MEDICAL

S.S.S. SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

FOR renovating the entire system, eliminating all Poisons from the Blood, whether of scrofulous or malarial origin, this preparation has no equal.

THE S.S.S. MARK

"For eighteen months I had an eating sore on my tongue. I was treated by best local physicians, but obtained no relief; the sore gradually grew worse. I finally took S. S. S., and was entirely cured after using a few bottles."
C. B. McLEMORE.
Henderson, Tex.

TREATISE on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR MOSQUITO BITES, SUN-BURN, SORE FEET, LAMENESS from OVER-EXERTION.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

FOR PILES, CHAFING, To Bathe FACE and HANDS when heated etc.

DON'T FORGET when starting on vacation to take with you. You are sure to need it, perhaps VERY MUCH indeed.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES probably worthless. Accept POND'S EXTRACT only.

Ponds Extract Co.,
New York and London.
jy6-MWFAP

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY!

DR. RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

The Only Known Remedy that removes THE TRUE CAUSE OF DISEASE

Without injury to the person, hence it CURES ALL DISEASES!

Rheumatism Cured.

I believe your Microbe Killer a certain cure for rheumatism. Up to a year ago I was down a great part of my time with rheumatism. I began taking your remedy, and after taking two jugs have never been troubled with it since but once. I bought a jug then, and after taking a few doses it entirely disappeared. I have offered in several cases to pay for the Microbe Killer provided it failed to cure rheumatism, but have never had to pay as yet, as it inevitably did the work.
Respectfully, WM. MATTHEWS,
Dealer in lumber and all kinds of building material, Lano, Texas.

Chills and Debility Cured.

I take pleasure in testifying to the remarkable benefit I have recently received from the use of Radam's Microbe Killer. I have been much troubled with chills, night sweats and debility for months, and after trying a great many remedies to no avail, bought a jug of Microbe Killer and was completely cured in ten days. Respectfully, J. J. SMITH.
Frankfort, Ky.

Hemorrhoids Cured.

I wish the afflicted and suffering to know that I positively assert that for twenty-nine years I have constantly suffered intense agony with that most terrible disease known as hemorrhoids, or piles, in their very worst form. I have tried every available prescription, but no curative end. I have taken one jug (which contained one gallon) of Microbe Killer, and it has completely cured me. It now feels like a dream that I have ever suffered with that disease.

☞ Don't forget that Wm. Radam's Great Discovery is the original and old reliable Microbe Killer (of which other similar so-called remedies are but feeble imitations) has cured more diseases than all other proprietary medicines put together.

Mr. Radam's Microbe Killer Cures all Diseases by Removing the Cause.

Send 2-cent stamp for 48-page circular and the Microbe War, shows what disease is and what the remedy must be, and do, to cure it. Read it, circulate it and you will bless the discoverer for saving your life. Address
RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER,
Nashville, Tenn.,
or Logan Drug Co., Agents, Wheeling, W. Va.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages,
Allays Pain and Inflammation,
Heals the Sores,
Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

Try the Cure. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS,
oc2-MWFAW 56 Warren Street, New York.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE,
The Great English Remedy.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address
THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO.,
131 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.
☞ Sold in Wheeling by LOGAN DRUG CO., and druggists everywhere. MWFAROW

WHISKEY and Opium Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 164½ Whitehall St.

JOB WORK
NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED AT THE INTELLIGENCER JOB ROOMS.

THE VITAL ISSUES

Of the Campaign Tersely Discussed by Mr. Mason,

THE ILLINOIS CONGRESSMAN,

In Reply to Bourke Cockran the Tammany Orator, Who Denounced Cleveland at Chicago as Unworthy of the Support of the Democrats, and is now Coming to West Virginia to try to Persuade People to Vote for Him--Some Strong Points Made.

Bourke Cockran, the New York Tammany orator and congressman, who declared in the Chicago convention that the nomination of Grover Cleveland would seal the doom of the Democratic party; that Cleveland was popular every day in the year except on election day, and that the Democrats of New York did not regard him as a Democrat, but as a mugwump, is coming to West Virginia to stump the state for the Democracy. Bourke is a good talker; that is, he make a good speech. That is why Tammany chose him for its spokesman at Chicago to denounce Grover Cleveland, and demand on behalf of the New York Democrats that the Stuffed Prophet be shelved. But he is a demagogue. He made his favorite campaign speech in New York the other day. It is presumably the same speech, or very much like the same, that he will deliver among the mountains and valleys of West Virginia. A few days after this speech along came Congressman Mason, of Illinois, and smashed it into smithereens. He took up Cockran's main points and demolished them so neatly and completely that a synopsis of the manner in which he did it is worth printing for the advance edification of those who may perchance hear Cockran when he comes to tell West Virginia Democrats what he don't know about the issues of the day, and avoid explaining how, if Mr. Cleveland wasn't a good Democrat before he was nominated, he is one now. Here is the way Mr. Mason did up Mr. Cockran:

The first question which Mr. Cockran takes up, said Mr. Mason, is the question of honest currency. He says: "As a matter of fact the national bank notes issued under our national banking system are secured by bonds of the United States which are deposited with the treasury. Now, we hold that the Democratic administration of 1907, with its overflowing surplus, will be able to pay off the last of the United States bonds that may be outstanding, and when these bonds are paid off, how can the system of currency issued by national banks be maintained? Does Mr. Blaine pretend that we shall plunge this country into and maintain a standing indebtedness in order to secure a currency?" This is a question which has been discussed by leading financiers of the country ever since national banks were organized. Under the Sherman bill, which he strongly assails, the government buys four and one-half million ounces of silver a month, puts that bullion in its vaults and issues notes to the extent of the value of the silver purchased, thereby increasing the currency of the country by $4,000,000 per month. It may possibly occur to my friend that there will be a way, even after the debt of the government is paid, whereby the government will become responsible for the circulating medium, and in turn he amply secured for its indorsement and guarantee upon the notes issued by banks. The wildcat currency which the Democratic party invites us back to (and every movement of that party has been a backward movement) was one of the most deplorable and dishonest schemes. When one of these banks failed it left the man who had been paid for his labor with this wildcat currency without any relief. Under our present system every dollar of United States money bears the indorsement and guarantee of Uncle Sam. Uncle Sam is secured for his indorsement, and if every bank to-day in New York was to close its doors every dollar in our pockets to-night would be worth its face in gold in any money market in the world.

That my friend has not the faintest conception of Mr. Blaine's idea of reciprocity will appear from reading his criticism of Mr. Blaine. He says: "Now, Mr. Blaine tells us that when it was determined to put hides and sugars on the free list it occurred to him to ask those countries which exported raw sugars and raw hides into this market what they would give in return for the privilege of this free admission. I confess that I cannot understand what Mr. Blaine meant by putting it in that form. If we were about to admit hides and sugar free it must have been that it was for the best interest of the people of this country, and then he tells us that, having decided to do that, they turned around and asked the exporters of those articles what they would give us in return for that which our condition compelled us to do."

In the first place the Republican party takes the position that on things manufactured in this country there should be a protective duty equal to the amount of the difference paid for wages in this country and wages paid for labor on the same thing in any country in the world. That class of goods which nature has shut out of the sunshine and storm that falls upon the American soil, such as tea, coffee, sugar and other articles that we cannot produce in quantities sufficient for our demand, we will admit free of duty, because in the very nature of things they cannot compete with any labor in this country, but the cheapness of which assists the laborer who is a consumer. The Republican idea of reciprocity is not free trade for anything we manufacture here—not free trade for anything that gives employment to American labor here, but free trade on goods we have to buy in other countries, and we prefer to buy of those nations who trade with us and who treat us fairly in the commercial world. The great and convincing letter written by General Harrison shows the practical working of that common-sense law.

Mr. Cockran says further: "The President of the United States to-day can, by his own sweet will, place a tax upon every hide that comes into the United States without any interference by Congress. I say that this is undemocratic, unrepublican and unconstitutional, according to every tradition of constitutional government." The supreme court of the United States does not agree with Mr. Cockran. The President of the United States does not exercise legislative power; the law is mandatory, and when any nation in the world sending any non-competitive articles discriminates against us, he has no discretion; he must under the McKinley law, proceed to retaliate in kind.

His next attack is upon General Harrison's position in regard to the merchant marine. The truth is the great steamship lines of other nations were built up, and are sustained by government aid. Every one knows who has studied the question that this country has not given proper protection to American steamships. We determined in the 51st Congress to apply the law of protection to American ships. Under that law new steamships have been established and sixteen American steamships have been constructed, or are to the American marine, and under our contracts we, in case of need, add six great steamships to the American navy.

Mr. Cockran takes the usual Democratic stand in regard to the Fifty-first Congress, otherwise called by the Democrats the "Billion Dollar Congress." I want to say to you that it was a billion-dollar Congress—this is a billion-dollar country. They talk of the extravagant appropriations of the Fifty-first Congress. They cannot put their finger upon a single dollar with just criticism, nor show where one dollar of money has been stolen from this government by any man appointed by General Harrison. The real secret of it is that the item they most complain of they dare not mention; that is the item of sixty odd million of dollars additional appropriation for the widows of Union soldiers.

The most important of all to Mr. Cockran appears to be what is known as the "Elections Bill." He says: "It is an attempt to create a federal control of elections, and further, the United States judges are to appoint in each state a general supervisor of election, and that supervisor has complete control over the election in every district in the state." Take, for instance, South Carolina. The judges of election appointed through the state officers for state elections are so managed that not a single Republican judge or Republican clerk is allowed to be on the inside where the ballot is cast and counted. The bill called the force bill does not allow the federal supervisor to interfere or to touch the state returns in regard to the election of congressmen or anybody else, but simply provides that supervisors of both parties shall be present when the ballots are cast and help count them.

Keep Your Eye on Godey's.

There is every indication that *Godey's Magazine* for October, ready September 15, will mark an era in periodical literature. This will no longer be known as *Godey's Lady's Book*, but *Godey's America's First Magazine*, established 1830. In the first place, the magnificent work of art "Godey's Idea of the 'World's Fair,'" which is to be presented to every purchaser of this number, is said to be so beautiful and artistic in design and coloring that every one will want it. It is a faithful reproduction of one of W. Granville Smith's latest and greatest pictures, produced expressly for Godey's. The publishers guarantee that the magazine itself will be filled with surprises and beauties from cover to cover. First in the contents comes John Habberton's complete novel "Honey and Gall," a companion to "Helen's Babies," fully illustrated by Albert B. Wenzell. This is an idea first conceived by Godey's and now produced with brilliant success. Godey's fashion will be a most conspicuous and beautiful feature of the publication, there being, in addition to carefully edited descriptions and fashion articles, four exquisite plates produced in ten colors, and representing four of the leaders of New York society, attired in the latest Paris costumes. Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher's "Home" department will be read by the women of America with delight, and all the Magazine's old admirers will read with interest Albert H. Hardy's carefully written article on "Godey's, Past and Present." Among the choice verses is the latest poem written by the late Josephine Pollard. John Habberton reviews all the books, and the whole forms such a rich literary feast that to examine a number of the new Godey's will mean to irresistibly desire it.

NO NONSENSE.

The fact that Ministers, Professors, High School Teachers, Physicians and Hospital Superintendents endorse and recommend for a stimulant, Klein's Silver Age and Duquesne Rye Whiskies, is an assurance that no other whiskies are their equals. Send for price list of all kinds of liquors to Max Klein, Allegheny, Pa.

Take Honest Advice.

Indigestion, liver inactivity, throat and lung trouble, tired and sleepy feelings are often cured by the simplest remedy. Klein's Silver Age and Duquesne Rye Whiskies will do it. They tone up your system, help digestion, and generally give you life and vigor. They sell at $1.50 and $1.25 per quart respectively. All leading Penn'a Ryes at $1.00 per full quart, six quarts for $5. Send for catalogue to Max Klein, Allegheny, Pa.

Ho! Traveller, take BEECHAM'S PILLS with you.

A cyclone blew every leaf from a cherry tree near Hudson, Mich., a month ago, but the branches are again clothed in living green and decorated with blossoms.

I SUFFERED from acute inflammation in my nose and head—for a week at a time I could not see. I used Ely's Cream Balm and in a few days I was cured. It is wonderful how quick it helped me.—Mrs. Georgie S. Judson, Hartford, Conn.

Gowitt—"What, you broke, Broily! I thought you had a snug sum in the bank for a rainy day?" Broily—"So I had; but it rained on the bank."—*Puck.*

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50 cents and $1 per bottle, at Logan Drug Co.'s Drug Store. 5

"I TAKE pleasure in recommending Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy," says Geo. C. Bankston, of Mill Creek, Ill. "It is the best medicine I have ever used for diarrhœa. One dose will cure any ordinary case." For sale by C. R. Goetze, W. W. Irwin, W. S. McCullough, C. Menkemeller, S. L. Brice, J. Coleman, C. Schnepf, W. C. Armbrecht, the Kurtz Drug Co., Lincoln & Co., W. E. Williams, John Klari, A. E. Scheele, and W. H. Williams, Wheeling; Bower & Co., Bridgeport, O., and B. F. Peabody, Benwood, W. Va. D&W

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by Logan Drug Co.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Features of the Money and Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Money on call easy at 3½@4 per cent; last loan 4 per cent; closed offered at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange quiet at $4 86¾@4 88. Sales were 407,188 shares.

The stock market felt the effects of the announcements that cholera had found a lodging in this city this morning, but while there was an immense pressure on long stocks seeking a mark in the early dealings, the covering of shorts by the professionals for some time stemmed the tide and quotations were actually advanced. The spectacle of the commission houses selling against buying by the professional element is one which cannot be seen often of late and indicates that the weak holders were frightened and at the time sellers are equally as quick to run on any opportunity. The special features of the day were Lake Shore and Delaware & Hudson, each of which retired 3 per cent. The covering of shorts served to restrain the decline somewhat, but there was no reaction worthy of the name, and the market was weak throughout the session. The market closed active and weak at about the lowest prices of the day.

Railroad bonds were dull and weak. Sales $1,019,000.

Government bonds dull and steady.

State bonds dull.

BONDS AND STOCK QUOTATIONS—CLOSED BID.

U. S. 4s reg	114	Nashville & Chatt	84
U. S. 4s coupon	114	New Jersey Cent	127⅛
U. S. 4½s reg	109	Norfolk & West'n pf.	58
Pacific 6s of '95	107	Northern Pacific	18⅝
Atchison	35	do preferred	41⅛
Adams Express	146	Northwestern	111½
American Express	119	do preferred	140
Baltimore & Ohio	94	New York Central	107⅛
Canada Pacific	86	Oregon Improve't	20
Canada Southern	54½	Oregon Nav	71
Central Pacific	28	Pacific Mail	39
Chesapeake & Ohio	21¾	Pittsburgh	155
Chicago & Alton	145	Pullman Palace	192
Chi. Bur. & Quincy	95⅝	Reading	53¾
Chicago Gas	77⅝	Richmond Term	8⅝
C., C., C. & St. L	60	do preferred	30
Col. Coal & Iron	36½	Rock Island	77⅞
Cotton Oil Certific.	40⅞	St. Paul	76¼
Del. & Hudson	125¾	do preferred	124¼
Del., Lack. & West	150¾	St. Paul & Omaha	38¾
Den. & R. G. pref'd	46¾	do preferred	117
Erie	24½	Sugar Refinery	106⅝
do preferred	60	Tenn. Coal & Iron	31⅛
Fort Wayne	152	Texas Pacific	10⅝
Illinois Central	96	Tol. & O. Cen. pref.	80
Kansas & Tex. pref.	24½	Union Pacific	66⅝
Lake Erie & West	22	U. S. Express	57
do preferred	73	W. St. L. & P	10¼
Lake Shore	127⅛	do preferred	22¾
Lead Trust	41½	Wells Fargo Ex	143
Louisville & Nash.	65¾	Western Union	94⅞
Memphis & Chas.	50	Wheeling & L. E.	25⅛
Michigan Central	103¼	do preferred	65
Missouri Pacific	57¼		

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—If anybody was expecting a panic in the wheat pit to-day the expectation was vain. Nevertheless cholera clung to wheat as well as the other markets like a veritable sinbad, and throughout all are lower. The depressed feeling which was carried over from last night as the outgrowth of the New York cholera scare, weakness in the corn pit, the narrowness and dullness of the trade, with the absence of anything bullish in the way of news, made wheat weak at the opening. But there was no great slump, and the fact seemed to be that the prices were already so low that operators hesitated to sell it, however bearish the situation may appear, and if they did were disposed to buy it back on the first appearance of strength. The cholera scare was undoubtedly a weakening factor, and caused a free liquidation of wheat, and there was more or less short selling. Still this was not a very pronounced feature, and the weakness was due more to the absence of demand, for such as was offered, rather than any great selling rush. Shortly before the close of the session a dispatch was received from New York that the Bohemia had arrived and reported ninety-seven deaths from cholera on board. This was subsequently denied, but it caused a break of fully ¼c.

Corn was only moderately active, the trade being of much smaller volume than usual of late. The trade in oats was light.

Provisions were tame and there was poor support.

Flour steady and unchanged.

WHEAT—Cash No. 2 spring 72½c; No. 3 spring 64@66c; No. 2 red 72½c; September 72½@72⅝@72½c; October 73@73⅛@73c; December 75@76@75½c.

CORN—Cash, No. 2, 47c; September 47@47⅛@47c; October 47⅝@48⅛@47¾c; May 50⅝@51⅛@50⅝c.

OATS—Cash No. 2 33½c; September 33⅛@33⅜@33⅛c; October 33⅛@33⅜@33⅛c; May 37@37⅛@37⅛c.

RYE—No. 2, 56½c.

BARLEY—No. 2, 67@70c.

FLAXSEED—$1 05½.

TIMOTHYSEED—$1 82.

MESS PORK—Cash $10 05; October $9 90@10 07½@9 97½; January $11 70@11 87½@11 70.

LARD—Cash $7 30; October $7 25@7 35@7 30; January $6 67½@6 75@6 67½.

SHORT RIBS—Cash $7 60@7 65; September $7 60@7 70@7 60; October $7 30@7 65@7 60; January $6 05@6 15@6 05.

SHOULDERS—$6 90@7 00; short clear $8 05.

Others unchanged.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Flour, receipts 48,000 barrels; exports 8,000 barrels; market steady; sales 13,000 barrels. Wheat, receipts 157,000 bushels; exports 308,000 bushels; sales 970,000 bushels of futures and 128,000 bushels of spot; spot market dull and lower: No. 3 red 72@72½c; ungraded red 60@79c; options heavy and lower: No. 2 red September 77⅞@78@77⅞c; October 78½@79⅛@78½c; November 80⅝c; December 81⅞c; March 80⅝c; May 87⅞c. Rye nominal; western 64@67c. Corn, receipts 82,000 bushels; exports 24,000 bushels; sales 765,000 bushels of futures and 116,000 bushels of spot; spot market firm; ungraded mixed 55½@56½c; September 55½c; October 55@55⅛@55½c; November 55⅞@56⅛@56c; December 56⅝c. Oats, receipts 171,000 bushels; exports 3,000 bushels; sales 680,000 bushels of futures and 106,000 bushels of spot; market active and weaker; September 37¼c; October 33@33⅛@33c; November 39@39⅛@39c; December 40@40⅛@40c; spot No. 2 white 39c. Hops dull. Coffee weak at 15@30c down. Sugar, active and firm. Molasses steady. Rice firm. Tallow quiet. Rosin steady. Turpentine firm at 29@29½c. Eggs quiet. Pork firm and dull. Cut meats firm. Lard lower and dull; western steam $7 65; October $7 60. Butter steady. Cheese firm.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 15.—Flour weak. Wheat weak and lower; No. 2 red spot 74⅛c; No. 2 red September 74⅛c; October 75¼@75½c; November 77¼@77⅝c; December 79⅛@79½c. Corn weak; No. 2 mixed September and October 53½@51c; No 3 red 51@51½c. Oats quiet; No. 3 white 37½c; No. 2 white September 40@40½c; October 39½@40c; November 40@40½c; December 40½@41c. Butter firm; Pennsylvania creamery extra 25c. Eggs steady; Pennsylvania firsts 22c. Cheese firm at 8c.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 15.—Wheat weak; spot and September 74⅛c; October 75⅞c; December 78½c. Corn weak; spot and September 53@53½c; October 53c. Oats steady; No. 2 white western 38@39c. Rye quiet; No. 2, 63½c. Provisions firm. Mess pork $13 50@14 00. Hay firmer. Butter active; creamery fancy 25c. Eggs active at 20c. Coffee firm; Rio 17½c.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 15.—Flour firm. Wheat in light demand; No. 2 red 72c. Corn strong at 52c. Oats easier; No. 2 mixed 33½c. Rye nominal at 60c. Pork dull at $10 25. Lard easier at $7 20. Bulk meats weaker at $7 50. Bacon weak at $8 87½. Whisky steady at $1 15. Butter dull. Sugar strong. Eggs steady at 16c. Cheese quiet.

TOLEDO, O., Sept. 15.—Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 cash and September 71½c; October 73½c; December 77½c; May 82½c. Corn dull and steady; No. 3 47½c. Oats dull; No. 2 cash 33c. Rye quiet; cash 59c. Cloverseed active; prime cash $6 00; October $5 95.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Cattle, receipts 19,000 head; shipments 4,000 head; market steady; prime to extra natives $5 10@5 65; others $3 85@4 95; Texas steers $2 40@3 10; rangers $3 65@4 75; cows $1 50@2 25. Hogs, receipts 29,000 head; shipments 9,500 head; market active and steady; rough and common $5 00@5 15; mixed packers $5 20@5 30; prime heavy $5 30@5 45; light $5 00@5 40; grassers $4 25@5 20. Sheep, receipts 8,000 head; shipments 1,000 head; market steady; natives $3 50@5 10; westerns and Texans $4 20@4 25; lambs $3 50@6 00.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 15.—Hogs lower; common and light $4 15@5 25; packing and butchers $5 00@5 50; receipts 4,000 head; shipments 1,000 head.

Petroleum.

OIL CITY, PA., Sept. 15.—Opened and highest 58⅝c; lowest and closed 53⅝c; sales 42,000 barrels; clearances 126,000 barrels; shipments 107,876 barrels; runs 92,753 barrels.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—There were no transactions in petroleum certificates to-day, the market being abandoned by the traders.

Metals.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Pig iron quiet; American $13 00@15 00. Copper weak; lake $11 00@11 10. Lead steady at $4 03@4 10. Tin steady; straits $20 30.

Cotton.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 15.—Cotton steady; middling 7½c.

FOR Colds, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis and Sore Throat use Dr. Thomas's Eclectric Oil, and get the genuine. D&W

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Many Persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters Rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

COMMISSONER'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of Ohio County, West Virginia:

William M. Dunlap, Trustee,
vs.
Burton Hedges and Ellen Hedges, his wife, C. R. Hedges, The McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, and Robert R. Wayt. } In Chancery.

By virtue of a decree entered in said court in the above entitled cause, on the 23d day of July, 1892, the undersigned special commissioner will sell at public auction, at the front door of the Court House of Ohio county, West Virginia, on

SATURDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1892,

commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, situated in Ohio county, West Virginia, and known as a part of the Cherry Hill Farm, and described as follows: Beginning at a wild cherry tree on Short creek, corner to lands of Mitchell Waddle and William Busby; thence with said Busby's line south 42¾° west 82 poles to a stone; thence south 26¾° west 56 7-10 poles to a stone; thence south 63° east 3 1-10 poles to a stone in the run; thence up said run with the meanders thereof, south 24° west 14 1-10 poles, and south 50½° west 22 2-10 poles to a stone in the line of lands of George Cawtell; thence with his line south 80½° east 68 6-10 poles to a stone in the county road corner to other lands of Robert B. Wayt; thence with said road north 27½° east 12 4-10 poles; thence north 45¾° east 17 7-10 poles; thence south 86¼° east 20 9-10 poles; thence north 80° east 12 2-10 poles; thence south 38¾° east 25 2-10 poles; thence south 46¾° east 22 6-10 poles; thence south 71½° east 15 3-10 poles; thence south 75½° east 12 poles to a point in said road, from which a marked beech on the north side of the road bears north 5° west 24 links; thence leaving said road south 35° west — poles to a stone, formerly a lynn, corner to lands of Augustus Ridgely; thence south 77½° east 90 poles to a stone, formerly an elm stump, in the line of lands of Mitchell Waddle, on the south branch of Short creek; thence down said creek, with said Waddle's line, north 41½° west 14 9-10 poles to a stone; thence north 18½° east 32 6-10 poles to a stone; thence north 5° west 32 4-10 poles to a stone; thence north 12° west 47 6-10 poles to a stone, formerly near a sycamore, where the two branches of said creek unite; thence north 61° west 163 poles to the place of beginning, and containing one hundred and seventy and thirty-nine one hundredths (170 39-100) acres, more or less, the same being a portion of what is known as the Cherry Hill Farm, and is the same property that was conveyed to Burton Hedges by Robert R. Wayt by deed dated December 4, 1883, and now of record in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Ohio county, West Virginia in *Deed Book 73, page 10*. Saving and excepting from the above conveyance three separate parcels of land that have been heretofore conveyed by the said Burton Hedges and wife, as follows:

First—A parcel of land containing about seven acres, conveyed to Jane McDonald, on November 2, 1884, for that portion of said land lying south of the Cherry Hill road, and between said road and the south sork of Short creek, except one acre that has been sold to Hezekiah Culley. See Deed Book 76, page 203.

Second—Parcel conveyed by said Hedges and wife to Benjamin Dean, on March 26, 1885, containing three acres, more or less, and being that portion of the northeast corner of the farm above described, lying between the old road and the two forks of Short creek. See Deed Book 76, page 442.

Third—Parcel conveyed by said Hedges and wife to Hezekiah Culley, dated March 26, 1885, for one acre, more or less, and is that portion of the farm above described, namely: the southeast corner of the farm lying between the Cherry Hill road and the south fork of Short creek. See Deed Book 76, page 446.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money, and such further portion thereof as the purchaser may elect to pay in cash, the remainder in two equal installments, payable in one and two years respectively from day of sale, with interest from day of sale, which interest on the second installment shall be payable annually, the title to be retained until the purchase money is fully paid.

WILLIAM M. DUNLAP,
Special Commissioner.

That bond with security, as required by law, and the decree of this court has been given by said special commissioner, is hereby certified this 23d day of August, 1892.
JOHN W. MITCHELL, Clerk.
au24

SPECIAL COMMISSIONERS' SALE Of Main Street Property.

In the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of West Virginia:

A. J. Clarke and W. P. Hubbard, assignees of T. C. Sweeney, bankrupt,
v.
John A. Hutchinson and others. } In Equity.

By virtue of a decree entered by said Court in the above entitled suit, on the 20th day of April, 1892, the undersigned Special Commissioners will sell at public auction at the north front of the Court House of Ohio county, West Virginia, on

WEDNESDAY,—THE 28TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1892,

commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, situate on the west side of North Main street, in the City of Wheeling; that is to say: Part of lot numbered nine (9) as designated on the plat of the City of Wheeling, known as Jonathan Zane's addition, North Wheeling, beginning at a point 40 feet from the northwest corner of Main street and Franklin (now Sixth) street, and running north on Main street twenty-six (26) feet to lot numbered ten (10) on the plat of said city—formerly owned by A. J. Pannell; thence west with lot No 10 to a line of lot sold heretofore by Thomas Sweeney to Wilson and Dunlevey; thence south 26 feet to a point forty (40) feet from Franklin (now Sixth) street, and thence east and parallel with Franklin (now Sixth) street to the place of beginning; having thereon erected a substantial and desirable two-story brick dwelling house.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money and as much more as the purchaser may elect, cash in hand; and the residue in two equal installments at one and two years, with interest from the day of sale, payable annually; the title to be retained until the purchase money is paid in full.

JOHN A. HUTCHINSON,
JOHN F. HUTCHINSON,
Special Commissioners.

That bond with security, as required by the said decree of said court, has been duly given by said Special Commissioners, is hereby certified, this 12th day of September, 1892.
L. B. DELLICKER,
Clerk Circuit Court United States for the District of West Virginia. se13-TTh&s

RAILROADS.

Wheeling & Elm Grove Railroad.

On and after Wednesday, June 1, 1892, trains will run as follows, city time:

LEAVE WHEELING—*6:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m., 8:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00 p. m., 2:00 p. m., 3:00 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 5:00 p. m., 6:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 8:00 p. m., 9:30 p. m., 10:30 p. m.

LEAVE ELM GROVE—*6:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m., 8:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00 p. m., 2:00 p. m., 3:00 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 5:00 p. m., 6:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 8:00 p. m., 9:15 p. m., 10:10 p. m.

*Daily, except Sunday.

SUNDAY—Church trains leave Elm Grove at 9:43 a. m. and Wheeling at 12:17 p. m.
H. E. WEISGERBER,
my27 General Manager.

Wheeling Bridge & Terminal Ry.

Time Table No. 5, to take effect 12:01 a. m., July 24, 1892.

Leave Wheeling—†5:50, †7:15, †7:30, †8:00, †8:30, †9:45, *10:00, *11:00 a. m., †12:01, *12:10, *1:00, *2:00, *3:00, *3:30, *4:00, *4:55, *6:00, †7:15, †7:00, †8:00, †9:50 p. m.

Leave Peninsula—†5:56, †7:21, †7:38, †8:06, †8:38, †9:51, *10:06, *11:08 a. m., †12:07, *12:18, *1:08, *2:08, *3:08, *3:56, *4:08, *5:04, *6:08, †7:21, †7:08, †8:06, †9:56 p. m.

Leave W. & L. E. Junction—†5:57 †6:08, *6:52, †10:42 a. m., †4:52, †5:27, †6:45, †8:27, †10:42 p. m.

Leave Laughlin's Mill—*5:30 p. m.

Leave De Hass Crossing—†7:55, *9:25 a. m., *1:27, *3:27, *5:32 p. m.

Leave Martin's Ferry—†6:03, †6:14, †8:00, *8:58, *9:30, *10:30, †10:48, *11:30 a. m., *12:30, *1:30, *2:30, *3:30, *4:30, †4:58, †5:34, *5:35, *6:30, †6:52, †7:30, †8:32, †10:48 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Daily. ‡Sundays only.

All trains will run on Eastern Time. Clock in the Telegraph Office at Wheeling, is the Standard Time.

J. E. TAUSSIG, Superintendent.

STEAMERS.

Steamer R. E. PHILLIPS,

Leaves Wheeling, Daily Trip, Eastern Standard Time—6:45 a. m., 8:30 a. m., 9:45 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 2:00 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 6:00 p. m. Sunday Trips—Leaves Wheeling—8:30 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 2:00 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 5:30 p. m.

A Wise Merchant

is never content to stand still. Stagnation is death—in TRADE as in other things. New Customers should be sought after all the time. There is only one way to get them—use the Advertising columns of Good Newspapers.

RAILWAY TIME CARD.

Arrival and departure of trains on and after May 22, 1892. EXPLANATION OF REFERENCE MARKS: *Daily; †Sunday excepted; ‖Monday excepted; §Saturday excepted; ‖Sunday only; *Saturday only. Eastern Standard Time.

DEPART.	B. & O. R. R.—Main Line. East	ARRIVE.
*5:15 am	Wash. C'y, Balt., Phil. & N. Y	*1:20 pm
*8:00 pm	Wash. C'y, Balt., Phil. & N. Y	*10:35 am
*12:25 am	Wash. C'y, Balt., Phil. & N.Y	*8:25 am
†8:00 am	.....Cumberland Accom.....	†4:50 pm
*8:00 pm	.....Grafton Accom.....	*10:35 am
†7:00 am	.....Moundsville Accom.....	†6:45 am
†11:40 am	.....Moundsville Accom.....	†8:40 am
†6:10 pm	.....Moundsville Accom.....	†11:15 pm
10:45 pm	.....Moundsville Accom.....	†7:40 pm
DEPART.	B. & O. R.R.—C. O. Div., West	ARRIVE.
*7:35 am	For Columbus and Chicago	*1:15 am
*10:05 am	Columbus, Cin. and Chicago	*5:55 pm
*10:30 pm	.....Chicago Limited.....	*6:10 am
‡3:25 pm	.....Chicago Express.....	‡12:05 pm
‡10:50 pm	Columbus, Cin. & St. Louis	*6:05 am
‡3:25 pm	.....Columbus Accom.....	†12:05 pm
†10:05 am	.....St. Clairsville Accom.....	†12:05 pm
‡7:25 pm	.....St. Clairsville Accom.....	†5:55 pm
DEPART.	B.&O. R. R.—W. P. & B. Div.	ARRIVE.
*6:10 am	.....For Pittsburgh.....	*10:00 am
*7:20 am	.....Pittsburgh.....	*6:50 pm
6:00 pm	.....Pittsburgh and East.....	*10:10 pm
‖1:20 pm	.....Pittsburgh.....	‖12:45 pm
‖5:00 pm	...Washington Pa., Accom...	‖7:50 am
‖5:00 pm	.....Pittsburgh.....	‖11:00 am
DEPART.	P. C. & ST. L. RY.	ARRIVE.
*7:20 am	.....Pittsburgh.....	†9:20 pm
*10:00 am	.....Steubenville and West...	*6:25 pm
‖1:20 pm	...Pittsburgh and New York..	‖3:35 pm
*