

NOT A WISE MOVE.

Executive Committee of Illinois Honest Money Democracy

COME OUT IN AN ADDRESS

To the Gold Standard Democrats of the Other States

FOR ANOTHER CONVENTION

For the Nomination of a Ticket that will Represent the Principles of the Sound Money Wing of the Democracy--Their Object is to Defeat Bryan and Repudiate the Action of the Recent Gathering at Chicago--The Wisdom of the Movement Doubtful--An Unfounded Charge that the Republican Party is Not Sincere on the Money Question--The Runup Convention Gets a Scorching.

CHICAGO, July 13.--The executive committee of the gold standard Democrats of Illinois met in a protracted session to-day and prepared an address to the Democracy of the other states in the union.

It was the unanimous opinion of the committee that a second Democratic national convention should be called to nominate candidates for President and vice President. The address is as follows:

"To our Fellow Democrats of Other States--A national convention convened under the constituted authority of our party has just closed its session in the city of Chicago. It entered upon its work by violating all party precedents in the rejection of a distinguished Democrat as its temporary presiding officer. It deprived a sovereign state of a voice in its deliberations by unseating without cause or legal justification delegates elected with all the regularity known to party organization.

It refused to endorse the honesty and fidelity of the present Democratic national administration.

It adopted a platform which favors the free and unlimited coinage of silver by this country alone at the ratio of 16 to 1 and thereby it repudiated a time-honored Democratic principle which demands the strictest maintenance of a sound and stable currency.

Finally, to make it still plainer, that although in name it was not in fact, a Democratic convention, it nominated for President one who is not in his politics and has not always been even in professions, a Democrat.

Made a Crisis. This has made such a crisis, both for the nation and the Democratic party, that sound money Democrats must at once decide what political action they will take for the protection of the honor of the nation, the prosperity of the people and the life and usefulness of the party.

The sound money Democrats of Illinois have fully made up their minds that a new Democratic national convention should be called for the earliest feasible day to nominate Democratic candidates for President and vice President, and to adopt a platform of Democratic principles, and they desire to state to the Democrats of the other states their reasons as follows:

1. Sound money Democrats owe it to the country to make it certain at once that their revolt against free silver is determined and will be organized. It is unfair to oblige the credit of the nation, and the business and industrial interests of the people to merely guess what the sound money Democrats will do in November and wait until November to find out.

The nomination of a new ticket is the logical course. Without it and a sound money Democratic campaign, the whole educational force of sound money Democratic sentiment would be paralyzed from the beginning. Republicans cannot argue the sound money question to Democratic voters. Republican sincerity on that question is doubted by the mass of Democrats. The tariff question will be put to the front and insisted upon by Republican speakers and the Republican press as it has persistently been by Mr. McKinley himself.

Democrats will not listen to lessons on finance when accompanied by abuse on the Democratic party. The most effective force at this time for a campaign is the force resting in the sound money Democrats; for they are profoundly in earnest and can get a hearing from Democrats that the Republicans cannot possibly get.

A New Convention. A new convention would also preserve for the future the opportunities of the Democratic party. Unless a clear cut separation is made between the genuine Democrats and Democrats who are drifting into Populism, or are already in Populism, and unless a clear cut separation is supported by organization the party has no chance of regaining public confidence for years to come. The sound money Democrats in the different states must either make it clear that they have no association with the Bryan party, or they must accept association and entanglement with it, and all state organizations will in the public mind be for it and that do not make it absolutely clear that they are against it. The sound money Democrats are already sufficiently organized in this state to be able to meet their fellow Democrats in a new convention and are anxious to confer with representatives of other states whenever a representative conference can be brought about.

Communications should be addressed to Mr. Charles E. Ewing, chairman, Palmer House, Chicago.

- JOHN M. PALMER, CHARLES E. EWING, JAMES H. EGEBEL, FRANKLIN McVEIGH, BEN. T. COBLE, WM. S. FOREMAN, THOMAS A. MORAN, JOHN P. HOPKINS, HENRY S. ROBBINS, A. A. GOODRICH, JAMES T. HOLLITT, ADOLPH KRAUS, JAMES M. SHEPHERD, CHARLES WILLIAMSON, LYNDEN EVANS, R. E. SPANGLER.

Executive committee of the Honest Money Democracy of Illinois.

BOIES' MANAGER

Elected as Secretary of the National Democratic Committee.

CHICAGO, July 13.--C. A. Walsh, of Iowa, who so ably handled the campaign of Horace Boies in the national convention just closed, was to-day selected temporary secretary of the national Democratic committee, and the

understanding is that his appointment will be confirmed and made permanent when the committee meets again.

Mr. Walsh's appointment was somewhat of a surprise to him, as he had not been an active candidate for the position. He was selected Saturday evening and was notified that he could have the position if he wanted it. Mr. Walsh to-day met Senator Jones, the new chairman of the national committee, and told him he would accept. The two repaired to the office of S. L. Sheerin, of Indiana, the outgoing secretary, who turned over the books, documents and papers of the committee to his successor.

There is nobody whom I would rather see succeed me, than the Secretary Sheerin, after the transfer had been made. "Mr. Walsh is a man for whom I have the highest respect. He is a shrewd politician and a man who has been remarkable all his life for his loyalty to his friends. Through his management of Mr. Boies' affairs did not win support, yet it was as good as any man could have done under the circumstances. His methodical and business-like conduct of his affairs won the approval of the majority of the national committee, and he was practically selected unanimously."

BRYAN'S TRIP To the Town of His Nativity--Travels Like an Ordinary Citizen.

SALEM, Ill., July 13.--There was no ostentation or display made by W. J. Bryan, the Democratic presidential nominee, on his trip to-day from Chicago to this, the town of his nativity. He bought tickets for himself and wife at the Illinois Central depot and there was no special car provided. The man upon whom the Democratic party thrust the greatest honor within its power rode in a Pullman car on a regular train and every passenger on board the train had access to the car and nearly every one of them came back and shook hands with Mr. Bryan and his wife, and expressed their good wishes and congratulations.

There was no demonstration at the Park Row depot when Mr. Bryan and his wife left Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan rode to the depot in a cab a few minutes before time for the train to depart. A few people recognized Mr. Bryan and exercised the privilege of all American citizens towards candidates or public officers by shaking his hand. The first stop after leaving Chicago was at Kankakee. Fully 1,000 citizens had assembled around the depot and were eagerly waiting for a chance to catch a glimpse of the Democratic nominee. There was a general rush from all sides as every one seemed determined to grasp the Democratic leader's hand. The train only stopped five minutes, but in that time Mr. Bryan was a decidedly busy man. Just before the train started the crowd and some enthusiastic individuals carried a huge dry goods box over the heads of the people, upon which they intended to place Mr. Bryan that he might talk to them all. But before they could reach him the conductor called "all aboard!" and the train pulled out much to the disappointment of the assembled citizens.

Mrs. Bryan was an interested spectator of all that went forward on the depot platform. The little town of Paxton was the next stop and as Mr. Bryan alighted from the train a stalwart veteran with long gray hair and flowing white beard, pressed against the front of the train, the presidential candidate by the hand. "I knew it would come to this some day, Bill," he said in a gruff voice. "I knew your father before you were born, and I have watched you from the time you used to kick up the dust of Salem with your bare feet. And I have always said that you would be a great man one day."

Chicago signs gave the greatest demonstration of the trip. The streets were blocked with vehicles and people in every direction from the depot. There was a military band and nearly every one of the thousands of people who had come to do honor to the Democratic nominee, carried a flag. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were escorted to a temporary platform which had been erected on a floor which stood on a side-track. It was draped with bunting and flowers. There was an ovation of hand clapping and cheers when Mr. Bryan stepped to the front of the platform. Mr. Bryan said:

Fellow Citizens--I believe I have not visited this city since about 1870, and I am glad to be here. (Applause.) In that year I was a student at the Illinois College. I am not going to make a political speech this afternoon. I am glad to have an occasion to talk to you for a while, and I am gratified to see that so many people by their presence here have shown an interest in this campaign.

The money question is not a complicated question, and it is presented in this campaign in the simplest form it has ever been taken before the people. When this campaign is on before the election arrives there will be just one great question in this country, and that is, is this great nation great enough to uphold its business? (Applause.) Is this nation great enough to legislate for its own people? If so, then the people will demand a financial policy based upon the American interest and for the caring of American rights regardless of aid and consent of any other nation on the earth. (Applause.) If this nation is not great enough to attend to its own business, then to what nation can we go, with the expectation of aid.

SALEM, Ill., July 13.--Never before in its history has this quiet little town of 2,000 people been so ablaze with glory as it was to-night. Ordinarily the citizens retire for the night at 9 o'clock. At 10 it is as quiet as a country churchyard; at midnight there is nothing left with which to compare the stillness that prevails. But to-night it was different. W. J. Bryan, leader of the Democratic national campaign, a native of the place, returned here. The whole town was out to meet him. Then there were sky rockets and Roman candles and red fire burning along the route by which Mr. Bryan was conducted to the home of his sister. He will remain for two days.

When the train pulled up at the Salem depot there were many people on hand, ready to welcome Mr. Bryan from all over Marion county. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were taken to the home of Mr. Bryan's sister, Mrs. James Baird.

It was not the wish of Mr. Bryan to have a celebration here at this time, but two short weeks ago he was called here to attend the death-bed of his mother. She was buried here by the side of Judge Bryan, who passed away sixteen years ago. But the people, in their enthusiasm and desire to honor the man who went away from here scarcely a week since, were unknown to him, gave vent to their feelings. When the carriage reached the home of his sister, his former fellow-townsmen were there by the hundreds. They cheered and shouted while hands played and the anvils boomed. They demanded a speech and Mr. Bryan acquiesced. As soon as he could control his voice he spoke as follows:

"Fellow Citizens--I don't want to say more than to thank you. There is no spot, I think, can ever become so dear to a man as the spot about which cluster sacred memories of early childhood. I have come back to Salem every few months, since I left here and so spot like this is dear to my heart. (Applause.) I assure you I appreciate the friendly interest which you manifest and more so because in this there is no party and I see here my friends in all

parties, persons of different political faith as well as those who agree with the principles which I have advocated and I am deeply touched with this manifestation of your esteem and confidence. I wish I could have with me to-night the gentleman who occupies the place with me on the national ticket.

I wish you could see and become acquainted with Mr. Sewall, who is our candidate for vice president. Although my acquaintance with him is not long, I think a great deal of him. I think he is a manly man, and I wish he could come here and greet you and become acquainted with the enthusiasm that has been manifested to-night. If elected, my fullest hope will be gratified. I have but one desire, and that is to bring back to our people our government as our fathers intended it, a government which shall be conducted on principles of equality before the law, which shall protect the rights of life and liberty. (Applause.) Which shall know no difference between the simplest citizen in the land, the greatest citizen in the land, a government which shall be no respecter of persons, but shall like heaven, treat all alike." (Applause.)

Madellator Elector Resigns.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 13.--Samuel Dickson, of this city, who was selected at the Democratic state convention as a presidential elector, has sent a letter to State Chairman Wright, resigning the office. In his letter he says in part:

"It is impossible for those who approved of what was said and done at Allentown to accept the platform of the candidates of Chicago."

No Compromise with Dishonor. LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 13.--The following was received this morning by Mr. W. N. Haldeman, president Courier Journal Company:

GENEVA, Switzerland, July 13, via French Cable. Walter Haldeman, Louisville, Ky. Another ticket ouchly honest. No compromise with dishonor. Stand firm. (Signed.) HENRY WATERSON.

New Hampshire Delegation. NASHUA, N. H., July 13.--Hon. C. A. Sulloway, representing the New Hampshire delegation, has telegraphed Chairman Ames, of the state committee, to call a convention to determine what position shall be assumed by the New Hampshire Democrats with reference to the silver question.

Favor Chicago for Headquarters. CHICAGO, July 13.--Members of the Democratic committee are unanimously in favor of establishing sub-headquarters of the committee at Chicago. Many of them wish the main headquarters removed from New York and brought here. The members of the committee still remaining in the city discussed this proposition at an informal meeting held to-day in the headquarters at the Palmer House.

Too Early to Tell. WILMINGTON, Del., July 13.--Senator George Gray said to-day in reference to the Chicago platform: "The financial plank of the platform is contrary to all my beliefs and to what I consider sound Democracy. I cannot change these beliefs, even at the bidding of a Democratic national convention. Convictions cannot be compromised. The Delaware Democracy is an organization distinct from the national Democracy, and has a history and traditions of its own. It is too early to say what its course will be."

Brynan Won't Support Bryan. INDIANAPOLIS, July 13.--Ex-Congressman William D. Bynum says in an interview this morning: "I have already said that I could not support the Chicago platform and ticket. Personally, I like Mr. Bryan, but his views are so at variance with what I believe to be for the best interests of the country that I would be false to my convictions were I to support his candidacy."

Notification Committee. CHICAGO, July 13.--The sub-committee of the notification committee met in the Clifton House this morning at 11 o'clock and decided to let the members of the notification committee return to their homes, where they will be informed in a few days as to the time of notifying Mr. Bryan and Mr. Sewall of their nomination. This will be decided by the executive committee of the national committee.

WRECKED BY A COW. Disasters Wreck on the Lehigh Valley Road--One Dead and Others Will Die.

HAZLETON, Pa., July 13.--A passenger train on the Lehigh Valley between White Haven and this city, ran into a cow this afternoon and three cars and the engine toppled over the ridge of a high embankment. Engineer William Dunder received injuries from which he died shortly afterwards; Barney Moon, the fireman, was seriously injured and more than a score of passengers were badly hurt. Several of these will die.

The most seriously injured are: Mrs. R. L. Clarke, of Ashley, and Mrs. John Brodhead, of Wilkesbarre, both of whom will probably die.

Patrick McCloskey, of Philadelphia, badly crushed about the body and legs; Mary S. Bahr, of Towanda, face and body severely cut and bruised; condition critical.

Samuel Gate, New York, leg and right side badly bruised. J. T. Hoyt, Binghamton, New York, legs and arms bruised.

E. E. Richards, Boston, bruised about the body. Charles Guller, Baltimore, scalp wound.

Samuel Galawaski, of New York, chest and legs hurt. Many other passengers were severely scalded by escaping steam.

The train left White Haven at 2 o'clock. It was not running at a high rate of speed at the time or the loss of life would have been terrible. A relief train was sent from here with physicians to attend the wounded.

Chauncy in the Sevin. LONDON, July 13.--The Prince and Princess of Wales, in behalf of the queen, gave a garden party at Buckingham palace this afternoon in honor of Princess Maud, of Wales, who is to be married to Princess Charles of Denmark on Wednesday. The royal party arrived at 4:30 p. m. The state rooms of the palace were thrown open to the guests, of whom there were about 5,000, including the usual number of representatives of the British aristocracy, besides distinguished people from the various colonies and from East India. The United States ambassador, Mr. Thomas F. Bayard, and his entire staff and Mr. Chauncy M. Depew, of New York, also attended.

She--Dearest, am I the first girl you ever loved?

He--Like sweetheart, the man who could look into those trusting blue eyes and tell a falsehood is not fit to live. So prepare to hear the truth. You are-- Cincinnati Enquirer.

THEY DON'T LIKE IT.

Lincoln People Friendly to Nominence Bryan's Cause

ARE SOMEWHAT DISGRUNTLED

Over the Rumor that the Nebraska Candidate would Receive the Notification Committee in Madison Square Garden.

The Quasi-Endorsement of Omaha as Official Headquarters Only Adds Fuel to the Flames of Indignation--Republicans Say that Bryan will Not Carry His Own State--Echoes of the Chicago Convention.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 13.--Dispatches to the effect that Mr. Bryan had concluded to receive the notification committee at Madison Square Garden, New York, set Lincoln people wild. Added to this was a quasi-endorsement of Omaha as official headquarters during the campaign, and as a consequence many hearts are cast down. Unless some tangible contradiction is speedily given to these rumors, it is expected that the ardor of many enthusiastic people will be considerably dampened. Local Democrats say he will certainly remain in Lincoln, but it is also known that they do not speak by the card.

The present attitude of the average Lincoln man is on the defensive. There is a heavy Republican majority in this city, but it appears to be the aim of all to speak in the highest terms of the personal character of Mr. Bryan, which is also above reproach, but in a decidedly qualifying tone politically. So long as the nominee at Chicago must necessarily have been a Democrat they are glad it is Bryan. But they freely express the opinion that, considering the platform, he will fall short in Nebraska of carrying the state by the usual Republican majority.

The gold standard Democrats here are clam-like in their silence on political questions and conditions. The Populists of the state hold their county convention Saturday to select state delegates. The sentiment is divided as to the endorsement of Bryan and fusion.

J-METALLIC LEAGUE

Of Great Britain Holds Its Annual Meeting--Effect of Chicago Convention.

LONDON, July 13.--The bimetallic league of Great Britain held its annual meeting to-day at the Canon street hotel. The annual report declares that the cause of international bimetallicism has made substantial progress during the year, both in Great Britain and abroad. It mentions the resolutions adopted by the chamber of deputies in France, the chamber of representatives in Belgium, and the Prussian diet, declaring for bimetallicism and continues:

"In the United States all parties and classes would welcome international bimetallicism. A large section of the people there are, however, so strongly convinced of the urgent necessity for the re-monetizing of silver that they are indisposed to wait for international agreement. No party of any importance in the United States favors gold monometallism."

The report concludes as follows: "The responsibility for the present and growing dangers to the industrial life of the nation rests upon those who oppose that monetary system under which our prosperity advanced by leaps and bounds."

A letter was read from Lord Aldenham, (Mr. Henry Hucks Giggis) president of the league, in which he congratulated the members upon the great progress which has been made in the United States. "It is indeed a striking fact," Lord Aldenham wrote, that this question, which some here affect to treat with contempt, should be, apparently, the main political question before a nation of 70,000,000 people."

Lord Aldenham also alluded to what he termed the ignorance of the London press upon this subject. "They joined," he said, "the chorus for 'honest money,' believing that these words are applied in America to gold monometallism, and not, as they really were, to international bimetallicism. Whatever may be the result of the presidential election," Lord Aldenham added, "we may be sure that our cause generally is prospering."

Gen. Francis A. Walker, of Boston, Mass., made a speech which was greeted with great enthusiasm. General Walker gave a review of the silver question from the American standpoint. He said that the all-encompassing fog of the Republican national convention in St. Louis was the currency. Governor McKinley, he said, was never a gold monometallist and could not be if he tried. General Walker read the Kohlsaat St. Louis resolution on the currency issue, and the Boston resolution regarding the gold standard, both of which were heartily cheered. General Walker continued: "It is deeply to be regretted that millions of our best citizens as represented at the Chicago convention last week, declared for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the action of other countries. This was done passively, but the effect will be to maintain the gold standard unimpaired."

Among the distinguished gentlemen present were Lord Alderdale, Sir Thomas Sutherland, Mr. William E. Tomlinson, M. P., the Hon. J. W. E. D. Scott-Montague, M. P.; Mr. H. S. Forsiter, Mr. Morston Frewen, Lord Sherborne and Professors Foxwell and L. L. Price and others.

THREE EXPEDITIONS

Of filibusters Succeeded in Landing on Cuban Soil with Ammunition.

HAVANA, July 13.--Advices from Santiago de Cuba report that an engagement has been fought between Spanish troops and insurgents under Jose Maceo, in which Captain Monson and other of the Cuban leaders were killed.

Serafin Sanchez and Rabi, with detached units of insurgents, have passed near Soago, avoiding a landing at Tamayo. This expedition brought for the insurgents a large quantity of ammunition and dynamite, two cannon and 3,000 uniforms.

The insurgent Carrillo, with a force of 2,000 infantry and cavalry has marched westward past Navarero and Remedios, talking with him many miles loaded with ammunition. It is thought that he is now retreating in the direction of Sancti Spiritus or Trinidad, in consequence of having been routed at Tarram.

There have been many victims of yellow fever at the village of Yaguajay, where many country people have been collected together.

Several arrests have been made by the police of Havana of persons alleged to

be compromised by code cable messages supposed to relate to the latest landing of filibustering expeditions on this island.

In patrolling the coast between Boca Guanabo and Boca Ceiga, General Ochoa found 12,000 cartridges, a chest of bombs supposed to be designed for the destruction of Matanzas railway trains, and a box of medicines.

The insurgent loss in the engagements which Col. Ochoa had on the Gomez farm on July 9, was thirty.

Is an American Citizen.

HAVANA, July 13.--George Aguirre, an insurgent captain who is said to be an American citizen, is the well-dressed man heretofore reported to have been captured in a boat by the gunboat Antonio Lopez, near Bacuranao. Aguirre is in solitary confinement at his way yard. He says that he was on his way to surrender, with his boatman, Guillermo, to Colonel Jose Delgado, Guillermo, who has also been imprisoned, says that before being captured Aguirre threw overboard many papers and a revolver. Owing to Aguirre's claim to American citizenship, the authorities here will await orders from Madrid as to whether he shall be tried by military court or according to the civil law.

A CHILLY RECEPTION

Accorded to Gen. Watts by Parkersburg Democrats--Little Enthusiasm.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 13.--The Democratic campaign opened here at the court house this afternoon, General Watts, the gubernatorial candidate, being the principal orator. Although the meeting was extensively advertised, there were very few persons present and the reception they gave Watts was rather chilly.

It was the latest kind of a meeting. Watts extolled the Democratic platform and nominees, but his remarks on financial questions were ambiguous and anything but clear and satisfactory to free silver adherents present.

Colonel W. W. Arnett, of Wheeling, was present and was called upon. He is a fluent and eloquent talker and a cordial and enthusiastic reception was accorded him and was in striking contrast to that given Watts. Frankly speaking, the meeting was a big failure.

THE LAST DAY

Of the International Christian Endeavor Convention.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13.--For the last day of the fifteenth annual convention of the International Christian Endeavor convention the weather was all that could be expected in the midst of summer. The animating purpose of the committee in arranging the programme for the last day had been to wind up with a genuine revival effort and to this end "consecration" was the keynote of the day's work.

The early morning prayer meetings in the thirty odd churches which form the rallying points of the various state delegations were devoted to this topic, the evening services in the eight meeting places had the same object and forenoon meetings in the tents, although primarily in the nature of internal rallies, were strongly tinged by the evangelistic spirit.

In two of the tents the world's union of the Christian Endeavor controlled the early morning programme, while in the third suffering Armenia formed the sole topic of discussion so that in no case did the purely national union figure in the morning proceedings.

In Tent Washington the Armenian relief movement had full sway. The Rev. W. H. Boyce, of Philadelphia, presided. Addresses were delivered by Rev. F. D. Greene, of Van, Armenia; Miss Rebecca Krikorian of Aintab, Turkey, the scene of the massacres, and Miss Margaret Leitch, of Jaffa, Ceylon.

A feature of the proceedings in this tent was the address delivered by Rev. H. Fay Mills, of Fort Edward, New York, in which he made hostile allusions to United States Minister Terrill, because the latter had advised the withdrawal of the American missionaries from points of danger in Armenia and criticised bitterly the president and the administration for failure to interfere in Turkey while, as he alleged, forming a quarrel with Great Britain over Venezuela.

President Clark presided over the meeting in Tent Williston, which was addressed by Rev. Joseph Brown Morgan, of England; Rev. Jesse M. Yonan, of Persia; Rev. George P. Gott, of Africa, and J. G. Hilder, of Germany.

The Rev. W. H. Shaw, of Boston, presided at the meeting in Tent Williston, which was addressed by Rev. Arnold Stroull, of England; S. C. K. Pugnani, of India; Bishop J. M. Thornburn, of India; Rev. W. H. Towers, of England, and Rev. H. S. Jennanayan, of Armenia.

The Big Central Hall was utilized for an hour or more this afternoon, when a largely attended reception took place. It was given by the officers and trustees of the United States to all the officers of the state, territorial and provincial unions now in the city.

Services in the three tents on the White Lot and in five of the largest churches of the city brought the convention of 1896 to close to-night. Music and singing, devotional exercises and a sermon were prominent features of these gatherings and they were followed in each instance by a consecration service of over half an hour.

At Tent Washington, President Clark, of Boston, presided. Right Rev. Maurice S. Baldwin, of London, preached the sermon.

Treasurer William Shaw, of Boston, presided at Tent Williston, Rev. F. N. Gardner, of East Boston, conducted the devotional exercises and Rev. James I. Vance, of Nashville, delivered the sermon.

Secretary John Willis Baer presided over the meeting in Tent Endeavor; Mr. E. O. Eckel, of Chicago, was musical director; devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. F. M. Lamb, of Kennebunkport, Maine, and Rev. William Patterson preached the sermon.

Those who participated in the meeting at the churches included the following:

Rev. W. H. McMillan, Allegheny, Pa.; Rev. John F. Millan, Appleton, Wis.; Rev. Ford C. Ottmann, Newark, N. J.; Rev. W. F. Wilson, Toronto; Mr. Charles N. Hunt, Minneapolis, Minn.; Rev. Canon J. B. Richardson, London, Ont.; Rev. John Nell, Toronto; Rev. Ralph Gillan, Malden, Mass.; Rev. Wallace Radford, Boston; Rev. P. B. Bliburn, Chicago; Rev. James T. Marsh, Kensington, Md.; Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, Philadelphia; Rev. B. Fay Mills, Fort Edward, New York.

Steamship Arrivals.

GLARGOW--Caledonia, from New York. GIBBALTAR--Pudra, from New York to Genoa. QUEENSTOWN--Scythia, Boston for Liverpool and proceeded.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, Fair Tuesday morning, followed by thunder showers in the afternoon; light to fresh variable winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature Saturday as observed by the U. S. Signal office at Parkersburg, was as follows:

7 a. m. 73° p. m. 70° 12 m. 87° p. m. 89° 12 m. 91° Weather--Fair.

A BAD PLIGHT.

Ohio County Democracy Badly Cut Over the Chicago

PLATFORM OF RANK POPULISM

And Anarchy--With Few Exceptions the Leaders will Bolt the Chicago Platform and Candidates--They will Not Move Until the Sound Money Forces of Their Party Act--The Intelligencer Gubernatorial Hall--P. W. Morris in Town.

The rumor that many sound money Democrats of Wheeling who had bolted the Chicago platform and candidates, would form a sound money organization in Ohio county this week, is incorrect. Yesterday afternoon an Intelligencer reporter talked with a gentleman who has been high in the councils of his party and who is held in high esteem throughout the community and state.

"Will the sound money men form a local organization?" was asked.

"No, they will not act at present," said the gentleman. "We do not propose to do anything until we see what is done by the leading men of the sound money wing of the Democracy. Should they deem it expedient to form a national organization and place a national ticket in the field, that ticket will receive support in Wheeling, and a local organization will be formed."

"Do you find the sound money sentiment strong in local Democratic circles?"

"Yes, it is very strong. I have talked with nearly all the leading Ohio county Democrats, those who, in the past, have influenced policy and selection of candidates by the party, and with two exceptions they have told me of their determination to vote for McKinley, with his obnoxious high protection ideas, rather than support Bryan."

"Is there anything objectionable in the Chicago platform aside from the free silver declaration?"

"Yes indeed there is. We object to the Populist wave of sentiment that guided and controlled every act of that convention. We could not swallow that platform and its candidates even should there have been no free silver declaration. We object more, in fact, to the declarations regarding interference by the strong arm of the national government, through the highest judicial tribunal of the land--The United States supreme court, where lawlessness reigns, than we do to the declarations on money and finance. Nothing could be more dangerous to the safety of the nation than the triumph of such principles."

JUDGE BENNETT'S

Name will Surely be Presented, to the Wheeling Convention for the Gubernatorial Nomination--Lewis for Him.

The Intelligencer has received the following from a well known Democratic politician of Lewis county, who is near to Judge Bennett, and no doubt voices the feelings of the judge relative to his passive candidacy for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination:

WESTON, W. Va., July 9, 1896. To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR--Your table of the gubernatorial preferences is attracting considerable attention. In the interest of entire accuracy, however, I desire to correct your statement as to this county being solidly for Watts. Outside of a small coterie of Mr. McKinley's appointees at the hospital he has no positive strength, although it may be possible that some of the delegates will prefer him to either Smith or Ralphsnyder.

This county is solid for Judge Bennett and you can safely transfer the seven votes you have given to Watts over to the Bennett column. You will find that he is not out of the race. His nomination for the judgeship signifies nothing. Not being a candidate in the sense of making an active personal canvass for the gubernatorial nomination, he could not well refuse the nomination for judge, but rely upon it that his name will be presented to the convention at Wheeling, as his friends are more determined than ever that this shall be done.

A DEMOCRAT.

As Judge Bennett is undoubtedly in the field according to the letter