

ALL NIGHT SESSION.

Filibustering in the National House of Representatives.

FIGHTING THE CAR COUPLER BILL.

The Silver Men Claim to Have Enough Strength to Defeat the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill, Which Would Make an Extra Session Absolutely Necessary—They Will Fight It by Every Means to Defeat the Sherman Amendment. Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—The silver men in the house claim that they will have strength enough to prevent the passage of the sundry civil bill under any parliamentary tactics that may be adopted to get it through. They say that they have no hope of getting the Sherman amendment out of the bill and that they do not propose to take any chances, but will defeat the whole bill. They say that their plans are all laid and that the force of the filibusters against the bill will be almost as strong as it is silver in the house. They will fight it by every means known to parliamentary procedure and they claim that it will be impossible to pass it under the rules or to get signatures enough to secure cloture. In fact they regard it as certain that they will defeat the bill. This, of course, would make an extra session absolutely certain.

IN CONGRESS.

A Heated Discussion in the Senate—Filibustering on the Car Coupler Bill in the House—All Night Session.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—The desk occupied by Senator Carlisle, of Kentucky, when he resigned his seat in the senate in order to take one at the cabinet table was decorated to-day with the model of a log cabin, standing in a garden of roses, in honor of Mr. Carlisle's successor, Mr. Lillard. A subject which gave rise to a rather heated discussion was one in reference to the expenses of the soldiers' home, and that discussion drifted naturally to the subject of pensions. The consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was proceeded with, the pending amendments being in regard to the site for a new government printing office building. The amendments were voted down, thus killing for the present at least all chance of the purchase of a site for a new building.

Mr. Hawley moved to increase the appropriation for the Soldiers' National Home at Santa Monica, California, from \$70,000 to \$80,000.

Mr. Gorham appealed to Mr. Hawley not to press the amendment. The pension appropriation bill contained appropriations to the amount of \$165,000,000. As sure as the sun would rise on the first day of July next there would be a deficiency of from \$13,000,000 to \$15,000,000—no man could tell how much.

Mr. Hawley declared that he would force it with his power. He hoped that the new administration would give the whole pension matter a thorough inspection, and if there should be some pension frauds found out he would not be at all surprised. But all that was wholly foreign to this appropriation.

After further discussion, Mr. Hawley's amendment was agreed to; as were also some like amendments increasing appropriations for other homes. The senate finally adjourned after a long session.

FILIBUSTERING IN THE HOUSE.

In the house to-day the hours were mostly employed in filibustering against the car coupler bill. Some time was devoted to the consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill, the debate on which was confined to the "special service" provision. But the "car coupler" measure was the one which met with determined opposition. Mr. Richardson led the opposing forces and by parliamentary measures prevented any action being taken on it.

Filibustering began at the start, and after various dilatory motions a vote was ordered on a motion to adjourn until Thursday.

No quorum appearing, there were several attempts made to reach a compromise. The principal of these was made by Mr. Hatch. He was, he said, a friend of the pending measure. He asked the speaker whether this bill pending on the speaker's table would be in the same condition to-morrow after an adjournment as it was to-day. The speaker replied that he did not like to answer the question without some examination on the subject.

Mr. Hatch said that he did not desire to antagonize the bill, but he was sure that the friends of the bill (and he came to this conclusion after a careful examination of the rules) would lose nothing if the house adjourned now, because the bill would be laid before the body immediately after the approval of the Journal to-morrow. The filibustering again began and at 11 o'clock to-night the house was still waiting on a quorum.

Both sides seem determined and the prospects now are for an all night fight. The usual scenes incident to a night session were enacted. There were several amusing episodes, but, taken as a whole, the session so far has been a dreary one.

A STRONG OPPOSITION

Developing Against the Hawaiian Treaty. A Resolution in the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—This afternoon Mr. Paul Newman, the deposed queen's envoy, called at the state department and had a conference between the two will be sent to the President for transmission to the senate for consideration in connection with the other information on this subject now before that body. An additional batch of correspondence relating to Hawaii was sent to the senate this afternoon under executive seal.

The character of the fight that has developed against the Hawaiian treaty has caused its friends considerable uneasiness, and the understanding that they intend to make an attempt to hasten it through as the opposition is gaining strength. Senator Allison is now

counted among the opponents of the treaty and those who are fighting it say to-day that it will be impossible to get a two-thirds vote for it in the senate.

Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, Mr. Springer, of Illinois, and others propose to get a resolution through the house to ascertain why a treaty which will involve the government in expenditures and require the raising of revenues has been submitted to the senate without being submitted to the house also. The effect to defeat the treaty is very earnest.

FROM HAWAII.

A Satisfactory Message Received from Minister Stevens.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—The following telegram from Minister Stevens, at Honolulu, received Saturday last was made public to-day:

"The affairs of state continues to be hopeful. Hoisting flag in protection of this government was expected. Subjects who were doubtful now for annexation. The natives show unexpected regard for the United States flag. President's conduct of Captain Wilcox, the officers and crew of the Boston do credit to the navy. Cannot send by mail."

Up to the hour of the meeting of the cabinet to-day Mr. Paul Newman, the queen's envoy to the United States, had not called at the state department to see Secretary Foster, and the latter had received no explanation from him of the failure to keep the engagement made for last night.

WILL RAISE THE FLAG

Over the Steamer New York—The President and His Party will be "On Deck."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—A distinguished party will leave here to-morrow morning for New York to witness the raising of the American flag over the steamer New York. It will include President Harrison, who will run up the flag, Secretary Rusk, Postmaster General Wannamaker and Secretary Tracy, many senators, representatives, naval officers and prominent officials. They will make the trip on a special train over the Pennsylvania road, leaving here at 7 o'clock a. m. and returning the same day.

Matters Grow Complicated.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—Matters are getting into pretty bad shape for the closing days of the session. In addition to the fight that is to be made to defeat the sundry civil bill there is going to be a hard fight made against the Indian appropriation bill. The whole policy of Indian education established by Commissioner Morgan is going to be subjected to attack. It is understood that some of the strongest men on the appropriations committee, including Holman and Sayers, are going to join in the fight against this measure.

To be Chief Clerk.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—The Washington Post says: "Logan Carlisle, son of the senator, will be chief clerk of the treasury department after the 4th of March. While occupying the position of chief clerk he will act as his father's right hand man in deciding upon appointments to be made, etc., leaving the secretary free to give his thoughts to the financial policy of the department. He is 36 years of age."

The Brussels Conference.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—The President to-day sent to the senate the report of the American delegates to the international monetary conference held at Brussels, beginning November 22, 1892, accompanied by a translation of the proceedings and an appendix consisting of a series of documents relating to the monetary laws and monetary situation of the various countries.

Letter Carriers' Pay.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—Senator Dixon, of Rhode Island, gave notice in the senate to-day that he would offer an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill to pay after June 30, 1893, to letter carriers in cities where free delivery has been established for the first year \$600; second year \$800; third year \$1,000; fourth year and thereafter \$1,200.

To Receive Stevenson.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—Vice President and Mrs. Morton have issued invitations to a reception to meet the Vice President-elect and Mrs. Stevenson Wednesday evening, March 1. The Vice President-elect will arrive in Washington Tuesday evening, February 23.

Broke His Arm.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—Representative McCreary, of Kentucky, while leaving the capitol about half-past six o'clock this evening, slipped on the icy sidewalk and fell, breaking one of his arms. He was conveyed to his home at once and received medical attention.

Patent Granted.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—A patent was granted to-day to George W. Rumsburg, of Vero-Clevesville, for a flood fence.

PITTSBURGH ELECTION.

The Republican Split Probably Results in the Election of a Democratic Mayor. Gourley Elected Controller.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 21.—The municipal elections here to-day ended the bitter campaign in years. The result on the mayoralty is still in doubt, with the indications pointing to the election of Bernard McKenna, Democrat, over John S. Lambie, Republican, and Messrs. Korr and Beinhauer, Independents. Hon. H. I. Gourley, the present mayor, elected on the Republican ticket three years ago, was elected controller on the Democratic ticket by a large majority. Joseph F. Dennison, Republican, was re-elected treasurer.

If McKenna should be successful, it will be the first Democratic mayor elected in twelve years.

At midnight the result was still in doubt.

In Allegheny, Mayor Kennedy, Republican, was re-elected by about 2,500 plurality.

Court House Burned.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 21.—The St. Lawrence county court house, at Canton, was burned to-day. All indictments and the records of the board of supervisors were destroyed.

EVERYTHING IS GONE.

Governor McKinley and His Wife Lose All in the World

THROUGH HIS FRIEND'S TREACHERY

His Liabilities Reach Fully a Hundred Thousand, and Mrs. McKinley Comes Nobly to the Rescue in Spite of the Objections of Her Relatives—She Insists on Sharing Her Husband's Misfortune, When by Exercising Her Legal Rights She Could Save a Fortune From the Wreck—McKinley Shows What a Grand Man He Is.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Governor McKinley, made a bankrupt by over fidelity to the interests of a friend, has asked H. H. Kohlhaas, of this city, to act as his trustee and may be compelled to resign the gubernatorial chair of Ohio and begin the active practice of law. The conference which led to Mr. Kohlhaas's selection as trustee was held in Cleveland Sunday evening. It was found that the governor's liabilities are \$95,000, a sum nearly five times as large as he has saved during the forty-nine years of his life. Mrs. McKinley has property which will net probably \$75,000 if sold under the hammer. She proposes to turn this over to Trustee Kohlhaas. She is an invalid and her fortune came as a legacy from her father. Her friends protest against allowing her means to go to cancel the governor's debts incurred by another man, but she insists. Thus the two become penniless. They will lose their Canton home and all their household goods, and in poverty they begin life again.

Mr. Kohlhaas in an interview this morning said the news was correct, and as the transactions between Mr. McKinley and himself had been made public he would tell the story of the calamity. He considered it one of the most unfortunate things that had happened within his memory. He said: "Mr. McKinley is the victim of the most aggravated treachery. He never knew to what extent he was becoming involved, because he trusted implicitly in the judgment of his friend."

UNNERVED HIM.

"The discovery of his falsity completely unnerved the governor, and while political reverses were accepted as part of a political life, he was almost unable to endure the present troubles. But honest men that he has always been, he sadly told me he would begin again, and no man should lose a cent who lent him money by reason of his name."

It is probable that Myron T. Merry, treasurer of the Society of Savings of Cleveland, will act with me as trustee. As present it is not possible to say how the financial end of the calamity will be settled. The governor will turn over every penny he has, but this will only be a drop compared with the aggregate liabilities. He said his wife was thoroughly decided to help him out with her own means, which I think will amount to about \$70,000 if sold at auction. The possessions consist of farm lands near Canton and some other unimproved property. However, all of it will not cover the debts, since when I left Mr. McKinley we figured at least \$90,000 liabilities, and they are increasing almost hourly.

WILL RETIRE FROM POLITICS.

"The governor will retire from politics, since he cannot hold office and again get up financially and make it his object in life. The friends of Mrs. McKinley, heroic woman that she is, declare she must not put her fortune at the mercy of creditors. Just what will be done on her part is not yet decided. She is positive one way; her friends are equally decided the other."

"A dispatch received last evening says Mrs. McKinley is with her husband in Cleveland and the parties were in a conference as to final action."

"Will the governor resign?" "It is hardly possible to see what else he can do. It will be quite necessary since he proposes to settle dollar for dollar, and there is no money in being governor of any state. He once had a good practice and his brilliant reputation will add to it."

McKINLEY INTERVIEWED.

A dispatch from Cleveland says: Governor McKinley has decided to remain in Cleveland until Thursday. He was to have delivered an address to-morrow at the General Hayes memorial services at Ohio Wesleyan University in Delaware, but the crushing blow that fell upon him last Friday in the failure which swept away his fortune rendered it impossible for him to prepare and deliver the address. He has been waiting here to learn the extent of his liabilities as endorser for Robert Walker before making any arrangements to satisfy the holders of the notes bearing his name. It is stated to-day that his liabilities will reach, if it does not exceed \$100,000. Governor McKinley was shown the dispatch sent out from Chicago this morning regarding the appointment of a trustee to take charge of his and Mrs. McKinley's property, in which the announcement was made that he would resign the governorship and resume the practice of law. To the Associated Press representative the governor said:

"You may state that I will not resign my office and return to the practice of my profession. I stand ready to turn over all my property to pay the notes bearing my endorsement, and Mrs. McKinley joins me in desiring to give up her property also."

The governor refused to discuss the trusteeship, saying that no definite arrangement could be made until he had learned the exact amount of his liability. It was probable, he said, that some conclusion would be arrived at to-morrow. There has been some gossip about the subject, however, and it is said that if trustees are appointed they will be Mr. H. H. Kohlhaas, of the Chicago Inter-Ocean; Col. Myron T. Bierick, a member of the governor's staff, and Judge William Day, of Canton, Ohio, all personal friends of Governor McKinley. These gentlemen, if appointed, would endeavor to dispose of the property of Governor and Mrs. McKinley so that it will not have to be sold under the hammer.

If disposed of to good advantage it

might realize a sum sufficient to satisfy all the claims of creditors. In any event, however, the governor and his wife will be left practically penniless, for he insists on turning over every dollar's worth of property he possesses. He is worth not to exceed \$25,000, and his wife's property, valued at \$65,000, was left her by her father.

WILL NOT RESIGN.

McKinley Showing What a Grand Man He Is in Adversity.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 21.—Governor McKinley is still at home of Col. M. T. Herrick in this city, arranging the business complications resulting from the Walker failure at Youngstown. The governor was seen this morning and questioned in regard to the report that he may resign his office as governor of Ohio. He says most positively that there is no truth in any such report; that he has at no time contemplated resigning his office. The governor, under the present embarrassments, is showing what a grand man he is. He had a small fortune before he went to Congress and he has added nothing to it in recent years. All of that will be swept away. In all the years in which he has served the people he has been so scrupulously honest that he has allowed to pass by many opportunities for money-making.

A stockholder of the stamping works, of which Robert L. Walker was president, says: "The affairs of the works are not in such a bad condition as one would imagine. I have considerable stock in the concern which I would sell at par and not a cent less. Of course if the works were compelled to shut down now it would be doubtful if the concern could pay its debts. However, if it is permitted to run, as it undoubtedly will be, the affairs of the company will be settled up and dollar for dollar will be paid. The glass department will resume operations. Very likely the material on hand will be worked up and then the department will be closed. This will give the stamping department glass enough with the amount already on hand to run until June. The assignee is now preparing a statement for the creditors which will be ready in a short time."

BOLD BANK ROBBERS

Caught in the Act at Leechburg—Murder of a Concellman and an Attempted Lynching.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 21.—A Post Leechburg, Pa., special says:

"This town was thrown into the most intense excitement this evening by an attempted bank robbery and the murder of a prominent citizen in attempting to capture the burglars. One of the men was captured and narrowly escaped lynching."

About 7 o'clock a number of boys on the street saw five men trying to force an entrance into one of the back windows of the Leechburg bank building. The boys ran up street and gave the alarm to Constable Collar, S. S. McCullough and Councilman William Schafer.

The three men hurried to the bank building and went around to the rear door. Just as they arrived there one of the burglar's came out and was ordered by the constable to surrender. Without saying a word he drew his revolver and fired. Schafer threw up his hands and fell dead, shot through the heart. McCullough returned the burglar's fire and shot three times. Just then a second robber emerged from the building and started on a run for a high fence near by. McCullough opened fire on this man as he ran and brought him down. The man fell on his back, but before the officers could come up and capt. him he jumped the fence and made his escape. While the shooting was going on eight shots were exchanged, and a great number of people collected. The man who shot Councilman Schafer was caught by the crowd and hurried off to the lockup. The fellow fought desperately and was with difficulty overpowered.

At least 100 citizens formed themselves into a posse and started after the other man. The murderer was locked up and the prison was surrounded by a crowd of armed men, and threats of lynching were freely indulged in, but the cooler heads prevailed and the crowd dispersed.

But little can be learned about the gang that did the business. The man that was captured refuses to say anything about himself, or even give his name. Inside the bank building was found a black mask and a brown hat which the burglars left behind them. It is certain that the second burglar was wounded and the chances of capture in the town and the whole town is scouring the country for him.

Plimmer and McBride.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Billy Plimmer and Benny McBride met this afternoon and signed articles to fight before the Newark Athletic Club for a purse of \$2,500 and a side bet of \$1,000. They will meet again Saturday and deposit in addition to the \$200 already up \$300 more.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The funeral of ex-Senator George Spencer, of Alabama, took place at Washington. His wife was the only relative present. The remains were interred in Arlington cemetery.

John C. Eno, the alleged Second National National bank embezzler, submitted himself to court in New York and gave bail in \$10,000. Eno pleaded not guilty to six indictments.

Queen Victoria has telegraphed to the Pope: "I congratulate you upon completing the fifty years of your episcopate, and sincerely wish you health and happiness."

The celebration of Pope Leo's episcopal jubilee continued yesterday and Rome was brilliant with throngs of visitors and pilgrims from all quarters of the globe.

Lawrence Mannion, of Boston, writes that he will wager \$25,000 to \$15,000, or \$100,000 to \$60,000 that Corbett knocks Mitchell down and out in six rounds.

Judge Paxson's resignation from the Pennsylvania supreme court was accepted. Judge Heydrick is mentioned as his possible successor.

News has been received that the propaganda at Rome has decided that Mr. Sattell shall make his official residence at Washington.

It is rumored in Detroit that Hon. Don M. Dickinson will enter the Cleveland cabinet as attorney general.

Congressman Tarsney, of Missouri, who has been seriously ill in Washington, is much better.

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Dandridge Springs a Partisan Discussion in the House.

DEMOCRATIC COLLEAGUE RESENTS

The Imputation That He is Not a Good Democrat—Still Talk About an Extension of the Session—An Attempt to Raise Judges' Salaries Fails—Proceedings of the Two Houses.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Feb. 21.—Partisanism crept into the discussion of the appropriation bill this afternoon to a considerable extent, the cause being remarks of Mr. Edwards in support of an amendment of his to cut out the appropriation of \$2,000 for clerk hire in the secretary of state's office.

Mr. Dandridge took the floor and excitedly referred to the numerous resolutions sent in asking for an investigation of the secretary of state's and auditor's offices, and said he was ashamed of the Democrats who had voted for a reduction in the appropriation for the auditor. He said it was a fight on the part of the Republicans to cut down the salaries of the men who had born the brunt of the battle in the late campaign.

Mr. Smith, of Calhoun, resented Mr. Dandridge's imputation on his Democracy. He claimed that he had acted consistently and conscientiously and spoke of Mr. Dandridge as being like the moon—always changing. He hoped the gentleman from Jefferson would change his course and become as stable in the future as he had been fickle in the past. Some valuable time was lost in the useless wordy war, and Mr. Edwards' amendment was lost by an aye and no vote of 39 to 28.

HAD THE EFFECT.

While Mr. Dandridge was speaking one or two Republicans with more enthusiasm than judgment, exclaimed "That's right; whip 'em in." The speech and the remarks of the Republican members seemed to have the desired effect. Shortly before, on motion of Mr. Floyd, the bill had been amended by reducing the appropriation for the salaries of clerks in the auditor's office from \$7,000 to \$5,100. The amounts to be paid to each clerk being itemized after the discussion on Mr. Edwards' motion, the vote was reconsidered on motion of Mr. Gamble, and on the vote being taken again the amendment was lost by a vote of 32 to 37.

Except a short time in the early part of the session this morning the time of the house has been spent in consideration of the appropriation bill. At the end of the clause appropriating money for the Spencer insane asylum the following was added, on motion of Mr. Brockunier:

"But before making a contract for said building and improvements the board of directors shall procure plans and specifications therefor and an estimate of the cost, and no contract shall be made for buildings or improvements to cost more than the appropriation herein made, aggregating \$101,000, and by any excess of cost, the members of the board of directors shall be personally liable." This is a provision that, at the suggestion of Mr. Brockunier, has been added to all the appropriations in the bill providing for new buildings and the purchase of property for the state.

On motion of Mr. Lively the appropriation for power house, boilers, heating and pumping for the Spencer asylum was increased from \$20,000 to \$25,000. The item allowing \$10,000 for the civil contingent fund of the governor was amended on motion of Mr. Floyd, by adding that in no instance shall the appropriation be used for the payment of clerk hire in any of the offices of the state. On motion of Mr. Prince, the appropriation of \$800 for furniture for the auditor's office was reduced to \$250 and on his further motion, the appropriation for contingent expenses of the state librarian was reduced from \$500 to \$300. On motion of Mr. Holt, the appropriation for contingent expenses for the secretary of state's office was reduced from \$1,200 to \$1,000. The appropriation for the contingent expenses in the treasurer's office was reduced from \$500 to \$150. An additional appropriation of \$1,000 was allowed the state treasurer to pay the second clerk in his office.

OTHER MATTERS.

At the morning session the judiciary committee reported adversely on the bill authorizing the trustees of Berkeley Springs to contract for the surplus water of Berkeley Springs for the purpose of supplying the town of Bath and neighborhood with water. Mr. Haynes' estate bill 111 relating to interest and usury was reported without recommendation. Mr. Dandridge presented a petition from thirty-nine citizens of Jefferson county, asking for the abolition of the state board of agriculture. Mr. Anderson introduced a bill to amend the law for the preservation of certain useful animals, fish and birds, killing deer, etc., and Mr. Stapleton a bill to prevent the manufacturing and sale or giving away of cigarettes.

Mr. Edwards offered a joint resolution instructing our senators and requesting our representatives in the Congress to use their influence to secure the passage by Congress of a proper pension law for the West Virginia state troops, commonly known as home guards, and all state militia who served ninety days during the period of the civil war. Mr. Johnson objected to its immediate consideration. The Floyd bill amending the married women's law was ordered to its third reading.

EVENING SESSION.

The appropriation bill was taken up at the evening session and the allowance for the janitor's assistants on the capitol building was changed from \$150 to \$200 per day each. An increase in the aggregate of \$155 for thirteen pages out of thirty-five in the bill have been disposed of by the house. On motion of Mr. Wilson, of Ohio, senate bill No. 12 relating to waste and unappropriated lands was taken up on its second reading. It received some minor amendments and was ordered to its third reading. House bill 93, Mr. Gamble's bill amendatory to the election law, the provisions of which are already well

known, was taken up and passed. Mr. Sheppard's bill relating to the sale of lands for the benefit of the school fund was taken up out of its order and passed to take effect from its passage.

There is still some talk of extending the session. It is said that some members are anxious to attend the inauguration of Gov. MacCorkle and prefer to stay at the expense of the state rather than their own. This is the only reason known at present for an extension. If the appropriation bill is disposed of as it can be unless time is lost unnecessarily there will be nothing left of sufficient importance to call for more time than the regulation 45 days.

THE SENATE.

In the senate this morning President Wiley (Senator Watts in the chair) introduced a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment increasing the salaries of judges of the supreme court to \$3,500, and of judges of circuit courts to \$2,800, allowing them the same mileage as members of the legislature. The rules were suspended and it was read three times, but it failed to pass, the vote being 2 for and 18 against.

The cloak room keeper was allowed \$150 per day extra. An amendment was offered to include the door-keeper, but this was lost. The house joint resolution recommending Delegate Clark's rotary blackboard for use in the schools of the state was adopted.

Senate bill 27, Farr's bill relating to the duties of sheriffs, was passed. A message from the house announced that that body had concurred in two of the senate amendments to the bill amending the boom law, but had disagreed to the amendment to include Marshall county. The senate receded from this amendment and the amended bill was passed, to take effect from its passage.

All the pages except the cloak room page were allowed an extra compensation of one dollar per day by resolution, also the janitors of the senate chamber, two in number.

Almost the entire afternoon session was spent in discussing house bill 6, Mr. Prince's bill making the general levy for state purposes 20 cents on the \$100 valuation and the levy for school purposes 15 cents. Senators St. Clair, Tarr and Watts favored the bill, and Senators Parks, Whitaker and Wiley opposed it. Senator Parks offered an amendment making the state tax 15 instead of 20 cents, pending the consideration of which the senate adjourned.

The Van Sample's Murder Case.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Feb. 21.—Amateur detectives who claim to have been working on the Van Sample's murder case in Elk City, which murder was committed in August last, have been quite active. The last day or two they have made two arrests, their latest move being to arrest James Anderson, of this city, to-day.

The case was pretty thoroughly ventilated at the coroner's inquest and it is reasonably certain that no one can be convicted whether he be the right or the wrong man. What the object in making arrests is it would be hard to state, unless it be a desire for notoriety on the part of would-be detectives or an effort to divide suspicion as to the perpetrator of the crime.

ULSTER'S REBELLION.

A Manifesto Issued by the Orange Grand Lodge Against Home Rule.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The Grand Orange Lodge of Belfast has sent out a vehement manifesto against Mr. Gladstone's home rule bill. The manifesto demands either union with Great Britain or complete separation from Great Britain. "We would accept the latter," says the manifesto, "sorrowfully but courageously, as the only alternative left to a deserted and betrayed people, but we would resist to the death any attempt to force upon us a bastard combination of the two."

The manifesto names March 2, as the date of a great unionist demonstration in Ulster hall, where the men of Ulster will formally declare their uncompromising opposition to the home rule bill. The manifesto closes with the exhortation that the unionists avoid all action calculated to cause disorder and thus "likely to betray them into the hands of their historic foes."

Miss Dickinson's Libel Suits.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Miss Anna E. Dickinson has commenced four actions for libel against four morning newspapers of this city already. The articles claimed as libelous were published about the time that Miss Dickinson claimed she was forcibly and wrongfully taken to and incarcerated in the asylum for the insane at Danville, Pa., the latter part of February, 1891, and the parts she claims as libelous are those wherein she is described as a raving maniac and the strange things stated to have been done by her as showing her to have been insane. Miss Dickinson denies that she was insane and denies that she did the acts published of her. In each case damages are held at \$50,000.

Tobacco Factory Burned.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 21.—The factory of the Harry Weisinger Tobacco Company, on Floyd street between Breckinridge and College, was completely destroyed by fire at 3:30 this afternoon. The loss is estimated at from \$225,000 to \$250,000, with an insurance of about \$145,000.

Guttenberg Races.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The following are the results at Guttenberg to-day:

First race—Five and one-half furlongs; Lord Auckland won. Time, 2:11.
Second race—Five-eighths of a mile; Sir Richard won. Time, 1:03.
Third race—Five-eighths of a mile; Benjamin won. Time, 1:03.
Fourth race—Seven-eighths of a mile; Lester won. Time, 1:31.
Fifth race—Five-eighths of a mile; Nativity won. Time, 1:04.
Sixth race—Three-quarters of a mile; Peralto won. Time, 1:17.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, snow or rain, followed by clearing weather during the day, colder north-westerly winds.
For Western Pennsylvania, light snow, winds shifting to westerly; slightly colder in southern Pennsylvania.
For Ohio, light snow to night, followed by clearing weather, except local snows on lake Erie, winds shifting to w