SAVED FROM RUIN.

Control of the Government of Honduras by Americans.

SOME CONCESSIONS GRANTED

By the Governor of That Central American State to an Organization of Wealthy New Yorkers—They Advanced About $15,000,000 to Keep the State From Going Into Bankruptcy, and in Return Received Many Valuable Franchises—A Plan to Encourage Immigration.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The World prints the following this morning: "The control of the government of Honduras by Americans" are the words of the American consul at Honduras, used in his report to the state department concerning the effect of the concessions recently made by the governor of Honduras to an organization of wealthy New Yorkers. This consideration was the cause of the advancing of several million of dollars, whether five millions or fifteen cannot be ascertained, to the Honduras government whereby it may keep above bankruptcy. On the board of directors of the concerns appear the names of John Jacob Astor, Dr. Seward Webb, Chauncey M. Depew, J. J. McCullough, Frederick B. Jennings, Charles McVey and Melville E. Ingalls, jr. The organizer is Henry L. Sprague, a lawyer of this city.

When Mr. Sprague made his first visit to Honduras he succeeded beyond his fondest hopes. The government was willing to grant him everything he wanted if the men of millions whom he represented would only assume certain financial obligations that would save the republic from ruin. The nature of the deal has been kept a secret so far but it is know nthat the plan includes not only the completion and control of the Honduras railway, the management of its telegraph system and the dictation of tariff duties at the custom house, but a fiscal policy for paying off the Honduras debt. The government promises not to interfere for five years at least. It is also on the cards to establish a steamship line from Truxillo, on the Atlantic coast of Honduras, to Belize, in Bollvia. A plan is on foot also, it is said, to instigate emigration from home to Honduras for men who can stand the climate, which is very trying to those accustomed only to the temperate zones.

A FRANK CONFESSION.

From an English Source on the Operation of Free Trade.

It is a fact that under the McKinley tariff the wages of operatives, as well as the profits of employern, were cut down. It is also a fact that every increase of foreign tariff has the same results. And yet the Cobdenites would have us believe the stale old fallacy that the burden of tariffs "must" fall upon the consumer and the consumer alone. There is not a weaver for the American market in this district who could not, from his or her own experience, disprove the theory and show that he contributed by the docking of weekly earnings to pay the duties America imposed—Bradford, Eng., "Daily Argus" August 16, 1897.

Yes, it is quite refreshing to have such a frank confession from the heart of Worstedopolis as this. The British manufacturer knows that, in order to keep his looms fully going, he must have free access to the American market. But Bradford's briskness means death silence to thousands of American looms, as the past three years have conclusively shown. But what do we find to-day? No sooner was it known in Bradford that the President had signed a new tariff, than hundreds of looms were stopped within six days, and we are right in affirming that they have stopped for ever, if American people will only follow the tariff doctrine of President McKinley. Our future is for American manufacturers and for American people in general, however hard Bradford may long to get into our markets. We know enough of their destructive and crippling power. What with their shoddied goods and poor pay to their operatives, we have had enough. We only pity the poor weavers of Bradford, compelled to shop there with $2 a week. The future to them must indeed be dark. We fully expect to hear before long a further reduction in wages taking place in that quarter, as Bradford manufacturers are still determined to get over the Dingley bar, even if at the further expense of "docking the weekly earnings" of their weavers "to cover the duties America imposes." Let them try their little game.—From the American Economist.

A GRAIN TRADE CRISIS.

Hungarian Commissioners Purchasing Wheat at Any Price.

ODESSA, Sept. 9.—The crisis in the grain trade in southern Russia has been enhanced by the influx of a half score of Hungarian commissioners, who are purchase wheat at any price at which they can obtain it. A majority of the great grain exporters are in a very precarious position, and a large number of smaller firms have already collapsed. One large foreign export firm alone has lost 3,000,000 roubles on the fulfillment of contracts made by it in the expectation that there would be a middling crop. With the exception of barley, all the cereals are as light as they are scant, while the fact that the government has wisely made extraordinary purchases of grain for food reserve as a precaution against another famine has increased the scare.

Salvation Army Colonies.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Commander Booth Tucker will start to-morrow for California to inaugurate its first colony under the auspices of the Salvation army. The commander, in an interview, said that several wealthy citizens of San Francisco had raised $25,000 for the organization of a colony from the poor of that city on the lines proposed by him. It was stipulated that the colony should be planted in California as it was not deemed desirable to reduce the population of the Golden state. "After I have finished my business in San Francisco," said the commander, "I shall move to Denver, Col., to make arrangements for the first colony to go from New York city."

An Elopement Spoiled.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

GRAFTON, W. Va., Sept. 10.—Frank Guthrie and Miss Mamie McDonald eloped to Oakland and attempted to get married. Before the license and preacher could be secured Frank's father appeared on the scene and prevented the match. Disappointment was pictured on their countenances when they returned.

Is That So?

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The Daily Mail this morning in an editorial on the reported preparations in the United States for a fight with Spain, warns the American government and the Americans that they had better content themselves with writing warlike articles and firing Fourth of July squibs instead of running into battle with "stupid Europeans who mean business and fire real bullets."

ONE application of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil takes away the pain of the most severe burn. It is an ideal family liniment. 1

PLEASANT FIELDS OF HOLY WRIT

THE INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSON.

September 12, 1897. Romans XII, 91-3.

Christian Living.

The position of the Epistle to the Romans in the Canon is significant. Of its kind it stands first. "Rome" is the talismanic name which greets the eye after the historical portion. The church, bent on universal conquest, recognizes the strategic position of the city of the Caesars. What is said to the "mistress of the world" is said to the world. . . . . Paul was aflame to preach in the Eternal City. He was nearer it now than ever before. But he had a duty to perform first toward his suffering fellow-countrymen in Jerusalem. He will bridge the chasm between Jew and Gentile in the church with the free-will offering of the latter to the former. So, as he cannot go immediately to Rome, he does what he thinks to be the next best thing, but which we perceive to be even a better thing. He writes a letter. He employs in this way the interval in which he waits at Corinth the reopening of navigation. . . .The letter is worthy its author, worthy the city addressed, worthy the theme on which it dwells. It is the most catholic of epistles. Though addressed to Romans, it is all men's epistle. It affirms, defines, illustrates, and applies the cardinal doctrines of Christianity. . . . .After his superb and conclusive argument, he finds himself on grounds of mutual confidence with those whom he has addressed. From this vantage ground he reaches a hortatory climax unsurpassed. Here are thirty imperatives! Each is a bugle-blast calling a new advance. . . . .A brand-new ideal of life and character is here irradiated. To discover the current standard one needs only to take the opposites of Paul's imperatives. Mask-wearing was almost universal. Vice was so familiar that, instead of being dreaded, it was embraced in its most monstrous form. The temper of society was anything but kindly. Each sought to make his prostrate friend a stepping-stone to place. Vast ruins of theater and bath are memorials of the dominant indolence and self-indulgence. The "distributions" of Rome were such as unmanned the plebeian recipient, and made the patrician giver less human. Humility and sympathy were so rare as to be almost non-existent, while vengeance was the word to conjure by. On such a moral condition the Christian ideal, as Paul portrayed it, must have stood forth like a snowy cameo on an inky agate.

Mosaic From the Commentaries.

Kindly affectioned: Word implies closeness of family affection. Abbott . . Preferring one another: Going before one another in giving honor. Am. Com. . . . . Rejoicing in hope: The eagle that soars into the heaven has no anxiety as to how he can cross the rivers that obstruct the way on earth. Anon. . . . . Patient in tribulation: Tribulum, the roller to separate the corn from the husks. Thus tribulations separate in men their chaff from their wheat. Trench. . . . . Given to hospitality: Not to wait for those who shall ask it, but to run to them. Chrysostom. . . . The same mind: Actuated by a common and well-understood feeling of mutual allowance and kindness. Alford. . . . Live peaceably: Your part is to be at peace; whether you actually live peaceably or not will depend on how others behave toward you. Abbott. . . . . Give place unto wrath: Give room to the wrath of God. Let God's wrath punish. Sandy. . . . . Coals of fire: The burning pangs of shame, which a man will feel when good is returned for evil. Sandy.

The Teacher's Quiver.

1). The twelfth chapter of Romans put into a human life is an irrefutable argument for the divinity of the religion of Jesus. I have known such incarnations. That with me is the end of controversy. . . . . (2). The defense of Christianity is not so much in books as in lives. Each may be a living book, one that cannot be shelved away in the oblivion of a library; one that keeps circulating; one that men read perforce. Here is a new motive for coveting earnestly the best gifts. . . . (3). The papers have lately teemed with angry criminations and recriminations concerning the wearing of a brave uniform at the coronation of the czar. The parties concerned seem to have forgotten the Pauline principle of preferring one another in honor.

If Saves the Croupy Children.

SEAVIEW, Va.—We have a splendid sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and our customers coming from far and near, speak of it in the highest terms. Many have said that their children would have died of croup if Chamberlain's Cough Remedy had not been given.—KELLAM & OURREN. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by druggists.

$2 00

Grand Excursion to Toledo and Return via W. & L. E. Railway.

On Sunday, September 12, the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway will run one of their popular low-priced excursions from Wheeling, Martin's Ferry, Steubenville and intermediate points, to Toledo. Fare for the round trip, TWO DOLLARS, tickets good returning same day. Special train will leave the Terminal depot at 6 a. m., Wheeling time. Toledo is one of the most beautiful cities on Lake Erie, being also one of the largest shipping ports on the great lakes. Miles of the finest asphalt paving, beautiful parks and drives, numerous short trips by steamer on Lake Erie may be enjoyed by the excursionist. Bring your wheels. For particulars, see Wheeling & Lake Erie agents.

RUNNING sores, indolent ulcers and similar troubles, even though of many years' standing, my be cured by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It soothes, strengthens and heals. It is the great pile cure. Charles R. Goetze, Market and Twelfth streets; Chatham Sinclair, Forty-sixth and Jacob streets; A. E. Scheele, No. 607 Main street; Exley Bros., Penn and Zane streets; Bowie & Co., Bridgeport. 4

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer, and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and $1 per bottle at Logan Drug Co.'s drug store. 5

Something to Depend On.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. At Logan Drug Co.'s drug store. 5

Headache and ***Neuralgia*** cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Features of the Money and Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Money on call easy at 1¼@1½ per cent; last loan 1½ per cent; closed at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4 85¾@4 86 for demand and at $4 83½@4 83¾ for sixty days. Posted rates $4 84½@4 85½ and $4 86½@4 87½. Commercial bills $4 82½@4 82¾. Silver certificates 53@54c. Bar silver 54c. Mexican dollars 42½c.

To-day's market was almost strong without variation but in an irregular degree in different parts of the list. Realizing sales at one time depressed the average price a fraction below last night's close, the extreme net decline being shown by Louisville ⅞, New Jersey Central ¾, Missouri Pacific ⅝ and Northern Pacific preferred ⅝. In addition there was some sharp declines from the best before the close. The net gains for the day all through the list are the more noticeable in view of these facts. There was little news of a special character beyond what was confirmatory of facts already known. Much importance continues to be attached to the declaration of the extra dividend by St. Paul yesterday and the good influence of this was manifest in the improved buying for London account to-day. This helped to keep the price of St. Paul firm all day and advanced Union Pacific 1⅝. Burlington, although it closed ¾ under the best, shows a net gain of over a point and Rock Island did as well. Omaha advanced at one time nearly 3 points and its allied line, Northwest 2½, falling back somewhat at the close. Burlington's crossing the par line was greeted with enthusiasm.

In the southwestern group, Kansas & Texas preferred led with an extreme advance of 2¼ and a net gain of 1⅝. In the Vanderbilt group, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis gained 1⅝ and the others less amounts except Chesapeake & Ohio, which continued exceptionally heavy. The large earnings reported and in prospect for the enormous movement of grain had to do with the strength of all these stocks. Coalers all showed weakness during most of the day on account of the disappointing dullness which continues in the anthracite trade. This encouraged some short selling and a sharp rise of 2½ points in New Jersey Central in the afternoon indicated the distress of the shorts and rallied the other coalers. Some activity was displayed in the bituminous coal roads, Wheeling & Lake Erie preferred gaining over 2 points. The feverish fluctuations in Manhattan also were due to the urgent demand of the short interest, the price rising at one time over 5 points. The heaviness in Louisville was probably due to a recurrence of apprehension over yellow fever possibilities. In the list of specialties notable gains were registered by Western Union, Brooklyn Transit on large increase of traffic, National Lead, Leather preferred, Brooklyn Union Gas (4 per cent), Spirits preferred, Consolidated Gas (6), Linseed Oil and Oregon Navigation 4¾).

On the other hand Sugar, Tobacco, Long Island, La Clede Gas, Starch second preferred, Quicksilver preferred and Rubber preferred, all displayed weakness.

In the bond market the features were the Central Georgia incomes, the firsts advancing 6⅞ points and reacting 5⅞, and the seconds advancing 2½ and reacting 1¼. Total sales $4,130,000. There were sales of U. S. 2s at 98¼ and of the coupon 5s at 114⅝.

The total sales of stocks to-day were 620,000 shares.

Evening Post's London financial cablegram:

The better aspect of the money market helped all the stock markets to-day. Rates for settlement purposes promise to be moderate. Canadian railways showed a sharp rise, Grand Trunk guaranteed preference being especially strong.

Americans fluctuated during the day but the net result is that prices are higher, Milwaukee & St. Paul leading. These latter touched 104½ at one time. At 4:30 the price was 104⅜.

In Berlin the market was firmer and in Paris it was steady to firm.

BONDS AND STOCK QUOTATIONS.

U. S. new 4s reg.	126	Ore. R. & Nav..	46½
do coupon	126	Pittsburgh	169
U. S. 4s	111⅞	Reading	27⅞
do coupon	113½	Rock Island	94⅞
do 2ds	96¼	St. Paul	103⅝
U. S. 5s reg	114¼	do preferred	145½
do 5s coupon	114½	St. P. & Omaha	82⅝
Pacific 6s of '95	102	do preferred	144½
Atchison	16⅛	Southern Pac.	22¼
do preferred	35½	Texas & Pac.	14¼
Bal. & Ohio	18¼	Union Pacific	19
Can. Pacific	73⅛	Wabash	8¾
Can. Southern	58	do preferred	23¼
Central Pacific	13⅞	Wheel'g & L. E.	3⅝
Ches. & Ohio	26	do preferred	17
Chi. & Alton	163	Adams Express	155
Chi., Bur. & Q.	100¾	American Ex.	116
C. C. C. & St. L.	40⅝	U. S. Express	44½
do preferred	84	Wells Fargo	168
Del. & Hudson	118¼	Am. Spirits	14¼
Del., Lack. & W.	159¾	do preferred	33⅝
Den. & Rio. G.	13¼	Am. Tobacco	93¼
do preferred	49¾	do preferred	113
Erie (new)	18¼	Chicago Gas	105
do first pre.	44	Col. F. & Iron.	25¾
Fort Wayne	173	do preferred	80
Illinois Central	105¼	Gen. Electric	38⅝
Lake Erie & W.	20½	Illinois Steel	48½
do preferred	73	Lead	43⅛
Lake Shore	176	do preferred	109
Lou. & Nash.	62	Pacific Mail	37½
Mich. Central	109	Pullman Pal.	180½
Mo. Pacific	39	Silver Cer.	53
N. J. Central	97⅝	Sugar	154¾
N. Y. Central	112⅝	do preferred	119½
Northwestern	123¼	Tenn. Coal & I.	34⅞
do preferred	164	U. S. Leather	9¼
Northern Pac.	20¼	do preferred	71
do preferred	54¾	Western Union	96⅝

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

CHICAGO — September wheat sold at a dollar to-day. December came within ⅜c of that figure at one time, but declined before the close to 98c, an advance of ¼c since yesterday. September closed at 98½c, strong foreign markets, seaboard engagements and rumors of a reduction in the French wheat tariff were the bullish features, the reaction being caused by realizing sales. Corn declined ¼@⅜c and oats ⅛c. Provisions closed 5@2½c lower on the renewed yellow fever scare in the south. Wheat was in good demand at the start at about ½c improvement over yesterday's closing price for December and 1c for September. For a supposedly defunct deal, September exhibited a surprising degree of activity and climbed up to $1 within a minute or two of the opening, when the price was 99½c. December was decidedly erratic. From 98⅛c to 98¼c to begin with, it rose to 98⅝c, turned around and went back again to 98¼c. Then it dropped to 97⅝c and rose from that in a gradual way to 97¾c. From the latter point to 99¼c was the work of about twenty minutes and those fluctuations were all within the first two hours of the session. The rally was caused primarily by an advance of 1-2-3c in the price at Liverpool at the opening. Paris started 10 centimes lower, but that market closed at an advance of 10 centimes, while Antperp gained 25 centimes. A cablegram stated there were good prospects of a reduction of 2 francs in the duty on French wheat. This was disputed later but in the meantime it had caused December to jump to 99¼c.

Chicago received 269 cars, only 12 of them contract. Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were 496 cars against 1,143 the corresponding day of the year before. Atlantic port clearances of wheat and flour were equal to about 800,000 bushels. Primary market receipts were 1,538,579 bushels compared with 1,049,197 bushels the similar day of last year. As was the case in the recent boom in September wheat, the market had to take a great deal of long grain when the price approached the dollar mark. At 99¼c offerings were very free, much more liberal than the limited demand could absorb and the consequence was a gradual but steady decline. December finally sold down to 98c, where it closed. September closed at 98½c.

Corn was rather easy. The market opened firm at a slight improvement, the strength of wheat and some bad state crop reports encouraging buyers, but the strength was only temporary. The crowd feared that the government crop figures might look high when issued to-night, which caused considerable selling. The non-appearance of frost in the corn belt also had a weakening influence, but probably the chief reason for the weakness was the growing pressure of the enormous receipts, 1,316 cars were received to-day and freer country offerings were reported. Atlantic port clearances were 929,000 bushels. Liverpool cables were firm and ⅝d higher. The range for December was between 33⅝c and 33c, the closing price being 33⅛c asked.

Oats were firm, notwithstanding the declining tendency of corn. There was an enormous cash demand, sales of about 300,000 bushels being reported and this and a large export business served to sustain prices. Receipts were 429 cars. December ranged from 21⅝c to 21½c, closing at 21⅛@21¼c, a shade under yesterday. The appearance of new yellow fever cases at New Orleans made a weak provision market. Liquidation was free and stop loss orders appeared on the market. The decline was stopped by support by Swift and other packers, and the close was a little over the bottom. The weakness of corn had some influence. At the close December pork was 22½c lower at $8 47½; December lard was 10c lower at $4 75 and December ribs 5c lower at $5 95.

Estimated receipts for Saturday—Wheat, 315 cars; corn, 1,450 cars; oats, 370 cars; hogs, 14,000 head.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour firm and prices 15c higher.

Wheat—No. 2 spring 98½@99½c; No. 3 spring 93@99c; No. 2 red 99@$1 00.

Corn—No. 2 31c; No. 2 yellow 31c.

Oats—No. 2 20@20½c; No. 2 white 22½c; No. 3 white 21½@22½c.

Rye—No. 2 51½c.

Barley—No. 2 nominal; No. 3 33@46c; No. 4 28½@36c.

Flax seed—No. 1 $1 04½@1 07½.

Timothy seed—Prime $2 60.

Mess Pork—Per barrel, $8 45@8 50.

Lard—Per 100 lbs., $4 67½.

Short Ribs—Sides (loose) $5 25@5 50; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 5½@5¾c; short clear sides (boxed) 5¾@5⅞c.

Whisky—Distillers' finished goods per gallon, $1 22.

Sugars—Unchanged.

Butter firm; creameries 12@17c; dairies 9@15c.

Cheese—Easier at 8¼@9c.

Eggs firm; fresh 12½c.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat, No. 2				
Sept.	98½	1 00	98½	98½
Dec.	98⅛	99¼	97⅞	98
May	98	98½	96⅞	97
Corn, No. 2				
Sept.	31⅝	31⅝	31	31
Dec.	33½	33⅝	33	33⅛
May	36⅝	36⅞	36¼	36¼
Oats, No. 2				
Sept.	19⅞	20	19⅞	20
Dec.	21¼	21⅜	21⅛	21¼
May	24⅛	24⅛	23¾	24
Mess Pork.				
Oct.	8 55	8 55	8 35	8 42½
Dec.	8 70	8 75	8 37½	8 47½
Lard.				
Oct.	4 75	4 75	4 65	4 67½
Dec.	4 82½	4 82½	4 70	4 75
Short Ribs.				
Sept.	....	....	....	5 32½
Oct.	5 45	5 47½	5 25	5 35½

NEW YORK—Flour, receipts 21,751 barrels; exports 12,154 barrels; market quiet, but firm at a slight advance; Minnesota patent $5 50@6 10; do bakers $4 50@4 75; winter straights $4 90@5 15.

Wheat, receipts 24,450 bushels; exports 274,271 bushels; spot market quiet; options opened strong on higher cables and foreign buying; closed weak in consequence of disappointing export demand at ⅛@¼c net loss; No. 2 red May $1 00½@1 02⅞; closed at $1 00½; September $1 03 15-16@1 05⅝; closed at $1 04⅛; December $1 01 7-16@1 03; closed at $1 01⅝.

Corn, receipts 177,600 bushels; exports 219,816 bushels; sales 380,000 bushels of futures and 120,000 bushels of spot; spot market easy; No. 2, 36⅝c; options opened firm, with wheat, closed at ⅝c decline; September 36⅝@36¾c; closed at 36⅝c; December 38⅝@39c; closed at 38½c.

Oats, receipts 122,300 bushels; exports 22,854 bushels; spot market firm; No. 2, 25c; options dull, but steady; closed unchanged to ¼c net advance; September closed at 25c; December closed at 26c.

Hay weak. Hops quiet. Hides firm. Leather firm.

Beef firm. Cutmeats quiet.

Lard easier; western steamed 5½c; refined easy. Pork steady. Tallow dull.

Cottonseed oil dull. Rosin steady. Turpentine steady.

Rice firm. Molasses firm.

Coffee, options steady at unchanged prices, closed steady and net unchanged to five points decline; sales 9,500 bags. Sugar, raw strong; refining 3⅜c; Centrifugal 3⅞c; refined steady; No. 6, 4⅜c.

BALTIMORE — Flour unchanged; receipts 8,600 barrels; exports 14,800 barrels. Wheat firmer; spot $1 03¾@1 03⅞c; month $1 03⅝@1 03¾c; December $1 04@1 04¼c; steamer No. 2 red 99@99¼c; receipts 180,170 bushels; exports 149,910 bushels; southern wheat by sample 98@$1 04¼; on grade $1 00@1 00¼. Corn quiet; spot and month 36¼@36½c; November or December, new or old, 37c asked; receipts 154,200 bushels; exports 229,295 bushels; southern white corn 37@38c; yellow 38@39c. Oats firmer; No. 2 white 24½c bid; No. 2 mixed 22@22½c; receipts 23,778 bushels; exports 20,000 bushels. Rye firm; No. 2 western 54@54¼c; receipts 4,460 bushels. Hay steady; choice timothy $13 00@13 50. Butter dull and unchanged. Eggs weak and unchanged. Cheese steady and unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA—Wheat dull and weak; contract grade, September $1 01⅝@1 02; October, November and December nominal. Corn firm and ¼c higher; No. 2 mixed September 36¼@36½c; October, November and December nominal. Oats firm and ½c higher; No. 2 white, September, October, November and December 26@27c. Butter quiet, but steady; fancy western creamery, do Pennsylvania prints and do western prints 17c. Eggs firm; fresh nearby 17c; do western 16½c. Cheese steady.

CINCINNATI—Flour dull. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 97@97½c. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 32c. Oats firm and higher; No. 2 mixed 21c. Rye, No. 2, 50c. Lard easy at $4 55. Bulk meats easy at $6 05. Bacon easier at $6 95. Whisky dull at $1 21. Butter easy. Sugar firm. Eggs weak at 11c. Cheese firm.

TOLEDO—Wheat lower and weak; No. 2 cash and September 99⅝c; December 99½c. Corn dull but steady; No. 2 mixed 32c. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 20c. Rye dull; No. 2 cash 51½c. Cloverseed active and steady; prime cash $3 75. Oil unchanged.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO—The few choice lots of cattle offered sold at firm prices, others moving off slowly at not very strong figures. Choice native cattle are selling at the best prices of the season. Fourteen prime 1,376 pound steers sold to-day at $5 50. Sales were made at $4 00@4 23 for common dressed beef steers, with an occasional sale at $3 85. Middling grades sold at $4 50@4 75 and the better class of shipping and export cattle found quick sales at $5 00@5 50. The bulk of the cattle crossed the scales at $4 60@5 30 and exporters take a good many at $4 85@5 25. The stocker and feeder trade was animated at a wide range of prices, common stockers selling as low as $3 00 and a few prime feeders going for $4 50@4 60. Prime calves sold for $6 40@6 65. Trading in hogs was active, prices ruling stronger and on an average a nickel higher. Sales were at $3 75@4 40 for coarse heavy to prime light hogs, the bulk bringing $4 00@4 25. Pigs were in large supply and sold at $2 60@4 35, according to quality. There was an active demand for sheep and lambs at steady prices. Sheep sold at extreme range of $2 25@4 25 for natives, chiefly at $3 50@3 75, while westerns brought $3 10@3 85. Lambs sold at $3 40@3 75 for a few culls up to $5 20@5 70 for good to prime spring lambs. Sales were largely at $4 75@5 25. Receipts, cattle 4,000 head; hogs 17,000 head; sheep 12,000 head.

EAST LIBERTY—Cattle steady; prime $5 00@5 10; common $3 40@3 70; common to good fat oxen $2 00@4 00. Hogs steady; prime light Yorkers and pigs $4 45@4 50; best medium $4 45@4 50; grassers and stubbles $4 25@4 35; heavy $4 30@4 40; roughs $2 75@3 75. Sheep steady; choice $4 10@4 15; common $2 50@3 40; choice lambs $5 20@5 50; common to good lambs $4 00@5 10; veal calves $6 50@7 25.

CINCINNATI—Hogs steady at $3 50@4 40.

Metals.

NEW YORK—According to the Metal Exchange report pig iron warrants closed firmer at $6 90@7 00. Tin quiet at $13 62½. Spelter quiet at $4 25@4 30. Lead quiet at $4 35@4 40. The firm fixing the settling price for leading miners and smelters in the west calls the lead market strong at $4 00. Lake copper quiet at $11 00@11 25.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK—The dry goods market shows no change from the week's run of business. The market is relatively quiter than was the case last week, both in cotton and woolen goods the tone has remained firm, whatever the irregularities of the demand at first hands. Print cloths are firm at 2⅝c.

Petroleum.

OIL CITY—Credit balances 69c; certificates, no bids; shipments 101,209 barrels; runs 107,709 barrels.

NEW YORK—Pennsylvania crude, no market; nominal at 85c.

Wool.

NEW YORK—Wool strong; fleece 20@27c; No. 2, to extra, 27@40c; Texas 10@16c.

Pillsbury's...

New Health Flour

...Germos

We offer this flour to the public as a product of years of practical experience and many months of experimenting in our chemical department.

In it we have introduced a large percentage of the wheat germ, which is acknowledged by all food experts to be the most nutritious part of the wheat.

The great difficulty, heretofore, in using wheat germs, has been that flours made of this part of the wheat would not keep; this difficulty we have overcome, in the manufacture of GERMOS, as we guarantee it to keep in any climate.

In our process we have retained all the fine digestive qualities of malt extract and pepsin, which are naturally present in the germ.

GERMOS will Feed your Brain

It contains over four times as much phosphates as ordinary flour.

GERMOS Nourishes the Muscles

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. tths&w.

Lightning Hot Drops—
What a Funny Name!
Very True, but it Kills All Pain.
Sold Everywhere, Every Day—
Without Relief, There is No Pay!

THE WHEELING DAILY INTELLIGENCER, ONLY TEN CENTS PER WEEK.

Send in your orders by Postal Card or Telephone No. 822.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS OF O. M. WIEDEBUSCH, DOING BUSINESS AS O. M. WIEDEBUSCH & CO.

You are hereby notified that at the request of C. P. Flick, assignee of said O. M. Wiedebusch, I have appointed

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1897,

at 2 p. m., and my office, No. 1417 Chapline street, Wheeling, W. Va., as the time and place for receiving proof of debts or demands against the said O. M. Wiedebusch, and said O. M. Wiedebusch & Co., at which time and place you are required to attend.

Given under my hand as commissioner of accounts of the county court of Ohio county, W. Va., this 11th day of August, 1897.

GEO. E. BOYD, Commissioner.

au13-w

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS ADA H. SIMPSON

Will receive a few pupils in the English branches and French, at No. 97 South Penn street. A special class in English Literature will be formed, to meet on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from 2 to 3. The first term begins on Monday, September 13. se2

Linsly Institute,

A school for the thorough instruction of boys and young men. Military, Classical, English.

Fall term begins Monday, September 13, 1897. For catalogues or other information, address any member of the Board of Trustees, or John M. Birch, Ph. D., Principal.

Board of Trustees—Hon. A. W. Campbell, president; A. J. Clarke, Esq., vice president; John L. Dickey, M. D., secretary; R. C. Dalzell, Esq., treasurer; William B. Simpson, Esq., John J. Jones, Esq., Hon. N. E. Whitaker, John S. Naylor, Esq., Augustus Pollack, Esq., Hon. J. B. Sommerville, Hon. William P. Hubbard, Rev. Jacob Brittingham, Henry M. Russell, Esq., William F. Stifel, Esq. jy17

Mount de Chantal,

NEAR WHEELING, W. VA.

Studies Will be Resumed at this Academy September 8, 1897.

The advantages of this Academy for mental and physical culture are unsurpassed. The day scholars dine and lunch at the Mount, and are taken to and from the motor by a conveyance provided by the Sisters free of charge. For terms and further information, address

DIRECTRESS OF MOUNT DE CHANTAL.

All trains stop at the Academy.

Day AND Night School.

The only school in the city with established reputation. Why take any risk? Then patronize the one responsible financially and otherwise.

Only LATEST Business Methods taught, and JUST AS PRACTICAL as in our most modern business houses.

COMMERCIAL, SHORTHAND, ENGLISH AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENTS.

Tuitions low as in any other school.

Both sexes; enter any time. Call or address for catalogue,

WHEELING BUSINESS COLLEGE,

CORNER MAIN AND TWELFTH STREETS.

MRS. HART'S

School For Young Ladies and Children.

1316 AND 1318 MARKET STREET, WHEELING, W. VA

Seventh Annual Session Will Begin On Monday, September 13, 1897.

This school offers a complete and thorough education in Practical English, Mathematics, English Classics, Latin, Modern Languages and Elocution.

ART STUDIO, conducted by Mrs. Eva Hubbard, offers superior advantages for Pencil, Charcoal, Water Color, Crayon Drawings and Oil Painting.

Boys received in the Primary and Intermediate Departments. For Circulars or interview, apply to

MRS. M. STEVENS HART, Principal,

WHEELING, W. VA.

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B&O

VESTIBULED TRAINS TO NEW YORK PHILADELPHIA BALTIMORE WASHINGTON

Stop over allowed at WASHINGTON

FAST · TIME · OVER · PENNSYLVANIA SHORT LINES

"PAN HANDLE ROUTE."

LEAVE WHEELING 9:45 A. M., CITY TIME. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Arrrive COLUMBUS..... 2:25 p. m.
Arrive CINCINNATI..... 6:05 p. m.
Arrirve INDIANAPOLIS..... 10:15 p. m.
Arrive ST. LOUIS..... 7:00 a. m.

PENNSYLVANIA STANDARD COACHES.

PENNSYLVANIA DINING CAR.

PULLMAN CARS FROM WHEELING JUNCTION THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

OTHER TRAINS LEAVE WHEELING.

For Steubenville and Pittsburgh 7:25 a. m. week days; for Pittsburgh and the East and for Columbus and Chicago at 1:25 p. m. week days; for Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York at 3:55 p. m. daily; for Steubenville and Dennison at 3:55 p. m. daily; for Pittsburgh at 7:00 p. m. week days; for Columbus, Dayton, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and St. Louis at 9:30 p. m. week days. City time.

Parlor Car to Pittsburgh on 3:55 p. m. and 7 p. m. Trains.

Persons contemplating a trip will find it profitable in pleasure and convenience to communicate with the undersigned, who will make all necessary arrangements for a delightful journey. Tickets will be provided and baggage checked through to destination.

JOHN G. TOMLINSON, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Wheeling, W. Va. oe8

WHEELING & ELM GROVE RAILROAD.

On and after Saturday, February 2, 1895, trains will run as follows, city time:

Leave Wheeling.				Leave Elm Grove.			
Tr'n No.	T'me a. m.	Tr'n No.	T'me p. m.	Tr'n No.	T'me a. m.	Tr'n No.	T'me p. m.
2....	16:00	20....	3:00	1....	16:00	19....	3:00
4....	7:00	22....	4:00	3....	7:00	21....	4:00
6....	8:00	24....	5:00	5....	8:00	23....	5:00
8....	9:00	26....	6:00	7....	9:00	25....	6:00
10....	10:00	28....	7:00	9....	10:00	27....	7:00
12....	11:00	30....	8:00	11....	11:00	29....	8:00
	p. m.	32....	9:00		p. m.	31....	9:00
14....	12:00	34....	10:00	13....	12:00	33....	10:00
16....	1:00	36....	11:00	15....	1:00	35....	11:00
18....	2:00			17....	2:00		

†Daily, except Sunday.

Sunday church trains will leave Elm Grove at 9:45 a. m. and Wheeling at 12:17 p. m. H. E. WEINGERBER, General Manager.

ORDER