

LITTLE CHANGE MANIFESTED IN THE BIG STRIKE.

Request for Troops by Sheriff Harvey Refused by General Gobin—Believes They are Not Needed.

NO DISTURBANCES REPORTED

From the Various Fields—Crisis at Markle Mines Reached—Operations Suspended—Both Sides Confident.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 26.—The request made yesterday by Sheriff Harvey for troops, although not refused, was not granted by Governor Stone. The sheriff and the state officials at Harrisburg, however, have an understanding between them and if the necessity arises soldiers will be thrown into this region in short order. If this be done, the first to arrive would probably be one of the commands now stationed at Shenandoah. The sheriff had a long talk with Adjutant General Stewart over the telephone and they agreed that in view of the calmness now prevailing throughout the Lehigh valley, it would be inadvisable to send an armed force here at this time. The sheriff to-day gave out the following for the information of the citizens of this region:

"The fact that I have called upon the governor for help is true. I have since been in communication with him, also Gen. Gobin, who assures me that upon the slightest overt act by the unlawful assembling of men, that he will have troops here within an hour, and also assures me that they will stay until all the trouble is over."

No Disturbances Reported.

There were no disturbances reported in this region to-day. Rumors of contemplated marches of the strikers are constantly in circulation, but as far as can be learned there is no truth in any of them. The march early yesterday morning from Cranberry to Dorringer was kept a secret until the starting time, and the strikers may again get away on a similar march. The sheriff is kept well informed of every move the strikers make in the way of marching and will try to be on hand in every instance to see that life and property is not placed in jeopardy.

Three strikers were arrested by coal and iron police charged with unlawful assembling and trespassing while walking along the railroad tracks on the Lehigh Valley Coal Company property between this company's No. 49 shaft and No. 3 slope in the western part of the city. They were released after a hearing this afternoon.

The crisis at the mines of the G. B. Markle Company has been reached. There were many expressions among the men to-day of dissatisfaction against some of the firm's answers to their demands.

Wage Scale Principal Grievance.

The principal grievance of the men is the wage scale. They ask for only about one-half of what the United Mine Workers are demanding. Operations at the Markle collieries were suspended to-day so that the employes could hold meetings to discuss the firm's answer. The meeting was held in the forenoon and this afternoon the committee composed of employes of the several Markle mines, with the exception of Ebervale (which is completely tied up), made known to the firm the decision of the employes. They accept the firm's proposition in regard to the hoisting of men from the slope, acquiesce in the refusal to pay the engineers by the hour, and want to arbitrate all the other grievances excepting those relating to semi-monthly pay, and the location of powder houses, which have been adjusted by the answer of Markle & Company.

The men also decided to remain at work pending the arbitration negotiations and agreed to ask the firm to "deduct from the pay of each family that returns to work, their quota for the payment of the arbitrator selected by the men."

Force Short-Handed.

Judging only by the talk of the men, it looks as if a considerable number of men will not go to work to-morrow morning. The force of men at each of the Markle slopes is now very short-handed. The firm for the time being refused to discuss anything in connection with its future actions.

With regard to the general strike situation in the Lehigh Valley, it cannot be said that many great gains were made on either side to-day. Some who quit work yesterday at the Coxe, Tomhicken, Derringer and Gowen mines, returned to-day. The Lehigh Valley Coal Company reports more men working to-day than any time since the strike began.

The labor leaders claim accessions to their ranks from both the mines at Eckley and Lattimer.

Precher Springs a Surprise.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Sept. 26.—Rev. John C. Konstantkiewicz, pastor of the Russian Greek church here, and vicar general of the United States, sprung a somewhat important and certainly unexpected surprise this afternoon. He announced in the event of the strike continuing until suffering and destitution put in an appearance, he and his congregation had arranged to mortgage the whole of their church property, valued at over \$25,000, and divide the proceeds among the sufferers, and in the event of the strike being continued for a long period, the entire congregation will leave the region. The situation here remains unchanged.

Plan to End the Strike.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 26.—The gains that the strikers are making in the Schuylkill region have had the effect of rousing the operators of this district to drive the entering wedge that will, it is figured, break up the strike. The plan of the operators is to have each of the big corporations start up a few mines and keep them going at all cost. It is confidently expected that employes of four or possibly five individual collieries will resume work when the big companies begin to get under way, and

with a good proportion of the men back at work, it will not be long before all will have returned.

WALL STREET

Visited by Senator Hanna for the Purpose of Settling the Strike. Some Chance of Succeeding.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The Times will say to-morrow: Senator Hanna made another visit to the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. in Wall street yesterday, which was much more protracted than his call on Mr. Morgan the day before. A conference was held at Mr. Morgan's office, which was attended by all of the presidents of the coal roads except President Olyphant, of the Delaware & Hudson, who is ill.

Mr. Morgan is working hand in glove with Senator Hanna to bring about a settlement of the anthracite coal strike and a report got abroad in Wall street after the conference that the strike had been settled.

President Fowler, of the Ontario & Western, and other railroad officials, declined to talk. Some of the officials would not even admit that they had attended the conference.

President Truesdale, of the Lackawanna, denied that there is a word of truth in the settlement report, and said: Propose to Continue.

"We started in to fight the miners' union and we propose to continue that fight to the end."

The strike, it is said, was discussed at Republican national headquarters yesterday at a conference attended by Senator Hanna, Senator Scott, Treasurer Cornelius N. Bliss, Joseph H. Manley and Fred S. Gibbs. Before the meeting Senators Platt and Dewey, of this state, and Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania, were consulted. The session lasted more than two hours.

Senator Hanna was very reticent when asked about what was being done to settle the strike and professed to know nothing about it.

It is reported, however, that Senator Hanna is not only doing all in his power to end the strike, but that he almost succeeded in averting it before it was ordered. His efforts would probably have been successful, but for the interference of a self-constituted committee that upset his plans.

GOOD WORK

Being Done by Governor Atkinson in Ritchie County—Large Audiences Continue to Greet Him.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

HARRISVILLE, W. Va., Sept. 26.—One of the greatest political meetings in the history of Ritchie county was held here to-day, and was addressed by Governor George W. Atkinson. The court house was packed to its doors with an enthusiastic audience as ever greeted a political speaker in this town. The audience was composed of representative citizens from every nook and corner of the county.

The governor was in fine form, and received a big ovation. His address was a masterly effort, and was applauded to the echo. The issue of Bryanism went down before his logic and irresistible facts. He is making votes wherever he goes. The enthusiasm which prevailed here to-day completely disproved the charge of apathy, and foreshadowed the greatest majority ever rolled up in old Ritchie for the Republican ticket this fall.

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SPANISH WAR VETS

Decide Upon a Uniform of Mixed Blue and Gray—General Miles Elected Commander-in-Chief.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26.—The convention of Spanish war veterans continued its meeting here to-day, with about twenty members present. The convention decided on a uniform of mixed blue and gray, as typical of the union of the north and south during the Spanish war. The following officers were elected: Commander-in-Chief, General Nelson A. Miles; senior vice commander-in-chief, Colonel James H. Tillman, of South Carolina; junior vice commander-in-chief, Colonel William H. Eubank, New York; inspector general, Colonel Frank H. Harrington, U. S. M. C.; judge advocate general, Major Charles E. Miller, of Ohio; surgeon general, Dr. S. Clifford Cox, United States navy; sponsor, Miss Clara Barton; council of administration, Colonel M. Emmet Urell, District of Columbia; Captain Henry D. Green, Pennsylvania; Captain Bernard B. Reinold, New York; John H. Hopper, New Jersey; Max Fleischman, Ohio; Otto L. Suez, North Dakota; Major Harold C. Mewgrew, Indiana.

ABUSED BY ENGLISH.

Returned Americans From South Africa Tell of Cruel Treatment at the Hands of Victoria's Subjects.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—William Phelps and John Anderson, claiming California as their home, arrived today on the steamship Spaarndam, from Rotterdam. Phelps says he went to the Transvaal in 1891. Anderson says he left Chicago in 1897 for Johannesburg and engaged as a miner. When the war broke out in South Africa they took the neutrality oath. In July this year they were arrested in Faurerburg by British soldiers and sent to the barracks, where they claim they were abused. They protested as Americans. They were kept as prisoners forty-eight hours and then sent away on a cattle train. They were finally landed at Flushing, Holland. The American consul there could do nothing for them and the British consul sent them to Rotterdam, whence they came here. Phelps says he was born in England and Anderson claims to be a native of Sweden, but both assert they were naturalized as citizens of this country.

Opposed to Union Label System.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 26.—The United Typothetae of America held today's session behind closed doors and all sessions hereafter will be executive and only delegates or their proxies will be admitted. The executive committee made the first attack on the union label in its report to-day. The report expressed enmity to the union label system and recommended that it be fought through the courts.

Steel Works Resume.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 26.—The Republic Iron and Steel Company's works in East St. Louis to-day resumed operations after a suspension of two months. More than eight hundred men returned to work on the scale recently signed at Cincinnati.

ROUGH RIDERS SAVE ROOSEVELT FROM VIOLENCE.

crowd of Thugs Organized and Paid to Break Up the Meeting at Victor, Colorado.

GOVERNOR STRUCK IN BREAST

By One of the Ruffians—Train Surrounded by the Mob—Assailant Knocked Down.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Sept. 26.—Governor Roosevelt had a most exciting experience to-day at Victor, a few miles from Cripple Creek, among the mines, where a demonstrative crowd had assembled.

The governor had a narrow escape from serious personal violence. The incident was the only one of the kind that has occurred during the progress of the trip and it is said that the trouble was occasioned by a small body of toughs who had been organized and paid for the purpose of breaking up the meeting. The men engaged were few in number, but very violent in their attack.

Governor Roosevelt spoke at Armory Hall, which was filled. He had hardly begun to speak when he was interrupted by noisy demonstrations. He said: "In my state the men who were put on the committee on platform to draw up an anti-trust platform at Kansas City convention had at that time their pockets stuffed with ice trust stock. The Democratic leader in New York, Richard Croker, upon whom you base your only hope, and it is a mighty slim hope, too, was another great stockholder and if, in fact, you were to read through the list of stockholders in that trust, it would sound like reading the roll of members of Tammany Hall."

Teddy's Quick Reply.

A voice cried: "What about the rotten beef?"

The governor replied: "I ate it, and you will never get near enough to be hit with a bullet, or within five miles of it."

Governor Roosevelt succeeded in finishing his remarks, though there was an evident intention among those present that he should not do so. When the governor left the hall with his party to go toward the train, he was surrounded by a company of rough riders, commanded by Sherman Bell, one of his soldiers in the Spanish war.

Governor Roosevelt and his party were on foot. A crowd of boys and men began throwing stones and shouting for Bryan. The rough riders, mounted and unmounted, closed in around the governor to protect him from assault by the mob. One made a personal attack upon Governor Roosevelt and succeeded in striking him a blow in the breast with a stick. The assailant was immediately knocked down by Daniel M. Sullivan, postmaster of Cripple Creek.

Rush Made for Mounted Men.

A rush was made by the mob to drag the mounted men in khaki uniforms from their horses. The men on foot, also in khaki closed around the governor, making a wedge which pushed through the crowd, and they finally succeeded in gaining the train which was surrounded by the mob.

By this time there were probably 1,000 or 1,500 excited people in the vicinity and fistfights were exchanged on all sides. Many of the mob were armed with sticks and clubs, some of them with rotten potatoes, stale eggs and lemons. The entire party regained the train, however, without serious injury and it pulled out of the place with the rough riders on the rear platform.

Governor Roosevelt, while regretting the occurrence was not disturbed by the incident and was ready to proceed with his speeches in Cripple Creek.

Business Houses Decorated.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Sept. 26.—A great demonstration was made in Colorado Springs on the arrival of the Roosevelt train. The governor made a short speech in Temple Theatre and one in the Opera House. Both places were crowded. All business houses along the line of march were decorated with bunting.

Vast Crowds Greet Him.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Sept. 26.—On leaving Colorado Springs, the Roosevelt train was split into two sections, the first stop thereafter being at Colorado City. The entire population appeared to see the New York governor and shake his hand. Manitou was the next stop. A large crowd was assembled here to listen to the five minute talk of the campaigners. The train then moved on to Divine, where there was a pause. A call was also made at Gillett and Independence.

Train Guarded by Detectives.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 26.—The following message has been received in this city: "The Roosevelt train will pass through Victor to-night on its journey to Pueblo. Several detectives with Winchester guard the train."

Bryan's Graceful Act.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 26.—Before leaving for Nebraska City this evening, Mr. Bryan, in a note to the press, requested that his political friends remove his pictures from the windows on October 2 as a matter of courtesy to the Republican candidate for vice president, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, who visits the city on that day.

Bryan Attacks Strach Trust.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Sept. 26.—Hon. William J. Bryan spoke to a large crowd here to-night. The speech had been looked forward to with much in-

terest because Mr. Bryan had announced that he would deal with the trust question, as affected by the suit instituted by Attorney General Smith to annul the sale of the Argo starch works, of this city, to the National Starch Company, popularly known as the starch trust.

M. E. CONFERENCE

In Session at Clarksburg—Bishop Cranston Present—D. L. Ash Re-signs as Secretary—Succeeded by R. B. Ward—C. B. Graham Elected Treasurer.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CLARKSBURG, W. Va., Sept. 26.—The West Virginia conference of the Methodist Episcopal church met in its fifty-fourth annual session in the M. E. church in this city at 9 a. m., with Bishop Earl Cranston, D. D., LL. D., of Portland, Oregon, presiding. The bishop conducted the devotional services.

The secretary of the last conference, D. L. Ash, then called the roll and a large number of ministers responded. Mr. Ash announced to the conference that he would not be a candidate for re-election as secretary, since his presiding elder's duties would be quite enough to keep him busy. C. B. Graham and R. B. Ward were nominated for secretary. R. B. Ward has elected and selected for his assistants J. L. E. Jones and E. J. Miller. A. A. Kelley was elected statistical secretary and C. B. Graham was elected treasurer.

The bishop addressed the conference on the importance of the work, emphasizing the importance of a pure life. Rev. Dr. W. F. McDowell, of New York, secretary of the educational society, also addressed the conference.

District reports were called for and S. P. Crummett, presiding elder of the Buckhannon district, read a report of his work, which showed some advancement in the work during the year.

The conference then adjourned to meet again at 2 p. m., for the purpose of gathering the statistical report. Dr. J. L. Scoy presided at the afternoon session. At the same hour the bishop and presiding elders had a cabinet meeting in the parlors of Hon. C. W. Lynch, at whose home the bishop is being entertained.

In the evening a twentieth century offering rally was held in the opera house, at which Dr. A. Cameron presided. The meeting was an enthusiastic one. Addresses were made by Dr. Wier, president of the West Virginia Conference Seminary; Dr. W. F. McDowell, of New York; and Bishop Earl Cranston.

Rev. C. E. Clarke, of Thomson M. E. church, Wheeling, preached the annual missionary sermon on Tuesday evening to a very large audience, who greatly appreciated his talk.

TEMPERANCE WORKERS

Open Their Annual Session—Large Attendance—Address by President.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Sept. 26.—The Woman's Christian Temperance Union of the state began their eighteenth annual convention in the Fifth street M. E. church this afternoon, with a large attendance. The afternoon session was devoted to routine matters. To-night, after addresses of welcome by City Attorney Forney, Rev. H. G. Henderson, Mrs. Dr. Wise and Prof. G. S. Fleming, the state president, Mrs. N. C. Morrow, of Fairmont, delivered her annual address, which was an interesting summary of the growth of the society in this state.

White Well Received at Dingess.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. DINGESS, W. Va., Sept. 26.—Hon. A. B. White addressed the greatest and most enthusiastic political meeting ever assembled in Dingess, the large graded school building in the center of the town being not half large enough to hold the crowd. For two hours the governor poured broadsides into the fallacies and vagaries of the prophet of evil. Mingo county is in good shape, and enjoying unprecedented prosperity. Daily accessions to the Republican party are being made.

Teamster Crushed to Death.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. ST. MARYS, W. Va., Sept. 26.—Newton Adams, a teamster, was crushed to death here to-day. He was sitting on a box in his wagon, when the front wheel struck a piece of pipe, throwing him out, his box falling on top of him. He was thirty-eight years old, and single. His home was at Matamoras, O.

Greater Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Sept. 26.—The first step towards greater Morgantown was taken last night when the council of South Morgantown unanimously voted to come into the big corporation. Seneca and Greenmont promise to follow. The new town will have 6,000 population.

Girl Decorators Quit Work.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. STEUBENVILLE, O., Sept. 26.—The girls employed at Wirtz Bros', decorating works handed in their resignations to-day because of a proposed reduction of two to ten cents per hundred, which reduces their wages to \$2 per week.

Jumped from a Bridge.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Sept. 26.—Word was received here this morning that J. V. Nabors, a former citizen of this place, committed suicide by jumping off the Fort Wayne & Chicago railway bridge in Allegheny, Pa.

Death of a Pioneer.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Sept. 26.—Francis M. Michael, the ancestor of one of the largest and most respected families in the county, died of stomach trouble to-day, aged seventy-eight years.

Water Works Contract Awarded.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. ST. MARYS, W. Va., Sept. 26.—The council awarded the contract for a water works system to H. T. Day, of Wellsville, Ohio, for \$1,120, to be completed by December 15.

Victim of Typhoid.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Sept. 26.—Mary Robe, wife of Lee Robe, a merchant in South Morgantown, died of typhoid fever to-day, aged fifty years.

Foot Ball Games.

CARLISLE, Pa., Sept. 26.—Carlisle Indians 21; Dickinson College 6.

JAPAN ASSENTS TO PROPOSAL OF GERMAN EMPIRE.

Urges There Should be No Prolonged Delay in Negotiations—Would Refuse to Pursue the Court

TO THE INTERIOR OF CHINA.

Posthumous Honors Conferred Upon Celebrities Who Suicided—Do Not Like America's Attitude.

LONDON, Sept. 27, 4:15 a. m.—The Chinese question is again in the phase of discussion of the stability of the European concert and the likelihood of Germany finding it convenient to modify her aggressive attitude. According to the Yokohama correspondent of the Daily Mail, Japan assents to Germany's proposal, but at the same time strongly urges that there should be no prolonged delay in the negotiations. The same authority says that Japan would decline to follow Germany in pursuing the imperial court into the interior of China.

From Shanghai comes the announcement that an imperial edict confers posthumous honors on the anti-foreign high commissioner, Li Pang Heng, who committed suicide after the evacuation of Tung Chow, and Duke Chung Yi, the late emperor's father-in-law, who killed himself after the emperor and empress regent left Peking.

The Chinese papers assert that orders have been issued for the erection of a new imperial palace at Si Ngan Fu. They also report that Li Hung Chang has started for Peking, escorted by Russian and Japanese troops, and that General Lin has been named viceroy of Canton. Sheng's Yamen confirms the rumor that Li Hung Chang has received secret orders to attempt to re-capture Peking.

Disorders in Canton.

Describing the disorders in the vicinity of Canton, the Hong Kong correspondent of the Times, wiring yesterday, says:

"The American church in the suburbs of Canton has been destroyed; and the Catholic church at To Kan Hang and the foreign cemetery there have been destroyed."

The Times, dealing editorially with the attitude of Washington, says: "This is not calculated to smooth the path of the powers. Mr. Conger's unsolicited offer of mediation is a proceeding very unusual in diplomacy. If the United States government withdraws its troops, it will virtually leave the American legation under the protection of the powers with whom the United States declines to co-operate. America must be aware that no legation, with only a guard to defend it, could long be safe under a Chinese government, including Prince Tuan and the other boxer leaders."

Russia's Awful Deeds.

The Times prints correspondence from Niu Chwang, declaring that the Russians have killed indiscriminately between 1,500 and 2,000 boxers and Chinese civilians, men, women and children, both inside and outside of the walls. The correspondent adds that from all sides come reports of the violation of women and that the Russians are carrying out a policy of the destruction of property and the extermination of the people in Kal Chau. Nearly all the villages have been burned and the inhabitants killed. For some days the correspondent declares the soldiers and Cossacks have been allowed to do what they like; and he thinks the annexation of Manchuria is intended.

Word From Chaffee.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26.—The following has been received from General Chaffee: "TAKU, September 23. 'Adjutant General, Washington. 'September 21, No. 54. Acknowledge your No. 40. Leave for Tien Tsin this afternoon. Will be absent several days. General Wilson remains here. Li Hung Chang at Tien Tsin. Understand starts here soon. Have offered him escort, declined. Country very quiet; good order in Peking. (Signed.) 'CHAFFEE.'"

Prince Tuan Rewarded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26.—It is stated in diplomatic quarters that definite and official information has been received that Prince Tuan has been appointed president of the privy council of China, instead of grand secretary, as was at first reported, and that a number of other Chinese officials have been similarly honored. The Chinese minister has not been advised of Prince Tuan's appointment, but he expressed the belief after calling at the state department to-day, that the report probably was true. The position of grand secretary of the privy council is said to be one of foremost importance, similar to that of secretary of state or premier.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE

Will be Given in London Headed by Sir Henry Irving—Other Theatrical Celebrities to Take Part.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Col. Ochiltree is organizing a benefit performance fixed for October 16, in behalf of the Galveston flood sufferers. At the outset he enlisted Sir Henry Irving in the project and they have worked together with the most satisfactory results.

Mr. Arthur Collins, managing director of Drury Lane Theatre Royal, offers himself for the benefit together with one act of Mr. Cecil Raleigh's drama, "The Price of Peace." Sir Henry Irving and his company will appear in Waterloo and he will recite "Eugene Aram" and Mr. Beerbohm Tree, Mr. and Mrs. Kendall, Mr. E. W. Sward, Mrs. Brown-Potter, Miss Marie Temple, Mr. Florence St. John and Mrs. Joe Lewis have offered to assist.

Col. Ochiltree is in correspondence with Mr. Maurice Grau, now in Paris, and hopes to get Madame Brohan, Mme. Melba and Miss Fanchon Thompson; and he is trying to persuade Mrs. Antonio de Navarro (Mary Anderson) to take part in the entertainment in some capacity.

United States Ambassador Choate heartily supports the undertaking and the boxes have been sold at prices ranging from \$50 to \$100 each.

HOWARD GUILTY.

The Kentucky Mountaineer Will Hang for the Murder of William Goebel—Verdict Came as a Surprise.

FANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 26.—James Howard has been found guilty of being a principal of the assassination of Governor Goebel. A verdict was returned shortly before 10 o'clock this morning and entailed a death sentence.

The verdict was a surprise, as it had been strongly rumored that the jury was divided on the question of the guilt or innocence. It has been learned, however, that the difficulty in reaching a verdict was over the degree of punishment, some of the jurors favoring the life imprisonment, while others stood out for the death penalty and finally won their associates over.

Court reconvened at 9 o'clock. The jury was reported hopelessly divided and the spectators, who filled the courtroom to its utmost capacity, were white with suppressed excitement.

At 9:43 the jury filed into the room. Foreman Crutcher handed to the clerk the jury's verdict on a slip of paper. Howard occupied a seat by his attorney. As the clerk read from the paper the jury's finding, the defendant did not display the least agitation and was apparently no more concerned than any other person in the courtroom.

Howard was remanded to jail, where he was followed by his bosom friend, John G. White, who seemed almost paralyzed by the verdict. The jury which tried the case was divided politically as follows:

Nine Democrats, one Republican and two anti-Goebel Democrats.

The verdict of the jury, it is believed, was based largely upon the destruction of Howard's alibi, upon which he depended solely. Howard's attorney will at once apply for a new trial.

IN FAVOR OF ROCKEFELLER.

Court Decides in Case Brought by Corrigan for a Million Dollars.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 26.—Judge Lamson, of the common pleas court, today handed down a decision in favor of John D. Rockefeller in the million dollar suit brought against the latter by Captain James Corrigan.

In 1895 Corrigan placed 6,500 Standard oil trust certificates in Rockefeller's hands to secure a loan. Rockefeller held the stock as trustee, and finally purchased it himself, placing the value at \$167 per share. Corrigan afterward charged him with committing fraud. He alleged that Rockefeller, by reason of his position of trustee had superior knowledge of the value of the stock, and that the stock was worth \$460 instead of \$167 per share. The matter was submitted to arbitrators, who decided in favor of Rockefeller. Corrigan refused to accept their findings and took the case into court.

DECEMBER AND MAY.

General Stewart L. Woodford Marries His Young Secretary.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—General Stewart L. Woodford, former minister to Spain, was married to Miss Isabel Hanson to-day. The wedding ceremony took place in the chapel of the First Presbyterian church, on lower Fifth avenue, this city. The Rev. Howard Duffield officiated. About sixty persons, the nearest relatives and a few close friends, witnessed the ceremony, and these were also guests at the wedding breakfast which was served at Sherry's just after the marriage had been solemnized. The bride was the private secretary of General Woodford at Madrid at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. She is about 30 years old and General Woodford is 65. This is his second marriage, his first wife having died about two years ago.

Shot and Killed in the Woods.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., Sept. 26.—John Keenan, a woodsman, to-day shot and killed Annie Hobson, the pretty daughter of John Hobson, of Gillinton, this county. The two, accompanied by the girl's baby sister, had gone for a walk in the woods and a half hour afterward Keenan carried the lifeless body of the girl back home. Keenan, who claims the shooting was accidental, is under arrest.

Big Increase at Lehigh.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Sept. 26.—Lehigh University opened this afternoon, with a total registration of 465, an increase of sixty over last year. President Drown, after welcoming the students, condemned hazing as unworthy and unmanly. The freshmen and sophomores, however, had their cane rush, the sophomores coming off victorious.

French Bark Founders.

CORONEL, Chill, Sept. 26.—The French bark General De Charette, Capt. Le Merle, which sailed from Swansea on June 24, for San Francisco, struck on a rock in the Strait of Le Maire, on September 3 and foundered. Her crew with the exception of two members, landed safely at Band Point.

Five Inches of Snow in Wyoming.

EVANSTON, Wyoming, Sept. 26.—All the country between Granger and Evanston, Wyoming, is covered with about