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THE INTELLIGENCER.

WHEELING, AUGUST 16, 1900.



REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

For President,
WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
Of Ohio.
For Vice President,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT,
Of New York.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
At Large.
BENSON B. MCMECHEN,
Of Marshall County.
J. B. LEWIS,
Of Kanawha County.
DISTRICT ELECTORS.
First District,
O. W. O. HARDMAN, of Tyler Co.
Second District,
N. G. KEIM, of Randolph Co.
Third District,
J. L. BEURY, of Fayette Co.
Fourth District,
T. B. McCLELLAN, of Wayne Co.

FOR CONGRESS.
First District,
B. B. DOVENOR, of Ohio Co.
Second District,
ALSTON G. DAYTON, of Barbour Co.
Third District,
JOSEPH H. GAINES, of Kanawha Co.
Fourth District,
JAMES A. HUGHES, of Cabell Co.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.
For Governor,
ALBERT B. WHITE, of Wood Co.
For Auditor,
ARNOLD C. SCHERER, of Mineral Co.
For Treasurer,
PETER SILMAN, of Kanawha Co.
For Supt. of Schools,
T. C. MILLER, of Marion Co.
For Attorney General,
ROMEO H. FREER, of Ritchie Co.
Judges Supreme Court,
HENRY BRANNON, of Lewis Co.
GEO. POFFENBARGER, of Mason Co.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.
Sheriff—D. H. Taylor.
Prosecuting Attorney—Frank W. Nesbitt.
Assessor (City Dist.)—Addison L. Lee.
Assessor (County Dist.)—Lester Smith.

McGraw's Purposes.

The nomination of Col. T. B. Davis as a candidate for Congress in the Second district, came as a surprise to his friends throughout the district, because he had told many of them, and his most intimate friends, that under no circumstances would he accept. It seems that McGraw and party leaders in the Second district did not consult his wishes. They bent him for the legislature in the twelfth senatorial district because McGraw would not trust him in the legislature, and reserved him for a place where he could serve the purpose of McGraw and his friends better as candidate for Congress. McGraw does not care a rap whether Col. Davis is elected to Congress or not; it serves his purpose to have him run in order to injure Senator Elkins and help his chances of success as candidate for United States senator.

McGraw's professed admiration and friendship for the Davises has rested on selfishness; he remembers that Col. Davis fought Wilson and favored Dayton's election, and he and the Democratic party have always been willing to punish him, and the best punishment they could inflict on him was to run him for Congress against his wishes and take his money and spend it to elect members of the legislature. This is precisely what they will do. McGraw wanted the influence of Senator Davis and Colonel Davis on the line of the West Virginia Central railroad and in the mines; the only way he could secure this as against Senator Elkins was to nominate Col. Davis. McGraw's friends boast that at last McGraw has been able to bring about open war between the Davises and Elkins families, all to defeat Elkins. The question now is whether the wealth of Col. Davis and corporate influence will be able to defeat a man who has for six years represented his district in Congress with honor, ability and credit to himself and the state.

McGraw's friends boast that Senator Elkins not being in active charge of the railroad and mines of the West Virginia Central Company, the Davises will force the employees to vote the Democratic ticket under threat of dismissal. It is said that Mr. Wood Dalley, the salaried attorney of the West Virginia Central Company is to take the stump for Col. Davis, while Republican em-

ployes will have notice they cannot take part. Corporations cannot control employees by such methods.

Bryan and His Associates.

It will be recalled that Bryan was not the recipient of congratulations from the prominent men of the country on his recent nomination at Kansas City. Even in the south messages from leaders of acknowledged ability were decidedly scarce. Bryan hoped to get a tender of support from the anti-expansion element, but has been completely disappointed in that respect. On the contrary, the men of note who are against retaining the Philippines have hastened to say in print that they will oppose Bryan. Many announce that they will vote for McKinley and among this number is Charles Francis Adams, who calls the Kansas City convention a wilderness of thistles. In a letter to the New York Evening Post he quotes the adage that a man can be gauged by his friends. The most conspicuous of Bryan's friends as far as the public is advised, Mr. Adams says, "are Mr. Croker, of New York; Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, and George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts; and it would be difficult to name a single man in the whole 'gang' who elevates the mass above the level to which those three reduce the Kansas City assemblage."

Commenting on these features of Mr. Bryan's candidacy the St. Louis Globe Democrat remarks that "the absence of distinguished supporters even in the Democratic party is again conspicuous in the notification proceedings at Indianapolis. Former Democratic leaders were absent and silent. The anti-expansionists were unrepresented by a single man of intellectual mark. The department of 'converts' was filled by Webster Davis, whom the Republicans, officially and otherwise, consented to spare with a sense of relief. Bryan would have been exceedingly glad to have a word of cheer from men like Adams, Hoar or Edmunds, but they will have none of him. Even Carl Schurz has not offered his vote. Mr. Towne has withdrawn, but he has acted throughout under Bryan's instructions and will be found with Bryan hereafter trying to rally a Socialist party after the second defeat in November. The Kansas City convention was a piece of Bryan machinery and the Indianapolis affair had precisely the same earmarks. Men of national reputation were not in it and the people were not in it. It was run by Bryan's cronies under his explicit orders, with a background of such Bryan clubs as could be got together at a large and convenient railroad center.

One of Bryan's closest associates in the present campaign is Gen. Weaver, Populist candidate for President in 1892, and he received Bryan's vote in that year. These two men, in all probability, will be closely associated in future political operations. In Weaver's platform eight years ago was a plank proposing that the government should issue enough paper money, not redeemable, to make the per capita at least \$50. To accomplish this over \$1,000,000,000 of fresh greenbacks would be necessary. The Weaver platform further advocated a system of government loans to citizens at 2 per cent interest a year. Nothing was said about what should be done in case the borrower failed to pay the interest or repay the principal. The platform also favored the government ownership of railroads, telegraphs and telephone systems, and denounced the little regular army of less than 30,000 men as a "hireling standing army." Tented by his associates, Altgeld, Weaver, Croker, Tillman, Allen, Pettigrew and others of the same peculiarities, Bryan is one of the most singular freaks yet produced in American politics.

The Farmer and the Tariff.

Congressman Gilbert, of Kentucky, recently propounded a series of questions to the American Economist, obviously framed with the purpose of showing that the American farmer is the loser and in no way the gainer through the operation of a protective tariff. The Bourbon querist doubtless supposed that he was sending in some hard nuts to crack. It did not prove so.

The subject also attracted the attention of the San Francisco Chronicle, a paper noted for its logical treatment of tariff matters. The Economist sums up the views of its San Francisco contemporary as follows:

1. That increased production and lower prices have invariably attended the operation of a protective tariff in the United States.
2. That the farmer has shared and is now sharing in the advantage of the decreased prices of manufactured articles of common use.
3. That as a direct result of the establishment, through protection, of industries which have made the United States the foremost manufacturing nation of the world, the farmer has had and now has the advantage of a near by market of enormously increased consuming power for his farm products, and is thereby saved the cost of transporting to foreign countries a vast unconsumed surplus of agricultural products. Decreased home consumption of farm products throughout the industrial depression of the Democratic free trade period of 1893-1897 decreased prices of farm products to such an extent as to inflict upon American farmers an aggregate loss of about \$5,000,000,000 during those terrible four years.
4. That the existing tariff on farm products prevents Canadian competition in cereals and Mexican competition in cattle and thereby diminishes the surplus which would otherwise remain for export.
5. That it is impossible to promote the growth of a manufacturing industry in a country without greatly benefiting the agricultural population.
6. That the presence of diversified and prosperous industries enables the farmer to exchange the products of the soil for an increased quantity of manufactured articles. Every product which the farmer has to sell will to-day exchange for a much larger quantity of manufactured articles than it did during the Democratic free trade period of 1893-1897.
7. That protection does not attempt to cure the evil of overproduction. Its purpose is to secure to the domestic producer, farmer as well as manufacturer, the control of the domestic market.
8. That, inasmuch as the manufacturer receives no bounty on exports, the

farmer cannot reasonably ask for a bounty on exports of farm products. Moreover, as has already been shown by the American Economist, the effect of export bounties on agricultural products is to increase production and diminish prices.

In noting the fact that history repeats itself in Democratic policies, the Cincinnati Times Star says: "In 1864 it notified Jeff. Davis that his forcible objections to American sovereignty met with its approval, and if McClellan was elected it would grant the southern states their independence. Now, thirty-six years later, it declares to another armed objector to American sovereignty that if its presidential candidate is elected it will alienate American territory, and not only acknowledge Tagal independence, but use the forces of the United States to place Aguinaldo in power and defend his pretensions against the world."

Senator Butler, of North Carolina, chairman of the national committee of the Populist party, is said to have declared against Bryan, and has expressed his belief that McKinley will carry the state of North Carolina.

Our Market street contemporary's wheels need oiling.

Last night's rain refreshed a parched country.

STATE PRESS GLEANINGS.

The "Hero of the Boer War" who can get a hundred thousand dollars from the Boers for the Democratic campaign fund, evidently knows a good thing when he sees it. That beats holding a Republican office, doesn't it?—Parkersburg News.

The Democratic press alternates editorials abusing McKinley for acquiring new territory and condemning him because they imagine England got a little slice of Alaskan territory. The Democratic policy is to kick.—Ravenswood News.

Sam Jones disgusted four thousand people at Mountain Lake Park Monday.—Morgantown New Dominion.

Reasonable people begin to think more and more as the Democratic abuse of Judge Brannon increases that he is one of the best and purest men that ever wore the judicial ermine.—Roanoke Record.

The more we see of the Chinese question, the more convinced we must become that the administration leads all other countries in foreseeing the right and vigorously pursuing it.—Oil Review.

The Democratic platform can be read in three words: "Ag'in" the Government.—Morgantown Post.

John and His Fiddle.

Judge John H. Holt, Democratic candidate for governor of West Virginia, is going to try to fiddle himself into office. In the mountain counties of that state, the violin is mightier than the speech, and the candidate who can play it tolerably, has a great advantage over his competitors. Several governors have fiddled on the stump with as good political if not musical results as were obtained by Bob Taylor, in Tennessee. Judge Holt is saving out "The Arkansas Traveler" and "The Devil's Dream" with vigor, and we hope, with the consent of his hearers, but there are stern critics in the lumber camps, and the political fiddler who knows more about politics than fiddling had better leave his instrument at home.—New York Sun.

The Democratic Subversion.

Pine Bluff (Ark) Press Eagle: Bryan is Democracy's candidate for the presidency, and as such we hoist his name alongside of that sterling Democrat, Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, in the hope that Time, the tomb-builder and leveler of all things terrestrial, may look with a kindly eye upon the weakness and errors of the pusillanimous alleged leaders of the once proud and all powerful Democratic party, and in the end rescue them from the slough of Populism and despond into which they were plunged by a meaningless metaphor—a borrowed figure of speech—at Chicago, one blood-heating, brain-blowing eventful July day four years ago.

Just Think of It!

Moonlight bathing at Narragansett Pier, girls in Brant Rock, Mass., going to the post office in bathing costumes, Larchmont women wearing duck trousers, Chicago women attending church without hats, people eating "hot corn" where the butter is put on with a paint brush, all these one can believe, but think of "Socksless" Jerry Simpson yelling himself red in the face for shirt waists for men.—New York Press.

New Use for the Infjunction.

Baltimore Herald: An ardent swain of Cleveland was so energetic in his love-making that the object of his affections had to get out an injunction. And yet women say that men are indifferent.

Maud and the Judge.

The ex-judge sat in his rustic chair, Dreaming of days when prospects were fair.
When he was a clerk in a grocery store, Reading law at night for an hour or more.
Then politics gave him a playful nudge, And set him up on the bench as a Judge.
While on his vacation one summer's day He met Maude Muller at work in the hay.
Now, Maude was as shy as a turtle dove, So the judge fell head over head in love.
"Maude, dear," said he, "for pity's sake Come, be my bride, and give up that rake."
But Maude answered and said: "Oh, no; The chap for me is the man with the hoe."
Pulling off his coat, the judge said: "See, For your sake, Maude, I'll a farmer be."
So the love-sick judge gave up his job And became a granger—alas! poor slob!
They married and bought a farm on time And settled down to a life sublime.
For eighteen hours they toiled each day, Trying the mortgage on the farm to pay.
This happened some forty-odd years ago, But still the ex-judge wields the hoe.
He is getting stiff in elbow and knee, For he isn't as young as he used to be.
But he often dreams of what might have been, For the mortgage is bigger now than then.—Chicago News.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. H. List, druggist, Wheeling, W. Va.



Medical advice can only be given by a medical man or woman; one educated and trained in the profession of medicine.

IT IS USELESS TO WRITE TO A WOMAN

or man for medical advice unless such are trained and qualified medical practitioners. Offers of "medical advice" are made by those who cannot give what they offer, because they lack the medical training and professional qualifications of physicians. You will not trust your property to the care of irresponsible people. Will you trust your health? Inquiry will show that no offer made by any advertising physician can compare with that of Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Sick women can consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. All letters are read and answered in strictest confidence. If you are suffering from disease of the womanly organs write to

DR. R. V. PIERCE, BUFFALO, N. Y.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

It takes a genius to discover that he has not got any.
The average girl's stockings are a lot nearer to her than her religion.
When a girl lends a book to a man to read she always marks the things in it that she thinks looks the dearest.
There is always one girl in the party that the chaplain is afraid will go and tell on her if she has any fun at all.
The world would be a lot better off if women were like safes and men could lock up their wives and carry around the combination.
When a woman hears that some one else she knows is engaged to a man she wanted herself, but couldn't get, she says it's such a shame for such a nice girl to throw herself away like that.—New York Press.

Distinguished Men.

General Porfirio Diaz, upon learning of his re-election as president of Mexico by acclamation, said: "I must repeat what I said some months ago, that neither my age nor my capabilities qualify me to continue ruling the country. I am seventy years old, of which forty-three have been devoted to the active service of the fatherland. As to my capabilities, I re-affirm my previous opinion and I can only add that I will not withhold from my fatherland my closing years, if she requires them of me, any more than I have begrudged to her the unstinted services of my whole life."

General William F. Draper, who recently sent in his resignation as United States ambassador to Italy, gave as his reason for taking this step that his business is of such proportions that it requires his entire attention. General Draper has immense manufacturing interests in Hopedale, Mass., his home, and employs generally about 3,000 men. The business has tremendously increased since 1894, and is the main industry in the town. There are prospects of a further increase, and General Draper wishes to give it his entire time.

Henry Watterson, who is generally considered a good judge of character, gives his estimate of Governor Roosevelt. He characterizes him thus: "Youthful, well-balanced, a man of action, a clear-headed politician, a dashingly soldier, he has the respect of those to whom ability, both mental and physical, appeals, and he has the admiration of those whom, accomplishments, whether in the field of politics, arms or literature, impresses."

One of the best-known men in Washington is General John M. Wilson, chief of engineers of the United States army. Few officers have finer war records. He is a graduate of West Point in the class of 1860. He served throughout the war and was promoted many times for gallantry and distinguished services. After the war he was for a time superintendent of the military academy at West Point. It would take a column to tell all of the engineering work which he superintended, but it included the completion of the Washington monument and several of the important government buildings in Washington. General Wilson's ability was recognized a few years ago by Columbian university, which conferred upon him the degree of doctor of laws.

Has to be Reconstructed.

Detroit Journal: It is doubtful if a man ever strictly makes a good husband; a man merely furnishes the raw material for a good husband.

Deafness Can Not be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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Rough Dry Washed, Starched and Dried 5 cents per pound.
Flat Work, Washed and Ironed, 5 cents per pound.
All kind work finished 10 cents per pound.
Home Steam Laundry.

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All Our New Shirt Waists
1/2 Price.

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1/2 Price.

Ladies' Parasols
1/2 Price.

Children's Parasols
1/2 Price.

J. S. RHODES & CO.

POLITICAL.

NOTICE TO REPUBLICANS.

Suggestion meetings will be held on Saturday, August 18, 1900, at 8 o'clock p. m., in all of the districts in Ohio county, except Liberty and Richland, which districts will hold their meetings at 10 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of suggesting delegates to the County Convention.
The meeting places will be as follows:
Washington District—Vigilant Engine House.
Madison District—Island Hose House.
Clay District—Odd Fellows Hall.
Union District—Police Court Room.
Centre District—Hartmann's Hall, corner of Twenty-third and Market streets.
Webster District—Pythian Castle.
Ritchie District—Knock's Hall, No. 3519 Jacob street.
Triadelphia District—K. of P. Hall, Elm Grove.
Liberty District—Centre School House.
Richland District—Brick School House.

PRIMARY ELECTION.

Primary elections will be held on Saturday, August 25, 1900, from the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. to 7 o'clock p. m., in all of the districts in Ohio county, except Liberty and Richland districts, where the polls will open at 1 o'clock p. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m.
At the said primary election there shall be elected one candidate for Judge of the Criminal Court and sixty-seven delegates to the County Convention. The districts are entitled to and shall elect the following number of delegates:
Madison District—Eight (8) delegates.
Clay District—Eight (8) delegates.
Union District—Eight (8) delegates.
Centre District—Eight (8) delegates.
Webster District—Eight (8) delegates.
Ritchie District—Nine (9) delegates.
Triadelphia District—Six (6) delegates.
Liberty District—Two (2) delegates.
Richland District—Two (2) delegates.
The voting places for the Primary Election will be held at the following places:

- Washington District.
Vigilant Engine House, city.
Hose House, Fulton.
- Madison District.
Island Hose House.
Henry Hoop's, northeast corner of South Penn and Ohio streets.
- Clay District.
Old Jail.
- Union District.
Police Court Room.
- Centre District.
Hartmann's Hall, northeast corner of Market and Twenty-third streets.
- Webster District.
No. 2703 Chapline street.
Squire Schultze's office, corner of Thirty-third and Chapline streets.
- Ritchie District.
No. 3519 Jacob street.
No. 4033 Jacob street.
School House at east end of Twenty-ninth street.
- Triadelphia District.
Leatherwood School House.
Fleming's, Mayor's Office.
Triadelphia, Green's Hotel.
Glendale, School House.
- Liberty District.
Valley Grove, School House.
West Liberty, White School House.
Potomac, H. C. McCammon's.
- Richland District.
Glenn's Run School House.
Brick School House.

All delegates elected under this call shall be entitled to one vote each in the County Convention, and shall have the right to appoint their own alternates.
COUNTY CONVENTION.
The County Convention for the purpose of nominating four (4) candidates for the house of delegates, a county surveyor, and selecting two (2) judicial and two (2) senatorial conferees from each district, will be held in the Second Branch of Council Chamber, Wheeling, W. Va., on Saturday, September 1, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m. By order of the Republican Executive Committee of Ohio county.
W. J. LYLE, Chairman.
W. H. HORNISH, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republican Senatorial Convention of the First Senatorial District of West Virginia, composed of Hancock, Brooke and Ohio counties, will be held on Saturday, September 8, 1900, at 12 o'clock m., at the Court House, Wellburg, West Virginia, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the State Senate, and attending to any other business that may properly come before said convention. Each county shall be entitled to one vote for each one hundred votes or fraction thereof of fifty votes or more cast in such county for G. W. Atkinson in 1896 for governor. Each conferee shall have the right to name his own proxy.
HARRY HOCKING, Chairman.
A. W. BROWN, Secretary.

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THE GRASS IS GROWING AND
Lawn Mowers need sharpening. Bring them to the Wheeling Scale Works, telephone 902 and we will call for them. All kinds of other work done here. We give the best satisfaction and work done promptly. 1033 Market street. 493

NOTICE.
There will be a meeting of the class of '98 of Linsly Institute this (Thursday) evening at 7 o'clock at 323 Main street, to make suitable arrangements for attending the funeral of our late class-mate Charles A. Stroehlein.
JAMES W. CARROLL, President.
JAMES W. CARROLL, Secretary.

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BLUE-JAY GOLD COMPANY.

The undersigned, the incorporators named in the agreement recited in the certificate of incorporation of the Blue-Jay Gold Company, give notice that a general meeting of the stockholders of that company will be held at the office of Hubbard & Hubbard, No. 1421 Chapline street, Wheeling, W. Va., on Thursday, August 30, 1900, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of organizing, electing a board of directors, making by-laws and transacting any other business which may lawfully be done by the said stockholders in general meeting.

I. B. HAMILTON,
J. C. BRADY,
NELSON C. HUBBARD,
JAMES W. EWING,
JOHN P. ARBENZ,
Incorporators.

STERLING GOLD COMPANY.

The undersigned, the incorporators named in the agreement recited in the certificate of incorporation of the Sterling Gold Company, give notice that a general meeting of the stockholders of that company will be held at the office of Hubbard & Hubbard, No. 1421 Chapline street, Wheeling, W. Va., on Thursday, August 30, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of organizing, electing a board of directors, making by-laws and transacting any other business which may lawfully be done by the said stockholders in general meeting.

I. B. HAMILTON,
J. C. BRADY,
NELSON C. HUBBARD,
JAMES W. EWING,
JOHN P. ARBENZ,
Incorporators.

FOR SALE.

BONDS.

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Traction Co.
Manufacturers' Light & Heat Co.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Belmont Electric Light & Power Co.,
Bellaire, O.
Industrial Stocks bought and sold
direct on New York Stock Exchange

HOWARD HAZLETT & SON.

National Exchange Bank Building.

New Holland Herring

and

Prussian Sardines

at

H. F. BEHRENS CO.'S,

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FOR SALE.

A desirable brick dwelling, No. 23 Thirtieth street.
Frame dwelling No. 79 Indiana street.
Business property on Main street.
A desirable dwelling in Mountville.
Mrs. Lamb's residence at Echo Point. A rare opportunity to secure a home.
A number of residences, and unimproved lots in Leatherwood.
No. 4017 Jacob street, a desirable modern dwelling, very cheap.
A number of desirable building lots along the line of the Elm Grove railroad.
FOR RENT.
No. 1265 Main street, store room.
Desirable dwelling in Leatherwood.

SIMPSON & TATUM,

Room 4 City Bank Building, Wheeling.

Refrigerators.

We are anxious to reduce our stock of Refrigerators. Come and see what we can do for you. It will pay you to buy for next year.

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Linsly Institute.

CLASSICAL
MILITARY,
ENGLISH.

Military department in charge of an officer of the United States Navy, who received from seven years up, Euro- ment of students Friday, August 25, 10 a. m. First day of camp, Monday, September 3. Recitations begin Monday, September 17.</