

## CAPTURE OF THE GUNBOAT URDANETA

By the Filipinos—One Officer and Nine Men Are Prisoners or Have Been Killed.

### BOAT BEACHED AND BURNED

After Three Guns Were Taken Off—Naval Officials Vexed Over the Affair.

MANILA, Sept. 25, 4:30 p. m.—It is reported that the insurgents have captured the United States gunboat Urdaneta, in the Arani river on the north-west side of Manila bay, where she was patrolling. One officer and nine of her crew are missing. The United States gunboat Petrel, sent to investigate the matter, returned and reported that the Urdaneta beached opposite the town of Orani, on the Oran (not Arani) river. She was riddled with bullets and burned, and the following guns with their ammunition were captured. A one hundred-pounder, one Colt automatic gun, and one Nordenfeldt twenty-five-millimeter gun. The crew of the Urdaneta are prisoners, or have been killed. Further details are lacking.

### NO LARGER THAN A TUG

But Navy Officials Are Vexed at the Capture Just the Same.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—The gunboat Urdaneta which was captured with her crew at Orani, about twenty-five miles from Manila, on the bay of Manila, is a little craft of only forty tons displacement, not much larger than a small tug. She was captured by the navy early in the war and has been on police duty in the bay for months past. The records of the navy department show that she was one of the boats of which the Oregon is the parent ship. That is, she was supposed to draw all her supplies from the battleship, to be manned from the Oregon's crew and to act under the instructions of the Oregon's commander.

According to the last reports to the department the little boat was last May under the command of Naval Cadet Welborn C. Wood, but the personnel of the crew is not a matter of record, being subject to frequent change. Wood was appointed to the naval academy from Oregon, had passed his academic course, and was performing two years' sea service at the time of his capture. Naturally, the navy officials are vexed that the difficulties of the negotiations looking to the release of Lieutenant Gilmore, of the Yorktown, and his men should be added to by this last misfortune. Still there is no disposition unnecessarily to curb the junior officers of the navy who are rendering such gallant service in the Philippines.

### THAT KRUPP GUN

Destroyed by Americans Was Sent to Olango by the Spaniards.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: The sixteen centimetre Krupp gun destroyed in the insurgent trenches at Olango, in Subig bay in one of the guns sent to that place by the Spaniards before the battle of Manila bay.

The insurgents took possession of the Spanish posts in the bay in July of last year, being assisted by the Raleigh and the Concord which were sent in by Admiral Dewey to prevent interference by the German cruiser Irene, whose captain had prevented Aguinaldo's forces from taking Isla Granda at the entrance to the bay.

Subig bay is the most important port in the island of Luzon in the neighborhood of Manila. It is expected that it will be held permanently by the navy, so as to afford a base of operations against the insurgents in that neighborhood.

### IMPORTANT DISPATCHES

From General Otis in Regard to Negros and Sulu Islands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—Two important dispatches from General Otis at Manila were made public by the war department to-day. The first indicates that the insurgents on the island of Negros are about to recognize the authority of the United States. An election in Negros will be held on the second of October. The dispatch follows: MANILA, Sept. 23.

Adjutant General, Washington.

Hughes, Hollis, reports Lopez and sixty-four armed men surrendered to Byrne at Castellano, Negros. Election in that island October 2. Sought conference. Chief insurgents Panay wished to know what promise could be given them in case of formal submission. Told no arrangements possible until surrendered and force disbanded. OTIS.

The second dispatch says the American flag will be raised in Sulu Island. The chief insurgents in Zamboanga are reported willing to accept the authority of the United States, but desire to name conditions which General Otis would not accept. The second dispatch follows:

MANILA, Sept. 25.

Adjutant General, Washington. Dates returns from Jolo, twenty-first inst., having placed garrisons at Salsat and Bungam. Tawi Tawi group: one company each place. Affairs in archipelago satisfactory. Dates saw chief insurgents Zamboanga, still anxious to receive United States garrison on condition of withdrawal should Aguinaldo succeed in Luzon. Proposition not en-

tartained. Zamboanga having trouble with more Datos in vicinity who have raised United States flag. Dato Cogayan, Sulu Island, visited Jolo, gave address, and desired to raise American flag instead of Spanish flag on island. American flag will be raised there. Ready to give six months' notice in order to establish in archipelago customs regulations under protocol between Spain, Germany and Great Britain of 1885. Bates report by mail. OTIS.

### Off for the Philippines.

HARRISBURG, Pa., September 25.—The 28th regiment left Camp Meade this morning for service in the Philippines. The troops went in four sections over the Pennsylvania railroad. They will be stationed at the Presidio a short time before embarking for the Philippines. The Forty-first and Forty-seventh regiments are being recruited at Camp Meade for service in the Philippines.

### BOMBARDMENT CLAIMS

That will Have to be Paid by United States and England.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The three governments interested in Samoa, Great Britain, Germany and the United States, have been considering the claims arising out of the bombardment last summer, in which the American forces under Admiral Kautz, and the British forces under Captain Sturdee, participated. It is understood that the British and German authorities are agreed on the general principle that the bombardment and naval claims should be reimbursed. This, however, it is asserted, imposes no obligation on Germany to share in meeting the claims, as the German forces did not participate in the bombardment. It is said also that no proposition has been made to have Germany pay a part of the Samoan damage done by the Mataafa forces. The course of the United States has not yet been fully determined, either as to the bombardment or the claims arising from native depredations.

### YAQUI INSURRECTION

Is Growing Rapidly Worse Instead of Abating.

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 25.—Judging from reports reaching here to-day from Oritz, state of Sonora, Mexico, the Yaqui Indian warfare is rapidly growing worse instead of abating. Lieutenant Majeran has arrived at Torres on his way to the City of Mexico to make official reports as to the progress of the campaign. He says there has been no cessation of the warfare being waged against the Indians by the Mexican government. He reports that the Indians have scattered into small bands and are now vigorously waging a guerrilla warfare and that the Mexican soldiers have adopted similar tactics. Dozens of skirmish fights have resulted in a number of soldiers and Indians being killed and several miners have lost their lives. Many of them have deserted paying mines in order to save their lives. The entire country tributary to the uprising is in a state of fermentation, and the natives are leaving as rapidly as possible.

### Only Suffers From Overwork.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Hobart Tuttle, Vice President Hobart's brother-in-law, said to-night in answer to inquiries made at the home of Mr. Hobart, at Paterson, that there was no truth in the report that Mr. Hobart had Bright's disease. The vice president, he said, was suffering from overwork, but he has been slowly, but continually improving. Mr. Tuttle says that he has not ventured out to-day, but that he had passed a good night last night and was enjoying a good appetite, slept soundly and was in good spirits. Mr. Hobart, it was claimed, had been about the house all day and expected to be out in a few days.

### Devlin Bounced.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—The Record to-morrow will say: Samuel B. Cook, who manages the ways and means bureau of the Democratic party, said to-day that executive chairman Johnson, of the national committee, would move the Democratic press bureau from P. J. Devlin's office when he returned to Chicago about October 8, and thereafter Mr. Johnson and himself would supply the Democratic press of the country with campaign literature. When Mr. Johnson was here recently he notified Mr. Devlin that his services would be dispensed with on his return.

### Desperate Criminals Escape.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Sept. 25.—Peter Benson and George Dumnitt fractured the skull of County Miller A. W. Maxwell to-day and escaped from jail by stealing his keys. He may die. Maxwell was conducting the men from the bath room to their cells, when one of them seized the leg of a bed from beneath a cot and struck him on the back of the head. The men were desperate, having long criminal records.

### Killed Without Warning.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Sept. 25.—While standing at his gate last night Joseph Rotkowski, aged 36, of William Penn, a suburb of this place, was approached by a gang of eleven men, one of whom, without warning, struck him on the head with a hatchet, killing him instantly. Michael Brozeski, John and Anthony Senkewicz, Matthew and Raleigh Bubnis, Charles Kutchis and Andrew Kurmis were arrested to-day and charged with complicity in the crime.

### Not an Issue.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 25.—Judge George K. Nash addressed a letter to-day to Mayor S. M. Jones, of Toledo, who has challenged him and all the other candidates for governor to debate the proposition that political parties have ceased to be useful or necessary. Jones is taking the affirmative, declining the challenge on the ground that the question is not an issue of the campaign.

### Wellington Resigns.

BALTIMORE, September 25.—United States Senator George L. Wellington to-day resigned the chairmanship of the Republican State central committee in accordance with the recent written request of Governor Lloyd Lowndes, who is a candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket. Thomas J. Shryock is state treasurer.

### Has One More Confession.

PANA, Ills., Sept. 25.—Henry Brunot, who is in jail for the murder of his aunt, Jane Brunot, to-day confessed to a friend to the murder of Mrs. Mary McIntyre, who was mysteriously slain here last winter. He said he had one more confession to make and then he was ready to die.

## NEW YORK PREPARING TO WELCOME

Admiral Dewey and His Brave Sailors—Public Buildings Being Decorated.

### THE CITY ALREADY CROWDED,

Hotels Are Full, and Furnished Rooms Pretty Well Taken Up—More Friction.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—From the Battery to Harlem, the streets show evidence of the preparation for Admiral Dewey's welcome. Nearly every office building in the business districts on Broadway and the downtown thoroughfares is being decorated with flags, bunting, shields and streamers and the enthusiasm displayed in the adornment of private houses is not behindhand. Fifth avenue, as the main route of the parade, presents a busy appearance. Stands are building all along its length, on the steps of churches, offices and dwellings. Vacant windows bear huge pictures of the admiral, coupled with the sign: "To let for Dewey Day."

The town is already crowded with people. All the hotels are full and furnished rooms are pretty well taken up. Among the vessels already in the harbor to participate in the welcome to Admiral Dewey, are several which are usually engaged in the coasting and sound traffic. These are well provided with state-rooms and their agents have already bid for the hotel overflow. It is proposed to provide sleeping and eating accommodations on several of them during the week.

Included in the sight-seeing floating hotels are some of the boats used as transports in moving troops to the West Indies. Special inducements are being offered the patrons of the hotel boats to remain over and witness the yacht races next week.

The committee of seven of the reception committee will visit the Olympia as soon as Admiral Dewey will receive them on Thursday afternoon, and formally make known to him the city's plans for his reception. The mayor's private secretary will accompany the committee and ask Admiral Dewey if it will be convenient for him to receive the mayor of New York at 11 o'clock the following day.

Levi P. Morton has accepted the invitation to be one of the committee of seven. All have now accepted except William C. Whitney, who has not yet been heard from.

At a meeting of the United Irish Societies of New York to-day, resolutions were adopted, declaring that:

"Whereas, a committee of officers representing the Irish volunteers, waited upon Major General Roe, grand marshal of the parade, and asked and were refused a place in the parade, we take emphatic exception to this action as invidious, if not hostile to the Irish volunteers, and resent the unjust discrimination as depriving the regiment of the honor of a position in the line of march as admirers and fellow citizens of the hero of Manila, Admiral Dewey."

Rear Admiral Sampson received eighty seats for the reviewing stand for the use of the officers of the fleet. The admiral had made a request for 150.

There is much speculation as to the probable time of Admiral Dewey's arrival off Sandy Hook. In the opinion of many officers the Olympia will not be sighted first off Sandy Hook. They think that in all probability the admiral will so time his approach to the American coast that he will have to put into some bay, possibly the Delaware, for the purpose of painting his ship before proceeding to New York.

Aboard the flagship, it was said that the Texas had been selected as the ship to go out to meet Dewey and escort him to port. Whatever ship is selected for the service will remain with the fleet with steam up until the Olympia is sighted from the highlands of Navesink and she will then steam down the bay and meet Dewey's flagship outside.

Orders have been issued for the gathering of the veterans of the Spanish-American war, who will march on the day of the land parade as the Manhattan provisional regiment. Colonel John Jacob Astor will command. The regiment will follow the visiting National Guard organizations and will fall into the line of march at Riverside Drive and One Hundred and Twenty-second street. The first general order, issued to-day by Colonel Astor, says that all unaffiliated veterans who wish to march with the regiment must report at least forty-eight hours before the parade.

### Nine People Burned.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Nine people were badly burned, one probably fatally, at a fire in a lodging house in the South End to-night. The following are at the city hospital: Mrs. Rena Butler, who is on the danger list; Mrs. Sarah H. Lovelace, Miss Lillian Tyrrell, Hewitt Lovelace, Waverly Greene, Chesterfield Stewart. Others burned are Miss Anna Tyrrell, Robert Lovelace and Andrew Lovelace. The fire was due to the explosion of gasoline with which Mrs. Butler was filling a lamp, mistaking it for kerosene oil.

### Death of Captain Sigbee's Daughter.

LEWES, Del., September 25.—Miss Sigbee, daughter of Captain Sigbee, late of the ill-fated battleship Maine, and now commander of the Texas, died to-day of heart failure at the cottage of Mrs. Rittenhouse, Rehoboth, Del., where she had been spending the summer. Her remains will be sent to Washington for burial to-morrow morning.

## ORE LANDS BOUGHT

By a Syndicate—The Property Was Owned Mainly by Prominent West Virginians—Effects of the Purchase. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Sept. 25.—A sale involving purchase money to the amount of a half million dollars and the exchange of 50,000 acres of the most valuable iron ore lands in the United States was consummated here. The lower Potts creek property, situated in Allegheny and Craig counties, Virginia, became the property of the Valley Ore Company, which is composed of George Carter, of Bristol, Tenn.; Frank Lyman, of the Lowmoor Iron Company, and several others. The negotiations had been in progress since April 25 last, at which time options were taken from the property by the purchasers.

The property belonged to a company composed of ex-Senator J. N. Camden, of Parkersburg; ex-Governor W. A. McCorkle, of this city; ex-Artillery General Judson Harmon and Colonel Thos. Fairfax, of Cincinnati; Captain Alex. Matthews and the estates of Judge H. A. Holt and Judge A. C. Snyder, of Lewisburg; John K. Cowan, of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad; J. L. Henry, of Fayette, and O. A. and W. T. Thayer, and W. A. and Jesse S. Savage, of this city. It was originally optioned by the two latter, who interested the others in it. They purchased it about 1890.

The new purchasers are said to have in contemplation the construction of a railroad connecting the Chesapeake & Ohio and the Norfolk & Western, thus bringing into communication the coking coal fields of both and the Potts creek ore lands. This would constitute a field of operation rivaling that of Birmingham. Options have also been taken on 25,000 more acres, known as the Upper Potts creek property.

### To Sail the Shamrock.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Announcement was made on board Sir Thomas Lipton's steam yacht Erin to-day that Designer Fife would have nothing to do with the sailing of the Shamrock in the coming international races. Captains Hogarth and Wringe are to be equals in command—that is to say, Hogarth will sometimes sail the yacht, while Winge will attend to the trimming of the sails. On other days Wringe may do the steering. The Shamrock did not go out for a trial spin to-day. The wind was very strong from the southeast, reaching a velocity of twenty-five miles an hour at times. The Columbia reached New Rochelle, N. Y., early this morning in low, and anchored off All View, Mr. Iselin's home. She had her spinnaker for trying out and her crew is now believed to be almost perfect in drills for handling the sails under all possible conditions that can be foreseen. The sea was too rough for a spin to-day.

### Hurricane's Devastation.

WASHINGTON, September 25.—Consul Aymer reports to the state department from Guadalupe that the loss of property from the recent tropical hurricane amounts to at least \$5,000,000. Forty deaths and over 300 seriously wounded are reported from various parts of the island. The city is a mass of wrecks while the harbor front is littered with the debris of large and small boats. The consul says the fruit crop is a total loss and that famine threatens the island. He says the series of misfortunes which this island has passed through, earthquake, destructive fires and a financial crisis probably will force the colony to appeal to the outside world for assistance.

### Talks Entertainingly.

WASHINGTON, September 25.—Captain Crosier, of the Ordnance Bureau, who was a member of the international conference, at The Hague, has returned to his duties in the war department. Captain Crosier talks entertainingly of the proceedings of the conference and is well pleased with what was accomplished. He says that it was known as soon as the conference assembled that there could be nothing done regarding the decrease of armaments and the cessation of invention and progress in the matter of offensive and defensive warfare, but the subject was considered and given attention though nothing approaching an agreement was ever reached.

### Two Glove Events.

NEW YORK, September 25.—At the Coney Island Sporting Club to-night, Tim Callahan, of Philadelphia, defeated Johnny Richie, of Chicago, in a twenty round bout. Richie was decidedly over-matched. George Cole, colored, of Trenton, defeated Charley Johnson, of St. Paul, in a twenty-five round bout. The colored man was much the stronger and took the aggressive from the start, knocking Johnson down frequently and slamming him all over the ring. Johnson took his punishment with extraordinary gameness and lasted the full twenty-five rounds, but there was no question about the justness of the referee's award.

### A Silly Heiress.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 25.—Maude Danielson, the fifteen-year-old heiress of Granton, N. J., who ran away from her uncle's home to see her sweetheart, William Asmus, a young printer here, and whom the police are detaining here upon orders from her uncle, will be sent home to-morrow, in company with an officer. Her uncle claims she took \$150 of his money when she left. Young Asmus was annoyed by the girl's letters, and told the authorities of her whereabouts. Miss Danielson is said to be one of three heiresses to an estate estimated at \$60,000.

### Fatal Boiler Explosion.

POTTSBORO, Texas, September 25.—The boiler at Henderson and Mangus' gin blew up to-day, demolishing the building and killing Engineer Grant Cordor, Pressman Nunn Steele and a boy named Jones. Miss Jones, sister of the boy, had both feet blown off and a thigh broken in two places.

### Demand an Increase.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., September 25.—Firemen in all of the coal mines in the Danville district, went out to-day for an increase of wages. About 10,000 all the mines in the district and threw out 2,000 miners out of employment. They demand \$1.75 a day for eight hours work.

### A New Vanderbilt Daughter.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—A daughter was born at midnight to the wife of Cornelius Vanderbilt, jr., Mrs. Vanderbilt arrived from Newport yesterday.

## ENGLAND EXPRESSES REGRET

That Recent Offers Have Been Refused by the Transvaal—Object Had in View.

### WARNING NOTE IS SOUNDED

In the Reply of Secretary Chamberlain—Useless to Pursue Negotiations Further.

PRETORIA, Sept. 25.—The imperial dispatch was read to-day in the volksraad. President Kruger announced that the reply of the government of the South African Republic would be presented to the volksraad to-morrow.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The officials of the foreign office this evening gave out the text of the letter of the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, to the British high commissioner in South Africa, Sir Alfred Milner, dated September 22. The British reply expresses regret that her majesty's offer, No. 5, of September 8, had been refused, and says:

"The object her majesty's government had in view in the recent negotiations has been stated in a manner which cannot admit of misapprehension, viz. to obtain such substantial and immediate representation for the Outlanders as will enable them to secure for themselves that fair and just treatment which was formally promised them in 1881, and which her majesty intended to secure for them when she granted privileges of self government to the Transvaal.

No conditions less comprehensive than those contained in the telegram of September 8, can be relied on to effect this object. The refusal of the South African government to entertain the offer thus made, coming as it does after four months of protracted negotiations, themselves the climax of five years of extended agitation, makes it useless to further pursue the discussion on the lines hitherto followed, and the imperial government is now compelled to consider the situation afresh and formulate new proposals for a final settlement of the issues which have been created in South Africa by the policy constantly followed for many years by the government of South Africa. They will communicate the result of their deliberations in a later dispatch."

In a later communication, delivered September 22, the imperial government takes up the charge of breach of faith instigated by Secretary of State Reitz, September 16, "which we cannot pass over in silence."

### Recognizes Hopelessness.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The Brussels correspondent of the Standard says that Dr. Leyds, European representative of the South African Republic now recognizes the hopelessness of any attempt to obtain European intervention.

### Looks Like Business.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—A special dispatch from Pretoria says that the members of the volksraad, believing that the British notes are intended to gain time for the concentration of troops, urge the government to adjourn the read immediately and to send Great Britain a note declaring that further mobilization will be regarded as an unfriendly act. Trenches, earthworks and sand-bag defences are being erected in all the available approaches to the capital.

### Venezuelan Boundary.

PARIS, September 25.—Before the Anglo-Venezuelan boundary commission to-day, former president Benjamin Harrison, continued his argument on behalf of Venezuela. M. De Maertens, president of the tribunal, asked Mr. Harrison where he found the word delimitation in the treaty. Mr. Harrison replied that he would show that delimitation was a necessary effect, which did not, as had been claimed by Sir Richard Webster on behalf of Great Britain, permit the Dutch to acquire concessions except from the Portuguese in Brazil.

### Critical Situation in Venezuela.

PONCE, Porto Rico, September 25.—Advices received here to-day from Caracas describe the situation in Venezuela as critical. The revolutionists are approaching Victoria, where the next battle will be fought. People desiring to proceed to Puerto Cabello on the Gulf of Trieste are not allowed to depart. The government is very unpopular and very suspicious.

### Earthquakes, Floods, Landslides.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 25.—Earthquakes, floods and terrible landslides occurred at and near Darjeeling, in the lower Himalayas, last night. Great damage was done, and no fewer than sixty natives perished. There was a rainfall of 28 inches in thirty-eight hours. Three bad landslides took place between Darjeeling and Sonada, involving the transportation of a railway train of passengers. According to the latest reports, nine European children and twenty natives were lost between those two points. The whole Calcutta road was blocked, and the Pajalhora line has been seriously damaged. About a thousand acres of tea have been destroyed from Jalapapar to Burchill.

### Lost in the Storm.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., September 25.—The loss of another schooner is reported to-day as the result of the recent gale. She foundered with six men, bringing the total loss of life up to 63. Reports from remote sections of the island confirm the fears as to an extensive destruction of shipping property. Vessels returning from northern Labrador are also badly damaged.

### Bankrupt Clothier.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—H. J. Schloss, manufacturer of clothing, to-day filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, \$75,162; no assets.

## GENERAL STRIKE

To Take Place in Havana To-day. City May be Without Bread.

HAVANA, Sept. 25.—In spite of the efforts of the leaders, a general strike to-morrow seems inevitable. The only union that has not decided to join is the cartmen's union, but it is expected that the cartmen will go with the rest. The strikers are confident of winning. They say they have withstood the blockade of three months' duration and after that there is nothing to fear.

A manifesto has been issued by the general committee, calling upon all to help the movement. The various laundry establishments are closed and it is impossible to get laundry work done—a very serious matter in Havana.

It is not known how long the strikers can hold out. They say that even if they lose they will have struck a blow in the right direction. The closing of the laundry establishments is a veritable God-send to the dry goods stores, as people are literally driven to buy extra linen. Senor Lacoste, the mayor, is endeavoring to protect some of the laundries, with a view to keeping them in operation, but it is impossible to extend this protection to anything like an adequate number.

It is probable that Havana to-morrow will be without bread, owing to the bakers' strike.

### WAGES TO BE RAISED

Of Sixteen Thousand Men Employed on Vessels of the Great Lakes.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 25.—As a result of a meeting of the executive committee of the Lake Carriers' Association, held this afternoon, the wages of nearly sixteen thousand men employed on the vessels of the Great Lakes will be raised from ten to twenty per cent, beginning October 1. This includes two thousand engineers, who demanded an advance of 12½ per cent and threatened to strike should it not be conceded. Instead of the 12½ per cent asked for by the engineers they will receive an advance of 20 per cent.

The advance, as authorized by the executive committee, is as follows: First and second mates, first and second engineers, 20 per cent; all other members of crews including firemen, wheelmen, lookouts, cooks, deck-hands, 10 per cent.

On August 15 last, the Lake Carriers' Association raised the wages of firemen, deckhands, cooks, wheelmen and lookouts 10 per cent, so that the advance of 10 per cent made to-day, makes them a total of 20 per cent increase since that date.

Members of the Lake Carriers' Association, when their attention was called to the fact that the engineers had been given 7½ per cent more than they had demanded, said no such demands had been received from the engineers.

The Lake Carriers' Association has never recognized the marine engineers' union.

### Ore Rates Reduced.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, September 25.—There was a reduction to-day of fifteen cents a ton in the rate for carrying ore from the head of the lakes to Ohio ports from \$2 to \$1.85. This is believed to presage a general reduction in rates, which is due to the falling off in the demand for grain for exports.

### Strikers Confer with Hanna.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 25.—A committee from the Street Railroad Men's Union called upon Senator Hanna, who is the president of the Cleveland City Railway Company, to-day. The conference was secret. At its conclusion the senator said they had been received very courteously by the senator, who admitted that the strikers on the Big Consolidated lines had grievances which should have been adjusted, and which would have been adjusted if they had worked for his company. It was denied that a demand had been made for the recognition of the union on the senator's road.

### Steel Imports Into Germany.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail in a dispatch dealing with the great increase of American iron and steel imports into Germany says: "I learn that the German machine company and the Niles tool works are going to erect large plants in Berlin. Other important American firms, including the Buffalo Forge Company, are expected to follow suit. There is an average of 2,400 pounds value of iron tools alone imported weekly from New York."

### Professor Commits Suicide.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 25.—Dr. Herman Wadsworth Bailey, 35 years old, instructor of Latin in Wesleyan university and a member of the faculty, was found dead in his room in the United States hotel to-day, with his throat cut. He had committed suicide. He was one of the finest classical scholars in the country. Lately he had been haunted by a fear of losing his mind.

### Pope's Delegate to the Philippines.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 25.—Archbishop Chapelle has received notification from the pope of his appointment as apostolic delegate for the Philippine Islands. He is already apostolic delegate for Cuba and Porto Rico, besides being archbishop of New Orleans.

### Similarity of Names.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Through the filing of a petition in bankruptcy September 20 by Cohn Bros., Klee & Co., an advertising agency, the name of Klee & Co., tailors, has become associated in the matter. Klee & Co. are in no way connected with the failed firm.

### Diaz Can't Come.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 25.—President Diaz cannot go to Chicago on account of the illness of Madame Diaz. He has appointed Lic. Ignacio Mariscal, minister of foreign affairs, to go as his representative.

### Celebrated Actor Dead.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—John Gleeper Clarke, the celebrated actor and theatrical manager, is dead, aged sixty-four years.

### Tin Plate Mill Burned.

TIPTON, Ind., September 25.—The Atlantic Tin Plate mill was destroyed by fire to-day. Loss fully \$100,000.

### Weather Forecast for To-day.

West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair Tuesday and Wednesday; fresh northerly winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by C. Schenck, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:

7 a. m.	69
8 a. m.	68
9 a. m.	67
10 a. m.	66
11 a. m.	65
12 m.	64
1 p. m.	63
2 p. m.	62
3 p. m.	61
4 p. m.	60
5 p. m.	59
6 p. m.	58
7 p. m.	57
8 p. m.	56
9 p. m.	55
10 p. m.	