MEDICAL.

PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Legs and Feet.

"For about four years I was troubled with palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath and swelling of the legs and feet. At times I would faint. I was treated by the best physicians in Savannah, Ga., with no relief. I then tried various Springs, without benefit. Finally I tried

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

also his Nerve and Liver Pills. *After beginning to take them I felt better!* I continued taking them and I am now in better health than for many years. Since my recovery I have gained fifty pounds in weight. I hope this statement may be of value to some poor sufferer."

E. B. SUTTON, Ways Station, Ga.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Sold by druggists everywhere. ap2-MWFsawy

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P. B. Curtis, Design, Va., writes:

I have been a sufferer from Piles for twenty years, suffering as one only knows who has been similarly afflicted, and have tried many remedies and spent a great deal of money. My last physician was the most prominent surgeon in Richmond and I may say a man of national reputation in his profession, but never have I gotten relief until I began using the Japanese Pile Remedy. The box I bought of you to-day is only the third one I have had and I am almost entirely cured already by the two former boxes. I give this voluntarily with the hope that others suffering with Piles may be induced to try the Japanese Pile Remedy.

We sell the Japanese Pile Cure at 50c. and $1.00 per box, 6 for $5.00, by mail, with written guarantee to refund the money if not cured. Sample free.

Japanese Pile Ointment 25 cts. per box.

Chas. R. Goetze and W. W. Irwin. jy27-paw

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jy6-FSunwy

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GENERAL MACHINISTS
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ONE DAY.

Was it because the day was fair?
Or was it that the morning air
Was full of summer fragrance where
The fields of clover bloom?
For sweeter breezes never shook
The grasses bending o'er the brook,
Nor fuller measure ever took
Of morning's rare perfume.

Or was it that the woods were sweet
With first soft prints of summer's feet,
When tiny wild flowers came to greet
The long, glad days of June?
For sweeter blossoms never grew,
And skies were never purer blue,
And even June days never knew
A fairer afternoon.

Perhaps it was the evening breeze
Which softly kissed the whispering trees
And breathed delicious rhapsodies
To every listening rose;
Or, maybe, that the sunset threw
A golden glory o'er the view;
For lovelier evening never drew
A lovelier day to close.

But in this day two lovers found
Such rare delight of sight and sound
And earth and air as never had crowned
Another day in June;
Till earth but seemed one glad, warm sigh
Breathed upward to the rosy sky,
As soft the evening wind stole by
To greet the sweet young moon.

C. G. BURTON.

ABOUT KOREA.

Interesting Information About the Land Which Has Caused War.

The kingdom of Korea, which China and Japan are quarreling over, is not quite twice as large as the state of New York, says the *World*. Its population is estimated at 8,000,000, or in the neighborhood of 2,000,000 more than the population of this state.

Korea is a peninsula stretching out from the continent of Asia in a southeasterly direction, between Japan and China proper, with Yellow sea on one side and the Sea of Japan on the other. The average width is 135 miles, and the whole length is about 600 miles. The native *name for the country is* Tsyosien, or Chosen. The Chinese call it Kao Loo. The Japanese know it as Korai, from which comes the English name.

The climate is cold, and in the summer rain is frequent. The mountain range running through it lengthwise is precipitous on the eastern side, but the gentle slope of the west side, well watered by rivers, is exceedingly fertile.

There are eight provinces, each with a governor. The king's revenues, which are considerable, are obtained chiefly by the letting out of lands and from a tithe of all the produce. The king owns nearly all the landed property. The people are great sufferers through this system of land-grabbing and tax-farming. Grinding poverty holds them in a relentless grasp.

Chemulpo, where the hostile troops are glaring at one another, and where the United States cruiser Baltimore and a British warship have landed marines to protect the American and English legations, is the port of the capital, Seoul, a walled town of 250,000 inhabitants, about twenty-five miles inland, and joined to its seaport by a badly made road. The harbor of Chemulpo is picturesque, but the water is very shallow, and the trade of Korea is so small that only about once a month can the small steamer of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha (Japanese company) be seen in the bay.

Korea is rich in minerals; gold, silver, copper and coal are all common. The government shows itself thoroughly alive to this fact—gold mining strictly prohibited, the permission to work silver mines has been revoked, the copper mines are neglected and the use of coal is confined to a few districts. There are a good many cattle, horses, dogs, pigs, goats and sheep. The sheep and goats are a royal monopoly, and are only used for sacrifice. The people eat the dogs.

The principal ministers are the sengeltsieng (or admirable counsellor, a very useful official to have at hand), the tsonheltsieng and the cu-et-tsieng. There are also judges, whose main function is the free use, as an incentive toward veracity, of dislocation of legs, carding of calves with batons, cutting of thighs by continual friction with a cord or suspension by the arms. After this one is but faintly moved by the information that the usual form of execution is decapitation.

All officials are paid very high salaries. But as it is in the first social law of Korea that when in office a man has to support all his relatives, the system seems to work out pretty even all round.

The nature of the language can hardly ease the perplexities that will be seen to beset the average Korean in discharging the duties of citizenship. True, there are only fourteen consonants, but the vowels muster eleven and the diphthongs thirteen. Learning, as in China, is held in high respect, but nobody learns particularly. Still there are competitive examinations for the premiership and such public posts, and a man takes his degree by having his face sprinkled with flour and wiped with ink, to the sound of music.

The religion is Confucian, relieved by a firm trust in devils and a great veneration for snakes.

Women hold a low position in Korean estimation, and count for little in the sight of the law. As, however, they are not held personally responsible for any of their actions, they presumably miss the favoring eye of the law less than most men.

To the Chinese and Korean mind even approximate truth is absolutely useless and superfluous.

The telegraph has penetrated to Korea, and a wire runs from Wan-San, a seaport town on the east coast, to the capital, and to Chemulpo, on the coast, but the railway has not been introduced.

The many streams in Korea are used to work water-mills for grinding corn. These mills are of a very primitive construction. A tree trunk is hollowed out to a trough at one end, and is so balanced on a pair of trunnions set in a frame that when the trough is filled with water, led to it from the neighboring stream, the trough end sinks, the water is discharged and the log resumes its place; the other end being fitted with a wooden peg acts as a pestle on the grain, placed in a mortar sunk in the ground. This takes place six to nine times a minute.

Mgr. Satolli and the Liquor Dealers.

New York Dispatch.

It is evident that Satolli, by his ex-cathedra indorsement of Bishop Watterson's fulminations against saloon-keepers and all connected with them, has created a much larger commotion than appears on the surface. Just at present it is working in the depths of ecclesiasticism and church probity. It is a practical business proposition, affecting tons, perhaps hundreds, of thousands of persons in this state alone. In this city there are more than 9,000 liquor dealers, wholesale and retail, of whom, at least two-thirds surely are Roman Catholics, and therefore pledged by a bond stronger even than an oath to obey the deputy to the Pope at Washington. To these 6,000 Roman Catholic saloon proprietors must be added at least twice as many bartenders of the same faith; a horde of brewers and distillers and their employes, and thousands of others, all of whom come under the ban, which includes "agents." What the actual number is in the state may be calculated from these suggestions.

That the Satolli ban applies with mandatory force to this state as well as to the Columbus diocese, over which Bishop Watterson has jurisdiction, appears plain from Archbishop Corrigan's letter. In Catholic circles it appears that the archbishop is expected to carry out Satolli's orders with precisely the same liberalness as Archbishop Watterson, for it is announced that several candidates for election to the Catholic club, who, under the saloon ruling are ineligible on the ground that they are engaged in the liquor business, have withdrawn their names, while the status of others already admitted is regarded as shaky.

Dog in Church.

Willie was asleep, and Dan was lonely. Willie is the minister's son; Dan is his dog. It was Sunday morning, and everyone was at church but these two friends. It was warm and sunny, and they could hear the preaching, for their house was next door to the church. "Dan," said Willie, "it is better here than in church, for you can hear every word." In some way, while Willie was listening he fell asleep. Dan kissed him on the nose; but when Willie went to sleep he went to sleep to stay and did not mind trifles. So Dan sat down with the funniest look of care on his wise black face, and with one ear ready for outside noises. Now, the minister had for his subject "Daniel." This was the name he always gave Dan when he was teaching him to sit up and beg, and other tricks. While the dog sat thinking, the name "Daniel" fell on his ready ear. Dan at once ran into the church through the vestry door. He stood on his hind legs, with his forepaws close beside the minister, who did not see him, but the congregation did. When the minister shouted "Daniel" again, the sharp barks said "Yes, sir," as plainly as Dan could answer. The minister started back, looked around and saw the funny picture. Then he wondered what he should do next; but just then through the vestry came Willie. His face was rosy from sleep, and he looked a little frightened. He walked straight toward his papa and said: "Please 'scuse Dan, papa. I went asleep and he runned away." Then he walked out with Dan looking back on the smiling congregation. The preacher ended his sermon on "Daniel" as best he could, but he made a resolve if he ever preached again on the Prophet Daniel he would tie up that dog.

Feeding Wheat to Hogs

Indianapolis News.

The price of wheat has gone so low that many Indiana farmers are feeding it to hogs. It is said to be the first time in the history of the state that this has been done. Farmers who are in the habit of making careful calculations say that so long as wheat remains at the present price they can make more money by feeding their wheat to hogs and selling their corn, than by feeding their corn to hogs, as is usually done. It is estimated that one bushel of wheat in feeding hogs is equal to two bushels of corn.

The highest price paid for wheat at the country stations in Indiana now is 43 cents. Corn is worth 44 to 46 cents. Hogs are bringing a good price, and as the crop seems to be small, the farmers expect them to go higher when the fall market opens. Hogs are now selling at from $5 20 to $5 35. Farmers estimate that with hogs at this price they can get about 75 cents a bushel for their wheat by putting it into pork.

It is said that the wheat crop in the state will be 1,000,000 bushels more than the estimate. The average yield throughout the central part of the state is 25 bushels per acre.

Old Age and Hard Work.

London Lancet.

Old people make a great mistake when they give up work. Many men who have made a competency in business and feel entitled to retire from active work find themselves declining in health and becoming prematurely old for want of occupation. In most aged persons the vital functions continue in active exercise under normal conditions, but if the regularity and moderation of business life are departed from trouble will surely follow. On the other hand, the *Lancet* held that "if in any direction it is allowable for competitors in the race of life to dispense with self-control it would appear that they may, to a great extent, use this liberty with respect to physical and mental exertion." In other words, we must not eat too much or drink too much, but we can study hard and take plenty of exercise not only without harm, but with the best results, and if the old people wish to live out all the days they should find plenty to do for both mind and body.

A Quarter Century Test.

For a quarter of a century Dr. King's New Discovery has been tested, and the millions who have received benefit from its use testify to its wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. A remedy that has stood the test so long and that has given so universal satisfaction is no experiment. Each bottle is positively guaranteed to give relief, or the money will be refunded. It is admitted to be the most reliable for Coughs and Colds. Trial bottles free at Logan Drug Co.'s Drug Store. Large size 50c and $1. 6

A Pittsburgh newspaper says a white dress is now an oddity in that town, which is black with smoke.

CONSTANT coughing will, if neglected, inflame the entire mucous membrane lining the air passage to the lungs. Cubeb Cough Cure is the only remedy to be relied upon to give quick relief and allay inflammation. It is soothing in its effect; is most pleasant and agreeable to take; children like it.

Sold by Alex T. Young, John Klarl, Wheeling, and Bowie & Co., Bridgeport, Ohio.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture. Intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are perceived by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. THSsw

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Features of the Money and Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Money on call easy at 1 per cent; last loan 1 per cent; closed at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@5 per cent. Sterling exchange dull and easier at $4 88¼@4 89. Silver certificates 58@60c. The total sales of stocks to-day were 177,341 shares.

There was a trifle more business done on the stock exchange to-day than on yesterday, the increase being due to purchases for the foreign account. At the opening there were buying orders on the board in St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville, Atchison and Erie and the tone of the market for American securities in London was strong, and especially for Louisville & Nashville, the improvement being due to reports that the tariff deadlock is likely to be broken within a few days. Despite the fact that this report was entirely at variance with the facts as they are understood to exist here, the London opinion backed by London buying, had an effect on the market, and during the first hour of business the trend of prices was upward. Louisville & Nashville, the Granges, General Electric, Union Pacific, Erie and Consolidated Gas being most prominent in the advances. During the early afternoon Sugar was neglected, but shortly before delivery hour large blocks of stock were unloaded on the market, sending the stock down rapidly and uncovering stop orders, which brought out considerable long stock, thus adding to the volume of sales until just before the close was reached, it being 2¾ per cent below the closing figure yesterday. A rally of ¾ per cent followed with a final reaction of ½ per cent. The general list was unsettled during the afternoon, fluctuating between strength and weakness, the final dealings being made on a fractional rally and the market closing fairly firm, except for sugar, which lost 2¼ per cent on the day.

Government and state bonds inactive.

Railroad bonds firm.

BONDS AND STOCK QUOTATIONS—CLOSED BID.

U. S. 2s reg	117½	National Cordage	20¼
U. S. 4s coup	118	Nat. Cord. pref'd	52
U. S. 4s reg	113½	New Jersey Cent	167
U. S. 5s coup	114	Norfolk & West. pfd	19¾
U. S. 5s reg	96	Northern Pacific	8½
Pacific 6s of '95	101	do preferred	18½
Atchison	5¾	Northwestern	102¼
Adams Express	148	do preferred	140
American Express	110	New York Central	96¾
Baltimore & Ohio	69	N. Y. & New Eng	17½
Canada Southern	48	Norfolk & West. pfd	19¾
Central Pacific	11½	Oregon Improve't	11¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	16½	Oregon Nav	15
Chicago & Alton	140	Pacific Mail	14½
Chi. Bur. & Quincy	71¾	Pittsburgh	150
Chicago Gas	72½	Reading	10¾
C., C. C. & St. L	84	Richmond Term	14½
Col. Coal & Iron	6¾	do preferred	18
Cotton Oil Certific	26½	Rock Island	69½
Del. & Hud	135	St. Paul	67¼
Del., Lack. & West	162	do preferred	117
Den. & R. G. pref'd	27½	St. Paul & Omaha	34
Dist. & Cattle Feed	18½	do preferred	111
Erie	13½	Sugar Refinery	102¼
do preferred	26½	Tol. & O. Cen. pref	60
Illinois Central	99½	Tenn. Coal & Iron	17
Kan. & Tex. pref'd	17½	Texas Pacific	4¾
Lake Erie & West	15½	U. S. Express	50
do preferred	64½	W., St. L. & P	6
Lakeshore	126½	do preferred	13¼
Lead Trust	37½	Wells Fargo Ex	115
Louisville & Nash	46½	Western Union	84½
Michigan Central	94½	Wheeling & L. E	9½
Missouri Pacific	21	do preferred	81½
Nashville & Chatt	85	General Electric	39

Breadstuff and Provisions.

CHICAGO, August 2.—The dry, hot weather is still doing its destructive work to corn and with a prospect unrelieved by any sign of immediate general rains. A consequent advance to-day of 5@6c in wheat and [illegible] in regular corn with stronger markets also for oats and provisions resulted.

Flour unchanged.

WHEAT—Cash No. 2 spring 53@51½c; No. 2 red 53@53½c; August 52⅝@53⅛@53c; September 53⅞@53⅞@53½c; December 56¼@56⅜@57⅛c.

CORN—Cash No. 2 49½c; August and September 47¾@47⅞@49⅝c; October 46⅞@49@49⅛c; May 44⅞@44⅞@45⅛c.

OATS—Cash No. 2 29½c; August 29¼@29⅜@29⅝c; September 29¼@30@29½c; May 33¼@33⅜@33½c.

RYE—No. 2, 45c.

FLAXSEED—$1 22½.

TIMOTHY SEED—$4 85.

MESS PORK—Cash $12 85@12 90; August $12 85; September $12 75@12 87½@12 85; January $11 90@12 00@12 00.

LARD—Cash and August $7 00; September $7 03½; January $6 80.

SHORT RIBS—Cash $6 82½; August and September $6 70; January $6 12½.

Other articles unchanged.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Flour, receipts 15,000 barrels; exports 7,000 barrels; sales 06,000 barrels; market firm and fairly active. Wheat, receipts 323,000 bushels; exports 16,000 bushels; sales 4,015,000 bushels of futures and 12,000 bushels of spot; spot market firm; No. 1 hard 67½c; options firm and higher; No. 2 red and August 56½c; September 56⅞@57⅛@57⅜c; October 58½c; December 61½c. Corn, receipts 12,000 bushels; exports 51,000 bushels; sales 915,000 bushels of futures and 30,000 bushels of spot; market very strong; August 55⅝@55½c; September 56⅝@56⅞c; October 59⅝@59⅞@59½c; November 53⅝@53⅞@53½c; December 54½c. Oats, receipts 34,000 bushels; exports 300 bushels; sales 65,000 bushels of futures and 93,000 bushels of spot; August 34⅝@34½@34⅜c; September 31½c; October 34½c. Hay firm. Hops dull and weak. Hides weak. Cut meats steady. Lard higher; western $7 55; September $7 35. Pork firm. Butter quiet. Cheese weaker; state large 7@8½c. Eggs dull; western fresh 14c. Tallow dull but steady. Rosin dull. Turpentine steady. Rice firm. Molasses steady. Coffee firm at 5@20 points lower. Sugar steady.

BALTIMORE, August 2.—Flour dull and unchanged; receipts 7,000 barrels; shipments 4,000 barrels. Wheat firm and higher; spot and August 56⅝@56⅞c; September 57½c; December 58c; receipts 56,000 bushels; shipments 140,000 bushels. Corn inactive and higher; spot 52⅝c; month 52c; receipts 4,000 bushels. Oats, No. 2 white western 32@40c; receipts 4,000 bushels. Rye quiet; No. 2 46c. Hay steady; good to choice timothy $14 00@15 00. Butter firm; fancy creamery 24@26c. Eggs steady; fresh 13c. Cheese steady.

PHILADELPHIA, August 2.—Flour dull. Wheat active and higher; No. 2 red August 56⅞@57c; September 57⅛@57⅜c; October 58⅞@58⅞c; November 57⅞@58⅛c. Corn strong; No. 2 white August 50@50½c; September 50@50½c; October 50⅝@50¾c; November 47½c. Butter firm; western creamery 23c. Eggs firm; fresh 14c.

CINCINNATI, O., August 2.—Flour easy. Wheat firm and higher; No. 2 red 49c; receipts 10,000 bushels; shipments 2,000 bushels. Corn strong and higher; No. 2 mixed 50c. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 32c. Pork firm at $13 25. Lard stronger at $6 85. Bulk meats steady at $7 00. Beef in fair demand. Whisky firm at $1 24.

TOLEDO, O., August 2.—Wheat active and higher; No. 2 cash and September 55½c; December 56½c. Corn dull and firm; No. 2 mixed and August 52½c; September 48½c. Oats quiet; No. 2 white 32½c. Rye dull; cash 41c. Cloverseed steady; prime October $5 22½.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, August 2.—Hogs, receipts 20,000 head; shipments 2,000 head; market slow and weak with prices 5@10 lower; rough packing $4 55@5 70; mixed $4 70@5 00; heavy packing and shipping $4 80@5 05. Cattle, receipts 12,000 head; shipments 5,000 head; market quiet but steady; natives $1 75@7 75. Sheep, receipts 7,000 head; shipments 1,000 head; market steady.

EAST LIBERTY, PA., August 2.—Cattle, receipts light; market dull and prices unchanged. Hogs, receipts very light; market steady; Philadelphias $5 35@5 40; best Yorkers $5 25@5 40. Sheep market dull and unchanged.

Petroleum.

OIL CITY, PA., August 2.—Opened 77½c; highest 79¼c; lowest 76⅝c; closed 79¼c; sales 2,000 barrels, shipments 102,687 barrels; runs 71,814 barrels.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Petroleum heavy; no sales; September option closed offered at 81c.

PITTSBURGH, PA., August 2.—Opened at 77½c; closed and lowest 76½c; highest 79½c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Demand has been irregular, yet the day's business was fairly large and included more or less quantities of brown, bleached and colored cottons, ginghams, demets, prints and heavy weight woolens.

Metals.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Pig iron dull. Copper quiet. Lead quiet. Tin easy; straights $13 70.

Cotton.

CINCINNATI, O., August 2.—Cotton dull; middling 7½c.

Wool.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Wool active.

Is an age of fraud and adulteration, it is certainly gratifying to know that such an extensively-used preparation as Ayer's Sarsaparilla may be implicitly relied upon. It never varies either in quality, appearance, or effect, but is always up to the standard.

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Join the Mutual Speculative Syndicate
Net dividends to members since Jan. 2, 1894.

Jan.	15	8 per cent	May	1	11 per cent.
Feb.	1	19 "	May	15	7 "
Feb.	15	6 "	June	1	20 "
March	1	9 "	June	15	12 "
March	15	8 "	June	30	12 "
April	1	5 "	July	16	14 "
April	15	13 "	August	1	11 "

Total, - - - - 148 per cent.
Monthly Average, 21 "

Members are admitted daily and may deposit from $20 to $5,000 with us for investment in cereal syndicate operations. Address communications and remittances to

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Grander and Greater than ever. Twelve Trotting, Pacing and Running Races. One Single, Double, Triple and Quadruple Parachute Leaps from One Balloon by a Lady. Gentlemen and Two Dogs. Large and fine exhibit of Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Farm Products, Plants, Flowers, Fruits and numerous Special attractions. Excursion rates on all railways. Speed entries close August 27. Live stock entries close August 30.

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DIRECTORS.
William A. Inge, Mortimer Pollock,
J. A. Miller, William B. Simpson,
E. M. Atkinson, John K. Botsford,
Henry Speyer, Victor Rosenburg.
H. Forbes.
J. A. MILLER, Cashier.
jm1

RAILROADS.

Wheeling & Elm Grove Railroad.

On and after Friday, April 20, 1894, trains will run as follows, city time:

LEAVE WHEELING.				LEAVE ELM GROVE.			
Trn	Time	Trn	Time	Trn	Time	Trn	Time
	a. m.		p. m.		a. m.		p. m.
No. 2	6:00	No. 20	3:00	No. 1	6:40	No. 19	3:00
No. 4	7:00	No. 22	4:00	No. 3	7:00	No. 21	4:00
No. 6	8:00	No. 24	5:00	No. 5	8:00	No. 23	5:00
No. 8	9:00	No. 26	6:00	No. 7	10:00	No. 25	6:00
No. 10	10:00	No. 28	7:00	No. 9	12:00	No. 27	7:00
No. 12	11:00	No. 30	8:00	No. 11	11:00	No. 29	8:00
	p. m.		p. m.		p. m.		p. m.
No. 14	12:00	No. 34	11:00	No. 13	12:00	No. 31	9:10
No. 16	1:00			No. 15	1:00	No. 33	10:10
No. 18	2:00			No. 17	2:00		

†Daily, except Sunday.

Sunday church trains will leave Elm Grove at 9:25 a. m. and Wheeling at 12:17 p. m.

Trains No. 2, 6, 14 and 16 connect with hurdle line for Tridelphia. Hurdle leaves Tridelphia for Elm Grove at 5:40 a. m., 7:30 a. m., 12:30 a. m. and 6:10 p. m. Daily, except Sunday's and Saturday's hurdle, will connect with train No. 24, leaving Wheeling at 11:00 p. m.

Sunday's hurdle leaves Tridelphia at 9:00 a. m., 12:00 a. m., 6:00 p. m. and connects with trains No. 8, 14 and 16 from Wheeling.

H. E. WEISGERBER, Gen. Manager.

Pennsylvania Stations
Pennsylvania Lines.
Trains Run by Central Time.

TICKET OFFICES AT PENNSYLVANIA STATION, OF WATER ST., FOOT OF EAPWORTH ST., WHEELING, AT McLURE HOUSE, WHEELING, AND AT THE PENNSYLVANIA STATION, PITTSBURGH.
SOUTHWEST DIVISION—"TAM HANNA'S HOUTE."

*DAILY. †DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

FROM WHEELING TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE.
Wellsburg and Steubenville	*6:35 am	*6:10 pm
McDonald and Pittsburgh	*6:35 am	*6:10 pm
New Cumberland	6:35 am	10:25 am
Indianapolis and St. Louis	*6:35 am	*6:10 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	*6:35 am	*6:10 pm
Wellsburg and Steubenville	*6:35 am	*6:10 pm
Philadelphia and New York	†12:35 pm	†2:25 pm
Steubenville and Pittsburgh	†12:35 pm	†2:25 pm
Columbus and Chicago	†12:35 pm	†2:25 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*2:05 pm	*10:25 am
Baltimore and Washington	*2:05 pm	*10:25 am
Steubenville and Pittsburgh	*2:05 pm	*10:25 am
Steubenville and Dennison	*2:05 pm	*10:25 am
Indianapolis and St. Louis	†8:00 pm	†6:12 am
Dayton and Cincinnati	†8:00 pm	†6:12 am
Steubenville and Columbus	†8:00 pm	†6:12 am

Northwest System—Cleve. & Pitts. Division.
Trains run daily, except Sunday, as follows:

From Bridgeport to	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Ft. Wayne and Chicago	5:00 am	4:58 pm
Canton and Toledo	5:00 am	4:58 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	5:00 am	4:58 pm
Steubenville and Pittsburgh	5:00 am	8:15 pm
Steubenville and Pittsburgh	10:04 am	9:41 am
Ft. Wayne and Chicago	1:10 pm	12:55 pm
Canton and Toledo	1:10 pm	4:58 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	1:10 pm	1:40 pm
Steubenville and Wellsville	1:10 pm	7:58 am
Philadelphia and New York	2:41 pm	8:15 pm
Baltimore and Washington	2:41 pm	4:58 pm
Steubenville and Pittsburgh	2:41 pm	4:58 pm
Steubenville & Wellsville	6:17 pm	7:58 am

Wheeling Bridge & Terminal Ry.
C. O. BREWSTER Receiver.
Time Table No. 13, to take effect 12:01 a. m., Sunday, November 19, 1893.

Leave Wheeling—*6:00, (9:15, 11:00 a. m., (12:30, 3:15, 4:15, 5:00 p. m.
Leave Benwood—*6:06, (9:21, 11:06 a. m., (12:36, 3:21, 4:21, 5:06 p. m.
Leave Martin's Ferry—*6:14, (9:37, 11:24 a. m., (12:52, 3:37, 4:42, 5:12.
Arrive Terminal Junction—*6:17, (10:00, 11:51 a. m., (1:20, 3:41, 4:45, 5:18 p. m.
Leave Terminal Junction—(7:25, 10:00, a. m., (1:40, 3:00, 4:05, 5:14, 6:45 p. m.
Leave Martin's Ferry—(7:28, 10:07 a. m., (1:43, 4:00, 4:10, 5:10, 6:52 p. m.
Leave Benwood—*7:34, (10:14 a. m., (12:51, 4:11, 4:37, 5:25, 6:58 p. m.
Arrive Wheeling—*7:40, (10:20 a. m., (12:57, 4:17, 4:25, 5:31, 7:05 p. m.
*Daily. (Daily except Sunday. Sundays only.
All trains will run on Eastern Time.
J. E. TAUSSIG, Superintendent.

SCHAEFER & DRIEHORST,
—SOLE AGENTS FOR—
Jas. E. Pepper & Co.'s
DISTILLERY BOTTLED WHISKEY.

PIANOS MOVED.
We are prepared to move pianos carefully and promptly.
mr14 F. W. BAUMER & CO.

RAILWAY TIME CARD.

Arrival and departure of trains on and after May 27, 1894. EXPLANATION OF DIAGRAMS—Daily, Sundays excepted. †Monday excepted. ‡Sundays excepted. ‖Saturday only. ¶Saturday only. Eastern Standard Time.

DEPART.	B. & O. R. R.—Main Line, East	ARRIVE.
11:45 am	Wash Cy, Balt, Phil, & N Y	†4:35 am
*9:00 pm	Wash Cy, Balt, Phil, & N Y	
6:30 am	Cumberland Accom	*3:40 pm
12:00 pm	Grafton Accom	†10:00 am
7:00 am	Moundsville Accom	*7:10 am
11:15 am	Moundsville Accom	*9:15 am
*6:00 pm	Moundsville Accom	*11:40 pm
10:30 pm	Moundsville Accom	10:30 pm
*2:35 am	Kenwy Express	*9:00 pm
DEPART.	B. & O. R. R.—C. O. Div.—West	ARRIVE.
†7:30 am	For Columbs and Chicago	†2:35 am
†10:30 am	Columbus and Cincinnati	†6:20 pm
†11:05 pm	Columbus and Cincinnati	†3:55 am
†4:12 pm	Columbus and Chicago Exp	†10:45 am
*2:35 pm	Newark Accom	*9:45 am
*10:30 pm	St. Clairsville Accom	*11:35 am
*2:35 pm	St. Clairsville Accom	*9:35 pm
DEPART.	B. & O. R. R.—P. L. E. Div.	ARRIVE.
†7:00 am	For Pittsburgh	†10:15 am
†7:00 am	Pittsburgh	*6:00 pm
†6:30 pm	Pittsburgh and East	†11:25 pm
†1:20 pm	Pittsburgh	†3:40 pm
*3:00 pm	Washington Pa. Accom	*9:10 am
†3:50 pm	Pittsburgh Express	†10: