

## ANOTHER CLASH EXPECTED WITH STRIKERS TODAY.

The Sabbath Passed Without Any Exhibitions of Lawlessness—Operators Will Attempt to Resume.

## THE MILITIA BEING LOCATED

At Places Where Trouble is Likely to Occur—Miners Welcome Their Appearance on the Scene.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Sept. 23.—An air of expectancy was noticeable among the people here to-day and although it would be difficult to find a more peaceful community, the opinion is generally expressed that to-morrow will witness a renewal of the riotous scenes of Friday. The superintendents of all the mines in the vicinity of this city and Shamokin to-day reiterated their intention of resuming operations to-morrow. The strikers, however, declare they will not succeed, at least in the Shenandoah mines.

It was not until afternoon that there was any noticeable activity on the streets. In the morning churches of all denominations were crowded and the sermons were invariably the subject of mine troubles. In the Church of the Annunciation Rev. H. F. O'Reilly, the rector, told his congregation that the mine workers could not win. He advised them to refrain from acts of violence and to return to work. He pointed out that the mines were their only means of support while the proceeds of the Reading Company from the mines were only a small proportion of its receipts. The company would not starve, he said, but the mine workers would.

**Miners Expect to Win.**  
Father Peter Abramatis, of the Lithuanian church of St. George, said that, if the men expected to win perfect organization was necessary. He believed that if they were undivided their struggle would meet with success.

During the afternoon demonstrations were made by the governor's troop and Battery C, which marched through the streets of the city and along the roads leading to the mines. Representatives of the seven collieries about this city visited Gobin in a body this afternoon to arrange for the protection of their workmen on their way to the collieries. District Superintendent Boyd, of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company's workings informed General Gobin that he had assurances that many of his employes remained away from the collieries only through fear of mob violence.

**Gobin's Plan of Action.**  
General Gobin early in the day, drove through the district which will be the scene of the militia's operations to-morrow and after his conference with the mine superintendents, he completed his plan of action.

At 6 o'clock to-morrow morning battalions of infantry, the Governor's troop and Battery C will leave their camps and march out on the roads leading to the collieries. The troops will continue on the move during the time the workmen are going to the mines. It is General Gobin's intention to have a portion of the troops proceed to Mahanoy City about three and a half miles from here to suppress any disturbances that may occur there. During the afternoon Captain Daniel Christian, of the coal and iron police, and W. H. Richards, superintendent of the Reading Company's collieries at Mahanoy City, called on General Gobin and asked for troops. Captain Christian said the situation at Mahanoy City differed from that at this place in that the foreigners were willing to return to work, but were intimidated by the English-speaking employes.

**Foreigners Opposed to Strike.**  
Eighty per cent of the foreigners, Superintendent Richards said, were in favor of remaining at work. General Gobin said he could not promise to locate troops at Mahanoy City but would endeavor to have soldiers in that vicinity early to-morrow morning.

Major W. A. Miller, brigade inspector, was to-day detailed by General Gobin as provost marshal and he established headquarters in the postoffice building. The guard is composed of over 100 men of the Eighth Infantry. Guards are located at all street corners in the central part of the town and while the soldiers are not expected to do police duty, they have been instructed to keep a sharp lookout for disturbances. Chief Burgess David Brown to-day caused to be posted throughout the town proclamations prohibiting the assembling of crowds on the streets and calling on the citizens to preserve order.

## SUNDAY QUIETED

Prevailed in the Region of the Strike. Troops Being Placed—Prominent Deputies Arrested for Highway Robbery—Mine Workers Hopeful.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 23.—There was absolutely no change in the coal strike situation in the Lehigh region to-day and the customary Sunday quietude prevailed.

This afternoon the employes of the Calvin Pardee mine met at Lattimer and the United Mine Workers held mass meetings at both Epley and Bell Meadows. To-night the presidents of the three anthracite districts comprising the entire hard coal field of Pennsylvania had a conference with President Mitchell, with the purpose of discussing the situation as it now prevails in the anthracite region.

During the normal times a colliery here and there works on Sunday, but

to-day not a pound of coal was mined in the Hazleton region. Every one of the twenty-five or more towns in this region was quiet.

Many miners accompanied by their families visited neighboring villages to see relatives or friends, as is their custom on Sunday, while most others remained within doors at their homes.

All the mining towns had their full quota at the churches and some subject of remark by strangers now in the region that an unusually large proportion of the population attended church. The women and children, however, were in a vast majority. The Catholic faith is the dominating denomination in the coal region.

## Deputies Arrested for Robbery.

Three of the deputies who were sworn in by Sheriff Harvey, of Luzerne county, and who are sons of prominent Wilkesbarre families, were arrested late last night at Freeland, on the charge of highway robbery. They are Hamilton Farinham, Van Buren B. Howard and A. R. Shoemaker, jr. The men are accused of robbing a Polish liquor dealer of \$17 in cash. There are two sides to the story. The Polander says he was delivering beer at Highland and that the deputies asked him and he consented to let them ride with him in his wagon to Freeland. At the outskirts of that place he claims the men assaulted him and took the money from his pocket. The other story is to the effect that the Polander demanded a fee for bringing the deputies to Freeland and not getting it he set up a cry that he had been robbed. A crowd soon gathered and the deputies were taken into custody and given a hearing before a justice of the peace, which lasted until 2 o'clock this morning. The justice committed the three men, but instead of locking them up at Freeland, the accused were driven thirty miles over the mountain to Wilkesbarre, where they arrived at daylight this morning. This was done in order to prevent the possibility of the men being taken from the local lock-up by a crowd which was still waiting to see what disposition was to be made of the deputies. There is an exceedingly strong feeling against deputies in this region being accused of crime. The men were released on bail after their arrival at Wilkesbarre.

**Expect an Increase of Strikers.**  
The United Mine Workers' organizers spent the day in various parts of this district looking after the interests of their organization. They consulted the leaders of local unions and urged mine workers who have not yet struck to leave their work.

Benjamin James, of the national executive board, said to-day that he expected the number of strikers will be greatly increased to-morrow. He predicts that a number of mines which have been running pretty full during the past week will be tied up completely to-morrow.

McAdoo, from which town more marching of strikers has taken place than from all other towns in the region combined, was full of strangers to-day, drawn there by the rumor that troops would arrive at that place. It was learned to-day from an authoritative source that a request has been made to Governor Stone to send a battalion to McAdoo, which is the nearest point in Schuylkill county to Hazleton, which is in Luzerne county. The request was granted, but some sort of a misunderstanding arose and the order was countermanded.

This afternoon a delegation of South Side operators went to Shenandoah, where they met Sheriff Toole, of Schuylkill county, and General Gobin and after a short conference, General Gobin decided to send a battalion of infantry to McAdoo early to-morrow morning. They will reach that place at about 4 o'clock. The object in placing troops there is that in case of trouble in Hazleton which the sheriff of Luzerne county could not quell, the soldiers would be thrown into Hazleton in less than an hour. The railroad cars will be kept in readiness for a quick move.

## Fear Trouble To-day.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Sept. 23.—All was quiet in the strike situation here to-day, but it is feared trouble may be precipitated by an attempt to start the Cameron colliery in the morning. At a largely attended meeting of United Mine Workers at Trevorton last night, it was resolved to remain away from work until the strike is declared off.

John Fahey, district president of the United Mine Workers went to Hazleton this morning for a call on President Mitchell.

Sheriff Harvey has sixty deputies in this city who are in constant readiness to go to any section. Besides these three score armed men, the sheriff has several hundred deputies distributed throughout the county.

The Butchers Association, which is composed of all meat dealers in Hazleton and vicinity, has given notice that beginning to-morrow only a cash business will be done because of the strike.

## YELLOW FEVER

On the Increase at Havana—Captain Cartwright a Victim.

HAVANA, Sept. 23.—Thirty-one new cases of yellow fever have been officially reported since Friday, making nearly one hundred under treatment. Captain George S. Cartwright, 24th U. S. infantry, quartermaster's department, who was taken down with the fever last Monday at Camp Columbia, is dead. Robert Thomas and Alfred Kilbourne, Second U. S. artillery, was attacked yesterday.

Governor General Wood suggests that departmental clerks should not reside in Havana while the fever is raging, as El Vedado and other suburbs are preferable. According to the clerks in the adjutant general's office will stop work daily at 4 o'clock.

The North American Trust Company will organize a tobacco exchange to compete with what is known as the Buyers' Trust.

## No Opposition to British.

LOURENÇO MARQUES, Sept. 23.—The British have occupied Kumati Poort without opposition.

## FIRES BUILT IN THE IDLE STEEL MILLS.

Wage Scale Signed by Manufacturers and Conference Committee of the Iron and Steel Workers.

## EMPLOYMENT TO 60,000 MEN.

Both Sides Feel Relieved—Reasons for the Delay in Arranging the Scale Was a Slump in the Market.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 23.—The conference committees of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers and of the manufacturers at 6:30 o'clock this morning signed the wage scale that will be effective until July 1, 1901.

It is what is known as the yearly scale, which takes effect usually in July. Owing to the unusual fluctuations of the market, the new scale had not been signed when the mills shut down June 30, and the conditions have been unfavorable ever since June, so that the mills have been idle for almost three months. As soon as the scale was signed this morning, messages were sent in every direction before the conferees breakfasted, ordering the fires built at once. Some mills will start to-morrow morning and all others as soon as possible. This decision means employment to-morrow to over 60,000 workmen, who have been idle since June. In endeavoring to arrive at this agreement, the wage conference committee of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers has had five different conferences with the manufacturers, meeting at New York, Detroit, Indianapolis and Youngstown, as well as here. They have been in conference here since Wednesday and determined last night to sit until they got together or agreed to disagree.

## Both Sides Relieved.

While neither side got what it wanted, yet both sides felt relieved when the scale was signed, after an all night session, and most of the conferees left without sleep, so as to be at the mills Monday morning. President Schaefer, Secretary Williams and others remained to arrange some details with Commissioner Nutt, and they retired about 8 o'clock this morning, but the others did their sleeping on trains en route to their homes.

The reasons for the delay in adjusting the wage scale as well as for the frequent prolonged conferences, are found in the slump in the market and the fluctuations during the past year from the highest to the lowest prices. The workers wanted \$5 per ton, based on a one and four-tenths card rate. The manufacturers offered \$4.50 per ton on a one-cent card rate for bolting, and the differences were in about the same proportion in other lines.

President Schaefer and Commissioner Nutt jointly gave out the following official statement to-day:

## Rates for Bolting.

The rate for bolting is \$4.75 per ton, based upon a one-cent card rate, with the same basis running up to one and two-tenths for the card rate, or \$1.20. But the price for bolting for September and October shall be \$5 per ton, based on a card rate of one and four-tenths cents.

Muck rolling shall be one-seventh of the price paid for bolting.

Bushel on sand bottom shall be \$2.00 on a one-cent card rate, with the same basis running up to one and two-tenths card rate.

The following scale was fixed for the finishing mills:

On bar mills the price to be paid is the same as last year, with a card rate of one and four-tenths cents graded down to a one-cent card.

On guide (ten inch and hoop mills), the base and rates apply as they do on the bar and the twelve-inch mills.

Among the mills ordered started are those of the American Steel Hoop Company, at Girard, Youngstown, Warren, Pomeroy and Greenville, and of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, at Youngstown, Ironton, Terre Haute, Birmingham, Muncie, Franklin, Marion, Moline, New Albany, Minneapolis, Covington, Ky., Brazil, Ind., Springfield, Ills., and Alexandria, Ind.

## Will Start at Once.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 23.—As a result of a settlement being reached between the wage committee of the Amalgamated Association and representatives of the Republic Iron and Steel Company and the American Steel Hoop Company at Cincinnati last night, the plants of both concerns will resume operations as quickly as possible, some starting to-morrow and the remainder probably on Tuesday. Both companies are understood to have an abundance of orders on hand. Nearly sixty thousand men will resume work, after a shut down of three months.

## Mills Will Start.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 23.—The Amalgamated wage schedule at \$4.75 per ton based upon a one-cent card rate, was signed to-day by both committees. Fires were ordered by wire in the mills everywhere. All that are ready will start to-morrow morning.

## Quiet Day for the President.

CANTON, Ohio, Sept. 23.—This was a quiet and uneventful day at the McKinley home. During the morning the President and Mrs. McKinley took a short drive and attended services at the First Presbyterian church. A few friends called at the house during the day and evening.

## HANNA MISQUOTED.

His Chicago Speech Badly Garbled. Bryan Forced to Make Silver the Paramount Issue.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 23.—Senator Hanna left for New York this evening. He will remain at the Republican headquarters there for two or three weeks, and will then return to Chicago. In an interview to-day he said: "The speech I made at Chicago on the so-called trust issue, was misquoted and garbled. What I said was that there were no trusts in the meaning of the law. When I said that I did not say that there were no combinations of capital, nor did I say that there are no combinations that work injustice to the people. This so-called trust issue is nothing more than a bugaboo of Bryan's to catch votes. What anti-trust laws have been enacted have been enacted by the Republicans. On the so-called trust issue Bryan is on the defensive. He should tell why the Democratic party has never supported any legislation to regulate the commercial combinations of the country. Bryan cannot defend the Democratic party on that issue and it, with the issue of imperialism, will soon be relegated to the rear. The money question will soon be the paramount issue. Bryan will have to meet that issue too."

Senator Hanna said that he had not decided to go on the stump in the east, but would do so if he thought best. He declared furthermore that he had issued no challenge to Mr. Bryan for a joint debate nor had he challenged anybody to debate. However, he said, he was not afraid to meet anybody on the issues of the campaign.

## TOOK A GALLOP

Over the Hills—Governor Roosevelt Spends the Sabbath in Quiet and Rest—Now in Wyoming.

RAWLINS, Wyo., Sept. 23.—After a week of great exertion in speaking and traveling, Governor Roosevelt resolved to spend a quiet Sunday of rest. At the conclusion of the meeting at Rock Springs last night the special train pulled out on what is called "O'Neill's Spur," where it remained during the night and to-day, remote from town or city.

The train rested near Daly's ranch, and the party, numbering about thirty or more, were entertained at the ranch with a game dinner. During the day horses were provided and about twenty-five of the party, including the governor, took a gallop over the adjacent hills. Four speeches have been arranged for to-morrow, at Rawlins, Medicine Bow, Laramie and Cheyenne. The first three meetings will be held during the day and the night one will take place at Cheyenne. From Cheyenne, the governor will proceed to Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska.

Deadwood, S. D., will be reached about October 3, and Waterloo, Iowa, about October 5, from which point he will go to Chicago, where he is scheduled to speak on October 6. So far the governor's voice is holding out well and his health and strength seem to be improving, rather than otherwise. During this campaign he will have traveled over 225 speeches.

## DOWIEITE ELDERS

Given a Coat of Varnish—Hair Matted and No Part of Their Bodies Escaped—Taken to the City Prison.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, Sept. 23.—A mob formed to-day and the Dowieite elders, Ephraim Bassinger, of Bluffton, and Silas Moot, of Lima, were its victims. The two elders came in on an Erie train, unknown to the authorities. They were recognized by a small crowd at the depot, which refused to let them enter a cab, then followed them up the street and surrounded them near the center of the city. They were then taken by the mob to the Richland buggy works, where Bassinger disrobed, but the crowd tore Moot's clothing from his body, as he refused to disrobe himself. A paint bucket and a brush were then secured and a smoketack varnish, a tar-like substance, was daubed over them from head to foot. It was matted in their hair and no part of their bodies escaped but their faces. Their bodies were then partially covered with clothing and the elders were marched to the home of E. H. Leiby, a Zion follower here, who was driven out of town last Sunday. There they promised not to return to Mansfield, but later they said they agreed not to return unless Overseer Piper ordered them to come. They were then marched to the city prison and locked up. By application of lard and benzine, the black varnish was cut and after new outfits of clothing were furnished they were deported on a Pennsylvania train at noon.

## WAITING FOR ANSWERS.

United States Will Do Nothing in Chinese Affairs Until Powers are Heard From.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—With the three pending diplomatic notes bearing on the Chinese situation disposed of by answers to the restrictive powers, the attitude of the United States now is a waiting one. There was a general relaxation of anxiety apparent to-day and the day moreover passed without any developments in the way of important dispatches.

Now that the notes are acted upon, the question of the commission to negotiate peace is again revived. Among others whose name was suggested to-night as one of the commissioners was Judge Wm. H. Day, of Canton, the former secretary of state. Judge Day served with the American-Spanish peace commission and in all probability would be persona grata to China. His ill health, however, is a serious consideration that might lead him to decline if offered a commissionership.

## Large Coal Deal Completed.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 23.—A large coal deal has been completed by the purchase by Coleman & Liggett, real estate brokers, representing local capitalists, of 2,500 acres of coal lands at Houstonville, on the Pan Handle road, for \$200,000. The purchasers have already formed the Hickory Coal Company and will develop the tract at once. It has a six-foot vein and the mines when opened will have a capacity of 3,000 tons daily.

## MANY BOYS IN BLUE KILLED BY THE FILIPINOS

During the Past Ten Days—Number Will Approach 100—Take Heart From American Support.

## AGGIE REFUSES A COMPROMISE.

Amnesty Has Expired—Old Conditions Resumed—Insurgents in "Better Spirits."

MANILA, Sept. 23.—The insurgent demonstrations last week prove to have been more extended than was at first reported. From Cagayan and Isabella provinces, and the northwestern districts of Luzon come accounts of insurgent operations and American precautionary measures. Merchants in the province of Albay are getting their hemp to Manila as rapidly as possible, fearing that otherwise it will be burned by the insurgents.

At Iloilo, there was considerable anxiety lest an uprising should occur; but the insurgents there are ceasing their activity and returning in white clothing to the garrisoned towns of the district. As a resumption of insurgent operations is considered quite probable, the Americans there are taking the necessary steps.

The American casualties in killed, wounded or missing during the last ten days approach one hundred, including those at Sillano, at the east end of Laguna de Bay, where the insurgents, after the engagement, delivered ten bodies of our dead.

Documents captured in Manila show that the insurgent activity in this vicinity were ordered by rebels here, following instructions from the Hong Kong Junta.

## Aguinaldo Wants No Compromise.

Senor Buencamino has received from Aguinaldo an answer regarding his peace proposals. Aguinaldo declines to consider them and declares that he is unwilling to agree to a compromise.

Archbishop Nozalada will leave for Spain Tuesday. He goes to render his decennial religious report. He says he expects to return here. During his absence the affairs of the archdiocese will be administered by Mgr. Chapelle.

The amnesty expired September 21, and the conditions that existed previously have been resumed.

An insurgent proclamation signed last month by Aguinaldo, directing that American prisoners be set at liberty, that good treatment be accorded to captives and that \$40 be paid to each American surrendering, has reached Manila. Few prisoners were released under the proclamation. Two, who have just arrived from the Calles district report that the insurgents in that locality are in "better spirits" than they had displayed at any time before, since April.

The insurgents recently murdered ruthlessly three persons in the Lukban district.

## GAS WELL GUSHER

Struck at Lane's Mills, Pa.—Good for Three Million Feet Per Day.

DU BOIS, Pa., Sept. 23.—A gas well gusher was struck at Lane's Mills, six miles from this city this morning at a depth of 3,000 feet. The well was drilled by a local company and this morning the drill struck the vein, the gas coming to the surface with terrific force blowing tools and rocks over two hundred feet in the air. It is estimated by experts that the well is good for three million feet every twenty-four hours. The well is in an entirely new territory and will come into direct competition with the Standard Oil Company, whose wells supply this city and neighboring towns and are located twenty-five miles from here.

## Berkeley Democratic Nominations.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.  
BERKELEY SPRINGS, W. Va., Sept. 23.—The Democrats of Morgan county here yesterday and nominated the following ticket: Sheriff, P. T. Noland; county commissioner, P. B. Dick; assessor, J. W. Swain; surveyor, P. W. Atkinson. The candidacy of J. M. Cary, Duckwall, independent Democrat, for prosecuting attorney, was endorsed. The nominations were made in caucus and the convention simply endorsed the cut and dried proceedings. As this county is strongly Republican, there is no likelihood of any of the above named being elected.

## Life Not Worth Living.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.  
HINTON, W. Va., Sept. 23.—S. S. Surbaugh, a teamster, aged 23, shot himself through the brain last night at Green Sulphur, this county, as the result of a love affair. He was found at daylight this morning unconscious and died to-night. He left a note to his aged mother telling her that he would end his life as he did.

## Good Races Expected.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.  
PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Sept. 23.—The three days' race meet which opens here Tuesday afternoon promises to be a great success. Already fifty fast horses are on the ground and fifty more are expected.

## Amusing Demand.

HAVANA, Sept. 23.—Porto Rico's demand on Cuba for the repayment of more than \$2,500,000 advanced to Spain to conduct military operations against Cuba, has been the source of considerable amusement. Cubans are asking why they should repay funds lent to the enemy for the express purpose of subduing them.

## GALVESTON ORDERLY.

People Attend Church—Rapidly Clearing Away the Debris—Forty Bodies Taken from Ruins Yesterday—Pay Checks Given Out to Laborers.

GALVESTON, Sept. 23.—Sunday was quietly spent in Galveston. Many people attended church services and the day passed without disorder or excitement.

General Scurry says Galveston is now as orderly as any city in the state.

At a meeting of the general committee here to-day, Messrs. Ricker and Lee, who had taken the contract for clearing away the debris, tendered their resignation because they said some dissatisfaction had been expressed.

A resolution was passed that some members of the committee should take charge of the removal of the debris without compensation, and Jens Molter, a prominent ship broker, was appointed to that duty.

A committee from the council appeared before the central committee to-day to confer with reference to obtaining funds to maintain the police, fire, water and other necessary departments of the city government.

In response to a request Governor Sayers has telegraphed that he will leave Austin for Galveston to-morrow night to confer on important matters.

## Pay Checks Given Out.

The pay rolls for the laborers who worked upon the streets under military regime from September 18 to September 21 were completed Saturday night. Distribution of pay checks commenced to-day and about \$3,500 was paid out.

In all about forty bodies were taken from the ruins to-day. To-morrow, it is estimated, 2,500 men will be at work on the streets clearing the wreckage. Thirty days will be required to do the work.

The plan to erect homes for those who lost everything by the storm, so earnestly advocated by Miss Barton, of the Red Cross Society, is meeting with every encouragement. A large fund is to be raised for this purpose to be disbursed by direction of Miss Barton. Five hundred and seventy-six persons were treated at the Emergency hospital to-day. Many serious cases are reported and several deaths are likely to result.

## ENGLISH ELECTIONS

Source of Anxiety on the Part of the Queen's Supporters—Lord Roseberry "Roasts" the Boer War.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—Lord Salisbury's manifesto to the electors of the United Kingdom in anticipation of the parliamentary general elections, emphasizes the necessity that the queen's government be supported by a strong parliamentary majority as "the only means of convincing the inhabitants of the conquered South Africa territories that there is no hope of diverting the government from their policy by persistent resistance or agitation."

"It will depend upon the disposition and conduct of the Boers how long an interval is to elapse before their full position as a British colony is attained."

In conclusion Lord Salisbury refers to China as "a difficulty, among others, confronting the government and requiring that the government should be armed with a strong majority in the house of commons."

John Morley, Liberal, member for Montrose Burghs, in his manifesto declares that his opinion has not changed, that everything might have been attained in South Africa without war.

The Earl of Roseberry also issued a manifesto in the form of a letter to a Liberal candidate.

After enumerating the government's "failure at home and abroad," Lord Roseberry criticizes the conduct of the South African war, declaring that it has "exposed England to humiliations unparalleled in our history since the American war."

He declares that nothing can be hoped for from the government either in the matter of urgent domestic reforms or the reform of the war office.

## BRYAN'S HURRY TRIP.

Goes to Chicago on an Important Mission—Will Meet Jones.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 23.—W. J. Bryan left here for Chicago to-night over the Burlington railroad. The trip was suddenly decided upon and will be hurriedly made. The train on which the presidential candidate travels is due in Chicago to-morrow morning and it is Mr. Bryan's intention to leave Chicago to-morrow evening on his return trip, reaching Lincoln early Tuesday morning.

In reply to a question as to the reason for the hurried visit, Mr. Bryan said it was to confer with Chairman Jones and other members of the national committee concerning the campaign and especially with reference to his future movements.

## Accidentally Shot by His Cousin.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Sept. 23.—A. C. Hammers, aged 22 years, was shot and killed late last night by the accidental discharge of a revolver in the hands of his cousin, Harvey Mayer.

## Movement of Steamships.

NEW YORK—Arrived: Bulgaria, Hamburg and Boulogne; Philadelphia, Liverpool; Island, Copenhagen; La Gascoigne, Havre.

## Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday, variable winds, becoming fresh southerly.

## Local Temperature.

The temperature Saturday as observed by C. Schnepf, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:  
7 a. m. .... 83.3 p. m. .... 73  
9 a. m. .... 87.7 p. m. .... 62  
12 m. .... 74 Weather, Fair.

## SUNDAY.

7 a. m. .... 72.5 p. m. .... 52  
9 a. m. .... 76.7 p. m. .... 41  
12 m. .... 60 Weather, Fair.