

RAILROAD MEN

Indulge in a Sensational Scene at a Meeting of Share Holders.

SCENE OF GREAT DISORDER.

Former President of the Grand Trunk Line of Canada and Present Head of the Road are Principals.—Former Attempted to Speak Out.—His Voice was Drowned With Hisses and Jeers.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—There was a sensational scene at to-day's meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk railroad of Canada, between Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, president of the road and Sir Henry Tyler, the company's former president. Sir Charles Wilson, in addressing the meeting, detailed the improvements made in the line, congratulating the shareholders on the increase in revenues, dilated on the rise in the cost of material and in the rates of wages, and explained the resolution of the day, which provided for the reorganization of the Chicago Grand Trunk by the Canadian company. After outlining the proposition, Sir Charles said he had received a letter from Sir Henry W. Tyler, the former president of the road, expressing disapproval of the reorganization and asking that the letter be read before the meeting. White with passion, Sir Charles declared that vile language employed by Sir Henry justified him in putting the letter in the fire. The president of the road continued his denunciation of the former president until the audience rose, crying: "Put it in the fire," "burn it," "shame."

Scene of Great Disorder.

There was a scene of great disorder and then there arose a cry: "Tyler is here."

In a moment the venerable figure of ex-President Tyler was seen walking toward the directors' rostrum.

As soon as Sir Charles Rivers Wilson recovered his composure, he said: "Tyler stand up. You who have villified us. And repeat before us all the charges you have made."

Cheers mingled with groans greeted Sir Henry W. Tyler, who maintained that the Chicago Grand Trunk was owned and controlled by the Canadian Grand Trunk and that, therefore, the directors were making false pretences when they represented the reorganization as a transaction between two independent concerns.

Scheme of Repudiation.

Continuing, Sir Henry asserted that the scheme involved the repudiation by President Wilson, of the Chicago second mortgage bonds, which, he asserted, were cut down from 5 to 4 per cent.

"Be honest," shouted Sir Henry Tyler. "Don't repudiate them." Amidst a roar of hisses and jeers the voice of Sir Henry was drowned, but he continued waving his arms and shouting inaudible charges against Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, who stood up, and in equally heated language, absolutely denied Sir Henry's allegations and abused his administration.

Directors' Plans Approved.

The meeting then, by a large majority, approved the directors' plans to reorganize the Chicago Grand Trunk with a guarantee of the interest on the bonds to be issued by the new company.

The meeting also gave Sir Charles a vote of thanks.

During the course of the report, the president urged the shareholders to persist in improving the line. He added that the surplus earnings of the Central Vermont road would, for the present, be applied to this purpose.

WHEELING WHOLESALE MARKETS

Weekly Change of Quotations in all Lines of Local Trade.

Office of the Intelligencer, Wheeling, Oct. 9.

The general conditions surrounding transactions in grocery circles are most satisfactory, indicating every confidence in at least the near future. The demand for immediate consumption is heavier than usual and while the opinion prevails that almost the entire line of evaporated goods, such as apricots, peaches, prunes, raisins and apples will be higher, and a corresponding feeling regarding both eastern and California canned goods, trade will continue active for some time. Under such conditions it would appear to the best interest of the retailers to buy at to-day's prices.

In provisions hams are doing better as predicted. The limit seems to have been reached on breakfast bacon.

The looked for slump in sugar came suddenly; market is now firm and may advance a few points. Coffee, too, has been more active.

The Chicago shorts on wheat know they are wrong on the merits of the crop situation, which has not shown any improvements. By the option system prices can be held down, except on a market that was developed in June. Wheat will do better. Buy flour confidently at to-day's market.

Produce is moving freely, with a general demand for all fruits and vegetables. It is surprising how much produce this community consumes. Peaches are in good demand, also grapes, when in good condition. There is a heavy demand for quinces, with supply light.

Trade, for a presidential year, continues good. Collections are still slow. Provisions.

WHEELING

Electric Light \$4.55 in paper sacks; \$4.75 in cotton; Gold Coin flour \$4.70 in cotton, or \$4.60 in paper; Loyal 1/4 paper \$4.60; Pillsbury, \$4.75 in paper; \$4.95 in cotton and wood.

Syrups—White sugar syrups, 37c; Fancy drips 26c; Silver drips 25c; New Orleans molasses, choice, crop, 40c; prime 35c; fair, 33c; mixed good, New Orleans, 26c; bakers' good, 18c.

Provisions—Large S. C. hams 10 1/2c; medium hams 10c; small hams 10 1/2c; S. C. breakfast bacon 11 1/2c; shoulders 7 1/2c; sides 9 1/2c; ordinary beef 13 1/2c; ham, dried beef, 14c; knuckles, 15c; carefully merr pork, 16-pound pieces, 31c 50; bean pork, bids, \$14 1/2.

Lard—Pure refined, in tierce, 8 1/2c; the advance for smaller packages is as follows: 50-lb. tins 1/4c over tierce; fancy tubs 1/4c; 20-lb. tins 1/4c; 10-lb. tins 1/4c; 5-lb. tins 1/4c; 3-lb. tins 1c.

Sugars—Cutloaf 6 1/2c; cubes, 6 1/2c; powdered, 6 1/2c; granulated standard, 6 1/2c; American A, 5 1/2c; standard confectioners' A, 5 1/2c; Columbia A, 5 1/2c; standard Windsor, 5 1/2c; white extra, 5 1/2c; extra C, 5 1/2c; Ohio Valley, 5 1/2c.

Coffee—Green coffee, fancy Golden Rod, 15c; fancy green 15c; choice green 14 1/2c; roasting grades 10 1/2c; Java 24 1/2c; roasted in packages, Arrow 12 1/2c; Pan-Handle, 12 1/2c; Arbuckle & Co.'s roasted, 12 1/2c; Lion, 12 1/2c; bulk roasted, 11 1/2c; Old Government Java roasted 23c; Mocha and Java, 23c; A grade Rio, 23c.

Teas—Young Hyson, per lb., 20 1/2c; Gunpowder, 20 1/2c; Imperial, 40 1/2c; Japan, 28 1/2c; Oolong 27 1/2c; Sou-chang, 27 1/2c.

Candles—Star full weight 10 1/2c; Paraffin, per lb., 11 1/2c; Electric Light, per lb., 10c.

Vinegar—Choice elder 12 1/2c per gallon; standard city brands 10 1/2c per gallon; country, 13 1/2c per gallon, as to quality.

Cheese—Cheddar, 12c; Switzer, 12c; Limburger 10c.

Fish—No. 2 mackerel, 100 fish, 75 lbs., \$5.75; No. 2 extra mackerel, tubs, 60 fish, \$3.00; No. 100 lbs., \$8.50; No. 2, 80 lbs., \$7.50; No. 3 small, \$4.00 for 100 lbs.; No. 3 large 100 lbs., \$10.00.

Seeds—Timothy \$2.00 per bushel; clover, small seed, \$6.00 per 75.

Salt—No. 1 per barrel, \$1.20; extra per bbl., \$1.25; dairy, fine, five-bushel sacks, \$1.10 per sack.

Grain and Feed.

Wheat—Wheat, 75c per bushel, new or old, 55c per bushel, out of store, western extra, 33 1/2c per bushel; new, home oats, 30c per bushel.

Feed—Bran \$18 per ton; middlings \$18 per ton. Hay, No. 1 timothy, baled, \$14; mixed, \$10 1/2c; timothy, baled, loose, \$12.00 per 100; straw, wheat, baled, \$6; straw, wheat, loose, \$6.00 per 70.

Fruits and Produce.

Butter—Creamery, 1-lb. prints, fancy 26c; tub 22c; country choice, per lb., 20c; country, fair, 13 1/2c.

Eggs—Firm; fresh in case, 15c per dozen.

Poultry—Old roosters, 10c per pound; spring chickens 12 1/2c per pound, hens 9c per pound. Dressed chickens, 12c per pound.

Crisis—Apples \$1.50 per barrel; Duchess pears \$1.25 per bushel, and \$3.00 per barrel; peaches, Fancy A's \$1.25, Fancy B's \$1.00, Fancy C's 70c per bushel basket. Grapes, 5-lb. baskets 9c; 9-lb. baskets 11 1/2c; Niagara, 9-lb., 15c; 5-lb., 10c. Oranges, \$5.25. Lemons, \$4.00 per 24. Cranberries, \$5.50 per barrel and \$2.00 per box. Bananas, \$1.00 per 75. Quinces \$1.25 per bushel.

Vegetables—Native onions, 60c per bushel, \$1.00 per barrel. Corn, \$1.00 per barrel. Home new potatoes, \$1.50 per barrel; 48c per bushel. New cabbage, 75c per barrel. Cucumbers, 20c per dozen. Tomatoes, home, 65c per bushel. Sweet potatoes, \$1.75 per barrel. Hubbard squash, 1 1/4c per lb. Celery, 35c per dozen. Spanish onions, \$1.35 per crate.

Miscellaneous.

Roots and Berries—Ginseng, dry, per lb., \$2.00 per 50 lbs. Sassafras bark, per lb., 80c. Sassafras oil, per lb., 30c. May apple root, per lb., 60c; yellow root, per lb., 70c; Seneca snake root, per lb., free of pot, 30c; West Virginia snake root, per lb., 25c; Sassafras root, per lb., fine, 20c; Sassafras bark, per lb., 70c; wild cherry bark, per lb., 80c.

Blanch—Prime new hand-picked, medium \$1.75 per 55; prime new hand-picked \$1.75 per 55; navy, \$1.50.

Wool—25c per washed wool; 1/2 off for unwashed.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Features of the Money and Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Money on call firm at 3 1/2 per cent; last loan 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 6 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, then easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4 1/4 for 60 days and at \$4 1/2 for 90 days; posted rates \$4 1/4 for 60 days; Commercial bills \$4 1/4 for 90 days. Silver certificates 6 1/2 per cent. Bar silver 62 1/2c. Mexican dollars 50c.

Government bonds weak. State bonds strong. Railroad bonds irregular. The attention of the financial and speculative world remained fixed to-day on the problems of the international money markets. All the world's great money centers were kept under careful scrutiny to detect developments which might throw light upon the outcome of the contest, now inaugurated, for the possession of the available money supply. The engagement of £50,000 in gold and its withdrawal from the Bank of England for shipment to New York marked the beginning of the contest and confirmed yesterday's estimate that the sterling exchange at New York had fallen within the margin of profit for gold imports. No announcement was made in New York of this engagement and it was commonly supposed that the withdrawal was made in anticipation of an advance in the price of gold, with a view to future shipment. The withdrawal promptly precipitated an advance in the Bank of England's price of gold, and the American eagles both being marked up 1/2 an ounce. The margin of profit on imports to New York was thus wiped out. Sterling exchange in New York, which had stood this morning after yesterday's downward plunge, thereupon resumed a downward course and closed easy and still tending towards the next low sterling exchange at New York had fallen within the margin of profit for gold imports. No announcement was made in New York of this engagement and it was commonly supposed that the withdrawal was made in anticipation of an advance in the price of gold, with a view to future shipment. The withdrawal promptly precipitated an advance in the Bank of England's price of gold, and the American eagles both being marked up 1/2 an ounce. The margin of profit on imports to New York was thus wiped out. Sterling exchange in New York, which had stood this morning after yesterday's downward plunge, thereupon resumed a downward course and closed easy and still tending towards the next low sterling exchange at New York had fallen within the margin of profit for gold imports.

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The local money market continued to harden and the proportion of call loans placed at 3 1/2 per cent was considerably greater than yesterday's. To-day's transfers of currency to the interior through the sub-treasury again reached three-quarters of a million dollars and the banks have lost to that institution since Friday, \$2,275,000. The movement by express is a matter of conjecture, but is known to continue large. Speculative action was considerably restrained, pending the solution of these money market perplexities and the movement of prices in iron and steel group, pretty much all the members of the group coming into the movement as the day progressed, with advances of from 1 to over 2 points. This movement and the announcement of the engagement of gold in Paris served to overcome some of the early depression.

Strength in the local traction group was also a factor. But the market closed dull and irregular, with few net changes of importance.

The movement in the bond market was narrow and irregular. Total sales par value \$680,000.

United States refunding 2s, the 3s registered and new 4s declined 1/4 per cent on the last call.

U. S. Bonds.

U. S. Refunding U. S. new 4s reg. 127 1/2; U. S. new 4s cou. 123 1/2; U. S. old 4s reg. 114 1/2; U. S. old 4s cou. 110 1/2; U. S. 3s reg. 109 1/2; U. S. 3s cou. 105 1/2.

Stocks.

Atchison 29 1/2; do preferred 29 1/2; Am. Cotton Oil 32 1/2; do preferred 32 1/2; Am. Pacific 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Ches. & Ohio 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Chicago G. W. 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Chi. & N. W. 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Col. & St. L. 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; C. & O. 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Del. & Hudson 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Del. & R. G. 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Hoeking Con. 14; do preferred 14; Ill. Central 115 1/2; do preferred 115 1/2; Ill. Central 115 1/2; do preferred 115 1/2; Lake Erie & W. 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Lake Shore 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Man. & N. 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Mex. Central 115 1/2; do preferred 115 1/2; Minn. & St. L. 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2; Mo. Pacific 28 1/2; do preferred 28 1/2.

Express Companies.

Adams 120; United States 45; American 159; Wells Fargo 121.

Miscellaneous.

Am. Cotton Oil 32 1/2; Nat. Biscuit 32 1/2; do preferred 32 1/2; National Lead 17 1/2; do preferred 17 1/2; National Steel 26 1/2; do preferred 26 1/2; N. Y. Air Brake 11 1/2; do preferred 11 1/2; N. Y. Central 115 1/2; do preferred 115 1/2; Pacific Coast 47 1/2; do preferred 47 1/2; Am. Steel & W. 23 1/2; do preferred 23 1/2; Am. Steel & W. 23 1/2; do preferred 23 1/2; Am. T. & C. 21 1/2; do preferred 21 1/2; Am. Tobacco 49 1/2; do preferred 49 1/2; Anaconda Mine 41 1/2; do preferred 41 1/2; Brookly. R. T. 23 1/2; do preferred 23 1/2; Col. F. & Iron 23 1/2; do preferred 23 1/2; Cont. Tobacco 25 1/2; do preferred 25 1/2; Federal Steel 31 1/2; do preferred 31 1/2; Gen. Electric 149 1/2; do preferred 149 1/2; Gen. Westing. 87 1/2; do preferred 87 1/2; Inter. Paper 18 1/2; do preferred 18 1/2; Int. Gas 62 1/2; do preferred 62 1/2.

New York Mining Stocks.

Chlor 4; Ontario 8 1/2; Crown Point 11; Ophir 8 1/2; Con. Cal. & Va. 1 1/2; Plymouth 12; Gold & Silver 1 1/2; Quicksilver 1 1/2; Hale & Nor. 35; Sierra Nevada 35; Homestake 55; Standard 4 1/2; Iron Silver 67; Union Con. 23; Mexican 55; Yellow Jacket 29.

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

CHICAGO—Lack of public support was, in general way, the cause of weakness in wheat today. November closing 1/2c lower. Corn closed 1/2c; oats 1/2c and provisions 1/2c depressed.

November wheat opened at 76 1/2c to 76 3/4c, and for some time in a dull way managed to keep at or above 76 1/2c. Liverpool was lower and weather in the northwest favored the movement. More than anything else, however, the market felt the lack of public speculative interest. Bradstreet's statement of a decrease in the world's visible of 736,000, compared with an increase last year of 5,022,000 caused a short lived bulge to 77c. This, however, merely served to accentuate the public apathy and discouraged bulls sold liberally. November dropped to 76 1/2c and closed weak, 1/2c under yesterday at 76 1/2c. The seaboard reported seven loads taken for export; 200,000 bushels were reported sold here. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour were equal to 266,000 bushels; primary receipts were 222,000 bushels, compared with 2,463,000 bushels reported 652 cars against 460 last week and 1,218 cars ago. Local receipts were 364 cars, 4 of contract grade. Corn was fairly active, but barely steady, feeling to some extent the weakness of wheat. The excellent weather, a rather tame cash demand and the bullish loan crop report made the crop 18,000,000 bushels greater than any previous year. There was a hint of depressing effect. There was a plenty of selling by traders, and on the other hand determined buying by commission houses for a local bull of influential standing. Receipts were 731 cars. November sold between 37 1/2c and 37 3/4c, closing 37 1/2c and 37 1/4c. Receipts were 45 cars, 42 of contract grade. Receipts were 22 1/2c and 22 1/4c. A liberal 1/4c of hogs was responsible for an easy provision market. Moderate buying by packers was about the only business of the day. January pork sold between \$11 1/2 and \$11 7/8 and closed 1/2c lower at

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