

# The Daily Intelligencer

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## Daily Intelligencer Reduced to 10 Cents Per Week.

### NIAGARA POWER

Of the Great Niagara Falls Must Now Earn Its Own Living.

IS UNDER THE CONTROL OF MAN.

Whose Inventive Genius Has Accomplished Wonders.

FORTY THOUSAND HORSE POWER

Immediately Made Available by the Turning of a Switch at Midnight--Street Cars Are Now Run by the Falls, and, Under the Contract, all the Industries of the City will be Run--Greatest Engineering Feat of the Century Accomplished.

**BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 15.**—At midnight to-night the turning of a switch in the big power house at Niagara Falls completed a circuit which caused Niagara river to fall up hill, so to speak, by returning a fraction of its restless energy, which had already swept the gates of Buffalo, back into that city twenty-seven miles distant. The harness was buckled that hitches the factory wheels of Buffalo to the greatest cataract on earth. Monday morning the street cars of this city will move by falls power. Hereafter the falls must work enough to earn their living.

The buckling of the harness could have been done as well twelve hours earlier, but owing to the fact that the father of William B. Rankine, of New York, secretary of the Niagara Falls Power Company, is a clergyman, in deference to his wishes the Niagara Falls power was not turned into the transmitting system at noon to-day as had been expected. The connections were made at midnight to-night. The feet of experts having the work in charge were busy all of last night and until late this evening, testing the various connections and going over the machinery to make sure that everything was in proper order. When everything was in readiness for the switch to be thrown over, the electricians were confident that there need be no cessation of the current set flowing over the wires of the Buffalo street railway system.

The distance covered by the line between Buffalo and the falls is twenty-seven miles and the expert electricians who have the work in charge estimate that the loss of energy will be less than 10 per cent, and may not much exceed five. Careful tests are to be made in this connection, the tests covering both night and day and clear as well as rainy weather. The electricians are paying particular attention to this test to see on the perfect insulation of the carrying line depends much of the future success of the undertaking.

The line that has been built to carry the current bearing wires is of a most substantial nature. Unlike the ordinary telegraph line, the poles are placed very close together and are braced in such a manner as to be proof against heavy storms. At curves the poles are set double and are guyed to numerous smaller poles to prevent sagging. The overhead line extends from the power house at the falls to the city limits of Buffalo where the wires enter cement conduits. On the overhead line glass insulators are found unequal to the strain and porcelain insulators were made especially to hold the wires.

These insulators were subjected to a current of 30,000 volts before being put in use. There are at present on the poles eight cables each with a carrying capacity of 5,000 horse-power, or 40,000 horse-power in all. The poles are of such a substantial character, however, that this number of cables can be doubled without subjecting them to a greater strain than is considered safe. The only contract made so far for the delivery of power in Buffalo by the power company is that with the Buffalo street railway company for one thousand horse-power. Under the contract with the city the completion of the undertaking of delivering power in Buffalo was not obligatory before last June. It was in order to secure the contract with the street railway company that the work was hurried through so far ahead of time. Contracts with others desiring to use the electrical power will now be made and it is thought that by the opening of spring the power will be well distributed throughout the city.

Since the inception of the undertaking and during its carrying out the company have frequently called upon Messrs. Edison and Tesla for advice and these famous masters of electricity have been frequent visitors to the Niagara Falls power house to solve technical problems. The power will sell in Buffalo for \$36 for a horse-power per annum and under its contract with the city the company must increase its capacity 10,000 horse-power per year until the maximum of 600,000 horse-power has been reached.

**The Public Interest.**  
**NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 15.**—The fact that at midnight was to begin the transmission of electrical power from the falls to Buffalo for the first time, drew a very large crowd of people to the power house of the Niagara Falls Power Company to-night. So many were trying to gain admission to the place that at 9 o'clock the doors had to be closed. Those present in the power house proper were: Messrs. W. B. Rankine, secretary of the company; W. A. Breckinridge, resident engineer; Paul M. Lamson, electrical superintendent; I. I. Edwards, of the General Electric Company, and the Hon. Ely Edmonds had charge of the transformer houses. At 11:45 Messrs. Rankine, Breckinridge and Lamson took positions on the

### A LITTLE LATE

**But It Goes--Chairman Butler Pled with Watson to Modify His Letter.**  
**WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 15.**—In view of the fact that the letter of Tom Watson, accepting the vice presidential nomination of the Populist party, has been published, Senator Marlon Butler to-day made public his reply, written when Mr. Watson's letter was received, in which he took exception to its tone. The reply is as follows:  
**WASHINGTON, October 26.**  
Hon. Thomas E. Watson, Thompson, Ga.  
DEAR SIR:—Your letter of acceptance received Saturday night. It had been detained in the postoffice for want of sufficient postage.  
You, in effect, advise Populists not to support the joint electoral tickets that have been arranged in a large number of states. Is it possible that you fully appreciate the effect of such advice? At least, upon reflection, you must know that if enough Populists should follow such advice, it would mean the defeat of Bryan and the election of McKinley. Besides, if your advice should be followed by enough Populists, the People's party would not have a single elector in the electoral college. In the states where we have joint electoral tickets, we will get every elector that we do get; and besides it is in these states where we will get the bulk. If not all, of the People's party congressmen, in your own state, and other states which have followed your advice against electoral tickets, we will not get a single elector, and I fear not many congressmen, if any.  
You certainly cannot mean, however much you may have favored a middle of the road policy in the beginning, to advise your friends to do that which at this time would be the most effective agency in placing in power McKinley and his backers—the trusts and monopolies.  
Can any personal or party injustice, however great, justify us in being responsible, either directly or indirectly, for placing in power the stock jobbers, monopolists, trusts, the British gold ring and all of the combined robbers of the people and enemies of good government?  
Let us remember that it is a suffering humanity, whose prayers to-day go up from millions of homes for William J. Bryan in his heroic and marvelous struggle against the millions of corporate greed and the hellish gold conspiracy, let us sing every other consideration and hold up his hands and do the full duty of Americans and patriots. Let us remember that it is a suffering people and a betrayed republic, and not Democratic politicians, that to-day call for our help and demand our services. Bryan will be elected and the government redeemed if every patriot does his duty. Let us do ours.  
There, I beseech you to change at least that part of your letter which gives advice, which, if followed, would surely help the common enemy.  
If you do not, then you, yourself, must assume the responsibility of giving such a document to the public at this time. Yours truly,  
**MARION BUTLER.**

### BOOK SWINDLERS.

**A Great Scheme Worked by a Gang—One of the Men Arrested.**  
**NEW YORK, Nov. 15.**—Joseph J. Simpson, aged thirty, who has been residing at the New England hotel in this city, was arraigned before Magistrate Mott in Jefferson market court to-day, charged with larceny. He was arrested at the request of the chief of police of Boston. It is said that Simpson is one of a gang that has been operating extensively in Boston and Philadelphia and which is believed to be one of the many ramifications of the "big game" swindlers headed by Peter and Thomas who are already under arrest. Book dealers were their victims, according to the story.  
One of the gang would secure a position as a book agent to sell publications on instalments. One of the confederates would buy a set of books through the bogus agent, who would thereupon receive the commission for the sale. The confederate would then disappear with the books and dispose of them to dealers in old books or to junk shops. The dealers in Boston and Philadelphia have sustained heavy losses by their operations. Simpson admitted that he knew of the people who are said to be implicated with him, but he denied all knowledge of the crime which is charged against him. He held in \$1,000 to await extradition papers from Boston.

### RELIGIOUS MANIA

**That Possessed an Entire Family—Remarkable Case in Ontario.**  
**BOWMANVILLE, Ont., Nov. 15.**—A most extraordinary case of religious mania is reported from a farm house near the Long Sault. There, for a number of years resided Elijah Rice, his wife and fifteen children. The eldest son, Louis, 22 years old, recently became insane and announced himself as the "Prince of the Sand Hills," and declared that Christ had appointed him to reform the world.  
The mania extended to the father, mother and the other children, who neglected the farm and spent their time in singing and praying. Recently the father conceived the idea that Louis was pursued by the devil and that it must be beaten out of him. Louis was knocked down with a log of a chair and Mr. and Mrs. Rice and two of the sons pounded him into insensibility. When this was accomplished they were satisfied that the devil was driven out.  
Their next move was to celebrate the feast of the passover and one of the little children was to be sacrificed as the "pascal lamb." One of the sons, a mere boy, told this to the clergyman who informed the police. On visiting the farm they found Rice and his son suffering from intense mania and had them removed to Kingston insane asylum. The doctors think that the other members will recover.

### MISSIONARY BISHOPS

**Extended a Farewell at Detroit--Thoburn and Hartzell Given God Speed.**  
**DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 15.**—Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church who are attending the general missionary committee meeting occupied the pulpit in most of the leading Protestant churches of Detroit to-day and addressed large congregations. This afternoon a mass meeting was held in the Central Methodist Episcopal church, which was in the nature of a farewell to Bishop Thoburn and Bishop Hartzell.  
Bishop Thoburn is about returning to India, where, for thirty-eight years, he has had charge of the Methodist Episcopal mission work of the country; Bishop Hartzell is about to leave for Africa, having been elected by the Methodist Episcopal conference to the head of that field as successor to Bishop William Taylor. Both made inspiring and very hopeful addresses regarding their work and its great future prospects. At the close of the service the congregation had the opportunity of personally saying farewell to both the missionary bishops and their wives.

### A Religious Senation.

**CHICAGO, Nov. 15.** Rev. Dr. H. W. Thomas, for seventeen years pastor of the Peoples' church of this city, to-day announced that he had taken Rev. Frank B. Vrooman as an associate in his ministerial work. Dr. Thomas, who is a large measure step down and out of the pulpit which he erected in McKeville's theatre.  
Simultaneously with the announcement was the resignation of Mr. Vrooman of the pastorate of the Kenwood Presbyterian church. This is the sequel of the action of the synod of Illinois October 22, appointing Mr. Vrooman to the Presbyterian ministry.  
In fulfillment of what has long been his desire, Dr. Thomas will leave in about two months on an extended trip through the south and west, to preach the doctrines of the Peoples' church and of liberal religion in the large cities. The trip will extend over five months.  
Mr. Vrooman's work in his new field will begin next Sunday. A considerable portion of the members of his old congregation will ally themselves with the Peoples' church.

### Pan American Medical Congress.

**CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 15.**—Several hundred doctors from the United States, Canada, Cuba, Porto Rico and Central and South America, have arrived here to attend the second Pan American Medical Congress which will be presided over by Dr. Casanova, Del Valle, noted for his original investigations. Resident physicians are formed in committees for the reception and entertainment. The programme for the week includes a reception at the castle of Chapultepec by President Diaz and excursions to points of interest. The hotels are crowded with tourists. The delegates of the Congress and Mexican Gulf Railway Company will probably be rendered in a few days.

### Caused by Jealousy.

**DENVER, Col., Nov. 15.**—A special to the News from Glenwood Springs, Colorado, says: James B. Shurrier, a color printer, to-day shot and probably fatally wounded Miss Nina Cornell and slightly wounded James E. Wilson, her escort, and then went to take a bullet through his own heart. Jealousy was the cause.

### JEWISH WOMEN.

**Their National Council in Session in New York City.**  
**REPRESENTING MANY STATES.**  
**A Notable Convention--Banded Together for Education and Right--Jewish Women Can Work Together and Accomplish Definite Results--They Set the Example of Sabbath Keeping--A Jew Always a Patriot, and the Women Join With Their Christian Sisters.**  
**NEW YORK, Nov. 15.**—The first convention of the National Jewish Women was opened to-day in the Tuxedo hall. There were 120 delegates present, including about fifty from New York City. Great preparations had been made for the convention and the delegates from out of town commenced to arrive on Friday last. The session opened at 3 o'clock, at which nearly all of the delegates were present. Many of them had never been in New York and the officers of the local section spent two hours in introducing them to the people of New York, who comprise a good majority of the council.  
After the delegates had registered and the credentials presented the meeting adjourned for the night session.  
Among the prominent delegates present are Mrs. Carrie L. Benjamin, of Denver, Colo.; Mrs. Rebecca Hirsch, of Atlanta, Ga.; Mrs. Ellen M. Henrotin, of Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. Eda L. Nussbaum, of Indianapolis, Ind.; Cecil R. Hirsch, Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. Hattie Heller, St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. Bertha L. Frank, Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. Nina M. Cohen, Minneapolis, Minn.; Mrs. Theresa Grata, Newark, N. J.; Mrs. Ella H. Phillipson, Cincinnati, Pa.; Mrs. Pauline H. Rosenberg, Philadelphia, Pa.; Mrs. Nellie L. Miller, Memphis, Tenn.  
The delegate from Canada is Mrs. Meldola de Sola.  
The officers of the council, all of whom are from Chicago and are present, are: President, Mrs. H. Solomon; vice president, Mrs. E. Mendel; treasurer, Mrs. H. J. Seitz, corresponding secretary, Miss Sadie American; recording secretary, Mrs. T. J. Wolf.  
Eighteen states have representatives at the convention. The convention was opened to-night by a prayer by the Rev. Dr. R. Kohler, after which Mrs. Sophie Baer, vice president for New York state, made the address of welcome. She said that the delegates would learn during the convention what had been accomplished by the council since the formation three years ago. The convention, she said, is very important to Jewish women and will do much to band them together for the coming battle of education and right.  
Mrs. Rebecca Kohut, president of the New York section, made an address. She said:  
"It has been said that women could never work together. Yet Jewish women can work together and accomplish definite results. I am thrilled at the possibilities of the outcome of this convention. We are sisters in one religion and we meet to-night because there is a better knowledge of our relations. In this convention we must set the example of Sabbath keeping. We have left our homes to devise means to help the community and let us not make any errors. You will find a Jew a patriot in every sense of the word. In every class of educational work we will join our Christian sisters."  
Mrs. Solomon, as president, was then introduced. She announced short speeches by Mary Howe Dickinson, of New York; Ellen M. Henrotin, Chicago; Mrs. E. Sande, New York; Dr. Henry Berkevit, Philadelphia; Oscar S. Strauss, New York; Dr. H. M. Leipsch, New York; and Rabbi Frica, of Cleveland, Ohio. These addresses were of five minutes each and were upon the good work done in the many branches of the council.  
Mrs. Solomon closed the night session by reading an address in which she thanked the women of New York and other sections who have done so much for the council and the education of the young. She predicted continued success and said that Jewish people all over the world are looking forward to the action of the convention.  
The convention will convene at 9:30 o'clock Monday, when reports of committees will be heard.

### NEGRO LYNCHED

**For an Assault on a Young Girl--Was Riddled with Bullets.**  
**MCKENZIE, Tenn., Nov. 15.**—Last night near this town Charley Allen, a negro, was lynched, being shot to death by a band of armed men, for an assault on Miss Betty Seal, a respectable white girl, aged fourteen, and an orphan. The negro committed the outrage about dusk yesterday afternoon. The girl was returning from the cotton field. The cries of the girl brought assistance after the negro had fled. She told her story, pursuit was instituted, the negro caught and fully identified and under guard was started to McKenzie.  
The news had reached McKenzie and a crowd left at once for the scene. The guards hearing of the crowd coming changed their course and when about a mile from town unknown parties attacked the negro and completely riddled him with bullets, leaving the body on the roadside where hundreds viewed it to-day.

### To Believe Gallagher.

**NEW YORK, Nov. 15.**—At a meeting of the amnesty and association to-day arrangements were made for the holding of a massive gathering of the Irish race in this city for the purpose of augmenting the funds for the caring of Dr. Thomas Gallagher and George Albert Whitehead, ex-political prisoners, now confined in the sanitarium at Amityville, L. I. Delegates are expected from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Boston and other towns.

### Committed Suicide.

**HUDSON, N. Y., Nov. 15.**—Dr. W. H. Stickle, a physician of Philmont, shot himself to-night and is not expected to live. Two shots were fired from a pistol, both bullets taking effect just below the right ear. He has been prominent in politics and is well known in all the Hudson river towns. He is postmaster at Philmont.

### For Secretary of Agriculture.

**CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 15.**—Charles B. Murray, editor of the Price Current and superintendent of the Cincinnati chamber of commerce, is being prominently presented for secretary of agriculture. Mr. Murray has a national reputation as a statistician and his crop reports are accepted as authority everywhere. He is not a politician and has never been active in politics, but is being urged by the business interests of this city which look an active part for McKinley regardless of political alliances. It is quite likely, however, that Mr. Murray will conclude from a state that will preclude serious consideration of his case.

### Gardiner Issues a Challenge.

**NEW YORK, Nov. 15.**—Arthur Gardner, the fast western rider, through his adviser, John West, has issued a challenge to E. C. Bald, of Buffalo, or Tom Cooper, of Detroit, to a series of three unpaired races, the distances to be one mile, two miles and five miles, for a purse of either \$1,000 or \$2,000 for the winner to take all. The races are to be run within thirty days after the articles are signed. It is immaterial to me on which track or at what point the races shall be held and the only condition I shall impose is that the men start from opposite sides of the track, both riding in the same direction. I have deposited \$500 with George Stewart, president of the Thistle Cycling Club, Chicago, Ill.

### SPANISH REPORTS

**Concerning the Cuban War--General Weyler's Movements.**  
**HAVANA, Nov. 15.**—No very explicit news has been received from Captain General Weyler, but it is known that after the engagement at the Rubi hills he continued his march into the interior of the mountains towards Soroa and he succeeded in penetrating to points which no other Spanish columns have ever reached. He has had several skirmishes with the insurgents, notwithstanding the advantage of position which they hold in these mountain strongholds, but he has not succeeded in confronting any considerable force of the insurgents. The insurgents have again attacked the village of Conado and have cannonaded it, but without inflicting any damage, the Spanish sharpshooters having silenced the artillery by picking off the gunners.  
Eighty-eight families and four hundred and eighty-two men have been concentrated at Mantura in Pinar del Rio.  
Captain General Weyler is now at Olenga.

### A SPANISH LOAN.

**The Government will Ask for \$50,000,000 To-day--Partly for Cuban Expenses.**  
**WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.**—Senator Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister here, has received news from Madrid to the effect that on to-morrow morning at that the government will make an announcement asking for public subscriptions on a loan of \$50,000,000. While the minister said that the loan was not to be made purposely for the immediate purchase of munitions and equipments for war, yet it was probable that the bulk of the money would be used to defray expenses of the conflict now going on in Cuba.  
Minister de Lome has received a telegram from an official source, saying that a private canvass has been made of bankers and brokers of Madrid with the intention of finding out how much they would subscribe and that so far, different financiers have promised to take up bonds amounting to over sixty million dollars.

### How They Work It.

**LONDON, Nov. 15.**—The Times' Madrid correspondent dwells upon the unusual means being adopted to insure the success of the new Spanish loan.  
"Appeals amounting to commands," he says, "have been issued from the interior, finance and marine ministry and to the provincial authorities to adopt exceptional measures to secure large subscriptions. The newspapers are filled with exhortations to patriotism from prominent men headed by the minister of finance, Senor Juan Navarro Rivero. The loan is more like a national charitable subscription than an ordinary financial operation."  
**National Defence Committee.**  
**HAVANA, Nov. 15.**—The committee of national defence to-day held a meeting presided over by the governor and agreed to name committees for the provinces who are to invite the presidents of political parties to join the committees in the work they seek to accomplish. The committee of national defence also resolved to take steps to organize the labor of the island for work in the agricultural districts.  
The sub-director of the Spanish bank, Senor Manuel Calvo and several bankers have united in an agreement to-night to subscribe a loan of a million dollars.

### To Enter Chicago.

**CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 15.**—The Commercial Tribune says:  
Senator Brice has not only contracted with the Wabash railway for an entry into Chicago from the Cincinnati, Jackson and Mackinaw and the Ohio Southern railways, but he has also arranged for the general offices of his new system to be located in Chicago. He will have a direct line from Cincinnati to Chicago and also from all of the central and southeastern points in Ohio to Chicago. General Manager George L. Drabbury, of the Lake Erie & Western and Fort Wayne, Cincinnati and Louisville railways has just established headquarters in Chicago and will be so situated as to cooperate with the new system.

### Agricultural Implement Makers.

**NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 15.**—Tuesday morning the annual convention of the national association of agricultural implement and vehicle manufacturers will meet in the state capitol and will continue in session four days. Extensive preparations have been made for the entertainment of the delegates.

### Socialist Outrage.

**PATRAS, Greece, Nov. 15.**—A Socialist killed a rich merchant named Frango Paulo in the open street here and was afterwards arrested. The incident has caused a sensation and it is the first outrage of the kind which has occurred in Greece.

### TREATY OF PEACE

**Signed Between Italy and King of Abyssinia**  
**PENDING A FINAL AGREEMENT**  
**To Determine the Frontiers--An Outcome of the Recent Italian Defeat--Italy Will Cede the Territory to Any Other Power, If She Abandons It the Country Will Return to Ethiopian Rule--Menelik Sends a Friendly Message to Humbert.**  
**ROME, Nov. 15.**—Under date of Addisaba, October 26, Major Verazzini, Italy's envoy plenipotentiary to the Negus Menelik of Abyssinia, has telegraphed to the Italian government as follows:  
"I have to-day with great solemnity signed a treaty of peace and a convention for the release of the prisoners (in Menelik's hands). The treaty provides for the restoration of the status quo pending the appointment of delegates by Italy and Abyssinia a year hence to determine the frontiers by friendly agreement. It recognizes the absolute independence of Ethiopia and abrogates the Uccialli treaty. Italy undertakes in the meantime not to cede the territory to any other power. Should she desire spontaneously to abandon the territory it would return to the Ethiopian rule."  
By the Uccialli treaty concluded in 1889 between Menelik and Italy, Abyssinia became an Italian protectorate. The settlement announced above by Major Verazzini is the outcome of Italian reverses at the hands of the Abyssinians.  
Major Verazzini telegraphs further as follows:  
"The treaty provides for the conclusion of a further commercial treaty if necessary. The present treaty will be communicated to the powers and ratified a month hence. The convention, after detailing the arrangement for the release of the prisoners provides that Italy shall indemnify Abyssinia by a sum which the Negus leaves to Italy's sense of equity for the expenses incurred in the maintenance of the Italian prisoners."  
The Negus Menelik sends a simultaneous dispatch to King Humbert announcing the signature to the treaty and adding: "May God always keep my friends," and expressing the hope that it will make November 20 a great festival in King Humbert's family "Memorable as a day of joy for the parent Italian prisoners. May God long preserve the life of your majesty."

### FAMINE IN INDIA.

**American Corn Can Find a Ready Sale, Hoping for Rain.**  
**LONDON, Nov. 15.**—A correspondent telegraphs to the Times from Allahabad, India, as follows:  
"Distress is beginning to be felt in the ceded districts of Madras. Rev. Mr. Campbell, a British missionary, writes from Cuddapah urging the importation of American maize, which," he says, "is half the price of wheat, and would find a ready sale in our up-country villages. It is grown in many parts of the ceded districts and from its resemblance to Cholam would be preferred to either rice or ragi, while it could be sold much cheaper than any of the Indian grains."  
"If the government will not undertake such a work surely there are merchants in Madras prepared to benefit the public with a prospect of a fair profit. Maize would also find a ready sale in upper India."  
This correspondent also quotes an article from the Pioneer dealing with the drought. It expects a good rainfall from the latter half of December onward, but none before that.

### Bismarck Gratified.

**LONDON, Nov. 15.**—A dispatch from Vienna to the Times quotes the Neue Freie Presse as saying that the gist of a recent talk with Prince Bismarck was that he felt satisfied with the results of his so-called revelations regarding relations of Germany and Russia prior to 1890. French nervousness, he said, had reached such a height that her confidence in Russia's support in any contingency made the danger of war quite imminent.

### He Doubts It.

**LONDON, Nov. 15.**—The Paris correspondent of the Times with reference to the reports that President Faure will visit Russia by sea in order to avoid traversing foreign territory, and also that he will visit England on the occasion of the Victoria celebration next year, thinks that neither project is likely to be executed.

### French Commerce.

**LONDON, Nov. 15.**—The Times Paris dispatch says that the October trade returns show an increase in the imports and a decline in the exports.

### Archbishop Ireland.

**ROME, Nov. 15.**—The Italic says that the rumors of the deposition of Archbishop Ireland from the diocese of St. Paul are evidently untrue, because under the present pontiff there has been only a single deposition which was that of Bishop Tournai who was insane. The Italic, however, suggests as possible, that if Archbishop Ireland committed further imprudences, the irritation of the Vatican would be so great that he might be invited to resign.

### Standard Inspection Tour.

**LIMA, Ohio, Nov. 15.**—The leading officials of the Standard Oil Company, were here to-day on a tour of inspection. They will go through the Indiana field and inspect the Cudahy pipe line with a view to purchasing it. It is said the Standard will soon expend \$1,500,000 in improvements on its refineries.

### Steamship Arrivals.

**HAVRE--Arrived:** La Bourgogne, New York.  
**QUEENSTOWN--Sailed:** Etruria, New York.  
**NEW YORK--Sailed:** Victoria, Glasgow.

### Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair, brisk southerly winds, gradually clearing; slowly rising temperature; southerly winds.  
**Local Temperature.**  
The temperature Saturday as observed by C. Schepff, druggist, corner Fourteenth and Market streets, was as follows:  
7 a. m. .... 29.0  
9 a. m. .... 29.5  
12 m. .... 30.0  
3 p. m. .... 31.0  
6 p. m. .... 31.5  
9 p. m. .... 32.0  
Weather--Clear.

### SUNDAY.

7 a. m. .... 46.0  
9 a. m. .... 47.0  
12 m. .... 48.0  
3 p. m. .... 49.0  
6 p. m. .... 50.0  
9 p. m. .... 51.0  
Weather--Fair.