

## THE TEACHERS.

Second day of the Wheeling Teachers' Institute.

### THE INTERESTING PROGRAMME

ATTRACTED NEARLY ALL OF THE WHEELING TEACHERS AND SEVERAL FROM NEIGHBORING TOWNS—SEVERAL SCHOOL JOURNALISTS AND REPRESENTATIVES OF SCHOOL BOOKS IN ATTENDANCE—MISS CHAPMAN'S DRAWING WORK—OTHER INSTITUTE FEATURES.

Yesterday morning the Wheeling Teachers' Institute promptly at 9 o'clock was called to order by Superintendent Anderson, and the secretary, Miss Reppetto, proceeded to call the roll, nearly every teacher answering. "Now the Day is Over" was sung by the members of the Institute.

Superintendent Anderson made a few remarks complimentary as far as attendance is concerned, but criticised some teachers who do not pay the proper attention to the instructors. All this was done in a friendly spirit, and was well received.

Miss Chapman was the first instructor. She first called attention to the new books issued by the Prang Company, and urged on the teachers being sure to procure these books for the work of the coming year. As the Prang system is used in the Wheeling schools, dealers will do well to purchase the revised books. Any dealers having the old numbers on hand can exchange them for the new. She next proceeded to lay down the rules given last year, while giving instructions at our Institute, which are as follows:

1. All receding lines above the level of the eye appear to slant downward.  
2. All receding lines below the level of the eye appear to slant upward.  
3. To establish vanishing point slant all receding lines gradually toward the level of the eye, and where these lines meet the level of the eye is the vanishing point.

4. Lines which in the object are parallel with the picture plane, do not change their appearance except in length.  
5. Angular perspective has two vanishing points.  
6. Parallel perspective has but one vanishing point.

She then proceeded in accordance with these rules to give a lesson in parallel perspective, drawing a chair, teacher using blackboard and class using paper. The lesson proved very interesting.

After a short recess and a song Dr. Gurdy continued his talk on Psychology. He called special attention to the fact that the mind is a unit; we sometimes speak of it as intellect; sometimes a sensibility, and sometimes as will. We must remember it is the same mind. These are but the diversions of the same mind. A teacher should know how to develop all these powers in his pupils. A teacher may be a success in educating the intellect, but a failure as far as the sensibilities are concerned. Acts are of three kinds: Moral, non-moral or immoral. Thomas Davidson says that every man creates his own world. This at first, seems nonsense, but if we look at it properly we see that there is something in it. It is the world as we think it that influences us. Looking at it thus we find much sense in the statement. The world as it exists is one thing and the world of our imagination is another.

The doctor was very happy in his illustrations to show that all through history it is the world that the people thought that ruled and shaped their lives and moulded the age in which they lived. It is the teacher's duty to lead his pupil to have his ideal world all that it should be. He closed by urging that we make our world a beautiful one; that our thoughts be pure; that our imagination be pure.

A piano solo by Miss Glasgow, a teacher of Lincoln school, was received with great applause. This solo was by request, as she had favored the Institute with a selection earlier in the day. She proved herself a very fine performer.

Miss Chapman occupied the remainder of the morning session in her usual acceptable manner. At 12 M. a recess of forty-five minutes was taken. The roll was called at 12:45, and while a few failed to answer, nearly all had been able to secure lunch and return in the forty-five minutes allotted. The time was then taken by Prof. Glasgow in experiments of various kinds. The professor is very happy in his explanations, keeping his hearers in a good humor with his play on words. This is proving very interesting to the teachers, and although they may not have to teach chemistry, they can learn a lesson in the art of interesting their pupils in appealing to the senses of sight. All the senses of the child are active, and they are all appealed to by the successful teacher.

To-day the sessions will be as yesterday. To-morrow there will be but one session. In the afternoon the teachers will attend the fair.

#### INSTITUTE NOTES.

A number of educational publishers are represented.

Prof. McBee, of the Terra Alta school, is in attendance at the Institute.

Miss Kate Ritter, one of the teachers of Fulton school, is present at every session.

W. B. Perkins represents the new Chambers' Encyclopedia and Worcester's Dictionary.

E. E. Kellogg & Co. are represented by O. J. Fletcher, who also represents the West Virginia Educational Journal. He has with him a full line of supplementary reading.

T. R. McGinn, of Martin's Ferry, is the representative for quite a number of educational journals, covering all kinds of school work. He is making a specialty of the Penman's Art Journal and the Western Penman. Mr. McGinn is himself a professor of penmanship.

#### Omaha's Peace Jubilee.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—President McKinley, and as many members of his cabinet as can do so, will attend some portion of the peace jubilee which begins at the Omaha Exposition October 10. The President so informed a delegation of Nebraskaans who called at the white house to-day, and presented to him a handsomely engrossed invitation to attend. Only pressing public business will interfere with this programme, but at this time the President sees no reason why he should not go. The delegation consisted of Senators Allen and Thurston, Gen. John C. Cowin, J. L. Webster and W. J. Broach. Invitations also will be extended to the members of the supreme court and the leading officials of the army and navy and diplomatic corps.

#### Burial of a Santiago Hero.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 6.—The remains of Capt. T. W. Morrison, of Company D, Sixteenth regiment, United States Infantry, who was killed while leading his command in the charge upon the blockhouse at El Caney, July 1, reached Pittsburgh this morning from Santiago de Cuba. The body was accompanied by a detail of eight men, commanded by Lieut. B. T. Simmons.



GEORGE HERRICK DUGGAN.

The Clever Canadian Who Invented the Yacht Which Captured the Seawanhaka Cup.

The decisive victory of the Canadian yacht Dominion over the American craft Challenger in a series of races for the international Seawanhaka Cup during the middle of August brings prominently before the public George Herrick Duggan, designer of the winning boat. Although the Challenger fairly flew over the waves the Dominion ran down the course with such rapidity that those who witnessed the contest saw that the American yacht would be the loser by the time half of the first leg had been sailed.

Mr. Duggan is a Canadian by birth, and is a man of whom his country might well be proud. Those who remember the series of races in Oyster

Bay and shortly after their arrival one of the guards, Private Anderson, of St. Louis, was taken ill with typhoid fever, and removed to the West Penn hospital. Captain Morrison's remains were interred in Uniondale cemetery this afternoon with military honors. In addition to the special escort from Montauk, Col. Farley, of the Allegheny arsenal, sent a detachment of men to assist at the services. The interment was within a short distance of the grave of Lieut. Jenkins, who was killed in the wreck of the Maine.

#### WEALTH FROM KLONDIKE.

Steamer Portland Brings Back a Million and a Half in Gold.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6.—The steamer Portland, just arrived from St. Michael with about one million and a half dollars' worth of gold dust and nuggets, brought six boxes of the precious metal belonging to the Canadian Bank of Commerce and three boxes for the Alaska Commercial Company, each box weighing over 250 pounds. The lucky miners on board were few, Charles Anderson, John Lee, E. Nelson, William Young and James McFarlan being among the fortunate ones. Anderson is said to have cleared up over \$60,000.

The Portland brought news of a rich strike on the Yukon in American territory. The headwaters of Kayukuk have panned out rich and 400 men are digging there, and twice that number are waiting to sledge there this winter. Kayukuk is about 1,000 miles from the mouth of the Yukon and is about

200 miles in length. It is the side of Alaska and from the latter place from Fort Hamilton and Circle City the prospectors will go this winter. Two miners recently were shot by Indians in Lake Tagish. One was killed and the other wounded. The criminals have been placed on trial at Dawson.

James Murphy, one of the Portland's passengers, says: "It is going to be a hard winter in Dawson and all along the river. Provisions will be scarce and then the trouble will come. Out of thirty river boats, at least twenty of them will be frozen in. The majority of the boats will get no further than Circle City, if they get that far."

Why Troops Were Not Paid.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Considerable complaint has reached the war department from various portions of the country because the volunteer troops in Cuba did not receive their pay. In most instances the pay of the volunteers was three months in arrears and the government has been criticised for not paying the men promptly. Now that the troops have returned to the United States it develops that the men were not paid because the colonels of fifteen regiments requested the paymaster general to withhold the money due the troops until they should return to the United States. Paymaster General Stanton says that the government had an efficient corps of paymasters and plenty of money in Cuba and could have paid the men promptly, but for the requests made by the officers commanding the regiments.

#### THE GLAD HAND

Wheeling Extends a Hearty Welcome. Our Citizens Show Appreciation in Public Utterances.

Lack of appreciation is not a failing of our citizens, and the advent of the "Little Conqueror" was received with the same display that has spread all over the Union. Coming like a ray of sunshine to many a household, raising hopes that many backs have borne for years, is enough to awaken the public to praise the like of which has never been heard in this locality. From every ward, from every street comes the same report. Failure is an unknown quantity as far as the "Little Conqueror" is concerned, and success follows every foot step. Right here at home the triumphs have been many and have set our people talking about the wondrous workings. The following case in point should interest every reader, and it is only one among thousands.

Mr. Albert Capps, of No. 24 Market street, ex-superintendent of the city electric light plant, says: "About seven years ago I had a severe attack of gravel, from which I do not think I ever entirely recovered, as my kidneys were more or less weak ever after, and for eighteen months caused me almost constant trouble. I had a steady aching pain across the hollow of my back which, were I to strain myself, or take a misstep, would be very severe, and when I would stoop I could hardly straighten up without putting my hands on my back. Were I to sit for a time in a chair I would become so stiff I could scarcely get up, and I had frequent attacks of dizziness so severe at times that I did not take hold of a support, I could not stand steady. I tried different remedies, but without obtaining any decided relief, so when I saw Doan's Kidney Pills so well spoken of by parties who had used them, I came to the conclusion they would do me good. I got a box at the Logan drug store and began to use them at once, as my back was very bad at that time. I felt their effect immediately, and in a few days was entirely relieved. I can now enthusiastically recommend them for all forms of kidney trouble and backache."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-McBarn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

#### WEST VIRGINIA CROPS

Condition and Climate for the Week Ending Monday

PARKERSBURG, Sept. 6.—Following is the report of the weather and crop conditions of West Virginia for the week ending September 5:

Fair weather prevailed generally throughout the week, interrupted only by a few scattered local showers. High midday temperatures, excessive sunshine and warm nights were the main features, giving exceptionally favorable conditions for the maturing of crops and advance of farm work.

Wheat threshing completed with good yields, but poor quality of grain reported.

Oat threshing completed with very poor yields reported.

Corn continues in fine condition, the excessive heat and sunshine of the week has caused it to ripen rapidly, and cutting is in progress over all sections.

Buckwheat is being harvested, with a good crop reported; some damage was done to the crop by the hot weather.

Millet is being harvested, with good yields reported.

Potatoes are being dug with fair to good yields.

Tobacco is being secured in good condition, with satisfactory yields.

Sweet potatoes, turnips, cabbage and other garden truck are reported in good condition.

Grapes and peaches are yielding fairly well.

Plowing for fall wheat is well advanced, but is being retarded some by the hard condition of the ground; some fall wheat has been sown.

Cabell—Favorable for farm work; corn and pastures in good condition; some corn fodder rotting and hay spoiling in the stack; potatoes will not be an average crop; fall plowing for wheat in progress.

Mason—Vegetation suffering from in-

#### GOLD DUST.

## DISHES WASHED

Gold Dust does it. Morning noon and night. Makes all dull things bright. Housework's a delight with

# GOLD DUST

Washing Powder

It gives to an humble home or a palace the cleansing touch that both alike require. It's woman's best friend and dirt's worst enemy.

THE N. E. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

#### CAMP MEADE

The Health of the Encampment Fairly Good. Troops Sent Away.

CAMP MEADE, Middletown, Sept. 5. Three deaths occurred to-day at Camp Meade. Private John N. Caffrey, Company G, Ninth Massachusetts, died in the second division hospital of intestinal trouble; Private Andrew Schrott, Company H, Fourth Missouri, and Private John Murphy, Company G, Third Missouri, in the Red Cross hospital, of typhoid fever.

There are twenty-eight cases of fever in the Sixteenth Pennsylvania battalion, contracted at Chickamauga, and the hospital surgeons are unable to determine whether it is typhoid or malaria. The Sixteenth Pennsylvania was paid this afternoon. The companies of this regiment, outside of Philadelphia, will be sent home on a thirty days' furlough.

The original State Fensibles battalion, which was attached to the regiment when it was mustered in at Mt. Gretna, will be sent home to Philadelphia tomorrow. The Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Michigan started this morning for Island Lake, and the Seventh Illinois, Third Missouri and Twenty-second Kansas expect to get away within the next forty-eight hours.

The One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Indiana received orders a week ago to be mustered out, but the colonel cannot get his papers in shape. Arrangements have been made by Major Richardson, keeper of the state arsenal, to supply the Pennsylvania troops with ice. Senator C. L. Magee has ordered a ton of ice daily for the Fourteenth and Eighteenth regiments; Col. W. A. Stone will supply the Twelfth; Col. Ezra H. Ripple, of Scranton, the Thirtieth; Senator Quay the Eighth and Sixteenth, and Secretary of the Commonwealth Martin and T. Larry Eyrns the Sixth.

#### Postoffice Clerks Meet.

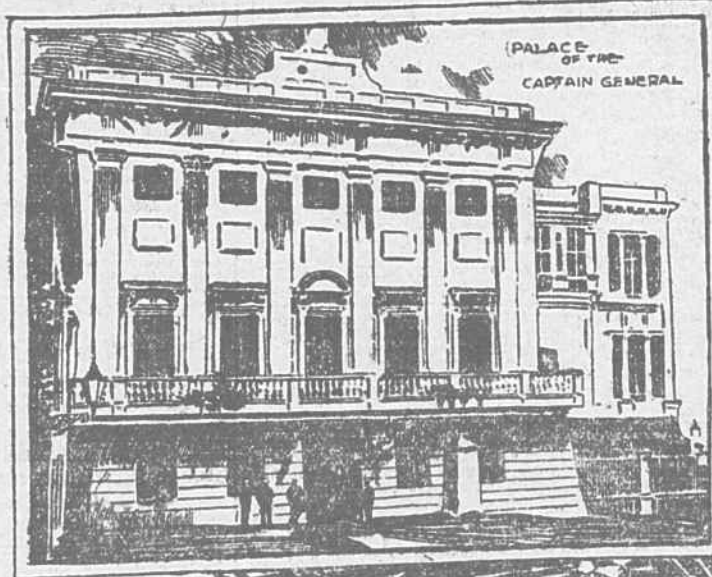
DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 5.—Some sixty men and women postoffice clerks were present at the ninth annual convention of the National Association, which began its sessions in the Hotel Cadillac to-day. The attendance is smaller than had been anticipated.

#### A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness, and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c a bottle at Logan Drug Co.'s Drug Store.

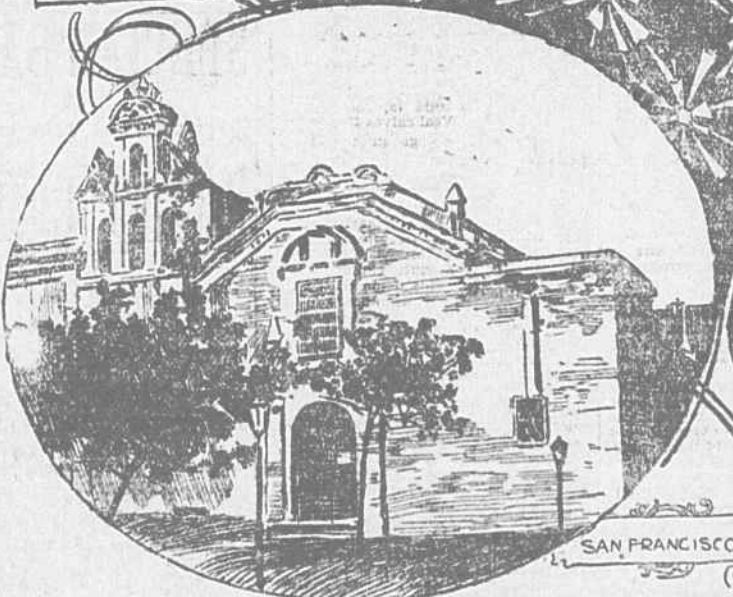
#### Trouble With Dominion Officers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6.—A special from Seattle says: Colonel McCook, the United States consul at Dawson, has had a slight difficulty with a Dominion official already, yet he has been at Dawson but a few weeks. As a result, he was compelled to remove the United States flag from the store of the Alaska Commercial Company at Dawson and allow a Dominion customs officer, Davis, to hoist the British ensign. The American coat-of-arms was removed from the door and Colonel McCook sought another office.

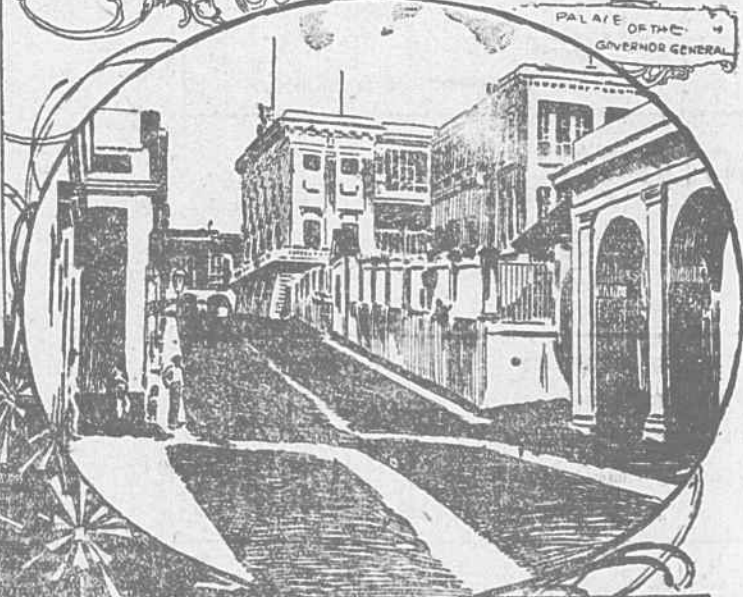


(PALACE OF THE CAPTAIN GENERAL)

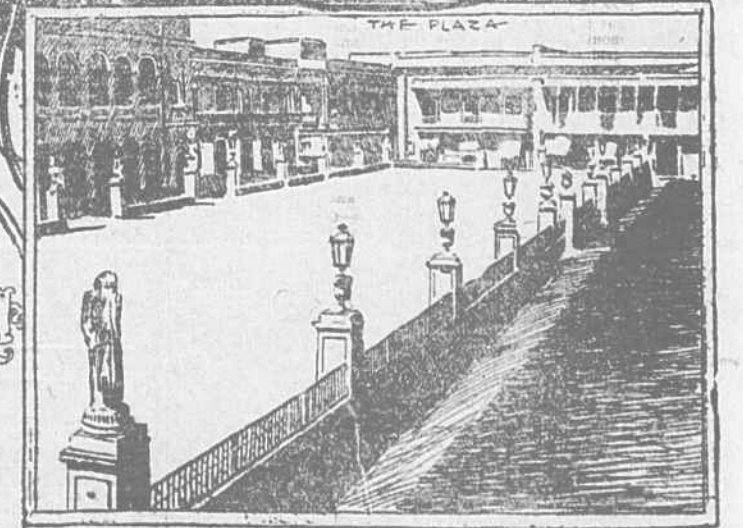
## VIEWS OF SAN JUAN



(PALACE OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL)



THE PLAZA



#### FIRST VIEW PHOTOGRAPHS OF UNCLE SAM'S NEW PROPERTY.

Here are the reproductions of the first photographs of San Juan, the capital of Puerto Rico. They show the buildings and property over which Uncle Sam's flag flies. The two upper photographs show the palace of the captain general and the palace of the governor general of Puerto Rico. They are imposing structures, and will be occupied by Uncle Sam as government buildings. In the lower right hand corner is the first photograph published in this country of the Plaza. The Plaza was made famous by the Spanish governor general, who said that after sinking all the American ships he would sail directly for America, and take it in the name of Alfonso XIII, king of Spain. The remaining pictures show the famous old cathedral, San Francisco, or St. Frances, Puerto Rico.