

SECRETARY ELKINS'

Plan to Place The Country on a Better War Footing.

EFFICIENCY OF NATIONAL GUARD

To Be Promoted--Some Practical Ideas About the Distribution of the Army. With a View to Providing for Improbable but Not Impossible Emergencies--The Congressional Programme for the Coming Week. Washington News.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.--When Secretary of War Elkins appeared before the sub-committee of the committee on appropriations of the senate in charge of the military appropriation bill a day or two ago, he suggested an idea for popularizing the army and encouraging the militia in a manner as novel as it was interesting.

Secretary Elkins has for years past, it seems, entertained the belief that the army of the United States, now one of the smallest on the face of the globe, should be kept constantly under the public eye with a view not only to improving its efficiency and keeping it on a footing with all of the advanced armies of the world, but to considerably increasing its strength. In his opinion 50,000 men would not be too large a military establishment in this country and his reasons for that belief were suggested to the committee. He thinks the time has come when the larger states of the Union should have stationed within their large garrisons of federal troops composed either of an entire regiment of cavalry, artillery or infantry, or a mixture of all three corps. This would not only guarantee peace and good order in any of those emergencies which however improbable, are at all times possible, but would also afford to the civil governments of each state a much larger opportunity to improve the efficiency of the militia organizations.

The secretary takes a very active interest in the affairs of the militia of the states and one of the first acts of his administration in the war department was to recognize and enlarge the bureau which has charge of all matters pertaining to the state troops. He believes that a large garrison of troops within each state, aside from the moral effect of its presence, would go far by way of example to teach the militia the duties of practical soldiery.

Rules and regulations could be adopted by which the state authorities themselves of the services of a certain number of officers as instructors of state troops while it would also be practicable to arrange for an annual joint encampment of federal and state troops.

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS.

Programme for the Week's Performances of the National Clerics.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.--In contrast with the lively scenes of last week the proceedings of both branches of Congress during the present week promise to lack public interest. The managers of the house, in pursuance of their programme of pushing the regular appropriation bills through in order to secure opportunity for the further consideration of the tariff bills and hasten the approach of final adjournment, have decided to devote the entire week to the consideration of those measures. Immediately after disposing of some District of Columbia business to-morrow the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill will be called up by Mr. Blount. This measure has already been severely criticised because of radical changes made in the existing law, and it will doubtless be the subject of further attack upon the floor. After the bill is passed there may be a conflict for right of way between the friends of the river and harbor appropriation bill, as both of these measures contain so many items of vital interest to members of the house that a prolonged discussion is certain to follow when they are taken up for consideration.

Appropriation bills are likely to figure largely in the senate proceedings also during the week. The army appropriation bill is on the calendar and will be called up at first opportunity. It will be followed by the navy appropriation bill, which will be reported in a day or two accompanied by an amendment increasing three fold the number of steamships to be constructed for the navy. Debate on the Chinese bill will occupy all of to-morrow and the bill itself will be sent back to the house Tuesday with senate amendments.

FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.

A New Use for Bananas--Proposed Union of the Five Republics.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.--The bureau of American Republics is informed that a new use has been found for bananas which will greatly add to the value of that fruit. In several places in Central America flour is now being made from bananas which under chemical analysis is found to contain more nutriment than rice, beans or corn. A manufactory on a large scale is being established at Port Limon, Costa Rica.

The plan for the reunion of the five republics of Central America in a single confederation has again been revived this time by the republic of Salvador and the congress of that country recently adopted without division the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of Salvador be empowered to take whatever peaceful and diplomatic steps he may deem advisable looking toward a reunion of the five Central American states, and that the governments of Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Costa Rica be invited to send each of them five delegates to represent them in a diet to meet in Salvador on the last of September next with plenipotentiary powers to determine the basis of the proposed union, select the federal capital and take such other action as they may deem advisable to bring about the end sought with least possible delay.

The Great G. A. R. Parade.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.--The committee on the Grand Army encampment parade and review has in-

formation at hand which leads it to believe that there will not be less than 60,000 old soldiers in line, which will make a parade larger than any in the history of the organization and possibly in the history of the country in time of peace.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE APPEAL.

A Critical Period in the History of the Order--A Desperate Plan.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.--The Post will to-morrow print a circular concerning the coming council and the members of the executive committee of state Farmers' Alliance at Birmingham, Ala., on Tuesday, the 3d of May. It is, in part:

This is the most critical period in the history of the order. Never has there been such a universal and such a loud cry from the order to the officers for directions how to conduct the local fight. Never has there been so little concert of action among the officers of the different states and sections. This, if allowed to continue, must be fatal; concert of action is imperative, and success cannot be achieved without it. The political contest threatens the destruction of the order. A lack of any uniform action by the order threatens the political slaughter of its friends. The nation is so large that the expense attending national councils of this character is too great to be borne with convenience; it has therefore been decided by the national president and national executive board that the presidents and executive committees of the states having like difficulties to meet be called together in council.

The presidents and members of the executive committees of the following state alliances have been invited to attend: Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Maine, Kentucky, Oklahoma and Tennessee.

Let no ordinary cause prevent your coming, but should you find it utterly impossible for you to come, have your committee select a proxy to represent you. It is understood that this meeting will be strictly secret with none present but those invited or their accredited proxies. You are requested to at once notify C. W. Macune, 241 North Capitol street. Let us in conclusion appeal to you by all that you love in this cause to be present.

The circular is signed by C. W. Macune, chairman; J. F. Tillman, secretary; Alonzo Wardwell, executive board, and approved by L. L. Polk, president.

AFTER THE STUDENTS.

Republican College Clubs to Be Organized to Combat the Theories of the Free Trade Professors.

ANN ARBOR, MICH., April 24.--It now appears that the plan to hold a convention of college Republican clubs in Ann Arbor, May 17, is an advance of the political machines upon the colleges. The president of the College Republican club in Ann Arbor is James F. Burke, well known in Pittsburgh, who was at one time private secretary to Matthew Quay. He claims ex-Chairman Clarkson suggested the formation of a league of Republican clubs in all the principal colleges in the country. The idea, according to him, is primarily an educational one.

"You see," said he, in speaking of the matter, "at all or nearly all the colleges in this country the college professors have Democratic leanings. For instance, here in Ann Arbor Prof. Adams is an out-and-out free trader. The consequence is that boys who have been raised as Republicans come down here to college and go back home Democrats. There are 63,000 students in the various colleges of the country. About 15,000 young men are graduated and go out into the world from them every year. These young men have a great deal of influence in the community--a much larger influence than is commonly suspected. Statistics show, for instance, that while only 2 per cent of the population is made up of college graduates, these same college graduates hold 52 per cent of the Federal offices."

The plan as fully formulated is an interesting study in party organization. There is to be a central office in New York city under the direct supervision of the Republican national committee. This office is to be the central depot for the distribution of political tracts to the various colleges.

An attempt has already been made to compel the university regents to remove Prof. Adams, the present teacher of political economy of the university, and place in his stead a man who can teach protection. Last fall, when Michigan went Republican, it was strongly urged that protection having been vindicated in the elections it ought to be taught at the university, and the matter may yet become a political issue.

The Republican leaders are in sympathy with the movement in the colleges of the country. President Harrison has given his approval in reply to a letter requesting his presence in Ann Arbor, May 17, as follows: My DEAR SIR:--I have your letter of the 2d and am in hearty sympathy with the organization in whose behalf you write. The work you propose to do is exactly in the right line and I do not doubt will be productive of good. I am sure, however, that it will not be possible for me to go to Ann Arbor on the 17th of May, as you suggest. I think you can succeed in interesting some one of our leading public speakers and will be glad to help you in that direction. Very truly yours, BENJ. HARRISON.

A letter signed by the committee of the students and citizens has been sent to Hon. Matt. Quay, asking his aid in perfecting the organization and making the meeting of May 17 a success.

LOST HIS LIFE

While Saving Two Girl Companions from Drowning.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., April 24.--This morning Rose Foster, Ethel Gray, Oscar Fretheben and Fred Burke, all of this city, started up the Piscataqua river in a sail boat with the intention of going for May flowers. When near the Portsmouth and Kittery bridge the strong current set the boat against the bridge and all four occupants were upset into the river. They were all rescued but young Burke, who became exhausted in trying to support the two girls until rescued, sank and was drowned.

Immigrant Arrivals.

New York, April 24.--Two thousand two hundred and fifty-nine immigrants were landed to-day at this port.

COL. ALGOTT RESIGNS

The Position, of President-Founder, At the Annual Session of

THE AMERICAN THEOSOPHISTS

A Resolution Adopted Asking Him to Revoke His Resignation--A Permanent Headquarters in which The American Share of Madame Blavatsky's Ashes Will Be Deposited--Two Letters from Annie Besant Read.

CHICAGO, April 24.--The annual convention of delegates from the various theosophical societies of the United States opened at the Palmer House to-day.

This convention is the most important to the American section ever held since its foundation, because it is the first since the death of Mme. Blavatsky, the society's cause and leader, and because it was known that at this meeting would be received the resignation of Colonel Algott, now in India, who was one of the founders and was the chosen president for life.

The convention was called to order by Wm. G. Judge, of New York, vice president and general secretary. In view of the fact that the president of the entire society, Col. Henry S. Olcott, made a division of the ashes of the late Madame Blavatsky in London last July, in the presence of Annie Besant and Mr. Judge, giving a third each to the Indian, European and American sections, it was resolved to endorse the establishment of permanent headquarters in New York where the portion of the ashes given to America should be kept in a suitable receptacle. It was also resolved to give financial aid to a Blavatsky memorial which is to take the form of publications looking to the ultimate union between Orient and Occident. In addition to a cable message received from Annie Besant in London which read: "Cordial greetings from Europe," that much talked of woman sent a long letter from the Blavatsky lodge, of which she is president.

This letter and one from the European section of theosophical society was read by G. R. S. Mead, the general secretary, and up to the time of her death, private secretary to Madame Blavatsky. In both these items it was firmly denied that the death of the founder had left any trace of a collapse on the part of the society.

The resignation of the now aged president-founder, Colonel Algott, was dated at Adyar, Madras, January 21, 1891, and yet the American convention was the first to act upon it. It did so by adopting resolutions announcing that the office of "president-founder" should remain forever unique, and unanimously declaring its choice as successor to the mere presidency to be William Judge to hold the office for life, a co-founder with Colonel Algott and Madame Blavatsky. The latter decision, Mr. Meade announced, has already been taken by the European section. But a further resolution was adopted asking Colonel Algott to revoke his resignation and remain president with a minimum of work.

The resignation of Colonel Algott is noted by theosophists as being next in importance to the death of Madame Blavatsky. He was an American soldier, journalist and literateur, and was a spiritualist until he met Madame Blavatsky, and with her and Mr. Judge founded the theosophical society in New York in 1875. He went with Madame Blavatsky to Madras, and at one of its suburbs established the still existing headquarters. It is said to be his present intention to seek a retreat near that city and devote the rest of his life to theosophical writings.

AN AWFUL TRAGEDY.

A Man Murders His Niece Because She Chose Her Own Lover.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, April 24.--News was received to-night of a terrible tragedy at Park City, Utah. As a young lady, Miss Grace Fluelling, was walking along the railway track conversing with a young man named Paradise, the lady's uncle, Mr. Trotman, dogged their footsteps. Then making a circuit he got ahead of them and hid in the bushes. As the pair got opposite Trotman jumped out and shot the girl twice, once in the head and once in the back. She died instantly. Then Trotman, realizing the enormity of his crime, sat down behind the body of his niece and shot himself in the head. At this writing he is not dead, but will not recover.

About five months ago the girl absented herself from home, and her family thought the act was on account of Paradise, though no criminality was suspected. But her uncle Trotman told her if she went any more with Paradise he would shoot her. To-day he fulfilled his threat.

New York's Reapportionment.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 24.--Lieutenant Governor Sheehan to-night said that the bill to reapportion the senate and assembly districts would not be finally completed before to-morrow afternoon. The Democratic leaders say many cases have come to their notice in counties where whole families were returned as aliens simply because the head of the family said he was born abroad. Five hundred thousand persons were returned from these counties as aliens. The New York leaders want thirty-two assemblymen, but it is understood that county will be given thirty-one and Kings county nineteen.

The Vindictive Thunderer.

LONDON, April 24.--The Times says: President Harrison's rumored negotiations for a silver conference are an obviously evasive and ill-sorted attempt to temporize with soft money partisans while escaping a rupture with mercantile interests in the eastern and central states. We fear another period of uncertainty and fluctuation has been initiated by his electioneering move without the slightest chance of permanent settlement of the problem, or a real and lasting improvement of the market. Mr. Goschen, like some French and German financiers has expressed a desire for the rehabilitation of silver, but we are inclined to think that such extensions, unless intended to lead to a definite policy do more harm than good.

A BLOODY RIOT

Among Tramps at Fairmont--One Man Killed, Another Fatally Wounded, and Another Seriously Hurt--The Coroner's Verdict.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

FAIRMONT, W. VA., April 24.--The coroner's jury empaneled to ascertain the cause of the death of William E. Tracy, who was killed near this place Saturday evening, rendered a verdict that the said Tracy came to his death by gunshot wound, cuts and bruises inflicted by persons known to the jury as "Shorty," "Deafy" and "Baltimore."

His body is still at the undertaking establishment of Nuzum & Musgrave, waiting the arrival of his brother, who will be here to-night and take the remains to Dunbar, Pa. Baltimore Tracy, shot in the breast, is still living and may get well.

The details of the tragedy are briefly as follows: On Saturday morning a party of five tramps, three men and two boys, arrived in town and at once located a camp on the river bank at the west of town. They built a fire, procured a keg of beer and some edibles and began a spree.

The names of the party are James Martin, of Syracuse, N. Y.; "Baltimore" Tracey, of Baltimore, Md.; George Workenbecker, of Parkersburg, W. Va., and George and James Johnson, of Saginaw, Mich., the latter being brothers and about twelve and fifteen years old, respectively.

Shortly after noon William E. Tracy, of Dunbar, Pa., who had been visiting in Palatino across the river, joined the party on the river bank.

The two Tracys, who are not related, soon engaged in a quarrel that threatened to come to blows. Each had a revolver, and in their drunken banterings they drew them and commented upon their good qualities and fired them into the air. After a time the quarrel was resumed and the whole party was mixed up in it. Numerous shots were fired promiscuously, and two of them took effect in William E. Tracy's head. The first shot killed him instantly, the bullet passing through his brain, entering at the right temple.

After the firing a number of men about the B. & O. yards ran down to the scene, but all but the dead man had fled. He was found lying on his face where he had fallen. The other members of the party were overtaken down near the "Y," about half a mile further west. They showed no disposition to fight, and were held by their captors till the sheriff and his deputies arrived, who brought them to town and locked them up in jail.

An examination of the prisoners showed that "Baltimore" Tracey had been shot in the left breast, the ball entering just below the nipple. The man is badly injured and is almost sure to die. Workenbecker was shot through the neck, the bullet barely missing the jugular vein and passing close to the front of the spinal column. While his injury is quite serious, it is not necessarily fatal. Martin and the two boys were unhurt.

TIN PLATE INDUSTRY

Will Be Transferred to America, Owing to the McKinley Bill.

SWANSEA, April 24.--It is stated that owing to the depression in the British tin plate trade, resulting from the workings of the McKinley tariff, the proprietors of a number of the largest tin plate factories in Wales intend to erect works in America.

Why He Retires.

BERLIN, April 24.--The retirement of General Von Kallenburn-Stachau, the minister of war, is regarded as imminent. The reason given for his retirement is ill health, but it is really an account of the proposed army reforms.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Huron copper mine, at Hancock, Mich., will partly resume about May 1. The Kansas river, which is out of its banks, is four miles wide at Carlyle, Ill. The relief-laden steamer Conemaugh sailed from Philadelphia for Russia Saturday. Victor Cruz, the famous Cuban outlaw, has been killed in an encounter between a party of officers and brigands. The Louisville frebings were responsible for seven more fires Friday night--all in the West End residence section. Fred Harkness, a captured army deserter of fine education, hanged himself at Spokane Falls, Wash., Saturday. The "rustlers" in Wyoming are highly pleased with a letter from President Harrison, promising that no guilty citizen shall be shielded. The Chicago Waiters' Association demand more pay, shorter hours and the abolition of fines. If the demands are not acceded to they will strike. John Savage, who has for some time been an inmate of the Scott county, Ill., poorhouse, has fallen heir to an English estate valued at over £1,000,000. James W. Sykes, of Chicago, accused of extensive warehouse frauds, will have a second trial, the motion to quash indictments having been overruled. The corpse of a young woman, identified to be Myrtle Sturtevant, a victim of the Golden Rule disaster, was recovered near Bromley, Ky., Friday evening.

Three men were instantly killed and three probably fatally injured by the collapse of a brick wall in the county court house at Jonesboro, Tenn., Friday. Counterfeit \$5 bills are circulating in St. Louis. The only defect is the Grant head, with which it is stamped, which is badly etched. The general color of bill is a little light. While some boys were playing in a sand pit at Toronto yesterday a slide occurred, covering a portion of the pit to a depth of several feet and smothering three boys named Alfred Lucas, Ernst Lucas and Henry Prettle. The New Orleans signal service reports the rainfall in that city for twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. April 22 at 7 1/2 inches. Heavy rainfalls are reported from points along the Illinois Central railroad and many washouts have occurred. There has been another sale of negro vagrants at Fayette, Mo., three men and one woman. One man sold for \$7 for sixty days' work; the two others for \$5 for thirty days' work, and the woman at \$12 for two months' labor. The sale was on the block.

LOST TO HER FAMILY.

A Pretty Young Lady of Pittsburgh Strangely Disappears.

LEFT HOME FOR SUNDAY SCHOOL

Over a Week Ago and Has Not Been Seen Since--Her Parents Distracted--She was Not Known to Have a Beau, Though She is Twenty-one Years of Age--Her Absence cannot Be Accounted for in Any Manner by Her Friends.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 24.--Last Sunday afternoon Miss Mamie Irving disappeared, and the mystery which surrounds the case could hardly be deeper. Mary Jane, or Mamie, by which name she is more generally known, lived with her father and mother Mr. and Mrs. James Irving, on Vera street. Last Sunday afternoon she went to the Seventh Presbyterian church, on Herron avenue, to attend Sunday school. Before the lessons commenced she was excused. She was seen later getting on a cable car and coming down to town. She got off the car at Fourth avenue and Wood street. There she met two little neighbor boys and told them to tell her father and mother, she was going to the East End to visit friends. From that time all trace of her has been lost. Had the earth opened and swallowed her, she could not have disappeared more completely.

HER PARENTS BECAME ALARMED.

Sunday evening when the young lady did not return the mother and father became uneasy. As the night grew old a thorough search of the neighborhood was commenced, but no trace of Mamie was discovered. Later they heard of her saying she was going to the East End. The father went to the friends of the family there, but his daughter had not been seen. The police were then notified. The distracted father and mother can assign no reason for their daughter's actions. She is the only child. The father is a moderately well-to-do man and the daughter was the pride of the old folks' hearts. The parents are getting pretty well up in years and want their daughter to stay with them. She at times would express a desire to earn her own living, but her father would always tell her that there was plenty for them all to live on happily together. The young lady never showed a pronounced determination to leave home. Her home life was always happy, and with the exception of this one reason, none other can be assigned for her leaving home.

PROMISED HER A HOUSE AND LOT.

When she last spoke of this the father proposed that they build a house on a vacant lot he owned, and she was to get the rental of it. This she agreed to and she had even gone so far as to see a contractor about building it. Mr. Irving some years ago lived at Beaver Falls. He thought the girl might have gone back there. He telegraphed his friends there, but found she had not been seen. A cousin of the young lady lives at Newport, Ky., and she has been telegraphed, but the answer has not come yet.

Before the family moved to Pittsburgh they lived in the pretty town of Indiana, this state. There Mamie had many friends, and occasionally she would express a desire to see them. It is thought she is not there. It does not seem probable that she would leave the city, unless some one aided her. The only money she is known to have had Sunday was twenty-five cents, which she borrowed from a friend, while she was on her way to Sunday school. Although Mamie is almost twenty-one years old, she was never known to have had a beau. She generally spent her evenings at home, and when she did go out it was in company with one of her lady friends. Her father has chided her often of late and told her she was old enough to keep company, but Mamie always said she had no desire for male associates.

GETTING FACTS ABOUT STREET CAR.

The day before she left home she asked her mother many minor questions about street cars. She was especially anxious to know how far out Perryville avenue the Pleasant Valley cars ran and whether the Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester line extended to Woods' Run. Since she has disappeared these two sections of Allegheny have been visited. The parents are now distracted and do not know what to do. If their daughter has found reputable employment they are willing to let her stay wherever she is, if she will only let them know she is well. The young lady is described as follows: About 21 years of age; heavy dark hair, combed straight back; blue eyes; is 5 feet high, and weighs 110 pounds.

AN INSANE WOMAN

Attempts to Burn a Church While Eight Hundred People Are in It.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., April 24.--Maria Mahon, a servant employed by J. Clifford Wharton, of Crescent avenue, made a desperate attempt to set fire to the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian church at nine o'clock this evening while eight hundred persons were attending the service. The woman is about thirty years of age. She went to the church bareheaded and carrying a can of kerosene oil. She sprinkled the contents on the floor in the vestibule and on the steps leading to the gallery. She then lighted a match and set fire to the oil, at the same time running up the centre aisle during a prayer and demanding to see the Rev. W. R. Richards, the pastor. There was great excitement in the church. The woman was promptly arrested and the flames were extinguished with much difficulty.

Steamship News.

HAVRE, April 24.--Arrived, Gascogne, New York.

LONDON, April 24.--Sighted, Rhaeta, New York.

QUEENSTOWN, April 24.--Arrived, British Prince, Philadelphia; Arizona, New York.

PRIZE FIGHTING CARNIVAL

The Three Big Contests in Occur at New Orleans in September.

NEW ORLEANS, April 24.--Mr. Charles Noel, president of the Olympic Club, telegraphed to "Bantam" from Hot Springs, Ark., that Jack McAuliffe has agreed to pay Billy Meyer the thousand dollar forfeit claimed by the latter to be due him as the result of the last night's negotiations for a glove contest between them. McAuliffe has also agreed to participate with Meyer in the pugilist championship carnival now being arranged by the Olympic Club to take place between the 5th and 10th of September next. The purse for these light weights will be about \$8,000. It may be regarded as almost definitely stated that the following events will occur between the above mentioned dates: Corbett and Sullivan for the heavy-weight championship of the world, purse \$25,000; Fitzsimmons and Hall for the middle-weight championship of the world, purse \$12,000; McAuliffe and Meyer for the light weight championship of the world, purse \$8,000.

SUNDAY BASE BALL

Both Good and Bad Weather--Immense Attendance at Cincinnati.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 24.--The day was frigid and Swartzel wild. This, with the magnificent outfield work of Hamburg and Twitchell, contributed to the defeat of the Millers. Score: Minneapolis.....1 0 1 4 0 0 0 0-6 Milwaukee.....0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 3-10 Earned, 3 and 5. Errors, 2 each. Hits, 11 and 12. Pitchers, Swartzel and Ferson. Umpire, Corcoran.

ST. PAUL, April 24.--Inability to hit the ball lost to-day's game for the hoosiers and but for an unfortunate error in the first inning they would have been shut out. Score: St. Paul.....0 0 0 0 2 1 1 0-5 Indianapolis.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-2 Earned St. Paul 1. Errors 2 and 3. Hits 11 and 5. Pitchers Wadsworth and Sullivan. Umpire Serad.

CINCINNATI, April 24.--Cincinnati won to-day before the largest crowd ever seen in the park here. A ground rule was made, allowing two bases on any hit into the crowd. Attendance 10,000. Cincinnati.....0 0 4 0 0 1 0 5 0-10 St. Louis.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-2 Hits, 12 and 5. Errors, 2 each. Earned, Cincinnati 4. Pitchers, Mullaine and Breitenstetl. Umpire, Emslie.

KANSAS CITY, April 24.--Columbus won to-day's game by hard hitting aided by Eiteljorg's wildness and errors by the home team. Kansas City.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0-1 Columbus.....0 0 2 4 0 3 2 0 0-11 Earned, 3 each. Errors, 6 and 3. Hits, 11 and 12. Pitchers, Eiteljorg and Clausen. Umpire McQuaide.

AWFUL DEED

Committed by a Trusted Servitor of the Czar of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.--All circles here are greatly perturbed by the revelation of a horrible deed committed by one of the czar's trusted servitors, a highly talented man. He is the choir master of the private chapel in the imperial palace at Peterhof, eighteen miles from this city. It has just been discovered that while in a delirious frenzy he murdered his wife, after which he chopped her body into fragments which he burned in a stove. He then threw his three children in an adjacent river.

RAVACHOL'S PEDIGREE.

His Paternal Ancestors for Three Generations Have All Been Hanged.

PARIS, April 24.--Inquiries in regard to Ravachol's pedigree have revealed the fact that his grandfather, great-grandfather and great-great grandfather were all hanged. They belonged to a band of robbers that terrorized certain districts in the Netherlands for many years. Ravachol is apparently scared at the wholesale arrests of anarchists made last week. He has become depressed and refuses food, appearing to fear betrayal. He receives numerous letters. One assured him that a plan was being prepared to prevent his execution if he should be sentenced to death.

Thirty Soldiers Drowned.

PARIS, April 24.--An official telegram from Hue, the capital city of Annam, tells of a drowning accident by which over a score of lives were lost. On April 20, the telegram states, a sloop, the property the Messageries Fluviales, founded in the river Claire, and thirty soldiers aboard the vessel were drowned together with the captain.

A Serious Conspiracy.

SOBIA, April 24.--Fifteen arrests have been made at Rustichuk in connection with the recently discovered plot there. An inquiry reveals the existence of a serious conspiracy. The bombs that were seized were intended to be used in attempts upon the lives of the Sultan prince, Ferdinand, and the Bulgarian minister. Domiciliary visits to the house of suspected persons continue.

The Radetzky statue.

VIENNA, April 24.--A drizzling rain and a leaden sky marred the pleasure of the great crowd that assembled to-day to witness the unveiling of the equestrian statue of Marshal Radetzky in Amhof square. After the united forces of a number of bands had played the national hymn, the Emperor unveiled the statue.

Riot at Glen.

PARIS, April 24.--At Glen to-day there was conflict between gen d'armes and strikers. The former made vigorous use of their swords and several persons were wounded.

German Spy Arrested.

PARIS, April 24.--A German spy named Schurider has been arrested here. He had in his possession a quantity of documents which are seized.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, generally fair, followed at night by showers; cooler, northeast winds. For Ohio, fair, followed by showers at night in south; slightly cooler south; northeast winds. For Western Pennsylvania fair and colder; northeast winds.

TEMPERATURE SATURDAY.

As furnished by C. SCHNEPP, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

7 a. m. .... 59 3 p. m. .... 67 9 a. m. .... 55 7 p. m. .... 64 12 m. .... 65 10 p. m. .... 61

SUNDAY.

7 a. m. .... 42 3 p. m. .... 60 9 a. m. .... 50 7 p. m. .... 56 12 m. .... 60 Weather--Clear.