

ARMISTICE PROPOSED BY WU TING FANG.

Proposition a Novel One, and is Based Upon Representations of Viceroy of Important Provinces

OF YANG TSE KIANG VALLEY.

President McKinley Would Not Entertain the Proposition--No Late Information From Congr.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—The chief development to-day, in the Chinese situation was the effort of the Chinese minister, Wu Ting Fang, to secure an armistice in the operation of American troops until Li Hung Chang could reach Peking and bring about a cessation of the disorder. The proposition is rather a novel one, and is based upon the representations of the viceroys of the important provinces of the Yang Tse Kiang valley that they can maintain order without the aid of foreign troops, and that the presence of the foreigners would act merely as an incentive to disorder. Minister Wu brought these representations to the attention of Secretary Hay, who consulted the President. The latter's decision, as subsequently conveyed to the minister, was that while the assurances of the viceroys for continued quiet was fully appreciated, the United States could not blind itself not to send its forces to points where disorder actually existed and where the safety of our officials and citizens was endangered. Technically speaking, in the absence of a state of war, this was not a proposition of armistice, but high government officials said it amounted practically to an offer of armistice and a refusal on the part of the United States to make the arrangement.

No Report of Casualties.

Secretary Long said at 4 p. m., when he left the navy department, for the day, that nothing had come from Admiral Kempff on the casualties of the first engagement of the American marines with the Chinese or on the outcome of the second engagement, which was to have occurred yesterday or Saturday. The only dispatch received by the secretary was a belated one from Admiral Kempff, asking for instructions as to whether he should co-operate with the other naval forces in taking the Taku forts. This must have been sent some days ago, as the Taku forts were taken the middle of last week. Under the circumstances there was no occasion for answering the admiral's request, as he already had been advised of the general purpose of this government to act concurrently with the powers in the protection of American interests.

The state department remained throughout the day without information from Minister Couger or any other source. The only dispatch received being from Consul John Goodnow, at Shanghai, saying he had heard nothing from Peking since the 14th instant. On the whole, the day was one of anxiety and a lack of definite information on the main points.

CHINESE PERIL

Magnifies, and International Troops Inadequate to Cope With the Heavily-English and Russian Troops Called Out.

LONDON, June 25, 2:19 p. m.—Although the powers at last seem conscious of the magnitude of the Chinese peril and are concertedly hurrying forces to Taku, the international troops available to overcome the immediate perils of the situation are, apparently totally inadequate. The alarm not only for the safety of Vice Admiral Seymour and his party, who are not mentioned in any of the dispatches purporting to come from Peking, but for his base at Tien Tsin, remains unrelieved. Almost the only ray of light is the report of Steng, the director of railroads and telegraphs, forwarded by the French consul general at Shanghai, to the effect that the legionnaires were safe June 19 and preparing to leave the capital with the consent of the Chinese government. But the motives of the Chinese officials in keeping the powers apprised by reassuring messages is too obvious to allow the unreserved acceptance of the statements.

Tien Tsin Hard Pressed.

Tien Tsin is so hard pressed that it must be relieved before assistance can be sent to Seymour's force. The absence of the exact dates of the last dispatch from Taku and other messages makes it difficult to connect the various stories, but some of the dispatches might be read as indicating that even the large force mentioned by Rear Admiral Kempff as about to start towards Tien Tsin has met the same fate as the combined American and Russian column which was repulsed June 21.

It is sending eight battalions of infantry, a cavalry regiment, artillery and engineers as a fighting force, besides two battalions to guard communications.

The Official Gazette of St. Petersburg, to-day, contains an order of the czar, as follows:

"As we consider it necessary to raise the troops in the Amur military district to a war footing, we direct the war minister that the necessary number of reservists belonging to the Siberian Amur military district shall be called out for active service."

Preparing the Arethuse.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—Under orders from the navy department a

large force of men to-day began the work of preparing for active service the water-carrying ship Arethuse, which has been in reserve at League Island since the close of the Spanish-American war. The Arethuse is to be sent to Chinese waters and officials at the League navy yard expect to have her ready within ten days.

Every available part of the ship will be filled with coal as ballast and she is expected to carry about 3,500 tons to the American warships at China.

Lieutenant Gill, formerly in charge of the hydrographic office in this city, who has been on sick leave, has been ordered to proceed immediately to the Asiatic station there to report to Rear Admiral Remy.

Mining the Pei-Ho.

LONDON, June 25, 3 p. m.—The admiralty has received the following dispatch from Rear Admiral Bruce, dated Taku, via Chefoo, June 24:

"The total force which left Tien Tsin with the commander-in-chief for Peking was about 2,000, composed of detachments from the galled ships. No action could possibly be taken to relieve the commander-in-chief because it was only known that he was cut off by Tien Tsin being invested."

"Tien Tsin has been fighting for its life ever since. It was on receipt of information that the Chinese army had ordered trains for attacking Tien Tsin that they were ravaging Tong-Ku and reinforcing Taku, as well as mining the mouth of the Pei-Ho, that it was promptly determined to seize Taku."

One Communication From Peking.

CHE FOO, June 25, Via SHANGHAI.—United States Consul John Fowler has received from Rear Admiral Kempff the following:

"Only one communication from Peking has reached me since communications were interrupted on June 10. It was dated June 12. No direct or indirect news from the ministers since."

"About 430 foreign troops, including fifty-six American marines, went to Peking to guard the legations. A force of one hundred Americans uniting with a total force of 2,500 men of all nationalities, represented here, went on June 10 to open the road and to relieve Peking. This movement was by permission of the Chinese government."

"The last news from the expedition was dated June 12, when the expedition was at Lang Fang. The railroad has been destroyed behind it since."

Admiral Seymour Captured.

CHE FOO, Tuesday, June 25.—Rear Admiral Kempff reports by a Japanese torpedo boat that the combined forces entered Tien Tsin on Saturday, June 23, sustaining small loss. They started on Sunday to relieve the force which left Tien Tsin on June 10, and which is believed to be surrounded near Peking.

According to Japanese reports Admiral Seymour has been captured and the ministers have left Peking, guarded by Chinese soldiers. Their whereabouts are unknown.

PROHIBITIONIST'S PROPHECY.

Will be 300,000 Votes Polled This Year--Digest of the Platform Announced.

CHICAGO, June 25.—"There will be polled not fewer than 300,000 votes for the Prohibition national ticket, this fall. The vote four years ago was approximately 130,000, a loss of nearly 150,000 from the vote of 1892. This loss was due to the money issue raised in the last campaign and will be regained, with perhaps an increase this year."

With the national Prohibition convention one day distant, Chairman Oliver W. Stewart, of the national executive committee of the Prohibition party, made the foregoing statement to-night. According to the same authority the Prohibitionists in convention this year will leave the solution of economic problems, except those which, in their opinion, can be solved by the abolition of the liquor traffic, to the other political parties.

Reports From Thirty-five States.

From the reports from thirty-five states which have held conventions the following digest of the platform was announced to-day:

"An unequivocal demand for the abolition of the liquor traffic in the United States."

"A demand for the suppression of the army canteen."

"A tariff plank declaring that it is more important that the American workingman should be protected from the evils of the saloon than from the competition of foreign labor and goods."

"A declaration to the effect that the trusts could not exist without the saloon, through which they are able to corrupt the votes of the people."

"Referring the question of woman suffrage back to the various states, on the ground that the question is one for determination by states individually."

ANTI-IMPERIALISTS MEET

To Determine the Policy of the Coming Campaign.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Anti-imperialists to the number of thirty-five, and coming from the principal cities of the country, met to-day at the Plaza Hotel.

The meeting was for the purpose of determining what action the followers of this line of national policy will take in the coming presidential campaign, and as a result of the conference it may be that a new party will be formed, the members of which will vote independently of both the Republican and Democratic parties. A resolution was unanimously passed directing the executive committee of the American anti-imperialists for the purpose of considering a plan of campaign. This call will not be issued until after the national Democratic convention at Kansas City, and when issued will probably be for a date early in August.

The resolution states that the call is to be issued "to the end that we may carry into effect our condemnation of the imperialistic policy of the present administration."

SITUATION CONTINUES TO GROW GLOOMY.

British Cruiser Terrible Arrives at Che Foo From Taku With the Latest News From the Front.

FUSILIERS EFFECT A JUNCTION

With the American, German and Russian Forces--Chinese Cruisers Ordered to Nan King.

LONDON, June 26, 4:30 a. m.—The British cruiser Terrible has arrived at Che Foo from Taku with the latest news which is as follows:

"Eight hundred sikh and 200 Welsh fusiliers have effected a junction with the American, German and Russian forces, which had been cut off by the Chinese about nine miles from Tien Tsin. It was proposed to deliver an assault upon the Chinese forces at Tien Tsin last night (Sunday night)."

It is not clear what forces united. It would seem that one relieving force cut off had been relieved by another. At any rate, it is apparently certain that the allies arrived in sufficient force at Tien Tsin Sunday to attack the besieging Chinese."

Worst Has Happened to Legations.

"Foreign official opinions here," says a dispatch from Shanghai to the Daily Express dated yesterday, "inclines to believe that the worst has happened to the legations at Peking and to Admiral Seymour as well. Even if the legations were safe on June 19, there is no guarantee that they are safe now. The situation, in fact, grows more and more gloomy. The entire absence of reliable news from the capital seems to justify the worst construction which can be put upon it."

"Bad news comes from Nan King, where the unrest is said to be growing hourly. Vietroy Liu Kim Yih has telegraphed the British authorities that he has ordered the five Chinese cruisers which have been lying off the harbor here, to proceed to Nan King."

Chinese Thoroughly Equipped.

"General Ma's army," says a correspondent at Shan Hai Kwan, consisting of 4,000 men, felt a week ago for Peking and General Sung Ching's force, numbering 2,500, left for the same place on June 15.

"A careful estimate of the number and armament of the Chinese troops around Peking puts the total at 350,000, and it is calculated that these troops possess; 227 centimetres croust guns, eighteen Krupps and 150 maxims."

"Their supply of ammunition is practically inexhaustible. It has been mainly supplied by a German firm at Carlowitz. Fully three-fourths of the Chinese forces are badly drilled, wholly un-disciplined and quite unfamiliar with modern weapons."

Another Shanghai Dispatch Says.

"Li Ping Heng, former governor of Shan Tung, who is intensely anti-foreign, has gone to the Kiang Yih forts on the Yang Tse. He has declared his intention of resisting the landing of British forces in that region."

An Uneasy Feeling Prevailing.

"Four cannon have been added to the West forts, where there are now 1,000 soldiers encamped, a further force having arrived from Ning Hai Chou. There is an uneasy feeling prevailing here and an attack is generally anticipated. Chinese merchants are closing their offices and preparing to leave the port. All business is at a standstill."

Extensive preparations by the allies are going forward. The first regiment of British India, 10,000 men embarked at Calcutta yesterday, and 833 more marines received orders to go out from English ports.

The British war office in anticipation of a prolonged campaign is contracting for winter clothing and fur caps.

The Amur army corps, ordered out of Russia, numbers 52,100 men with eighty-four guns. Japan proposes to land 15,000 men on Chinese territory within a fortnight.

Sending Arms to Portuguese.

Among the minor military preparations the Portuguese governor of Macao, island of Macao, at the southwest entrance of Canton river, is sending arms to the Portuguese in Canton. The Germans in Hong Kong have cabled Emperor William to ask if they may serve in the local forces in defense of Hong Kong. A million rounds left Hong Kong yesterday for Taku by the British steamer Hailong.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times sends the following under yesterday's date:

"A military correspondent at Taku says that the operations of the allies are suffering from the want of a recognized head, defective organization and the lack of transport."

Mr. Kinder, the noted engineer, has arrived at Che Foo.

Loaded With Bridal Couples.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., June 25.—Amid the cheering of thousands of people, the steamer City of Chicago, with forty-five bridal couples aboard, was escorted by several smaller craft into the harbor yesterday afternoon. Two hours before the arrival of the steamer Chief of Police Morton, with a force, was busy maintaining a passage through the crowd upon the docks, which heretofore caused great delay as the bridal couples alighted from the boats.

County Clerk Needham says that from inquiries received from Chicago during the week he is of the opinion that fully 100 marriages will be performed here July 4.

CLEVER SWINDLE

Practiced by Spanish Schemers Upon Various Persons in This Country. Way They Practice Their Art.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Dwight Reed, United States vice consul at Madrid, Spain, has brought to the attention of the state department a clever and ingenious swindle which has been attempted upon various persons in this country by certain Spanish schemers. The consul transmits a sample letter which was used in the attempt to defraud. It was sent to Mr. H. Stenl, of Buffalo, N. Y., and was signed "Louis Samper Stenl," and in it the writer claims, and explains a close relationship with the recipient of the letter.

"Louis Samper Stenl," recites a long series of untoward happenings and complications which only financial aid can mend. He has come into possession of some \$50,000, confessedly an embezzlement from the Spanish government, but in order to insure his money against recovery by the officials, has deposited it in a Mexican bank, payable upon presentation of a check accompanied by a certain counter-sign arranged between himself and the bank. Certain legal steps have been taken against him and in lieu of ready money to defray his part of the proceedings he has been put in prison and his personal effects, including a valise in which reposes the "counter-signed" check for his fortune are about to be sold at auction.

Promises Quarter of His Fortune.

In the time for early financial aid from his "blood relation" he promises a quarter of his fortune, his daughter's share of the money during her minority and his everlasting gratitude. His daughter is at a convent and the prior is the sole other possessor of his secret. He asks that a reply be sent to Teodoro Runex, Calle de Suwela, Chamberi, Madrid. The latter is a nephew of the prior, but is ignorant of the existence of the check and the writer therefore cautions that the answer be sent in an envelope enclosed within one addressed to "Runex."

Similar communications have been sent to persons all over the United States, the writer in most cases assuming the same name as the person addressed. The consul has been besieged of late by inquiries from the recipients of the letters, asking some information about the signers of the communications. He has endeavored to answer them all, but in view of the growth of the swindlers' quiver, he fears the task becoming too great. Steps probably will be taken to hunt down the offenders and mete out proper punishment.

THIRTY-SEVEN BODIES

Have Been Recovered From the Wreckage of the Southern Train Which Ran into the Washout.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 25.—Thirty-seven bodies have been recovered from the wreckage of the Southern train which went into a wash-out one mile and a half from McDonough Saturday night. Three bodies were found to-day. They were:

D. Y. Griffith, supervisor.

W. L. Morrisette, superintendent pumping station.

J. H. Hunnicutt, freight conductor.

The charred pieces of two other bodies were also found.

The injured were sent to McDonough or Macon, those brought here having left for their homes. Many bodies of the dead have not been identified and these remain at the undertaking establishments waiting to be claimed by relatives or friends. These bodies are principally those of negro section hands who were killed.

All the Gang Perished.

The number in the gang which was making its way to do repair work on the Georgia Midland and Gulf railroad is not known. All of them perished. It is supposed to have numbered about fifteen, which will make the total casualties about forty. It is believed that some bodies still remain under the debris which will be thoroughly cleared away by to-morrow. Traffic probably will be resumed in twelve hours. Trains from Macon to Atlanta are now operating over the Georgia Midland & Gulf railroad. During the recent heavy rains vigilance has been exercised by railroad officials in watching the road bed and it is said that the culvert over Camp creek, where the wreck occurred, was inspected and reported "o. k." thirty minutes before the train ran into the gulch. The culvert gave way because the water rose to a height sufficient to get in between the abutment walls and the earthen embankments. It was constructed of stone and brick. The embankment is about fifty feet high at this point and quite long.

TRAINMEN DISMISSED.

Accused of Robbing a Postoffice. Complete Exonerated.

CUMBERLAND, Md., June 25.—Guy Manear and Joseph Kelley, trainmen on the third division of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, residing in this city, charged with robbing the Terra Alta, W. Va., postoffice, have been dismissed, no one appearing against them.

The safe was blown open with nitroglycerine. One of the outer doors was completely shattered and the two inner doors were blown across the room. The robbers secured notes aggregating \$30,000 and \$200 in cash and stamps.

Hill in Great Favor.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 25.—Among representatives of the Democracy of Georgia who will leave for Kansas City Sunday to attend the national convention, the mention of D. B. Hill, as Bryan's running mate, has been received with great favor. Elliot Danforth, of New York; Amos Cummings, of New York, and ex-Congressman Shively, of Indiana, will also not be without supporters in the Georgia delegation.

HEIDELBERG HOISTS THE UNION JACK.

The Most English Town Yet Found in the Dutch Province Decorated With Bunting.

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN"

Was Sung by the Populace—Boers Still Skirmishing, but the War is Approaching the End.

LONDON, June 25.—The following dispatch has been received at the war office from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria Presidency, June 25.—Clemens successfully engaged a body of Boers yesterday near Wynberg, where he had gone to pick up supplies and some heavy guns preparatory to acting in combination with columns from Lindley, Heilbron and Heidelberg. He drove the enemy north of Sandfontein with loss. No casualties are reported."

"Jan Hamilton reports that Heidelberg is the most English town he has yet seen. The inhabitants gave him a great reception. The streets were crowded and decorated with bunting."

"Captain Valentine hoisted the Union Jack in the market square amidst the cheers of the populace and of the British, Austrian and other colonial troops."

"God save the queen," was sung, the crowds heartily joining in. The poor royalists have had a rough time lately."

"Hutton's mounted infantry skirmished with the Boers yesterday a few miles southeast of Pretoria. Captain Anley is reported to have managed the little business very well."

"Lieutenant Crishin and one of the Northumberland fusiliers were wounded."

NOTHING DECISIVE

Comes From the South African War. Burghers in Miserable Condition.

LONDON, June 25, 4:22 a. m.—Lord Roberts' six columns are converging apparently so as to close in upon the Free Staters, although decisive results cannot be expected for several days.

A number of Boers who were supposed to be within the wide flung net, have broken, or rather stolen through General Ruddle's Ficksburg-Senekal line.

The foreign military attaches who were with Lord Roberts, are now in Cape Town, en route for Europe. United States Consul Hay, of Pretoria, is going to Machadodorp in the interest of the British prisoners and to see President Kruger.

The Boers derailed a construction train near Standerton on June 24. Two trainmen were killed and four badly hurt.

The Lourenco Marques correspondent of the Times, telegraphing yesterday, says:

"The Boers are losing a large number of horses from the cold and from lack of food and the survivors are in miserable condition. The inadequacy of the Boer commissariat is telling on the Burghers."

War News Seems Unimportant.

LONDON, June 25, 3:22 p. m.—The information from South Africa continues so unimportant that the afternoon newspapers here are trying to make a sensation out of General Ian Hamilton breaking his collar bone by a fall from his horse.

General Warren wires that the rebellion has been extinguished in the north of Cape Colony, but he does not mention the capture or dispersal of the considerable Boer force which has been occupying that part of the country.

Interest mostly centers in the Orange River colony, where General De Wet is causing the British much annoyance.

HILL'S AVAILABILITY

Depends Upon His Ability to Unite the Democracy in His State.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 25.—Democratic State Chairman John S. Rilling met with National Committeeman Gutfey here to-day, and completed arrangements for taking the Pennsylvania delegation to Kansas City. "Later Mr. Rilling, in an interview, said:

"Pennsylvania has no candidate for Vice President that I know of. The course of the Pennsylvania delegation will not be decided until it reaches Kansas City. We will be there early, and in a position to size up the situation before taking any action."

Concerning Senator Hill's candidacy, he said:

"Well, Senator Hill's availability depends largely upon his ability to unite the New York delegation. If he can do that he would look like a strong candidate."

A Mammoth Mill.

HINTON, W. Va., June 25.—At Marlinton, W. Va., the Greenbrier River Lumber Company is putting in the largest sawmill plant in the state. It is estimated that the mill, ready to run, will cost \$20,000 and have a capacity of over 100,000 feet of lumber per day.

The lumber company owns about 95,000 acres of timber land in Pocahontas and adjoining counties. It will employ about 175 men. Pine lumber will be manufactured principally.

Immediate Attack Expected.

TRING TAU, June 24.—Eight thousand allied troops have landed at Taku, including 1,200 Germans. A French officer who has succeeded in getting through from Tien Tsin to Taku says that the Russians alone have lost 150 killed and 300 wounded.

The German gunboat Itis, up the Peiho or Tien Tsin river, reports that masses of Chinese are nearing Tong Ku, and that an immediate attack is expected.

GOT NO BITES.

So William Jennings Bryan Quit Fishing and Returned to Politics. Chicago Platform to be Reaffirmed.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 25.—W. J. Bryan returned to-day from his Wisconsin fishing trip and will remain here until after the Democratic national convention. He said he had been placed in a wrong position by some one who had presumed to outline his plan of campaign.

"Any statement made by anybody in regard to the campaign plans are without foundation or authority," he added. "No plans have been made by me or by any one for me and no plans will be made until after the convention has been held."

Mr. Bryan was asked whether he could say anything in regard to the platform to be adopted at Kansas City. He replied:

Will Reaffirm Chicago Platform.

"No one, of course, can say what language will be used in setting forth the party principles. But some idea can be obtained as to the general tenor of the platform from the platforms adopted in the state conventions. As a large majority of the delegates have been elected by conventions which reaffirm the Chicago platform, it is safe to assume that the Kansas City platform will reaffirm the Chicago platform and will contain nothing which can be construed as a surrender or modification of the platform on the old issues."

"It is equally certain that there will be a strong and definite plank against the trusts. There is also no doubt that the plank against imperialism will be clear and explicit. Militarism will be denounced and sympathy expressed for the Boers. This much is evident from what has already taken place."

Asked if there was any truth in the rumors that a vice president will be chosen whose views on the money question will be attractive to those who opposed the ticket in 1896, Mr. Bryan replied:

Would Not Discuss Vice Presidency.

"I don't care to discuss the vice presidency now, further than to say that I assume that the candidate nominated for vice president will be in harmony with the platform. The vice president not only presides over the senate while the president is alive, but assumes the office of president in case of the president's death, and it is hardly probable that delegates to a national convention would write a national platform and then select for either place on the ticket a man who would repudiate the platform. No man worthy to be considered for such an office would accept a nomination on a platform repugnant to his views on any important issue. In every campaign men support a ticket without approving all of the platform, but no one can defend a platform unless he believes in it. Many tariff reform gold Democrats supported the Republican ticket four years ago, although they dissented from the protection plank. But the Republican convention would not have nominated a tariff reformer upon a protection platform. There is sometimes a joint debate between candidates on opposing tickets, but not between candidates on the same ticket."

HEAVY RAINS

Have Inundated a Vast Area of Territory in the Southern States.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 25.—Reports received here from many points in Georgia and portions of Alabama and South Carolina show that the recent heavy rains have inundated a vast territory, and caused damage to the bridges and farming properties. Crops, including cotton, corn, and especially fruit, which was nearing maturity when the wet season began, have been greatly injured, and a vast amount has been lost to the farmers of the southeastern states. The rainfall has been unprecedented. All the streams are out of their banks, and carrying away bridges and ferries in large numbers. The sub-structure of the handsome new bridge over the Ocumulgee river at Macon was carried away to-day. Reports say the Savannah river at Augusta was twenty-nine feet at noon, and rising two inches an hour. The mill there are closed down on account of back water in the canal.

At Rome, Ga., the river is eighteen feet above low water mark, and rising one inch per hour.

At West Point the Chattahoochee river reached twenty feet above low water to-day. A tornado was reported near Huntsville, Ala., sweeping the country, but no loss of life is known. The lowlands have been devastated, and only the higher farming lands are untouched. Indications are for a cessation of the rain, which will cause the streams to fall rapidly.

Riddled With Bullets.

O'BRIEN, Fla., June 25.—Jock Thomas, a negro, who attempted an assault on Mrs. Keene, a widow, living in Suwanee county, Friday night, was taken from the sheriff by a mob near Live Oak to-day, hanged to a tree and riddled with bullets. He made a confession.

Split His Head With an Axe.

KOKOMO, Ind., June 25.—Willard Gibson and his stepfather, William Gibb, quarreled over the former's wife to-day, and the father split the son's head with a spade. The wound is fatal.

President of the C. I. & W.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 25.—John F. Whitelaw, president of the National City Bank of Cleveland, has been elected president of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railway Company.

Movement of Steamships.

NEW YORK—Maline, Bremen; City of Rome from Glasgow; Maasdam, from Rotterdam.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Ohio and Western Pennsylvania—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; fresh easterly, shifting to southerly winds. For West Virginia—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; southerly winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Scherer, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows: Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

7 a. m. 81 | 3 p. m. 94

7 a. m. 84 | 3 p. m. 94

12 m. 80 | Weather—Change 14.