PRESIDENT DOLE,

Of Hawaii, Replies to Minister Willis' Request for Specifications.

GIVES THEM IN PLAIN LANGUAGE.

The Hawaiian Executive Shows the Unfairness of President Cleveland's Course—The Provisional Government Wholly Ignored in All the Plans—Blount's One-Sided Course Shown Up—The Administration Placed in a Bad Light.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALA., Feb. 15.—Advices received from Honolulu to February 8th, by the steamer Alameda gives the full text of President Dole's letter to Minister Willis in reply to the latter's request for specifications of the statements made in the previous letter from Dole in regard to the attitude of the United States government. Doles letter is very lengthy. He says:

In compliance with your request for certain specifications concerning my letter of December 27th, I reply thereto as follows:

First—You inquire as to the meaning of the word "attitude" as used in my letter. I reply that word was used by me in its ordinary accepted sense, meaning bearing, posture, as indicating the purpose of those referred to.

You further say, "Will you point out where and when and how the representative of the United States assumed any attitude toward the supporters of the provisional government, or that the government is other than essentially designedly expressive of peace?"

In reply I would say that the attitude of a person is to be ascertained only by inferences drawn from the known words and acts of such a person, and the conditions and circumstances under which they take place.

Dole then states the following:

SPECIFICATIONS.

The treaty of annexation had been negotiated between the provisional government and the United States government and presented to the senate for ratification. This treaty was withdrawn by President Cleveland immediately upon his entering office without prior notice to this government or its representatives of his intention to do so, or his reasons for such an action.

Immediately thereafter the President appointed Hon. James H. Blount special commissioner to Hawaii to investigate the condition of affairs at Hawaii. The knowledge of such appointment was withheld from the representative of this government at Washington. The press having announced the appointment, the Hawaiian representative applied to the state department for information concerning the same. The secretary of state refused to state the object of the mission, or even to admit that a commissioner had been appointed.

On the 19th day of January, 1894, Mr. Thurston, the Hawaiian minister at Washington, addressed a communication to Mr. Gresham, secretary of state, in which the following language is used, viz: "I am directed by my government to say to you that while the Hawaiian government has full confidence in the good faith of the United States toward Hawaii in and concerning its treatment of the relations between the two countries, it seems proper that it should be informed as to the effect of the present uncertainty as to the ultimate course to be pursued has upon the situation in Hawaii. It is important for the Hawaiian government to know the intentions of the United States government concerning annexation at as early a day as possible, as, if annexation is not to take place, methods of treating local conditions in Hawaii must take place. No reply has ever been made to such communication. Upon the arrival of Mr. Blount in this country he did not communicate in any manner or intimate to the Hawaiian government that his investigations were to be directed toward the right of the existence of the government to whom he was accredited. All of his investigations and examinations were private and such persons only were examined as he chose to call.

Examination of his reports since published shows that there are statements by sixty royalists and twenty supporters of the provisional government. That he had obtained no statement from the four members of the cabinet voted out before the revolutionary attempts on the queen, although he has obtained an exhaustive statement from the royalist successors.

Dole next refers to the final report made by Blount and says it is distinctly hostile to the provisional government and that the provisional government has never been requested to give an explanation of the charges preferred by Blount, or any opportunity to apply to them.

"A DOMESTIC SITUATION."

In regard to Gresham's letter to President Cleveland last October, Dole says: You have intimated that the foregoing letter, being a domestic transaction, is not the subject of diplomatic consideration. I must submit, however, that a communication from the chief of a department of state to a president, in which he charges this government and its officers with conspiracy, with weakness, timidity and fraud, and recommends its subversion, which letter is officially furnished to and published by the public press, without any information concerning the same being afforded to this government, is not a "domestic transaction," and is pre-eminently a subject for inquiry on the part of this government as to the intentions of your government concerning the matter.

On November 14, Mr. Thurston, the Hawaiian minister at Washington, called upon the secretary of state and inquired if the above letter was authentic, and was assured by Mr. Gresham that it was. Mr. Thurston then said: "I wish, then, to further ask whether it is to the interest of the United States government to carry out the policy therein indicated by force, or, in other words, whether, if the provisional government declines to accede to the request of the United States government to vacate in favor of the queen, the United States troops will be used to enforce the request."

We state that Thurston received no satisfactory reply to this question. Dole then says to Willis: On November 7 the Hawaiian *Star* published a statement purporting to be the report of remarks made by you to a delegation of the American League, of which the following words are stated to have been used by you: "I have my instructions which I cannot divulge, but this much I can say, that the policy of the United States is already formulated regarding these islands, and that nothing which can be said or done over here or there can avail anything now. I do not come here as did Mr. Blount. I come here as an executive officer. I come to act when the proper time arrives. I wish to state positively that any outside interference will not be tolerated by the United States."

I am not aware that you have ever disavowed the correctness of this report. Dole next takes up President Cleveland's message delivered to Congress December 4 last and quotes from it as follows: "Upon the fact being developed, it seemed to me the only honorable course for our government to pursue was to undo the wrong that had been done by those representing us and to restore as far as practicable the status existing at the time of our forcible intervention. With a view of accomplishing this result within the constitutional limits of executive power, our present minister at Honolulu has received appropriate instructions to that end."

On December 1, last the United States dispatch boat Corwin arrived in Honolulu from San Francisco bringing dispatches to yourself. No mail was allowed to be brought by her, but the press of Honolulu obtained from persons on board of her and published the *above extracts from the President's* message. But for such accidental information no information concerning the same would have been obtained by this government until the arrival of the Alameda on December 22.

P. E. HALDEMAN'S MURDERER.

A Man Charged with the Crime Arrested in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Feb. 15.—John Yutzy was arrested here last night charged with the murder and robbery of P. E. Haldeman, superintendent and paymaster of the Franklin coal mines at Piedmont, W. Va., on the morning of December 16 last. Haldeman was attacked while on his way to pay the miners their wages and was robbed of several thousand dollars. He was found on the road with his skull crushed and never recovered consciousness. Yutzy denies all knowledge of the crime.

The Reinach-Herz Case.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—The court has pronounced in the suit of the liquidators of the estate of the late Baron Reinach against Dr. Carl Herz, the fugitive Panama lobbyist, that the house and property purchased in the name of his wife was acquired under false pretenses, and that it must be regarded as a part of the estate of Dr. Herz and as security for his creditors.

The intervention of M. Monchicourt, liquidator of the Panama Canal Company, was admitted by the court.

Judgment in regard to six hundred thousand francs, which the Panama Canal Company is said to have paid Dr. Herz, was deferred until judgment is rendered in the criminal proceedings.

Thirteen Killed.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—A dispatch from Samara, Russia, says that a railroad accident has occurred on the Samara-Zlatoosk railroad near Jelan. Two engines and twelve carriages were destroyed and thirteen people killed and a large number were wounded.

Wants a Compromise.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The *Globe* this afternoon reports that at a meeting of the Liberal Unionists to-day, the duke of Devonshire urged a compromise arrangement in regard to the parish council bill.

Fire at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 15.—Jones Wittner & Co.'s dry goods and notion store, 74 to 82 East Spring street, was destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning. Loss over $200,000 on stocks, well insured. Loss on building $50,000. All of the insurance on the goods is in Columbus agencies. The cause of the fire is unknown. The building was four stories with a basement and stood alone the lots on each side being vacant. The firm will resume.

Reuter Responds.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—The following response has been received to the cable sent last night from the Associated Press banquet hall:

LONDON, Feb 15.

Heartiest congratulations on the brilliant and well deserved success. Reuter's agency is profoundly gratified with the splendid triumph of its friends and allies. HERBERT DE REUTER.

Riker Refused the Mandamus.

WASHINATON, D. C., Feb. 15.—Judge Bradley, of the district supreme court, to-day refused to grant the petition of Carroll L. Riker, of Chicago, for a mandamus to compel Secretary Carlisle to issue to him a pro rata share of the $50,000,000 bond issue on the basis of the proposals submitted by him.

Two More Subscriptions.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—In the report of the Associated Press meeting sent out last night, the subscription of Joseph Pulitzer of the New York *World* for $25,000, and that of the Buffalo *Express* for $5,000 to the guarantee fund were accidently omitted.

The Kearsarge Crew.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The *Herald's* special dispatch from Panama says: The steamer City of Para sailed from Colon for New York at 2 o'clock this afternoon. She carried 203 men of the wrecked Kearsarge.

Miners' Houses Burned.

MIDDLESBOROUGH, KY., Feb. 15.—All the houses at mine No. 2, Mingo mines, were burned last night. The work was that of an incendiary, supposed to be a striking miner. Loss $8,000, partly covered by insurance.

BEWARE of imitations. Take no "just as good." See that you get the genuine Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the peerless specific.

A Kansas Man's Experience.

Mr. Albert Favorite, of Arkansas City, Kan., wishes to give our readers the benefit of his experience with colds. He says: "I contracted a cold early last spring that settled on my lungs, and had hardly recovered from it when I caught another that hung on all summer and left me with a hacking cough which I thought I never would get rid of. I had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy some fourteen years ago with much success, and concluded to try it again. When I had got through with one bottle my cough had left me, and I have not suffered with a cough or cold since. I have recommended it to others, and all speak well of it."

GENTLEMEN:—I never sold a medicine that gives such universal satisfaction to my customers as Krause's Headache Capsules. I can speak also from experience, as they have nearly cured me of frequent attacks of sick headache. I could get you many testimonials in this vicinity from those who have used them.

Yours truly, C. L. COTTING,
Red Cloud, Nebraska.

Sold by Alex. T. Young, John Klari, Wheeling, and Bowie & Co., Bridgeport, Ohio.

THE COLONNA DIVORCE.

The Princess Must Give up her Children, According to the Paris Court.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—The fourth civil chamber has declared the French courts incompetent to try the suit of Princess Colonna, daughter of Mrs. John W. Mackay, against her husband, Prince Colonna, for a legal separation and the custody of her children. The chamber made an order giving the children, provisionally, into the custody of their father.

The court says that in a suit of this kind the princess is actionable only in Naples and that it will be necessary for the courts in that city to settle the question of the temporary care of the children of the marriage, pending a final decision there in the matter.

In the preamble attachment to the judgment the court recites that the children were temporarily confided to the care of the princess on condition that the prince be allowed to see them three times a week. The princess had violated the decisions of the justice, and had prevented the prince from seeing the children. It further says that the princess has now executed a project of abduction, which she audaciously attributed to her husband. The order appointing the princess temporary guardian of the children is withdrawn, and the prince is ordered to be their guardian. It is ordered that all the children be placed in the care of their aunt, Princess Stiglio, of Naples. Princess Colonna will be allowed to visit them on Sundays and Thursdays from 2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

It is further ordered that the children be handed over to the prince within twenty-four hours, and in the event of a failure to comply with this order the princess will be fined 300 francs daily for three months. If at the end of three months she continues to disobey the order the court declares that it will take stronger measures to enforce its mandate.

The princess is condemned to pay the cost of the action.

HENRY'S CONFESSION.

The Bomb Thrower Says He is a Friend of Paul Reclus.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Henry, the anarchist who threw a bomb into the cafe beneath the Hotel Terminus, in this city, has confessed to the police that he has been in communication with Paul Reclus, the young civil engineer, nephew of the distinguished French geographical writer, and the friend of Vaillant, the recently executed anarchist.

The supposed mother of Henry keeps an inn at the hamlet of Brevannes, near Villeneuve. The police searched her residence yesterday, with no result. The woman declares that she is not Henry's mother, and that her only children are two boys, aged respectively twelve and fourteen. The police place no faith in the woman's denial, and are still of the opinion that she is Henry's mother.

House of Lords Denounced.

DUBLIN, Feb. 15.—At the fortnightly meeting of the Irish Federation last night, Mr. Michael Davitt said he hoped that the Liberals would go in for the extinction of the monstrous anomaly of the house of heaven born law makers whom he subsequently stigmatized as a den of land thieves and rapacious legislative brigands.

German Soldiers' Weight Reduced.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—It is announced that Emperor William has given his sanction to the recommendation made through the minister of war, to the effect that the weight carried by infantry soldiers be reduced by fourteen pounds.

It is stated here that Emperor William will visit Prince Bismarck on Monday or Tuesday next.

They Don't Want Him Here.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—Wilhelm Werner, leader of the Berlin anarchists, after being sentenced to six months' imprisonment, has succeeded in escaping to Holland, and is said to have the intention of proceeding to the United States.

It is asserted here that the flight of Werner completes the breaking up of the anarchist organization in Germany.

Five Drowned.

BUCKIE, SCOTLAND, Feb. 15.—A salmon cobble (fishing boat) was capsized off Burghead in a heavy sea and five fishermen were drowned.

Ugly Tempers

Are a product of bad digestion. Your dyspeptic is almost invariably a cross-patch. The way to renew cheerfulness of disposition and an equable temper soured by indigestion, is to take a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which not only banishes dyspepsia, but also relieves biliousness, constipation, chills and fever, rheumatism and kidney trouble. Use it with persistence three times a day.

A Remarkable Discovery.

A remarkable discovery is one of the chronic proclamations of advertisers. Cubeb Cough Cure is not such, it is an established remedy of known merit, made on scientific principles by experienced chemists.

Sold by Alex. T. Young, John Klari, Wheeling, and Bowie & Co., Bridgeport, Ohio.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

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LEGAL NOTICES

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

In the Circuit Court of Ohio County, West Virginia. In Chancery.

William Erskine, Administrator of the estate of Aquilla Bolton Caldwell, deceased, complainant,

vs.

Matilda A. Caldwell, Theresa C. Moles, Isaac R. Moles, Gertrude Carter, Alfred R. Carter, William S. Caldwell, Belle N. Worthington, Hood Worthington, Robert H. Browse, Mary E. Holden, Guy R. C. Allen, trustee; John S. Welty, James R. Cowden, trustee; Mary Y. Merritt, Henry C. Caldwell, trustee; Henry C. Caldwell in his own right, Fredericka Stifel, Louis F. Stifel, trustee; the National Bank of West Virginia at Wheeling; the Exchange Bank of Wheeling; the Bank of Wheeling, the City of Wheeling, Peabody Insurance Company, Lewis Steenrod, ex-Sheriff of Ohio County, West Virginia; Caroline M. Wilson, Alexander J. Caldwell, J. F. Belleville, Samuel L. Jepson, W. J. Bates, administrator of the estate of W. J. Bates, deceased; George R. Taylor, Christian Schnepf, H. H. Harrison, James McAdams, Thomas J. Hugus, A. L. Rice, T. H. Kiel, Frank Stanton, Joseph Graves, Lou Swabacker, C. A. Bouin, F. E. Ziegler, Wood Brothers' Planing Mill Company, J. Z. Hughes, A. M. Hamilton and R. M. Brown, partners in trade as Thomas Hughes & Co.; A. A. Wheat and C. N. Hancher, partners in trade as Wheat & Hancher; I. G. Dillon, J. M. Wiestling and F. R. Ross, partners in trade as I. G. Dillon & Co.; Intelligencer Publishing Company, G. Ed. Mendel, Harry Frantheim and Michael Kirchner, partners in trade as G. Mendel & Co.; William Schwertfeger and Richard T. Robb, partners in trade as Schwertfeger & Robb; Fred W. Baumer and J. W. Milligan, partners in trade as F. W. Baumer & Co.; F. L. Hoge and Alvin L. White, partners in business as Hoge & White; Julia A. R. Rhodes, Peter M. Rhodes, Julia Rhodes, Fannie Rhodes, Katherine Rhodes and Rebecca Rhodes, partners in trade as J. S. Rhodes & Co.; George E. Stifel and Fred. C. H. Schwertfeger, partners in trade as George E. Stifel & Co.; Charles J. Rawling, Wm. L. Giesener, F. M. Strong, James Cummins and Henry M. Russel, trustees of the first Presbyterian Church of Wheeling; Greenwood Cemetery, Thomas W. Nesbitt and Robert Nesbitt, partners in trade as Nesbitt & Bro.; William D. Jamison and George Johnson, partners in trade as George W. Johnson's Sons; John S. Trimble and George W. Lutz, partners in trade as Trimble & Lutz; M. J. O'Kane, doing business as M. J. O'Kane & Co.; Thomas B. McLain and L. A. McLain, partners in trade as McLain Brothers; Jacob Wendel and Frank Wendel, partners in business as Wendel Brothers; John E. Butts and John T. Britt, partners in business as Butts & Britt; B. F. Caldwell, W. E. Caldwell and F. H. Keeler, partners in trade as B. F. Caldwell & Co.; George Crumbacker and John Crumbacker, partners in trade as George Crumbacker & Son; George Crumbacker and James McGinley, partners in business as Crumbacker & McGinley; John W. Beltz, John Flading and M. F. Glover, partners in business as Beltz, Flading & Co.; George E. Kurner and Ross Chew, partners in trade as Kurner & Chew, defendants.

By virtue of an order entered in the above entitled cause on the third day of February, A. D. 1894, it is referred to the undersigned commissioner of said court to take, state and report:

First—What personal property was left by Aquilla Bolton Caldwell, deceased, at the time of his death; the value thereof, and how said property, or any of it, was and is affected by liens or by being pledged as collateral security.

Second—What real estate was left by the said Aquilla Bolton Caldwell, deceased, and the probable value thereof; under this heading reporting particularly in regard to any undivided interest or share held by said decedent in any real estate, and who are his co-tenants, and their respective interests therein; also whether the interest of the said decedent's estate in such real estate can be conveniently set apart in kind, and be made by sale subject to the payment of his debts.

Third—What debts exist against the estate of said decedent, with all material facts in relation to such debts, and particularly showing what debts are liens upon the several parcels of real property belonging to said decedent's estate, with the priorities of such liens.

Fourth—What liens exist against the separate estate of the defendant, Matilda A. Caldwell, the widow of said Aquilla Bolton Caldwell, deceased, for the security of debts of the said decedent's estate, and in what manner and to what extent his property not incumbered, or in excess of liens thereon, should be subjected to the payment of such debts to the relief of her estate, and also what other liens, if any, exist against such real estate of the said Matilda A. Caldwell as is affected by liens for the security of said decedent's debts.

Fifth—The age of the defendant, Matilda A. Caldwell, and in what real estate, if any, of the said decedent's estate she is entitled to dower as against liens, or subject to liens.

Sixth—An account of the receipts and disbursements of the plaintiff, the administrator of the estate of Aquilla Bolton Caldwell, deceased, and

Seventh—Any other matters deemed pertinent by the commissioner, or required by any party in interest to be reported.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has fixed upon Monday, the twenty-sixth day of March, 1894, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., as the time, and his office, No. 1404 Chapline street, in the city of Wheeling, in Ohio county, West Virginia, as the place at which he will proceed to ascertain and report the several matters in the said order of reference required.

Given under my hand this eighth day of February, 1894.

GEO. R. E. GILCHRIST, Commissioner.
ERSKINE & ALLISON,
Solicitors for Complainant. fe9-F

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the Creditors of Aquilla Bolton Caldwell, Deceased:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Ohio, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said Aquilla Bolton Caldwell to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Aquilla Bolton Caldwell, for adjudication, to Geo. R. E. Gilchrist, commissioner, at his office in said county, No. 1404 Chapline street, Wheeling, W. Va., on or before the twenty-sixth day of March, 1894.

Witness: John W. Mitchell, clerk of the said court, this eighth day of February, 1894.

fe9-F JOHN W. MITCHELL, Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF OHIO COUNTY, State of West Virginia, February Rules, 1894.

Henry K. List
vs.
John E. Parker and Clara Parker, his wife. } In Chancery.

The object of the above entitled suit is to correct an error in a certain deed, dated January 3, 1877, and of record in the office of the Clerk of the County Court, of Ohio County, in deed book 69, page 432, made by John E. Parker, Joseph N. J. Parker and Simon P. Parker to Henry K. List, wherein the property intended to be thereby conveyed was incorrectly described as "part of lot No. (2) two in square numbered seven, situate on Main street, to-wit: the north part of said lot, containing twenty-two feet front on Main street and running back of that width the full depth of said lot. Also the north one-half of the north wall of the new building numbered 1116 on Main street, that is the one-half in thickness of said wall, the whole length thereof on its north side," whereas it ought to have been "part of lot No. (2) two in square numbered seven, situate on Main street, to-wit: The middle part of said lot, containing twenty-two feet front on Main street and running back of that width the full depth of said lot. Also the north one-half of the north wall of the new building numbered 1116 on Main street, that is the one-half in thickness of said wall the whole length thereof on its north side." And it appearing from an affidavit filed in the Clerk's office that John E. Parker and Clara Parker, his wife, are not residents of the State of West Virginia, this order of publication is entered against them; and it is ordered that they do appear within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interests. It is further ordered that this order be published and posted as required by law.

Witness, John W. Mitchell, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House of said county this 7th day of February, A. D. 1894.

JOHN W. MITCHELL, Clerk.

Published the first time February 9, A. D. 1894.
Attest: JOHN W. MITCHELL, Clerk.

NOTICE OF DEPOSITIONS.

TO JOHN E. PARKER AND CLARA E. PARKER, DEFENDANTS:

Take notice that the depositions of Joseph N. J. Parker, Simon P. Parker, Henry K. List and others will be taken at the law office of A. J. Clarke, No. 117 Twelfth street, in the city of Wheeling, West Virginia, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 6 o'clock p. m., to be read in evidence in the above entitled cause on behalf of the said plaintiff. And if from any cause the taking of said depositions shall not be commenced, or being commenced, shall not be completed on that day, the taking of the same will be adjourned from time to time until the same shall be completed.

HENRY K. LIST, Plaintiff.
A. J. CLARKE, Attorney for Plaintiff. fe9-F

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned corporators named in the agreement recited in the certificate of incorporation issued to "American Structural Steel Company" on the third day of February, A. D. 1894, by the Secretary of State of the State of West Virginia, have appointed TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., as the time, and the office of E. M. Butz, No. 132 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, as the place of holding a general meeting of the stockholders of said "American Structural Steel Company" to elect a board of directors, make by-laws and transact any other business which may lawfully be done by the said stockholders in general meeting. The said stockholders are required to attend at said time and place.

H. SELLERS McKEE,
MURRAY A. VERNER,
MARK W. WATSON,
JAMES W. SCULLY,
E. M. BUTZ,
Corporators.

fe9-F