The Wheeling Intelligencer.

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"DEWEY DAY," WHEELING, THURSDAY, FEB. 22.

SENATOR SCOTT DENIES A RUMOR ABOUT WHITE.

Report Circulated That He Would Expend from $10,000 to $100,000 in Behalf of His Candidacy.

ALMOST TOO SILLY TO REFUTE.

The Senator Is for the Nominee of the Convention—Meeting of Freer Republicans.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 7.—Senator Scott's attention has been called several times recently to a report being circulated in the state that he had said he would see that Mr. A. B. White is nominated for governor if it cost $10,000 or even $100,0000, and in conversation with the Intelligencer correspondent today he said in reference to it:

"That report is too false to be dignified by a denial. It is just such a one as was sent abroad over the state during my illness at Morgantown, to the effect that I had given Mr. White in my will a sufficient sum of money to insure his nomination and election, or some such statement.

Too Silly to Refute.

"One is as untrue as the other, so false that I hardly regard either as of sufficient importance to demand attention. Since you have asked me about it, however, I shall say that the report alluded to is absolutely without foundation.

"If anything has been said by me to any one concerning Mr. White's candidacy it was simply that I regarded it as to the interest of the party that he be nominated, but that I was for the candidate of the Republican party, whoever he might be, and that when the convention shall act I will do my share to secure his success at the polls."

FREER ENDORSED

By a Meeting of Prominent Republicans of the State, Held at Washington City—Committee Appointed to Take Charge of the Judge's Campaign — Wheeling's Representatives.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 7.—A meeting was held here to-day embracing about fifty West Virginians who are favorable to the nomination of Hon. Romeo H. Freer for governor. Resolutions were adopted setting forth the purpose of the assemblage, and a committee was appointed to take charge of Mr. Freer's campaign.

Most of those composing the meeting were registered at the National Hotel, but the formal meeting took place at the Varnum, where Judge Freer is stopping during the session of Congress. General George W. Curtin was made chairman of the meeting, and also of the campaign committee mentioned, and W. E. Glasscock, of Morgantown, served as secretary.

Resolutions Adopted.

The resolutions adopted, which were drawn up by Mr. E M. Grant, of Monongalia county, recited that those taking part in the meeting were assembled solely in the interest of the Republican party in the state; that they were against no candidate for any office, but recognizing the right of any and every man to aspire to political honors; they likewise maintained the right and privilege of indorsing one of the list of eligibles for nomination to any position within the gift of the people, and therefore declared in favor of Mr. Freer for governor.

After having made a thorough canvass of the state the resolutions recite: "We are firmly of the opinion that the best interests of the party in the state will be subserved in the nomination of Hon. Romeo H. Freer for governor, believing him to be the choice of the masses of the party."

These resolutions were given unanimous indorsement, and, as stated, a committee was appointed to take charge of the interests of Mr. Freer up to and including the date of the convention. That committee consists of Gen. George W. Curtin, chairman; Richard Robertson, of Wheeling; W. E. Glasscock, of Morgantown; James H. Huling, of Charleston, and C. B. Smith, jr., of Parkersburg.

Judge Freer's Speech.

Judge Freer was invited to come before the meeting and did so. He made a brief speech, expressing his pleasure and gratitude for the confidence and support of his friends, and said he did not personally seek the gubernatorial nomination, but that he became a candidate at the behest of the people. He could not, he declared, refuse to accede to the demands upon him, and if nominated for the office he proposed to see that he should be elected, and no man, he said, would do more than he for the success of the party, whether he should be the nominee for governor or not.

Among those present were Hon. Thomas E. Davis, of Grafton; Hon. John W. Mason, of Fairmont; J. L. Caldwell, E. M. Caldwell and S. A. Hawk, of Huntington; W. H. Smith, jr.; G. B. Gibbons, William Kirk, H. F. Kyle and C. B. Smith, of Parkersburg; W. E. Glasscock, W. H. Morgan, I. C. White, Dr. James P. Fitch, Frank Cox, M. L. Brown and E. M. Grant, of Morgantown; Gen. George W. Curtin, of Braxton; J. E. Hooten, of Marshall, and the following from Ohio county: Richard Robertson, county clerk; Isaac V. Barton, state commissioner of labor; William McCormick, jailer; J. R. Butts, ex-mayor, of Wheeling; H. P. McGregor, president of county commissioners, and Starks L. Baker, of Beverly.

Plan of Campaign.

A meeting was held at the National Hotel to-night to map out plans of the Freer campaign. They will provide for an active canvass of every county in the state in the interest of the candidate favored by those present.

Hon. John W. Mason said to-night, and his remarks were indorsed by the others present, that reports which classed the Freer people as anti-administration were unqualifiedly false. "We are ardent supporters of Mr. McKinley," he said, "and against nobody, and while we do not object to the presence of all other Republicans on the McKinley wagon, we do not propose to give up our places there."

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

House Passed the Diplomatic Appropriation Bill—In the Senate Depew Hauled Aguinaldo Pettigrew Over the Coals.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The house finished the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill to-day, passing it substantially as it came from the committee. There was some desultory discussion of the Philippine question and the war in South Africa, the principal feature being the speech of Mr. Shafroth in favor of mediation in the British-Boer war under the provisions of The Hague treaty. The diplomatic bill as passed carries $1,743,908.

Tilt Between Depew and Pettigrew.

A lively tilt between Mr. Depew (Rep., N. Y.) and Mr. Pettigrew (Silver Rep., S. D.) was an unexpected feature in the early proceedings of the senate to-day. Mr. Depew read a letter from President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, flatly contradicting statements made by Mr. Pettigrew in a speech several days ago, and then commented caustically upon the methods of the South Dakota senator in traducing the evidence of such men as President Schurman and Admiral Dewey through the statements of Aguinaldo.

Mr. Pettigrew replied sharply, repeating much that he has said heretofore, but distinctly reiterating the statements which had called forth the denials of both President Schurman and Admiral Dewey, in the course of which he quoted an alleged interview with President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, which appeared in a Chicago newspaper, and in which he was quoted as saying that Aguinaldo was honest. In his remarks Mr. Pettigrew said Mr. Schurman tried to bribe the insurgents and failed.

Mr. Depew said he had received a letter from Prof. Schurman with regard to the charges of the South Dakota senator, which he desired to lay before the senate. The letter stated that the charge was absolutely without foundation. Admiral Dewey had also denied the statement.

Senator Depew, in commenting on the matter, said that at the time this speech of the senator from South Dakota was being delivered he might have summoned both President Schurman and Admiral Dewey, both being in the city, and any statements they made with reference to the matter would be unquestionably accepted by the American people as true.

Before the statements of Dewey and Schurman the charges of Mr. Pettigrew disappeared as Aguinaldo's army vanished before the American troops.

Discussion of the financial measure was then resumed, speeches being made by Mr. Turner (Dem., Wash.), Mr. Bate (Dem., Tenn.) and Mr. Allen (Populist, Neb.), all in opposition to the pending bill.

PRESIDENT ENTERTAINS

Supreme Court—Senator and Mrs. Elkins and Senator and Mrs. Scott Were Among the Guests.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 7.—President and Mrs. McKinley gave a dinner at the white house to-night to the members of the supreme court. Owing to the large number present the table, handsomely decorated with great bunches of roses and beds of Japanese primroses and carnations, was set in the main vestibule. Those invited to meet the guests of the evening included members of the judiciary committee of both houses of Congress anrd others.

Among the guests were Senator and Mrs. Elkins and Senator and Mrs. Scott, of West Virginia.

MUSTERED OUT

of State Guard—Requisition on Pennsylvania for Alleged Murder.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 7.—Orders were issued to-day from the adjutant general's office mustering out of the service of the state Company D, at Berkeley Springs, and Company I, at Charles Town, First Regiment, West Virginia National Guard. Both companies had fallen below the minimum of strength in numbers, by reason of the fact that a large number of men in each enlisted for service in the Spanish-American war, and have not re-enlisted in the guard.

Governor Atkinson has issued a requisition on the governor of Pennsylvania, for Edward Jennings, wanted in McDowell county, this state, for murder. Jennings is now in custody at Pittsburgh. W. G. Baldwin, of Roanoke, Va., was appointed agent of the state to serve the requisition.

THE ADVANCE TO RELIEVE LADYSMITH,

Met With Determined Resistance, But British Captured Krantz Kloof.

FIGHTING AT STERKSTROOM

British Shells Exploded the Magazine of a Big Boer Gun, Knocking it Out

LONDON, Feb. 8 (4 A. M.)—The British columns are putting themselves in motion in all parts of the South African war field. A combined attack upon the Boers appears to be in progress. Gen. Buller has gained a footing upon the plateau north of the Tugela after two days' hard fighting.

On the far western border Lord Methuen has begun a turning movement against the Boer right, while Gen. MacDonald threatens the Boer flank, thus relieving the pressure on Lord Methuen's front.

Lort Robert, who, according to an infromant in close touch with the war office, is in the middle of the theatre of war, has begun the march on Bloomfontein.

The Boers have taken the initiative against Gen. Gatacre, attacking two of his positions at Sterkstroom.

It really looks as though the general forward movement so long talked of is in progress. Gen. Buller's third attempt at relieving Ladysmith absorbs attention. Telegrams of from 100 to 200 words from a dozen correspondents have been passed by the censor, who has apparently re-dated messages written Monday or Tuesday to Wednesday at 6 p. m. From these it is clear that Gen. Buller up to Tuesday evening had taken one hill, had repulsed a Boer counter attack and was holding the position against an enfilading fire from Spion Kop and Doorm Kloof. His losses as mentioned by one correspondent are 250.

The only telegrams from Boer sources assert that one of Gen. Buller's attempts to seize the fords failed, but they admit that he has lodged forces on one kopje.

Light on Gen. Buller's operations ceases here, the war office not contributing any information.

Three thousand more militia have been ordered to prepare for embarkation. The obsolete guns at the various coast defenses are being replaced with modern naval guns. The government is preparing a plan to be submitted to parliament for the conversion of yeomanry, volunteers and militia into a well organized and properly equipped army for home defense.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 7.—Fighting began this morning at Sterkstroom, and is now in progress. No details have been received.

BOER HEAD LAAGER, LADYSMITH, Tuesday, Feb. 6, 11 a. m.—Further reports of yesterday's fighting at the upper Tugela river show that the British lost heavily at Pont Drift, but took an important position on a small kopje on the Molen Drift side. Four Boers were killed. The British loss is unknown. They are still in possession of the kopje and the big guns have ceased firing.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—A special dispatch from Spearman's Camp, dated Wednesday, Feb. 7, says:

"Our further advance is at the moment prevented, as the Boers enfilade us from their positions on Spion Kop and Doorm Kloof. Our casualties, although estimated at 250, are trifling, considering the great importance of the movement just concluded."

SPEARMAN'S CAMP, Wednesday, Feb. 7, 6 p. m.—General Buller commenced the advance for the relief of Ladysmith Monday. The naval guns opened at 7 o'clock in the morning and a feint attack was made in front of our position. Three battalions advanced toward the Frankfontein with six batteries. At 11 the Boers opened with artillery fire and sent several shells among the British infantry, who retired an hour later. Meanwhile a vigorous attack was made on the extreme right, where the engineers expeditiously constructed a position. Several pieces of cannon hidden among the trees on Zwart's Kop bombarded heavily. The British infantry advanced and the Boers were entirely surprised. At 4 o'clock, a high hill, a continuation of the Brakfontein, had been taken. The operations were excellently planned. The name of the hill taken is Krants Kloof. The bombardment of the Boer position was resumed this (yesterday) morning. The Boers worked a disappearing cannon from the high Doorm Kloof range on the right of the captured hill, but the British shells exploded its magazine and the gun was put out of action until late in the day.

Musketry fire was intermittent until the afternoon, when the Boers made a determined effort to re-take the hill.

Reinforcements rushed up cheering, the Boers were repulsed and the British advanced along the ridge.

The News in London.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—When the dispatch announcing the fighting on the Upper Tugela was published there was the usual scene of excitement on the streets. The big placards attracted newspaper buyers and the news was eagerly discussed in all quarters. There was notable excitement in the house of commons, where, in addition to the war office announcement that General Buller had crossed the Tugela, Monday, and was advancing upon Ladysmith, a news agency telegram was posted, saying that one hundred additional ambulance stretchers had been sent to the front from Durban.

The war office at present is only able to add, regarding General Buller's advance, "the operations are still in progress, but we have no information regarding the result."

The war office message, as given out, furnishes no clue as to where the Tugela was crossed, nor the numbers supporting General Buller's movement; but it is presumed this third attempt will be a supreme effort on the part of the general to cut his way through, and that in it he will employ every available man.

GOEBEL FUNERAL TRAIN

Arrived at Frankfort and the Casket Was Taken to Capitol Hotel, Where the Remains Lie in State—Elaborate Floral Tributes.

FANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 7.—The remains of Gov. William Goebel were brought back to Frankfort to-day from Covington and laid in state in the ladies' reception room in the west wing of the Capitol hotel. There they will remain until noon to-morrow, when the relatives and intimate friends will take a last look at the features.

There were no incidents marking the return trip from Covington. Every precaution was taken to avoid accident, and slow running time was made in consequence, the train arriving in Frankfort an hour and a half later than expected. A steady rain was falling, but in spite of this a throng of several hundred gathered at the little station of the Cincinnati & Frankfort railroad on the hillside and stood with uncovered heads as the casket containing the remains of Gov. Goebel was taken from the car and put into the hearse. An escort of honor, composed of Mayor Dehoney and the members of the Frankfort city council took up their places in front of the hearse. Behind the hearse were three carriages containing Gov. Goebel's relatives and a few of his more intimate friends. Outside of the escort of honor, however, there were no ceremonies, everything being simple in the extreme. Arriving at the hotel, the casket was conveyed to the ladies' reception room and there placed on the bier in the center of the room.

The steady drizzle of the morning turned into a pouring rain in the afternoon, which kept up without cessation until long after nightfall, and probably not over 3,000 or 4,000 people took the opportunity to get a last look at the dead Democratic leader. Many of these were country people. Probably half of those who filed past the casket were women, wives of legislators and city and state officials, society women of Frankfort and country women, many of the latter with their garments stained from the long, weary rides over the mountainous roads. Many pathetic scenes were witnessed as the crowds slowly filed past the bier. Many of the women were weeping violently as they glanced at the sunken features in the casket.

The floral offerings were magnificent. Nearly every county in the state sent flowers, and the big room was one mass of roses, lilies and smilax. Ranged along the walls were scores of floral pieces, some of them extremely beautiful, while around the bier were piled great masses of flowers.

There was no excitement whatever in the city. Adjutant General Collier this morning gave orders that all the soldiers be withdrawn from the city to the capitol grounds. This was done to avoid any irritation which the presence of the state troops might have on Gov. Goebel's friends. Even the provost guard was withdrawn, while all passes were suspended, not even the commissary sergeants being allowed to pass the gates of the capitol grounds to procure needed supplies for their men. These orders will remain in force until Friday. As a mark of respect to the memory of Gov. Goebel all drills were suspended for to-day and to-morrow.

GENERAL SHAFTER

Compares Boer War With Operations in Cuba.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 7.—Gen. W. R. Shafter, while in this city with the Lawton funeral party, was asked for his opinion concerning the Transvaal war. The general, who is following the movement of Buller toward Ladysmith closely, said:

"Our British cousins were of the opinion only a few months ago that our land operations in the Spanish-American war were going on very slowly. How is it to-day with their operations against the Boers? We soon finished our work in Cuba, where we were opposed by one of the great powers of the earth. The Boers are not a power at all, and yet the work of subduing them seems to be one of no small importance and not likely to be accomplished very speedily."

Kicked to Death by a Horse.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Feb. 7.—Mrs. Michael Roach, of Gould's Station, was kicked by a horse this afternoon and instantly killed. Of her children, John is general road master and Michael chief train dispatcher on the New York, Lake Erie & Western railroad, and James is a supervisor on the Nickle Plate road.

KENTUCKY SITUATION UNCHANGED

And as Yet Gov. Taylor Has Not Signed the Louisville Agreement.

REFUSED ANY STATEMENT

Pending Conference With His Attorneys—Will Demand Repeal of Goebel Election Law.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 7.—So far as the situation in the controversy over the governorship of Kentucky is concerned, there was practically no change to-day. Governor Taylor has not yet affixed his signature to the Louisville agrement, and, although the general opinion is that he will ultimately do so, the probabilities are that he will not sign it until some time to-morrow, if then. Governor Taylor himself refused absolutely to make any statement in regard to his probable action in the matter, and during the day declined to receive any callers except his legal advisers. It was announced early in the day that his action might be expected after a conference between Governor Taylor and Judge Yost, Attorney Fairleigh, Governor Bradley and W. C. P. Breckinridge.

The last three named, however, did not arrive in Frankfort during the day and this afternoon. Gov. Taylor sent telegrams to Gov. Bradley, Augustus E. Willson, Judge Barr and Attorney Fairleigh, asking them to come to Frankfort for a conference to-night. Mr. Willson was the only one to arrive, and shortly after 8 o'clock to-night he, in company with Judge Yost and Gen. Daniel Lindsey, called on the governor and immediately went into a conference with him. Before going into the conference Judge Yost stated that it would probably be a lengthy one, and in that he did not expect any action to be taken to-night.

LIEUT. GOV. MARSHALL

Declares the Published Report of the Terms of Agreement Arrived at in the Louisville Conference is Not Literally Correct—Sessions of the Democratic Legislature — Protest From Manufacturers' Association.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 7.—The existence of a hitch in the peace negotiations and speculation as to its probable duration, occupied the minds of the politicians to the exclusion of everything else to-day. Another conference between the representatives of the two parties may be necessary before a final agreement is reached, was indicated by the summoning to Frankfort this afternoon of Republican attorneys, who have all along advised the leaders of that party, and some of whom were present at Tuesday night's conference. These include ex-Governor Bradley, Hon. A. E. Wilson and David W. Fairleigh. The last named was said to be out of the city.

The others left on an afternoon train for Frankfort. They would not talk of the negotiations, not being advised as to the particular points Governor Taylor wishes to discuss with them.

The Republicans of this city are not agreed as to the wisdom of closing the negotiations on the basis of the agreement reached Tuesday night. Postmaster T. H. Maker and some other federal officers think the sacrifice should be made in the interest of peace, while the press and the anti-administration faction of the city believe the fight should be kept up The latter, or Davis faction, held a meeting to-night, at which resolutions were adopted, urging Governor Taylor not to sign the agreement

Doubtful.

Mr. John Marshall, Republican lieutenant governor, said this afternoon that so many protests were being made by the Republicans against the terms of the peace agrement that he was doubtful if it would be signed He said:

"The terms of the agreement, as published, are taken to be literally correct, while such is not the case There have been several errors in the published statement The Republican meeting at Music Hall to-night is on the idea that the agreement has been published, but it has not been given out correctly"

Lieutennt Governor Marshall was one of the Republican members of Tuesday night's conference, and one of the signers of the agreement. He said he was not at liberty to discuss the terms of the document further, nor to indicate in what respect the published reports of it were inaccurate.

A majority of the Democratic members of the legislature are in the city, and until Friday at least the headquarters of that body will remain here. About thirty Democratic members came down from Cincinnati to-day. Twenty or more have been here since Sunday, while others are at their homes at nearby towns.

Sessions of the Legislature.

Sessions of both houses were held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel at 1 o'clock. Forty members of the house responded to their names when Speaker Trimble called that body to order. A quorum not being present the sergeant-at-arms was ordered to secure the attendance of absent members. The house then adjourned until to-morrow. Similar action was then taken in the senate, when President L. H. Carter and twelve members were present. The meeting to-morrow wil be held simply to comply with the law. By Friday it is expected a quorum of each house will be present. If that is the case, the legislature will adjourn, to meet Monday at Frankfort, if the peace negotiations are in a satisfactory state. If not, regular business will be taken up and the sessions will be continued in this city, in accordance with the plans which were being carried out last Sunday when overtures for a peace conference were made.

This city will send a large delegation to Frankfort to-morrow to attend the funeral of Governor Goebel. Mayor Weaver and many of the city officials will attend, and the Democratic clubs will be well represented.

A Trade Protest.

Louisville merchants are much disturbed because of the effect the political agitation of the past few months has had on their business. At this time of year numbers of out-of-town buyers generally come to the city, particularly from the south. The Mechants' and Manufacturers' Association, an organization formed to promote these visits, has received many communications from buyers, expressing a purpose to postpone their visits until more peaceful times, or to abandon them altogether. Others facetiously declare their "knives are too short," or their "Winchesters are too rusty."

To correct the impressions that have gotten abroad, the association to-day adopted this resolution:

"Realizing the outrageous misrepresentation of conditions alleged to exist in the state, this associatin considers it a duty to the city and the state, and the world at large, to record the fact that there is not now, nor has there been at any time, any disturbances or interruption to business of any kind in Louisville, or any other part of Kentucky, outside of political headquarters. All branches of commerce and industry are proceeding in an orderly and uninterrupted manner, and continue in an unusually active and prosperous condition. We protest against the publication of any reports which represent any other condition of affairs than one of existing commefcial peace and prosperity."

STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

Held a Preliminary Meeting at Charleston Yesterday — Several Counties Have Not Yet Reported. Meetings of the Board Will be Held at Various Points in the State.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 7.—The state board of equalization held its first business session to-day, effected an organization and arranged the preliminaries for its next meeting, when the work of equalizing will begin. J. F. Heavener, of Buckhannon, the member from the Third congressional district, was elected president, and E. M. Keatley, of this city, formerly assistant attorney general, was elected secretary. The members of the board present were Thomas O'Brien, of Wheeling, from the First district; Mr. Heavener, from the Third; Mr. Lowther, of Parkersburg, from the Fourth, and Peter Silman, of this city, member-at-large. Col. R. P. Chew, of Charles Town, from the Second district, was not present.

Mr. Keatley was instructed to begin work at once in the auditor's office, tabulating totals for the convenience of the board. He is to receive four dollars a day for every day that he is at work until the statement is completed. He was given until the second Tuesday in April, to which date the board adjourned, for the reason that assessors who have not yet reported have until April 1 to do so. Should a contingency arise, however, for an earlier meeting, the board may be called together by the president.

The next meeting will be held here. The board intimated that after its actual work had begun it will hold sittings at different places in the state, so as to become better familiarized with local situations

The only counties which have yet to be heard from are Brooke, Doddridge, Hardy Marion, Marshall, Mercer, Mingo, Pendleton, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Randolph, Marshall, Roane, Tyler, Wood and Wyoming, and one district each in Barbour, Kanawha and Ritchie. A tabulated statement, showing the totals of the various assessments, as far as reported, which has been prepared by Land Clerk Phillips, of the auditor's office, was presented to the board.

BUSINESS TRANSACTED

By the State Supreme Court of Appeals.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 7.—The supreme court to-day entered the following orders: Silas Richmond vs. D. J. Henderson, from Tyler county, writ of error allowed; bond, $150. Biern & Friedman vs. Catherine Ray, et al, from Cabell county, certiorari awarded on motion of appellees.

The following cases from the printed docket were submitted in W. R. McIntosh vs. The Augusta Oil Company, et al., from Wirt county; Lucky K. Smith vs. The Parkersburg, etc., Association, from Wood county; the West Virginia Transportation Company vs. the Standard Oil Company, from Wood county; Leland R. White, et al, vs. Ezra L. White, et al, from Wood county; George W. Roberts vs. Burns Brothers, et al, from Wood county; C. B. Blubaugh vs. George S. Loomis, et al, from Wood county; R. G. Stiles, administrator, vs. Laurel Fork Oil & Coal Company, et al, from Wood county. Adjourned until Saturday.

Drowned in a Pond.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARSONS, W. Va., Feb. 7.—John Dison, a bachelor, employe of the Otter Creek Lumber Company, at Hambleton, one mile from here, accidentally fell into the log pond at the mill this evening and was drowned before he could be gotten out.

"Jack" Taylor Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—"Jack" Taylor, the base ball pitcher, died to-day at New Brighton, Staten Island, of Bright's disease, aged twenty-eight. He pitched for the Philadelphia team for several years, and last season was with the Cincinnati club, by whom he was reserved this year.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Ohio, Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia, rain, turning into snow, with cold wave late Thursday and Thursday night; Friday, fair and continued cold; brisk southerly winds, shifting to high northwesterly winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Schnepf, druggist, corner of Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:

7 a. m.	42	3 p. m.	[illegible]
9 a. m.	47	7 p. m.	[illegible]
12 m.	56	Weather changeable.	