet an urgent necessity; it cannot possibly work an injustice to any political organization. Let it become a law and its provisions be faithfully enforced, and our elections for Congress in a large number of districts will be a more genuine expression of the majority than they have ever been before. This bill is entitled "An act to amend and supplement the election laws of the United States and to provide for the more efficient enforcement of such laws."

Democrats, however, have another name for it. Democratic Senators, Democratic Congressmen, Democratic newspapers, Democratic local leaders, Democratic heelers, unite in calling it the "Force" bill. This would seem to imply that they are opposed to any political methods which smack of "force;" that they hold that the whole art of popular government consists in the successful employment of moral suasion. It is evident that the Democratic party fights the pending election bill so desperately, not because it regards it as a "force" bill or because it has any particular objection to a "force" bill. Ever since the days of reconstruction it has practically *condoned the display of revolting* "force" which has kept the South solid for the Democracy. It fights the bill because it has good reason to believe that any measure which secures fair elections, particularly at the South, will help the Republican party.

Clay District, Wetzel, Delegates.

Correspondence of the Intelligencer.

LITTLETON, W. VA., August 9.—The Republicans of Wetzel county, Clay district, met at Littleton to-day and appointed delegates as follows:

Delegates to State Convention—A. M. Crow, S. A. Carney. Alternates, R. T. Tuttle, W. W. Sayres.

Congressional convention—M. L. Hill, H. R. Thompson, A. J. Bissit. Alternates, James A. McDonald, John Howard, Lindsay Ferguson.

Senatorial Convention—W. A. McCans, S. F. Carney, G. P. Jackson. Alternates, Conard Black, James Strosnider, J. J. Griffith.

STATE NOTES.

The Morgantown *New Dominion* states that Charlie P. Berkshire is making a cane for the World's Fair at Chicago in 1893. It will contain 132 pieces of West Virginia wood, have a gold ferule and a diamond tipped head. Charlie has made several valuable sticks and this will probably be one of the finest works of wood engraving to be seen at the fair.

In Raleigh county the mutilated body of Joseph Smith, one of the oldest citizens of this county, was found near his residence. Investigation showed that he had been attacked by a vicious bull while mowing in the field. The animal knocked him down and dragged him with its horns, tearing his flesh until he was dead. He was then tossed about at the will of the beast until the body was thrown behind logs where it was found.

The Braxton *Central* publishes the following concerning a story which has been going the rounds of the press: Several weeks ago a sensatsonal story *was circulated to the effect* that a peddler had been murdered in this county several years ago, that one of the parties implicated in the murder committed suicide and the other party is a well-to-do farmer living in the upper end of the county. The farmer referred to is Mr. V. M. Roby. The report is said to have emanated from a young woman of that neighborhood. Mr. Roby writes requesting us to state that he has the sworn affidavit of the woman referred to *stating that she knows nothing* whatever of any murder being committed and that the report circulated is wholly false.

SALIVA FROM HIS HORSE.

Strange Death of a Western Farmer From Blood Poison.

FORT WAYNE, August 11.—An old German farmer named Herman Ruhi, who has occupied a small farm in the vicinity of Bloomingdale, a suburb of this city, died this morning in horrible agony. Some time ago diseased was driving his horse, when the animal coughed and blew saliva into the face of its driver. Last week Ruhi's face became literally incrusted with small pimples, and these spread over his body until eventually it became a mass of sores. Medical science was of no avail.

Dr. Jansen, a local physician, says that death was due to poisoning, caused by the obnoxious matter from the horse becoming absorbed into the man's system. It is supposed that the animal was suffering from glanders.

Immigration Into the United States.

Bradstreet's.

From the annual report of the Bureau of Statistics the following figures, giving the total immigration to the United States during the last fiscal year (ended June 30 last) and those for the previous year, for comparison, are taken:

	1890.	1889.
Austria Hungary—		
Bohemia	4,568	3,065
Hungary	21,099	10,967
Other Austria (except Poland)	20,641	20,424
Denmark	9,342	8,699
France	6,584	5,918
Germany	92,409	99,421
Great Britain and Ireland—		
England and Wales	57,392	49,412
Scotland	12,028	18,289
Ireland	52,923	68,458
Italy	51,769	21,346
Netherlands	4,325	6,460
Poland	11,973	4,922
Russia (except Poland)	35,574	36,994
Sweden and Norway	49,869	48,719
Switzerland	6,992	7,067
All other countries	13,774	11,260
Totals	451,219	438,619

As a matter of interest we give the total immigration for each year since 1875:

1875	227,498	1883	603,322
1876	169,985	1884	518,592
1877	141,857	1885	395,346
1878	138,469	1886	334,203
1879	177,826	1887	490,109
1880	457,257	1888	546,889
1881	668,431	1889	478,619
1882	788,992	1890	451,219

The year just closed shows an increase of 12,600 over 1889. There is shown an increase of 22,004 Hungarians. Russia (including Poland) increased her number 7,821 over the previous year, and the number of Italian immigrants increased 26,943 over 1889. The decrease in the number of immigrants from Great Britain and Ireland was 30,816, from Sweden and Norway 7,824, and from Germany 7,082.

Deafness Can't be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c. DAW

A church bell, like truth, should not be tolled at all times.

DIED.

BURKETT—On Sunday, August 10, 1890, at 10:30 a. m., ELIZABETH, Wife of the late Mathias Burkett, aged 76 years, 3 months and 17 days.

Funeral from the residence of her daughter Mrs. Frank Goodwin, No. 15 North Front street, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. *Friends of the family are respectfully invited* to attend. Interment private.

[Canton, Ohio, and New Brunswick, N. J., papers please copy.]

Medical.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

S.S.S. ERADICATES BLOOD POISON AND BLOOD TAINT.

SEVERAL bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) entirely cleansed my system of contagious blood poison of the very worst type.
WM. S. LOOMIS, Shreveport, La.

S.S.S. CURES SCROFULA EVEN IN ITS WORST FORMS.

I HAD SCROFULA in 1881, and cleansed my system entirely from it by taking seven bottles of S. S. S. I have not had any symptoms since. C. W. WILCOX, Spartanburg, S. C.

S.S.S. HAS CURED HUNDREDS of CASES OF SKIN CANCER.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Many Witnesses.

100,000 witnesses testify to the virtues of Dr. Tutt's Pills. Wherever Chills and Fever, Bilious Diseases or Liver Affections prevail, they have proven a great blessing. Readers, a single trial will convince you that this is no cent-a-penny medicine. Twenty years test has established their merits all over the world.

Gains Fifteen Pounds.

"I have been using Tutt's Pills for Dyspepsia, and find them the best remedy I ever tried. Up to that time everything I ate disagreed with me. I can now digest any kind of food; never have a headache, and have gained fifteen pounds of solid flesh."
W. C. SCHULTZE, Columbia, S. C.

Tutt's Liver Pills

GIVE STRENGTH AND HARD MUSCLE.

Baking Powder.

ENTERPRISE
Baking Powder
IS
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
ACKNOWLEDGED THE STRONGEST AND BEST MADE.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FROM FURNACE FIRES.

Mr. John Meeks' Graphic Description of the Terrible Dangers he Passed Through,

His Seemingly Myraculous Rescue. Other Notes.

The Riverside Iron Works is probably one of the largest and best known industries of its kind in this section of the country. They employ from 1,500 to 2,000 men. It was from one of this little world of toilers that the following interesting interview was obtained:

"My trouble came on gradually from catching cold. I suffered constantly for eight long years." The speaker was Mr. John Meeks, whose residence is on Fourth street, Benwood, W. Va., and is employed, as before stated, in the Riverside Iron Works.

"The first I remember of it distinctly," continued Mr. Meeks, "was that my head and nose was continually stopped up. My nostrils would clog first on one side then the other. I had terrible headaches all the time, not a sharp pain at first, but a dull heavy ache over the eyes. There was a constant buzzing and roaring noise in my ears, sometimes like the pounding of a thousand hammers, and sometimes like the roar and hiss of a locomotive.

Mr. John Meeks, Fourth Street, Benwood, West Va.

"There was a constant dropping of slimy matter back into my throat that kept me hawking and raising all the time to clear it. As my trouble grew worse, sharp pains like the stab of a knife would take me in the chest and through the body, so severe at times as to make me cry out. A dry, hacking cough set in. My appetite failed me. I could eat nothing with a relish. What little I did eat would lie on my stomach like a lump of lead, causing me a feeling of distress and nausea. My sleep did me no good. I would get up in the morning feeling more tired and worn out than the night before. The disease seemed to have affected my whole system. I was entirely broken down, and had to give up my work. I would catch cold on the slightest exposure. When I look back and think of it now my condition was truly pitiable. I had no energy. I could not enjoy the company of my friends. I had taken advantage of every opportunity that was presented from which relief was promised but all to no purpose; my trouble was never even checked.

"Finally I read in the daily papers of a case very similar to mine that had been treated and cured by Drs. Copeland and Bell. I called on these gentlemen. Although they did not promise me very much, I felt that they understood my trouble, and began their treatment. Their charges are simply nominal."

"Was the result satisfactory?"

"More than satisfactory—more than I could have possibly hoped for. I began to improve almost at once. My cough disappeared. The pains in my head and through my chest passed away. My head and nose became clear. I breathe without difficulty now. I really feel as if I had, by some means or other, been supplied with a new nose. Such may sound queer, but it expresses the change I feel. The terrible noises in my ears have stopped. I have a good appetite now for all my meals and feel good after eating. I sleep well and feel fresh and bright upon arising. In short all my symptoms have left me. I believe I am a well man once more. My wife says I am a different man entirely from what I was when I began treatment with Drs. Copeland and Bell. They have certainly performed a great work for me, and I am very grateful to them."

Mr. Meeks can be seen at either the above addresses and this statement readily verified.

A DANGEROUS WAY

Treaded by Many, Perhaps, Without Knowing It.

Where catarrh has existed in the head and upper part of the throat for any length of time, the patient living in a district where the people are subject to catarrhal affection, and the disease has been left uncured, the catarrh invariably, sometimes slowly, extends down the windpipe and into the bronchial tubes, which tubes convey the air into the different parts of the lungs. The tubes become affected from the swelling and the mucus arising from catarrh, and in some instances become plugged up so that the air cannot get in as freely as it should. Shortness of breath follows, and the patient breathes with labor and difficulty.

In other cases there is a sound of cracking inside the chest. At this stage of the disease the breathing is usually more rapid than when in health. The patient also has hot flashes over his body.

The pain which accompanies this condition is of a dull character, felt in the chest, behind the breast-bone or under the shoulder blade. The pain may come and go—last a few days and then be absent for several. The cough that occurs in the *last stages of bronchial catarrh* is dry, comes at intervals, is hacking in character and usually most troublesome in the morning on arising or on going to bed at night, and it may be the first evidence of the disease extending to the lungs.

At first there may be nothing brought up by the cough; then there is a little tough, tenacious mucus, which the patient finds great difficulty in bringing up.

Sometimes there are fits of coughing induced by the tough mucus—so violent as to cause vomiting. Later on the mucus that is raised is found to contain some particles of yellow matter, which indicates that the small tubes in the lungs are now affected. With this there are often streaks of blood mixed with the mucus. In some cases the patient becomes very pale, has fever and expectorates before any cough appears.

In some cases small masses of cheesy substance are spit up, which when pressed between the fingers, emit a bad odor; in other cases, particles of a hard chalky nature are spit up. The raising of cheesy or chalky lumps indicates serious mischief at work in the lungs.

In some cases catarrh will extend into the *lungs in a few weeks, in other cases it may* be months and even years before the disease attacks the lungs sufficiently to cause serious interference with the general health. When the disease has developed to such a point the patient is said to have catarrhal consumption. With bronchial catarrh there is more or less fever which differs with the different parts of the day—slight in the morning, higher in the afternoon and evening.

Sometimes during the day the patient has a creeping, chilly sensation, which may last from half an hour to an hour, the surface of the body feeling dry, and hot. During the night, near the morning, there may be sweats. Such sweats are known as night sweats.

The pulse is usually more rapid than normal and the patient loses flesh and strength. A fresh cold is all that is needed at this point to develop rapid consumption. In some instances the patient loses flesh and strength slowly. The muscles gradually wasteaway. Then the patient gradually regains some of the strength, only to lose it again.

A weak stomach and a dislike for food, which seems to have lost its taste, causes the patient to think that he has a disease of the stomach instead of the lungs. With these diarrhea usually occurs and *there is some disturbance of the* kidneys. In bronchial catarrh the voice often becomes weak, husky and hoarse. There is a burning pain in the throat, with difficulty in swallowing.

Up on the Hearing.

In this connection there can hardly be a more interesting subject than the ultimate effect of catarrh upon the hearing. The process of this disease is poisoning the breath, rotting away the delicate machinery of smell and taste, poisoning the lungs and the blood and passing into the stomach enfeebling the digestion, vitiating the secretions and polluting the very foundations of life, all this has perhaps been very generally discussed; but the very frequent effect of catarrh of the nose and throat upon the hearing has not been touched upon as often as the subject warrants.

A very little study of anatomy will show the reader that the functions of the back passage of the nose and the upper parts of the throat are connected with the ear by a minute and delicate passage known as the Eustachian tube. Along this tube the catarrhal process extends, producing congestion and *inflammation. By the* further extension of this process to the mucous lining of the tympanum of the ear is caused in some cases, slight forms of catarrh of the middle ear, and in this way partial or complete deafness is produced.

Partial or complete deafness may in like manner result from the swollen, thickened tissue encroaching upon the mouth of the Eustachian tube.

Partial or complete deafness may result from catarrhal interference with the usual breathing depriving the ear of a proper supply of pure air or from the effects of obstruction in the nasal passage, causing undue rarifaction or condensation of the air in the middle ear.

In such cases these general remedies which are often prescribed prove comparatively ineffective. A cure can only be obtained by a skillful and scientific local treatment—and let it be said here that nothing could be attended with more disastrous results than unskilled local treatment—combined with constitutional treatment and care for the disease which brought about the trouble to the hearing.

DOCTORS
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Specialties—CATARRH and Diseases of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and LUNGS.

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New Advertisements.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK—APPLY at once at 1025 Chapline street. au12

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Inquire of JOSEPH WEBB, corner Sixteenth and Market streets. au12

WANTED—EXPERIENCED bread and cake baker. Young man preferred. Inquire at 18 Zane street. au9

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND Doctor Rockaway, newly painted and repaired. DONALDSON, LEWIS & CO. au12

WANTED—SALESMAN.

An old reliable shoe house wants a Salesman acquainted through interior counties of West Virginia. Trade established. Good salary to the right man. Address with references P. O. Box 433, Wheeling, W. Va. au11

WHEELING LODGE, NO. 9, I. O. O. F., FUNERAL NOTICE.

The members of Wheeling Lodge, No. 9, I. O. O. F., are hereby notified to attend the funeral of our brother, B. F. Stamm, Tuesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock sharp. The members of sister lodges are respectfully requested to attend.

H. P. BOWEN, N. G.
W. I. KELLY, Secretary. au12

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Where she will teach the latest and most popular Scientific Tailor System yet invented. This method of dressmaking stands the highest of any now in existence. She has in the past three years taught in New England, hundreds of ladies and dressmakers, all of whom speak in the highest terms of praise. Each student will be allowed to Cut, Make, Trim and Drape, putting into execution what she has learned while in the school; also, a rare chance for a few ladies to get into a money-making business, from $5 to $10 a day.
Instructions Free for two weeks. Open evenings.
au1 MISS J. PENLEY.

FOR SALE

Lot numbered 1, North Front street, $2,000.
Lot No. 25, South Huron street, south of Ohio street, $375.
No. 1610 and 1612 Market street.
Lots on Weizel street, 20 by 73 feet, $275.
Lots on Warren street, 20 by 73 feet, $300.
Lot on South Front street with river front, $1,600.
Block of six houses on Main street and block of six houses in Alley B, rent for $1,320 per annum, can be bought for $10,000.
No. 157 Fourteenth street, new frame house, ground a half lot, $1,300.
No. 1006 Chapline street, brick house, ground a half lot 33x130 feet, $2,100.
No. 2010 Main street, 26 rooms, exclusive of store rooms. Residence property would be suitable for hotel. Price $14,000.
No. 2215 Market street, store and dwelling, $6,000.
No. 79 Eighteenth street.
No. 172 and 174 Seventeenth street.
No. 1028 McColloch street.
No. 1125 Eoff street.
No. 2336, 2338 and 2340 Main street, rents for $660 per annum, can be bought for $6,000.

No. 2145 Main street	$ 2,500
No. 2520 Main street	3,500
No. 2503 Main street	1,200
No. 84 and 86 Twenty-sixth street, double frame house rents for $216 per annum, can be bought for	1,500
No. 2601 and 2605 Wood street	3,000
No. 3612 Chapline street	1,400
No. 130 Twelfth street	2,400
No. 1120 McColloch street	2,400
No. 15 Twenty-fourth street	1,800
No. 79 Twenty-fourth street	1,600
No. 416 National road	1,500
No. 2219 Main street	3,000

FOR RENT.

	A MONTH.
Store room and cellar, No. 2021 Main street	$25 00
No. 56 Alley 12, east of Eoff street	9 00
No. 83 Twenty-sixth street	9 00
No. 45 Fifteenth street	25 00

JAMES A. HENRY,
Real Estate Agent, U. S. Claim Attorney, 1612 Market street. I have long experience in prosecution of pension claims. Soldiers their widows and minor heirs will find it to their advantage to employ an attorney at home in preference to one in Washington, D. C. au12

CATALOGUES, LISTS, CIRCULARS and Printing of all kind executed at the INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE, No. 26 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

Dr. A. S. TODD'S Anti-Bilious Liver Pills
THE GREAT LIVER and STOMACH REMEDY.
Indigestion—Sick Headache—Constipation.
IN USE SIXTY YEARS.
If your druggist does not keep them, will send by mail on receipt of price, 25 CENTS A BOX, plain or sugar coated.
Prepared only by JNO. G. McLAIN & SON; WHEELING, W.VA.

Furniture, Carpets, Etc.

HUGH STERLING. G. ED. MENDEL. M. KIRCHNER.

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We Pleased This Man
by selling him honest goods at an honest price, with an honest guarantee back of his purchase.

We Can Please You
if you can be pleased by saving money on first-class goods. We studied to please in a practical school and learned that

To Please Customers
We Must Profit Them;
that's our way of doing business. We make it pay to trade with us! We talk business in dollars and cents.

Come and see us whether you buy or not.

G. Mendel & Co.,
1124 Main Street,
DEALERS IN
Carpets, Furniture, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, &c., &c.
Undertaking a Specialty
J. S. Rhodes & Co.

HANDSOME
Chenille Portiers
JUST OPENED BY
J. S. RHODES & CO.

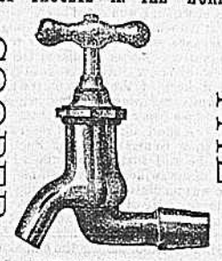
Beautiful Chenille Curtains
In the very newest effects at $6 per pair. Finer grades at $8 and $10 per pair and upwards.

NEW
Fall Dress Goods
NOW ARRIVING.
See our Special Leader in ALL WOOL COLORED HENRIETTAS, 40-INCH WIDE, AT 50c.

500 SILK UMBRELLAS
From $1 25 to $6 00.
New and Nobby Handles.
J. S. RHODES & CO.

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting.

BEST FAUCETS IN THE WORLD!



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TRIMBLE & LUTZ,
1416 & 1418 Market St., Wheeling, W. Va.

GEO. HIBBERD & SON,
Successors to Thompson & Hibberd,
Practical Plumbers, Gas & Steam Fitters
BRASS FOUNDERS.
SPECIALTIES—Natural Gas Supplies, Steam Heating and Ventilation.
1314 MARKET ST., Wheeling, W. Va.
All work promptly done at most reasonable prices. jas

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PRACTICAL
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,
No. 33 TWELFTH STREET.
All work done promptly at reasonable prices.

Housefurnishing Hardware.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

The Lightning Freezer has never had an equal. Makes smoother, lighter and more ice cream, and at the same time quicker, than others. Sold by Jones & Bro., Henry Kalbfleisch.

GEO. W. JOHNSON'S SON'S,
je3 Wholesale Agents.

Geo. R. Taylor—New Fall Stock.

GEO. R. TAYLOR.
1150 MAIN STREET,
THROUGH TO
1153 MARKET STREET.

NEW FALL STOCK
FOR 1890 NOW ARRIVING.

Imported Dress Goods,
Including the New
WEST OF WALES PLAIDS,
OPENED AND ON SALE
THIS MORNING!

Geo. R. Taylor.

$25,000 WORTH
OF
FURNITURE AND CARPETS
AT COST.
ARBENZ & CO.
WILL RETIRE FROM BUSINESS.
NO. 1115 MAIN STREET.

OUR ATTENTION
Will be given hereafter to advancing the interest in Bicycle Riding among the ladies. A class now forming. We have the VICTORIA, the HICKORY and the RAMBLER, all specially for ladies. Call and join.
ED. L. ROSE & CO.,
51 Twelfth Street.

OIL WELL SUPPLY CO., LIMITED.
91 and 92 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
MANUFACTURE AND SELL
EVERY ARTICLE, TOOL OR APPLIANCE NEEDED AT
ARTESIAN WELLS,
Either for Gas, Oil, Water or Mineral Tests.

BOILERS, ENGINES, DERRICKS, TUBING,
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BRASS AND IRON GOODS AND SUPPLIES
For Steam, Gas, Petroleum or Water.
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(LIMITED.,)
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MANUFACTURERS OF
Brass Goods, Malleable and Grey Iron Pipe Fittings
FOR STEAM, GAS, WATER AND OIL.
OIL WELL SUPPLIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Tubing, Casing and Ropes,
LINE, DRIVE & STEAM PIPE.
BRANCH OFFICE:
953 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Other branch stores at all the principal points in Pennsylvania, New York and Ohio Oil Fields. sp4

Political.

Republican State Convention.

It is ordered that a Convention of the State be held in the city of Martinsburg, on Wednesday, the 27th day of August, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to nominate a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court of Appeals, to be voted for at the election to be held on the 4th day of November next, and to transact such other business as may properly come before said convention. Each county is entitled to send to said convention one delegate for each one hundred votes or fraction exceeding fifty votes, cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1888.

By order of the State Central Committee.
jy23 DAW G. W. ATKINSON, Secretary.

Proposals.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received until 12 o'clock noon, August 12, for the erection of a city building in Benwood, Marshall county, W. Va. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Mayor's office.

A bond of $3,000 will be required of the successful bidder for the faithful performance of the contract.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved by the committee.

Address all bids to
JAMES E. BARRETT,
jy31 Chairman of Committee.

General Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having been appointed executrix of the estate of my late husband, William Grewe, I hereby request that every person having claims against said estate will present them for payment at once. Those knowing themselves indebted will please call and settle.

ELENOR GREWE, Executrix,
au11 No. 2138 Main street.

CLERK OF THE COUNTY COURT.

Major J. V. L. Rodgers will be a candidate for the nomination for Clerk of the County Court of Ohio county, subject to the decision of the Ohio County Republican Convention. au4

INSURANCE.

The Travelers' Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., writes all desirable forms of Life and Accident Insurance.

HENRY E. RICH, District Agent,
jy9 64 Twelfth Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

NOTICE.

The Pittsburgh and Wheeling Coal Company at Bridgeport and Maynard, Ohio, have started up full time. Have about completed a rope haulage at Wheeling Creek that will bring the coal out rapidly, giving the men good work.
au23

ROBERT LUKE

Has started a stand at MEDER BRO.'S, 1214 Market street, in front of the McLure House, where he intends to keep a Coupe night and day, at the usual prices of the Gurney cab. They are as nice as any carriage you ever read in. By having good, sober drivers he expects the public to patronize him in his undertaking.

TELEPHONE 476 or 124
and your orders will be attended to.

The transfer business will be attended to by
BURNS & CHUR