

QUIET ON THE KANAWHA.

Talk of Combinations for the Short and Long Terms.

BROCKUNIER THINKS HE IS IN IT.

But Ohio County Hasn't a Ghost of a Show—Mr. Chilton Seems to be the Coming Man, Though Judge Snyder is Being Worked Against Him—The Old anti-Camden Element Still Opposed to Him.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Jan. 15.—The senatorial complication is more interesting to-night than it has been at any time heretofore. Matters are gradually snapping themselves and the situation is working itself out. The candidates for the Kenna succession are all in the field and most of them are on the ground. The relative strength of Camden and Faulkner remains about the same, with the field open to each, affording plenty of room for possible combinations.

Both Mr. Camden and Mr. Faulkner declare that they are making no deals with the candidates for the short term, but do not know what their friends are doing on their own responsibility. Both gentlemen claim that their followings are firm and will not be affected by any arrangements which are made with other candidates by either.

FOR THE SHORT TERM.

Those in the field for Mr. Kenna's unexpired term are Hon. Joseph Chilton, ex-Governor Wilson, Hon. Charles W. Brockunier, Judge C. P. Snyder and Hon. John J. Davis, while Gen. J. W. St. Clair and Hon. W. L. Wilson are possibilities.

General St. Clair has said that his name will not be presented. A friend of Mr. Wilson's, who will not permit his name to be mentioned, told me this evening:

"Mr. Wilson said while here yesterday, that he would not allow his name to be used in the interest of any other man, or to elect the candidacy of any person in any way. You will note that Mr. Wilson, in his published interview, is careful not to say that he would decline the honor if tendered him. He undoubtedly expects his name to be used, and if the caucus nomination seems to come his way, will do nothing to stop it. You need not be surprised to hear him formally announced before the week is half over."

WILL HURT FAULKNER.

The effect of this, of course, would be to damage Mr. Faulkner's strength materially, for the legislature will not fill both positions from the same section. While Faulkner's friends are doing their best to down the Wilson boom, it is undoubtedly growing. It is needless to say that the Camden people are not obstructing it.

Mr. Wilson's strength is chiefly with the element that is opposed to Camden and within the Faulkner ranks, and the effect of his candidacy might kill Faulkner off. There are old-time Camden men who are supporting Faulkner, and plenty of them who pledged themselves to the senator before they knew their old leader would be a candidate, or who believe that Mr. Faulkner is entitled to re-election. These men would be only too glad, it is thought, to be released from these obligations. Should Mr. Wilson's candidacy for the short term, therefore, result in making Mr. Faulkner's chances for the long term hopeless, they would feel at liberty to go to Mr. Camden.

Some of these men would be glad if the whole matter could be arranged so that Faulkner and Camden could divide the honors between them, but this is out of the question for two reasons. First, Faulkner has friends

IN THE OLD ANTI-CAMDEN ELEMENT.

who would never consent to such a compromise. They are as bitterly opposed to Mr. Camden as ever, and declare with as much warmth as ever that his election would disrupt the Democratic party. They even go so far as to say his election would be equivalent to the elect of a Republican.

The other reason is that Mr. Camden himself would probably decline to accept the unexpired term. He has entered the field for Mr. Faulkner's place and is not a candidate for any other position. The combination which is most discussed in the Ruffner lobby tonight has a Faulkner-Chilton flavor about it. This talk is principally among Faulkner men. There are evidences that this arrangement is being brought to a focus.

There is also talk of a similar arrangement between the Camden people and Chilton. It is unquestionably true that the managers of both sides are not averse to making

A DEAL WITH CHILTON.

for he has developed much strength for the short term, and seems to be, for obvious reasons, the logical candidate. His boom is added to by the well-known fact that he will have the support of Governor-elect MacCorkle. MacCorkle is in a position to give Mr. Chilton material assistance if he chooses to lend his aid towards securing the plum for his friend, especially at this time, when he can use the patronage soon to be at his disposal with telling effect. In this respect Mr. Chilton is no stronger, however, than Mr. W. L. Wilson, who is Mr. Cleveland's personal choice for the senatorship, and whose influence at Washington after the fourth of March will be greater than that of any other West Virginian. Promises of federal places are a factor in the fight here on all sides. It is said that more promises have already been given than there are places to give out, but votes are wanted badly and a little recklessness does not count.

There may be some interesting developments on this point before the fight is over.

HON. C. W. BROCKUNIER'S CANDIDACY.

was not resolved on until after that gentleman's friends pushed him into the field. He is antagonizing no one and is running upon his own merits and on the logical claim that it is time for the first congressional district and Ohio county to receive something from the party table besides the crumbs. The Ohio county delegation is not committed to any of the candidates, and it is proba-

ble that the members will come together and resolve to go into the caucus and present Mr. Brockunier's name. Should they do this, and the fight is anywhere close, it is not impossible for Ohio county to hold the key to the situation.

Ex-Governor Wilson is hard at work. In an interview he is quoted as saying that people will consider him strictly in it when they see the vote. Governor Wilson claims

A STRONG FOLLOWING, particularly in the Third district counties, and will start with a good vote in the caucus.

Hon. J. J. Davis's campaign for the Kenna succession is formally opened. It is in charge here at present of Capt. James Hurry, of Harrison, and Tom Brady, of Upshur county. A strong contingent from Harrison, Lewis and other counties will arrive here tomorrow next day. Mr. Davis himself will come whenever he is advised that his presence is required. He is gaining strength right along and will draw a large support from the South Branch and Eastern Pan-Handle counties. I was told to-night that Mr. Davis will command strength from Monroe and one or two other southern counties. Like Mr. Faulkner, he claims to be a popular choice rather than a

THE CANDIDATE OF POLITICIANS.

In the calculations that are being made the candidacy of Judge Phil Snyder is attracting much attention. His personal popularity, particularly in the Kanawha valley, his ability, his association with Mr. Camden and his services to the Democracy are all points that are discussed favorably for the general ex-congressman.

Judge Snyder is not an active candidate, and says he only will become one when he is sure his candidacy would not hurt any of his friends.

Congressman Alderson is also talked about, but it is not thought he is much in it. The Third district claims the Kenna succession on the ground that the legislature which elected Senator Kenna had given the honor to the district, and it would be a simple matter of justice to allow the same district to fill out the term for which he was elected, as well as a graceful act of recognition of the home of the late senator.

The talk to-night indicates that there will be trouble in the caucus. The Camden and anti-Faulkner men will probably fight for a two-thirds rule. Such a rule cannot be adopted, but the attempt may cause a deadlock, which will prevent a nomination. In this event there is no telling what may happen.

THE WEEK'S BUSINESS.

The week will be a busy one in both houses. The number of bills in contemplation is not as large as usual. The report of the committee on privileges and elections on the Smith-O'Kane contest from Ohio county will be presented to the house to-morrow. It sends Mr. O'Kane, of course, but the matter will not end there. The Republican members are preparing a minority report, which will complete the record of a case wherein a queer precedent has been established and which will be interesting reading in future campaigns. Mr. Malcolm Jackson, one of the brightest Democratic lawyers at the Charleston bar and one of Mr. Smith's attorneys, denounces the decision of the committee as an outrageous piece of partisanship. G. A. D.

COLD WEATHER AT THE CAPITAL.

The Thermometer Indicates a Very Cold Day for Somebody—Persons.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Jan. 15.—Ex-Speaker J. J. Wood, of Wheeling, arrived last night and met with a regular ovation from his old legislative friends.

Captain Thomas Copley, of Lewis county, was among the arrivals to-day.

The "oldest inhabitant" of the Kanawha valley doesn't remember weather like that now experienced. For two weeks it has been snowing constantly and to-night everything is snowed up. The coldest spell known for years has prevailed all week. Tuesday morning the thermometer fell to twenty-two degrees below zero. To-night at eight o'clock the thermometer inside the storm doors at the Ruffner registers fourteen below and the cold is increasing.

Old river men along the Kanawha are fearing a sudden thaw or rain. It is with difficulty that any degree of comfort can be maintained at the hotels. People are too uncomfortable to even discuss politics. The Ruffner people are doing everything in their power for their guests' comfort, but the weather is so far ahead in the game of freeze out. G. A. D.

HILL AND CROKER.

Have They Fallen Out?—Crocker and His Friends Deny the Story.

New York, Jan. 14.—The World's Albany correspondent says:

Richard Crocker's sudden and unexpected attack upon Hill, made last Tuesday, and the story that has grown out of it that Tammany is anxious to throw Hill over, have aroused the friends of the senator. They have been studying the past and have recalled facts and circumstances that prove to their minds three things. To the senator, they say, Tammany owes its present strength and influence; to the senator Richard Crocker owes his success as a leader, and if Tammany raises a hand against the senator it will cause its blackest ingratitude and will cause its own downfall. The men who make these statements make them positively, these statements being asked about the story of strained relations, said:

"I have nothing to say except this: All the talk about trouble between Mr. Hill and myself is nonsense."

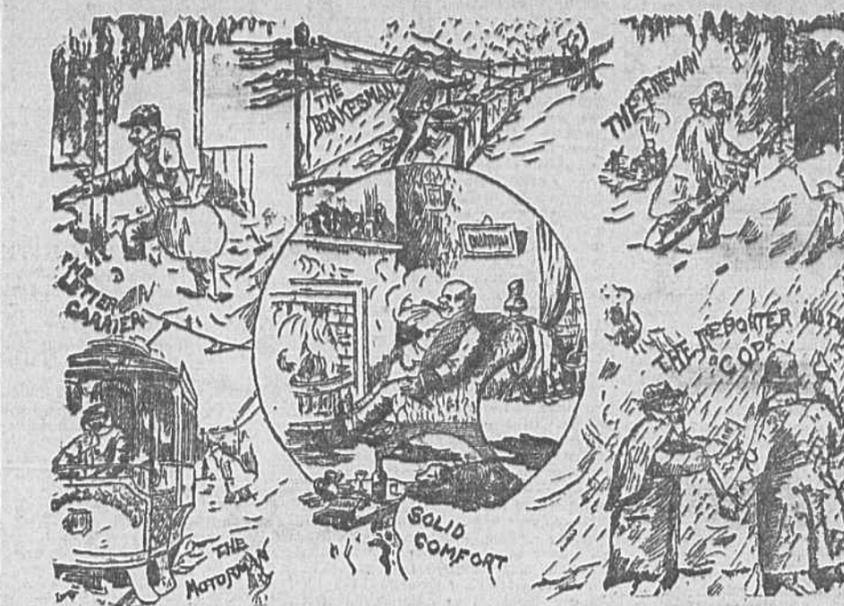
Police Commissioner James J. Martin protested to "equally surprised."

"That's a good one," he said, laughing. "You ought to show that to Mr. Crocker. Any truth in it? Of course not; not a word. I never heard even a hint of such a thing."

Other Tammany leaders also denied the story, and wondered who could have started it. They were quite sure Senator Hill had no part in it.

The Republican House Legal.

TOPEKA, Kas., Jan. 15.—The three Democrats of the lower house who on Thursday joined the Republican house gave out a long written statement to-night explaining their action. They give as the reason their belief that the Republican house is legally organized and that the Populist house has no standing before the law.



The Present Spell of Weather.

GEN. BUTLER'S FUNERAL.

Private Services at the House—Honors by the G. A. R.—A Great Rush to View the Remains.

LOWELL, MASS., Jan. 15.—At General Butler's late residence on Belvidere Hill this morning private funeral services were held. Rev. Dr. A. St. John

Chambre, of St. Ann's Episcopal church, read the office for the dead. The body was in the drawing room. There was no eulogy and no address by the clergyman. After the short service, closing with the Lord's Prayer, those present looked upon the general for the last time. A detachment of comrades of Post 42, G. A. R., reached the house directly after the private funeral services. Col. Dimon, who had charge of the arrangements for the funeral, was in command. Comrades bore the body from the house to a hearse drawn by four horses. When the march to the hall was taken up arms were reversed and the officers fell to the rear of the detachment.

The streets were crowded as the band signalled by dirges, the passage of the general's body from the house to Huntington hall, where the body was to lie in state. A great crowd was waiting to be admitted to the hall. In the hall the coffin was placed in the center of the floor. From the ceiling to floor a wall of black extended. The dim light did not extend to this wall of black and the effect was dismal and gruesome. Grand Army men guarded the casket. On the coffin rested the sword and rifle epaulettes that were worn from Lowell to the Gulf and back again. Behind the catafalque rested a bank of flowers that had come from President Harrison, from the convicts of the state prison and from all classes of people between these extremes. President Harrison's wreath was placed on the coffin in Washington.

When the crowd was admitted to the hall they almost carried the doors off their hinges. They struggled up stairs and bowled over the police, who tried to restrain them.

All the afternoon a steady stream of people poured in, but the crowds did not diminish. Hundreds left the place without getting in and many others who wanted to get out of the jam were forced to wait and be swept into the hall by the stream. There will be another clash to-morrow morning, as those who failed to-day will try then. The preparations are for a great event, greater than Lowell has ever witnessed.

SENATOR KENNA'S FUNERAL.

Impressive Ceremonies at Charleston Saturday Afternoon.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Jan. 14.—The last sad rites over the mortal remains of Senator John E. Kenna, were performed to-day.

No services were held in the senate chamber, where the body had been lying in state, but the remains were removed to St. Joseph's Roman Catholic church, the modest building which the late senator designed some twenty years ago, and which was approved by Bishop R. V. Whelan, of Wheeling.

The modest frame structure has a seating capacity of 250. When the distinguished members of the different committees were assigned to their seats according to the diagram which had been prepared, the building was crowded, and many were compelled to stand outside the doors on the sidewalk. The solemn high mass of the Catholic church was celebrated by the pastor, Rev. Father Stenger, assisted by Father Marlborough, of this diocese. Father Stenger preached an eloquent funeral oration.

He pronounced a warm eulogy on the dead man, whose career he had watched from boyhood.

At the conclusion of the mass the casket was borne by the pall bearers to the funeral car, and the cortège moved to the cemetery back of town, where Father Stenger pronounced at the grave the last solemn service of the church.

General Watts was a pall bearer and his place upon the senate committee was filled by Senator Dorsey, of Marshall.

FIFTY PERSONS KILLED.

Including a Distinguished Belgian, by a Dynamite Explosion in Africa.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A dispatch to the Central News from St. Paul, de Loanda, says: A train crowded with Europeans and natives was halted on the Congo railway near Matadi recently, and the engine was detached to take on a car loaded with fifty-four boxes of dynamite and eighty-two casks of gunpowder. The engine moved down grade with great speed and collided with the car, exploding the dynamite. Fifty persons were killed, including M. Lequeux, head of the Societe Anonyme Belge.

Good Time on Skates.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 15.—The three-mile skating race between Hagen, of Norway, and Breen, of St. John, N. B., this afternoon was won easily by Hagen. Time, 9 minutes flat. Breen's time, 9 minutes and 25 seconds.

THE GENERAL CHILLINESS.

The Thermometer Below Zero All Over Ohio—A Clock Stops.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 15.—The thermometer to-day touched the lowest point it has reached since the present cold weather began. The government weather bureau here reports 11 degrees below as the minimum temperature here to-day, but at some points in the suburbs it went several degrees below this. Early this evening it was 2 degrees below here and has grown somewhat warmer since then, until at midnight the thermometer registers about zero.

The mayor and the board of administration made a tour of the city to-day and decided that public charity was not necessary for the relief of the suffering poor. The Enquirer has undertaken to furnish coal to the poor at cost price, and is receiving the hearty co-operation of railroad men and coal mining companies.

Reports from the surrounding country show that the cold weather is general throughout this district. Dayton reports the coldest weather of the year, 17 degrees below. Wabash, Ind., reports the coldest weather in 20 years, 20 below; Lebanon, Ind., 26 below, while at Zanesville it is 8 below and the town clock is frozen.

THE COLD SPELL IN EUROPE.

Everywhere the Frightful Weather Prevails—Even Turkey Suffers.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The weather throughout Europe is intensely cold. In Russia the mercury is reported to have fallen to 60 degrees centigrade below zero, and in Siberia to 70 degrees below zero. Wood fires are kept burning in the streets of St. Petersburg for the benefit of wayfarers. Even the double windows of houses are coated with ice. In the south of Russia the mercury indicates 45 degrees of frost. All river and canal traffic has been interrupted. Navigation on the Baltic has almost ceased. Even telegraphic communication in Turkey is generally interrupted. Many deaths from the cold have been reported.

More snow, accompanied by high winds, has blocked the country roads in Austria and interrupted railway traffic. Cold stormy weather prevails throughout France to-day.

In Berlin it has snowed almost incessantly for the last 48 hours. The thermometer has varied between two degrees and eight degrees Fahrenheit above zero. Railway traffic throughout the empire has been interrupted.

Just as Cold in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 15.—Despatches to the Sun from all parts of Maryland show that the mercury marks below zero in the eastern shore counties as well in the western or mountain section of the state. Salisbury reports 10 degrees below and in the country round about birds, fowl and rabbits are found in large quantities frozen to death. There is much suffering among cattle on the marshes and many will die.

A Reporter Missing.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Jan. 13.—J. F. Tribble, night news collector for the Press, and John R. Gibbs, his boatman, left the board Staten dock at 5 p. m. to board the steamer Strabo from Rio Janeiro, and at 12 o'clock have not returned. Unless they have remained on board the steamer it is greatly feared the ice moving swiftly on the obb tide has carried them outside the narrows.

Heavy Storm in England.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A heavy storm from the northwest is sweeping over England. Snow, sleet and a high wind prevail along the coast. Many small accidents to shipping along the coast are reported.

WAR ON NEWSPAPER MEN.

Correspondents of Foreign Papers Expelled from Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—The government has begun a campaign against foreign newspaper correspondents in this city. To-day dispatches from Berlin, Buda Pesth and London announced that the insinuations of the Cocrarde had been transformed by Paris correspondents of newspapers in these cities into open suggestions that either Baron Mosenheim, Russian ambassador, or Count Menabrea, formerly Italian ambassador, had been influenced in favor of the Panama Canal Co. by a bribe of 500,000 francs. Herr Wedel, correspondent for several German dailies, was one of the guilty men, and he was notified that he must leave the country. M. Salche, correspondent of the Petit Herald, has been arrested for telegraphing the report in question to Buda Pesth. Several other correspondents have been notified that they will be expelled from Paris for the same offense.

This afternoon M. Ribot called on Baron Mosenheim and Signor Hoesman, successor to Count Menabrea, and apologized to each for the reflection cast upon the honor of the representatives of their sovereigns.

MR. BLAINE'S CONDITION.

He Passes a Comfortable Day and His Symptoms are Favorable.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—The return of Sunday is looked for with some apprehension in connection with the illness of Mr. Blaine, for the severe lapses which he has recently experienced have occurred on that day. There is no development to-day, however, other than favorable, and when Dr. Johnston left the house at 6:30 this evening he said he should not return during the night unless especially summoned.

Early in the morning Senator Cameron, whose house is just across the alley from Mr. Blaine's, sent a servant to inquire as to the condition of the invalid. The attendant at the door appeared cheerful and made an encouraging response. The first callers of the day, which was bright, clear and distressingly cold for this latitude, were Senator Hale and wife, who came about 10:30 o'clock and remained half an hour.

While they were in the house Drs. Hyatt and Johnston arrived to make their morning visit. Senator Hale told the reporter that Mr. Blaine had passed the most comfortable night he had experienced for many days.

James G. Blaine, Jr., with a friend and Miss Hattie, went out for a brief walk in the course of the afternoon. At 6 o'clock inquiry at the door elicited the response that Mr. Blaine had rested comfortably during the day, a statement which the absence of the doctors confirmed. At 5:50 Dr. Johnston drove up and remained until 6:25. As he left the house he stated to the reporter that his patient had passed a quiet, restful and uneventful day. There had been no appreciable change in his condition during the last three days, and none was expected during the night. In answer to an inquiry Dr. Johnston said that all appearances Mr. Blaine had not lost any strength since the attack last Thursday, and on the whole he regarded his condition as favorable as could be expected.

To Abolish Pension Agencies.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 14.—Members of the appropriations committee have under consideration a proposition to abolish all pension agencies for the payment of pensioners, and the disbursement of this money from the treasury directly by means of checks. The sub-committee preparing the pension appropriation bill to-day had Secretary Foster, of the treasury department, before them on the subject. The secretary said that he was inclined to favor the scheme as a good and feasible one. The sub-committee requested him to have the details of the matter investigated.

A SUNDAY PRIZE FIGHT.

Dan Ryan Knocks Out Sam Jackson, and Then Both Eat.

New York, Jan. 15.—A set-to with boxing gloves took place here to-day between Danny Ryan, of Philadelphia, and Sam Jackson, of Gloucester, before a crowd of select sports consisting of lawyers, bankers and theatrical people, who made up a large purse for the fighters. The men weighed in at 124 and 126 pounds, respectively. Six lively five-and-take rounds were fought, Ryan finally knocking Jackson out by a swing on the jaw. The winner got two hundred dollars for his victory and Jackson received thirty-five dollars as a balm for his whipping. After the fight a supper was served in which both boxers participated.

A Presbyterian Minister Quits.

New York, Jan. 15.—The Rev. Edward Clarke, D. D., who has for the past twenty years been the pastor of the Church of the Puritans, to-day publicly renounced his allegiance to the Presbyterian general assembly. "I can not endure the tyranny of the general assembly," Dr. Clark said. "It cannot dictate what I shall think and believe, or rather I cannot think and believe what it may dictate. I am done with it."

Killed his Wife and a Man.

BYE LAKE, Wis., Jan. 15.—Last night F. C. Allen fatally shot his wife and shot and killed Bert VanTassel in a restaurant here. He alleges that the two were criminally intimate. In 1885 Allen was convicted of a similar crime in Cleveland, Ohio, but was pardoned out of the penitentiary after having served one year of his term. Allen was arrested and will be examined to-morrow.

The Panama Shareholders.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—The meeting of Panama shareholders and bondholders to-day resolved to form an executive committee with thirty-five million francs capital and then to apply for state aid. Count Keratray was appointed delegate to Washington to open negotiations with the United States.

Murdered and Hanged.

MOSCOW, Jan. 15.—The body of a woman cut into 178 pieces was found in a coffee sack in the street this morning. Nothing has been learned as to the identity of her murderer.

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS.

A Great Programme of Work Laid Out for Both Houses.

IMPORTANT MEASURES TO COME UP

And there will be an Attempt to Pass Some of them by a Two-thirds Vote. Speeches Booked for To-day in the Senate—Social Goings on at the National Capital Include a Coming Reception to Mgr. Satoll—Mr. Blaine's Condition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—The week promises to be eventful in the senate. Save the passage of the quarantine bill, the senate has accomplished very little, and not one of the annual appropriation bills has been passed. The committee on order of business has determined that something must be done to advance business.

It was at the suggestion of Mr. Sherman, chairman of that committee, that Mr. Washburne gave notice that he would ask the senate to sit next Wednesday until the anti-options bill is disposed of. That this can be done without a bitter struggle is not expected. What will follow the anti-options bill will be decided by the committee on order of business before Wednesday. At present the indications are that priorly will lie between some of the inter state commerce bills (if Senator Culom is able to resume his duties), the Nicaragua canal bill and perhaps a resolution to repeal the silver purchase act.

Peller, of Kansas, is down for a speech on the limitation of the presidential term and Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, on the McGarrahan bill, both for to-morrow. The majority have mapped out a big programme for the house. To-morrow is suspension day. Efforts will be made to pass the Raum pension office report and the bill for the election of senators by the people by a two-thirds vote. The majority of the rules committee has decided to allot Tuesday to bills coming from the judiciary committee; Wednesday to the immigration bill; Thursday and Saturday to bills originating with the committee on foreign and inter-state commerce. Friday, under the regular rules, is private bill day.

There is some opposition to the immigration bill, and it is hardly likely that one day will suffice for its passage. The friends of the quarantine bill reported by the committee on foreign and inter-state commerce, which bill, it is contended, meets all the evils as to cholera which the immigration bill was designed to remedy, are opposed to the immigration bill. The quarantine bill was antagonized very strongly by the state quarantine officers of New York, but at least a part of this opposition was withdrawn. There is a probability of some trouble for each of these bills from the opposition of members who favor the other of the two measures.

The commerce committee has a formidable list of measures which it hopes to pass, headed by the omnibus light house bill and the bill for the erection of a couple of additional revenue cutters. The committee is also anxious to pass two bills amendatory of the inter state commerce act, which will be reported to the house during the week by Chairman Wise, of Virginia, to meet the Counselman case and the Gresham decision, and to allow railroads pooling under the consent of the inter state commerce commission.

SOCIETY IN WASHINGTON.

A Reception to Monsignor Satoll—Mild Sensations Last Week.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—Washington experienced two sensations in the week just closed. One was negative, the other positive. Prince Leenberg made his appearance and there was no rush after him. This was the first, whether it was due to the jealousy of Washington for Baltimore visitors—or some other occult cause, the fact remains that Washington has so far declined to make a real live prince the rage or even a rage. A sensation surely.

The other, Miss Anne Virginia Culbertson, of Zanesville, Ohio, whose exploits are confined to the literary world of the capital. Her wonderful interpretations of some of her own southern and western dialect stories are listened to by large audiences and the house of the postmaster general, closed against pure social functions, opened hospitable doors to its spacious interior that Mrs. Wamamaker might entertain her friends with Miss Culbertson's recitations.

Secretary of State and Mrs. Foster will be given a round of dinners within the next few days by members of the diplomatic corps, previous to their departure for Paris, where Mr. Foster will have charge of the case of the United States in the Bering sea arbitration.

Secretary Foster expects to resign his portfolio the last week in this month.

A reception will be given in honor of Mgr. Satoll, the papal delegate to the United States, by Mrs. Madaline Vinton Dalgren Wednesday night next. In view of the Monsignor's new appointment the diplomatic corps are inclined to adopt him as a member, notwithstanding the fact that he has no official relations with the government in the United States. On the afternoon of same day Senator and Miss Voorhes will give a reception to Cardinal Gibbons.

Inaugural Parade Officers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—General Martin McMahon, of New York, grand marshal of the inauguration day parade made the following appointments: Col. H. C. Corbin, U. S. A., adjutant-general; Gen. W. D. Whipple, U. S. A., chief of staff; M. Dickson, of the District of Columbia, chief marshal of the civic parade; Richard Croker, of New York, marshal of the civic organizations of New York City and state; Gen. Emmons Clark, of New York, assistant marshal.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair, except snow flurries at lake stations; warmer, westerly winds.

TEMPERATURE SATURDAY.

As furnished by O. Schreyer, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

7 a. m. 35
9 a. m. 35
11 a. m. 35
1 p. m. 35
3 p. m. 35
5 p. m. 35
7 p. m. 35
9 p. m. 35
Weather—Chattanooga.

SUNDAY.

7 a. m. 35
9 a. m. 35
11 a. m. 35
1 p. m. 35
3 p. m. 35
5 p. m. 35
7 p. m. 35
9 p. m. 35
Weather—Cloudy.