

DE ARMITT'S MINES

Entire Force of Striking Miners Centered There.

LARGE DELEGATIONS ARRIVED

During the Night and Encamped to Await Daylight.

MARCHED WITH BRASS BANDS

Their Demonstrations, However, Do Not Appear to Have Had Any Pronounced Effect on the Men Working in the New York & Cleveland's Company's Pits, Debs and Others Address a Large Gathering--De Armitt Claims that All His Mines are Working, and will be Tomorrow--Secretary Warner, Last Night, Asserted that 200 Men Had Resolved Not to Go to Work To-day.

PITTSBURGH, July 29.--Oak Hill in the vicinity of Turtle Creek, Plum Creek and Sandy Creek mines of DeArmitt, was invaded after midnight by an army of strikers, who came to attend the great mass meeting to be held near the mines to-day. It is estimated that by day-break there were several thousand miners encamped upon the hills surrounding the property of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company.

They came from every direction headed by brass bands. Large delegations arrived from Wilkes, Gastonville, Pinleyville and other parts along the Wheeling division. Nearly all of them carried heavy walking sticks and some were armed. There were no threats of violence, however, and no indications of drinking. Many were supplied with food enough to last two days.

Immediately upon reaching Oak Hill the strikers prepared for camp. The scenes around Turtle Creek after midnight were strange. Poor clad miners stretched themselves out in the softest spots they could find, and slept with their arms folded under their heads for pillows. The squads from each mine camped together stacking their formidable walking sticks and banners together. Each detachment was in charge of men selected before the march began who acted as officers. The foreigners had their own officers and the English speaking miners theirs. Orders were implicitly followed.

In the valley leading up from Turtle Creek to one of the New York and Cleveland mines the company had a powerful search light. It was kept shifting about in hopes of flanking any movement of the strikers to creep within reach of the mine unknown to the deputies, who guarded the approach.

Long before daylight the strikers were up and after eating their frugal meal prepared for the day's work. The intention was to see as many of DeArmitt's men before they got into the pits this morning as possible.

About 4 o'clock 1,500 strikers assembled at Turtle Creek and headed by three brass bands, with flags and banners flying, marched past the houses occupied by DeArmitt's miners.

When the meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning there was a large crowd of striking miners in attendance.

About 9:30 o'clock 250 miners from the Sandy Creek mines marched to the meeting and quite a large number came from Turtle Creek.

No Effect on Plum Creek Miners.

The demonstration had no effect upon the men at Plum Creek, and all went to work. The strikers used all their powers of persuasion upon the diggers, but none were molested and no threats were made.

Previous to the meeting Eugene V. Debs, District President Dolan, Secretary Warner and M. P. Carriek went among the strikers and counseled them to keep within the bounds of the law and preserve good order throughout the day. Their advice was received with good grace by the men, who cheered the officials enthusiastically.

President Dolan was made chairman of the meeting and in a short speech he accused Mr. De Armitt of insincerity. He said that if De Armitt's men did not come out there would be a sympathy strike all over the United States.

M. P. Carriek was next introduced and he said that working men all over the United States are interested in this strike because it will have a tendency to raise wages everywhere. "If you men of De Armitt's mines will not come out now we will march 50,000 men here and compel you to come out; not by force, but by shame. We will shame you out by our starving women and children. You are clogging the wheels of commerce, and the whole labor world will strike in sympathy with us, if need be. Resort to no violence, my friends. Trust in your leaders, and we will win this strike in other ways than by violence."

When Eugene V. Debs was introduced there was great enthusiasm. He said: "I am not here to encourage passion, but to appeal to reason. You are in the midst of the greatest contest the world has ever known. Whether you succeed or fail depends on yourselves. In order to win you must remain absolutely sober until this contest is over. Whisky clouds the brain, robs you of your money and makes you brutal, and also makes you do just what your enemies want you to do."

Sandy Creek Miners Return to Work. After the meeting the Sandy Creek miners returned to work and the strikers went into camp and had lunch. The presence of the deputy sheriffs was not needed as there was no trouble of any kind.

Mr. De Armitt to-night makes the following statement:

"A few of our men from the Turtle Creek and Plum Run mines attended the meeting. About forty of the younger men in the Sandy Creek mine were present. As far as the effect of the meeting on our men is concerned it was a flat failure. All of our mines were in operation and will be to-morrow."

A large force of deputies is on duty and developments of a sensational nature are liable to occur at any time. The men in the camp will be supplied with food.

Late to-night, William Warner, secretary of the miners' union, telephoned that a break in De Armitt's men had taken place. He says that after the day meeting another meeting was arranged for to-night, and it was attended by many of the men who have been at work. Several local speakers, he says, pushed the matter before them in such a convincing way that the 200 men from De Armitt's Turtle Creek mine resolved not to return to work in the

morning. Secretary Warner says this is the most important result of the big meeting, and it will be taken advantage of at once to influence the men at the other two mines to come out. The miners' officials are jubilant over this victory. Eugene Debs left the city to-night for Columbus, on business which he declined to make public. Before leaving he expressed himself as greatly encouraged. He expects great results from to-day's meeting.

MINERS' BULLETIN

On the Strike Situation--Confident of Winning the Fight.

COLUMBUS, O., July 29.--Bulletin No. 2 from the headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America, to the miners and mine laborers of the country, says, in part: We have greater confidence of victory than ever. The supply of coal on hand is still low and would have been entirely consumed before this time were it not for a few sections of West Virginia, southern Illinois and a portion of Kentucky, central and northeastern Pennsylvania, (anthracite) where no effort as yet has been made to have them join our movement--which, when done, will soon decide the contest.

The organized labor of the country, without respect to forms or past differences, are making our fight their fight and have thrown all available force morally and financially into the movement.

In western Pennsylvania 1,000 men have stopped work since the last bulletin was issued. This makes a total of 21,000 men now idle. In Ohio 28,000, or all, are idle.

In Kentucky and Tennessee little change has occurred since the last bulletin was issued. About 4,000 miners are idle there.

The miners are congratulated on being peaceful and are counseled to continue so.

In Indiana the supply of coal is almost shut off and 8,000 miners are idle. Fully 35,000 mine workers in Illinois have laid down their tools. The suspension is practically general. The only coal mined is in the southern field. Organizers believe that all will stop in a few days.

West Virginia has been the main battle ground. The Fairmont district is completely tied up with 13,000 mine workers idle in the state. Indications point to a complete cessation of work before August 1.

FAIRMONT INJUNCTION

Governor Atkinson and Ex-Governor Fleming Talk the Matter Over.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 29.--Messrs. Gompers, Ratford and Sovereign, the committee who came here yesterday to confer with Governor Atkinson, left early this morning. Gompers went to Washington, D. C.; Ratford to Columbus, Ohio, and Sovereign to Fort Wayne. The governor told them that as soon as he received an official copy of the injunction issued by Judge Mason and examined it, he would send his reply by mail to each member of the committee. The governor has telegraphed for a copy of the injunction and he expects to receive it by to-morrow.

Governor Atkinson had a long conversation to-day by telephone with ex-governor Fleming at Fairmont relative to the injunction. Governor Atkinson was of the opinion that it was too far-reaching in its effects, but Governor Fleming said that it had been prepared with great care and was in accordance with all decisions of the courts upon the subject.

FIRST CONFLICT

Between Law Officers and Strikers Takes Place at McGovern's Pit.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.--The first conflict between the law and the striking miners at McGovern took place this morning when Jim McManus, Tom Hayes, Ted and Andrew Savage were arrested and brought to Washington. The men are charged with having trespassed on the Allison mine property in contempt of President Judge J. A. McIlvaine. It is said they loitered along a path leading to the pit mouth and used abusive language to the men going to work, such as "black sheep," "scab," etc., and singing "We'll hang black sheep to a sour apple tree," to the tune of "John Brown's body lies moldering in the grave."

They were put under bail to answer on Monday.

Mahon Leaves for Charleston.

COLUMBUS, O., July 29.--President W. D. Mahon, of the street car employees' association, left to-night for Charleston, W. Va., where he will establish headquarters for the miners' organizers. The organizers bureau will be under the direct supervision of Mr. Mahon, who will have control of the miners forces in West Virginia. The state has been divided into three districts, with a labor leader in charge of each. J. W. Rae, of Chicago, vice president of the painters' and decorators' national union, will have charge of the Fairmont district; Robert Askew, president of the Mineral National Association, will have charge of the Elkhorn district, and Chris Evans, ex-Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, will have charge of the New River district.

To March on Stickie Hollow.

WEST NEWTON, Pa., July 29.--It is reported here to-night that the striking miners along the Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers will march to Stickie Hollow, to induce, if possible, the miners of the Washington Coal and Coke Company and Perry Coal Company to join their ranks. The former company is reported to be preparing to receive the men, and before making the bloody scenes of 1894 in that place may be repeated.

Lieutenants for West Virginia.

COLUMBUS, O., July 29.--W. D. Mahon, in charge of the miners' West Virginia campaign, has named J. W. Iles as chief lieutenant in the Fairmont district, and R. Askew in the Elk-horn district.

Think the Company will Give In.

SCOTTSDALE, Pa., July 29.--Everything is quiet about the rolling mill to-day, no demonstration of any kind having taken place since last night. The company now has about fifty-five non-union men at work. Several crews were expected last night and this morning, but the only arrivals were three boys. The Amalgamated men claim that notwithstanding the facts that the mill is in operation, they have the strike practically won, as the iron being made is not good and that the constant breakdowns will prove too costly an experiment.

The men are obliged to come to the strikers' terms. So far there has not been a single break in the ranks of the strikers.

ARE ENTRENCHED.

Another Feature of the Deputy Marshals' Cases.

THE MARSHAL'S APPOINTEES.

Although Approved by the Attorney General were Not Permitted to be Sworn in by Judge Jackson, and the Democratic Incumbents are More Firmly Fixed than Ever--The Order of the Courts was Only Made to be Consistent with the Previously Rendered Decision, Declaring Them to be Within the Classified List. Case will be Taken to Higher Courts.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 29.--Office deputies Priddle, Ayleshire and Randolph are still in possession of three plums in Marshal Thompson's office.

According to another order issued by Judge Jackson this morning they are even more firmly entrenched. That is to say, Judge Jackson refused to writing a decision he reached yesterday. By an order issued he has refused to allow C. D. Elliott, W. H. Ramp and C. M. Shrewsbury to be sworn in as office deputies. This order is in harmony with Judge Jackson's elaborate decision rendered yesterday and opens up no new feature in the case.

The order reads as follows: Ex-parte: Charles D. Elliott, William H. Ramp and Charles M. Shrewsbury, upon application, to be sworn in as office deputy marshals. This day Joseph H. Gainer appeared in court and produced a letter of the Hon. Joseph McKenna, United States attorney-general, approving the recommendation of John K. Thompson for the appointment of Charles D. Elliott as chief office deputy, and William H. Ramp and Charles M. Shrewsbury as office deputies, and moved the court to swear them in as office deputies of John K. Thompson, United States marshal for the district of West Virginia. And the court having on this day filed its written opinion in case of B. L. Priddle vs. John K. Thompson, in which it holds and decides that the present deputy marshals in possession of the office are within the classified service, and not liable to be removed, declines and refuses to permit Charles D. Elliott, William H. Ramp and Charles M. Shrewsbury to be sworn in as office deputies of John K. Thompson, United States marshal for the district of West Virginia.

It is said that the Republicans whom Marshal Thompson seeks to appoint to do his clerical work will push their case to the highest court.

WRECK ON B. & O.

Near Grafton--Three Employees Injured and Nine Cars Smashed.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

GRAFTON, W. Va., July 29.--A serious freight wreck occurred a few miles west of here to-day, on the fourth division of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, in which three men were seriously injured. The wreck was caused by the drivers of the engine No. 583 jumping off the track. Nine flat cars, all loaded with crushed stone, were hurled over the bank.

The injured are Charley Limerick, engineer, hurt in the back; Fireman L. B. Hartman, side smashed; Supervisor James Malloy, seriously bruised by being thrown among the crushed stone.

Local passenger trains were detained by the way of Charleston and over the Monongahela river railroad. Traffic was delayed about eight hours.

"Cap" Hatfield Digs Out.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 29.--A report has just reached here that Cap Hatfield, the notorious outlaw, held for murder on two cases, had escaped from the Mingo jail this morning, by cutting his way out with a hatchet. A large reward is offered for him.

After Eleven Years.

WEICH, W. Va., July 29.--In the criminal court of this county, M. Lee was sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Thomas Cline. This murder was committed nearly eleven years ago, and Lee has been dodging the law ever since. This was one of the darkest crimes in the history of the county.

Pennsylvania Republicans.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.--Persons who are generally supposed to know what is going on among the people who are opposed to Senator Quay in Republican party affairs, said that they did not think the movement in favor of an independent Republican state ticket this year, if there is such a movement, had extended outside of the city of Pittsburgh, where it had been agitated. Hon. John Wanamaker said he knew nothing as to the probability of an independent ticket being placed in the field.

Hastings Still Chopping.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 29.--Governor Hastings to-night disposed of all the expense bills of the various legislative investigating committees. In nearly every case he disapproved the items in favor of members for "sleeping berths, parlor and dining car charges, carriage hire, mileage, telegram and telephone messages, preparing reports, clerk hire and personal expenses." The various bills for the attendance of the legislature at the McKinley inauguration, were also disapproved.

Nack and Thorn Plead Not Guilty.

NEW YORK, July 29.--Augusta Nack and Martin Thorn, accused of the murder of William Guldensuppe, were arraigned to plead in the court of general sessions to-day. They both entered the plea of not guilty and were remanded to the Tombs pending the fixing of a date for their trial.

Assured of Advanced Wages.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 29.--Delegates representing the wage committee of the window glass workers' association of the United States, met here to-day, to arrange the wage scale for the coming year. The delegates say they have assurance that their demand for an advance will be granted on the strength of additional tariff protection.

How Does It Know?

PARIS, July 29.--The Pictorial says: "An amicable settlement of the Hawaiian question will be reached, America yielding on the most important points to Japan."

PRESIDENT ESTABLISHED For His Summer Vacation--Visits the Weighing Machine.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., July 29.--The President and Mrs. McKinley occupy a suite of seven rooms on the second floor in the southwest corner of the hotel Champlain annex, connected with the main building by corridors. The rooms are the finest in the house and have been especially finished and furnished in elegant style and taste.

The President is delighted with the magnificent lake and mountain scenery. Mrs. McKinley is a good traveler and suffered no material fatigue from the journey. The President has appeared in public only once to-day, coming into the hotel lobby for a short time and visiting the weighing machine, where he tipped the scales at 191 pounds.

The President has had few callers to-day. General Peck, adjutant general of Vermont, came, representing the governor and people of the state of Vermont, with handsome offerings of flowers for the ladies of the presidential party. General Peck extracted a promise that the President would visit Burlington next Wednesday, and review the cavalry troops at Fort Ethan Allen and later attend a reception in his honor. The only other plans so far made by the President are a review of the Twenty-fourth U. S. Infantry and a reception by the officers at Plattsburg Post, to take place probably next Tuesday, then some time next week a trip by steamer to Isle la Motte as the guest of Senator Proctor and of the Vermont game and forestry commission.

All the cabinet officers will be here more or less during August and there will be informal cabinet meetings as occasion requires. Vice President Hobart is expected next week.

A RELATED MESSAGE

Found in Unpacking a Case of Havana Tobacco Leaf.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 29.--While unpacking a case of Havana leaf tobacco this afternoon, an employee of the firm of Vetterlein Bros., discovered the following letter upon a single sheet of note paper:

"HAYANA, April 4, 1896

"To Whom It May Concern.

"There is in Moro Castle three American men who were captured in Rio Del Pinar. They are not allowed to communicate to any one to apply for relief from the United States government. I take this means to notify persons in the states for them. They have papers for honorable discharge from the army in 1865. They give their homes as Germantown, Philadelphia. The men were on a tour of Cook's excursion."

(Signed.) "ANNIO LUCI, "Havana."

The cargo of tobacco, in which the message has laid, arrived at this port on the steamer Seneca from Havana, on April 10, 1896. It laid in the bonded warehouse until the latter part of last March, when the beginning of the tariff excitement caused a number of tobacco men to take out goods consigned to them.

Since that time the case had been standing in Vetterlein's store unopened. The letter was forwarded to the state department at Washington.

National Temperance Society.

OCEANO GROVE, N. J., July 29.--The National Temperance Society began its seventeenth annual camping here to-day, to continue until Sunday evening. Several of the best known temperance speakers in the union will attend. The speakers at the opening session were President Joshua I. Bailey and General Secretary James B. Dunn. This afternoon the camp was addressed by the Rev. C. H. Mead, E. I. Wells, of Chicago; Rev. Peter Stryker, of Asbury Park, and the Rev. W. C. Steele, D. D., of New York.

The addresses at the auditorium meeting this evening were by Principal Booker T. Washington, of the Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, and the Rev. O. P. Gifford, D. D., of Buffalo.

Show Increase of Business.

CHICAGO, July 29.--The Wholesale Grocer will publish to-morrow answers from jobbers all over the country to questions regarding trade. The replies were from jobbers in 27 states and 50 per cent show an increase in the volume of business for the first half of '97 as compared with the same period last year, 30 per cent report the volume about the same, and 20 per cent a net decrease. The question of definite improvement in conditions was recognized was answered affirmatively by 70 per cent. Sectionally 64 per cent of the jobbers in the southern states, 65 in the eastern, 70 from the western, and 85 from the central states said "yes" to the important question.

Ordered to Collect the Discount.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.--Commissioner Forman issued the following circular to collectors of internal revenue:

"You are hereby instructed to collect from all brewers in your district the discount of seven and one-half per cent, which was allowed on beer stamps. In case of neglect or refusal of brewers to pay the same after demand, you will report them for assessment on your July list. You are informed and will so advise all brewers in your district, that stamps purchased and delivered before the 24th inst., and upon which the discount of seven and one-half cents has been allowed, may be used for their full face value."

Republic of Central America.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.--A report has been received from William Meyers Little, consul at Tegucigalpa, Honduras, enclosing a copy of the treaty that has been signed by the representatives of the five Central American states or the republics of Guatemala, Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador. It goes into effect September 15. The union is named the Republic of Central America, and the countries forming it will now take the names of states.

West Virginia Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.--The President appointed the following postmasters to-day: James W. Holt, Grafton; William A. Chapline, Shepherdstown.

Recognition of Railway Employees.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.--The appointment of Michael J. Burke, of Chicago, as consul to St. Thomas and Port Stanley, Ont., is said to be a recognition by the President of the work done by the telegraphers and railroad employees for the Republican party during the last campaign. Mr. Burke was secretary of the Federated clubs of railroad employees and telegraphers,

THREE MURDERS

Occur in One Day in the City of Mobile, Alabama.

PEOPLE DRIVEN TO FRENZY

And Business Practically Suspended.

Lynchings Attempted, but the Authorities were too Vigilant, and the Jail was too Strong for the Accomplishment of the Purpose of the Maddened Throng. One of the Crimes was Peculiarly Brutal. A Policeman Among the Victims, who Met Death while Trying to Make an Arrest.

MOBILE, Ala., July 29.--This city is in a turmoil to-day as the result of three murders which occurred last night and which have driven the people to the highest pitch of frenzy. Business is practically suspended. On all sides the opinion is freely expressed that justice should be meted out and if the day passes without a lynching it will be a wonder.

The first killing took place at 7 p. m., last night. Thomas Jones, sixty-three years of age, a Confederate veteran, and highly respected, was done to death by Isaiah Davis, who has already served a term for assault with intent to murder a white man. Jones attempted to get the negro out of his house, into which he had broken, and meeting Davis in the yard, a scuffle followed. The negro who is a powerful man, about thirty years of age, entirely overmatched Mr. Jones and clocking him with one hand, picked up a crucifix piece of wood which had come off the fence, with his other dealt the victim a crushing blow on the left temple, breaking his neck and killing him instantly.

The crowd which rapidly assembled on the scene of the murder was about to lynch Davis when a wagon load of officers rescued him with difficulty from the crowd and he was incarcerated in the city jail, a modern, strongly constructed building, impossible of capture without great loss of life.

All night long a desperate and determined crowd of men remained outside the jail, but they knew the futility of an attack and are waiting their opportunity when the prisoner would be removed. Before midnight Mayor Bush called out the local troops, but of the eight hundred men composing the First brigade in this city, only seventy-five responded. With their officers, they lay under arms all night, expecting a call.

The police force on duty during the night had the custody of the prisoner until this morning, when he was brought before the recorder. The coroner's jury and the lower court sent him up for murder, though he tried to play off as insane.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning a negro named Willie Knight, known as the "Pensacola Kid," shot and instantly killed another negro named Daniel. As he was being chased by officers, Knight shot and mortally wounded Policeman Joe Tucker. For this latter offense he will probably die if the residents of the north part of the city can get him out of the county jail.

The negro ran after the shooting, but was intercepted by a telegram and arrested by section boss Hubbard, at Hurricane Bayou, at 7 a. m. His captors wired for a special engine, which left on the Louisville & Nashville with officers. They brought the negro to town and beat the crowd assembled to lynch him, by stopping the engine on the outskirts of the city and running him through the suburbs to the county jail.

Broke Her Crank Shaft.

NEW YORK, July 29.--During a dock trial, such as is always made before the sailing of an ocean steamer, it was discovered to-day that the Normannia, of the Hamburg-American line, had broken her crank shaft. She was billed to sail at 10 a. m., but it will take about a week to repair the damage. The passengers will be sent to Europe on Saturday on the Columbia, of the same line, which is due to-morrow. The first cabin passengers are being cared for by the company in different hotels while the second cabin and steerage passengers will remain on the Normannia until the Columbia sails.

Fatal Wreck on the "Big Four."

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 29.--One man was probably killed and several injured at a wreck on the Big Four road near Berea this afternoon. A switch engine used for handling cars in the quarry yards backed on the main track and came in collision with a through freight. The engineer of the switch engine is under the wreck and is thought to be dead. Conductor J. B. Ryan, of the through freight sustained a fracture of the right leg. The trainman, whose name could not be learned, sustained a fracture of the skull, and may die.

Mountains Strewn with Skeletons.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., July 29.--The widow of Lieutenant Schwatka, the Arctic explorer, being interviewed here concerning the Klondyke gold regions, which country she has repeatedly visited with her husband, declared that the government should stop the tide of immigration pouring into the gold fields in Alaska. She says that the mountain passes are strewn with the skeletons of unfortunate miners who perished from either cold, heat, malaria or starvation while trying to reach the golden region.

Shot and Plundered by a Tramp.

HOLIDAYSBURG, Pa., July 29.--Crawford Black, a huckster, residing at Claysburg, this county, was shot in the head three times by a stranger who was riding with him on his wagon through the Anthill woods near this place, to-day. The stranger was a tramp, who was being given a ride by Black. In a lonely part of the woods he drew a revolver, shot Black, plundered the wagon and fled. Black is still unconscious. A posse is scouring Brush mountain for the would-be murderer.

Famous Race Horse Dead. LEXINGTON, Ky., July 29.--Domino, the famous race horse, died at the farm of James H. Keene at 3 o'clock this morning, of meningitis. He was taken ill yesterday and six veterinaries could not save him. Domino was foaled in 1891, and won about \$100,000 in stakes and purses.

BRITISH COMMENT

On the Fall in the Price of Silver--Warning to Free Silverites.

LONDON, July 29.--The Globe commenting on the fall in silver, says: An augmentation of the world's gold yield could not fail to increase the value of silver. When California and Australia poured their auriferous riches into the market, silver, like all other commodities, acquired an enhanced value. But the United States then had no accumulations of the white metal, whereas these have become so enormous that silver sales can only be effected at a sacrifice.

"This week's collapse would have happened some time back, but for the continuous purchases on Japanese account. That demand has ceased and China and India are supplied. What steps the American silverites will propose to counteract this disastrous state of things, remains to be seen. Their attitude is a specific threat to tamper with the currency.

"President McKinley possibly foreseeing an attempt of this sort, has given an emphatic warning that he will be no party to such perilous work. It is fortunate that the India mints are closed, otherwise the rupee would be more depreciated than it is. The coin keeps its value remarkably well, and if America ceases to force the silver markets there may be an improvement soon."

GROWING SERIOUS.

Revolt of the Tribesmen in India Against the British.

BOMBAY, July 29.--The situation at Camp Malakand has become very serious. Word has been received that the natives in large force made a second attack on the fort yesterday. The fighting was severe. Thirteen of the British were killed and thirty wounded, among the latter being Lieut. Castello. The tribesmen lost 100.

The worst feature of the situation now is that the garrison is short of ammunition and it is feared that the whole supply will be exhausted before reinforcements arrive. The government is making the greatest efforts to get these through in time.

It is reported that Mad Mullah has mustered at least 40,000 tribesmen.

SIMLA, July 29.--The north camp at Malakand was abandoned yesterday afternoon, the troops concentrating on Kigali. The attack began at 3:30 on the previous evening and lasted until day-break yesterday. Desultory firing had continued throughout the day and the tribesmen driving in the pickets, of whom thirteen Sepoys were killed and forty-three wounded.

The Punjab infantry, led by Lieut. Climo, in a succession of brilliant charges, drove back great masses of the tribesmen, killing ninety. The enemy is collecting in large forces and severe fighting is anticipated. Reinforcements have been sent to Dargal.

GERMANY'S DEMANDS

In Peace Negotiations Do Not Meet with Favor by Ambassadors.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 29.--The demand of the German ambassador, Baron Saurma de Jelsch, that a provision be inserted in the peace treaty between Greece and Turkey for European control of Greek finances meets with disfavor among the other ambassadors. They consider that it is not covered by their instructions, but should be made the subject of direct negotiations between Germany and the other powers.

Even the Turks oppose this project, as they regard it as an attempt to take advantage of the peace negotiations in the interests of the German bond-holders.

While it is thought improbable that Greece could raise the indemnity loan without such guarantees as would be provided by European control of her finances, the proposed stipulation is not regarded as in order, in a treaty in which only Greece and Turkey are parties.

Benham Found Guilty.

BATAVIA, N. Y., July 29.--Howard C. Benham, a young banker of this place, was to-day found guilty of murder in the first degree. It was charged that he poisoned his wife with prussic acid. Mrs. Benham died the first week in January. Benham's trial lasted nearly three weeks. The case was given to the jury early yesterday afternoon.

Lutheran Synod.

BALTIMORE, July 29.--The second day's session of the Fifth biennial convention of the English Evangelical Lutheran synod was opened this morning with prayer by Rev. J. Nickel, of Akron, Ohio. The meeting at once proceeded to business and officers were elected and committees formed for the two ensuing years. The newly elected officers are: Rev. F. Kriege, Kolers Store, Va