

your prow in a different direction and run your boat on the rocks, as you would by the election of Mr. Bryan, you will be guilty of the stupendous madness of deliberately and willfully wrecking, not a boat already in desperate straits, but a stately and splendid ship with full sails on friendly seas, with favoring winds, with a clear chart and a straight course, freighted with the rich cargo of prosperity and bound for the euro port of happiness, greatness and glory. (Cheers.)

Prosperity.

"Our adversaries do not deny the great and favorable change which has been effected in the conditions of the country. They recognize that prosperity has succeeded depression, but they undertake to explain that it is due not to Republican measures and policies, but to natural causes. Their attitude recalls the Revolutionary story of Ethan Allen and his Green Mountain boys who captured Fort Ticonderoga and in recognition of whose victory a thanksgiving service was held. The preacher gave thanks to the great father of us all for his goodness in crowning the American cause with success, but forgot to indicate that Ethan Allen and his troops had any part in the victory until Allen, somewhat impatient, rose in his pew and inquired whether the preacher would mind mentioning just once that Ethan Allen was there. (Laughter.) And so, when you recall the dark days of the hard times, whose memory lingers with you yet as a nightmare, and contrast them with the splendid prosperity which you now enjoy, I am sure that even my good Democratic friend who honors me with his presence and his attention here to-night will not mind my mentioning that William McKinley is there. (Great applause.) He is there upholding the American cause and carrying forward the American flag as Ethan Allen was during the Revolutionary war. The Republican measures are there; the Dingley bill, with its revival of protection to our industries; the currency law, with its diffusion of universal confidence and its establishment of financial security. And to these measures with others which are the fruits of Republican administration you are indebted for the prosperity you enjoy. And the paramount question for you is whether you are going to keep this prosperity by retaining the government which has produced it or whether you are going to throw it away by making the change which would immediately produce the greatest financial panic and convulsion which this country has ever seen. Every prediction which Mr. Bryan made four years ago has been completely falsified by events. Every argument which he employed has been exploded. Every warning he gave has been covered with confusion and ridicule. Has he learned the lesson of wisdom? Has he recanted his mistakes? A brilliant Englishwoman who was celebrated for her wit was asked whether a conspicuous public leader who was guilty of many political mistakes had recanted. "No," she answered, "he has only canted." Mr. Bryan has exemplified the same truth. On the other hand, has not every pledge of President McKinley been faithfully fulfilled? (Cheers and cries of "yes.") Has not every confidence been amply justified. Has not every hope with which you elected him been realized, and more than realized? And will you then commit the destinies of this country to the hands of the prophets of evil, of the evangelists of calamity and of the architects and builders of national prosperity and greatness?

A Grand Tribute.

Continuing, Mr. Smith said he had been asked this evening if he could not recall and repeat his tribute to Lincoln, that was a feature of his speech here two years ago. He said even if he remembered all that he had said before, which he did not, he would not be so vain as to repeat it for the mere sake of repeating, and would not repeat it at all but for the peculiar analogy that justified reference to that former expression.

"It was speaking then," said Mr. Smith, "of the providence that raises great men for great emergencies. And if I can recall, I did indicate that in our own history great men have been raised for great emergencies. There was that grand statesman, William H. Seward, the great secretary of state; there was that great, robust, shrewd statesman from your neighboring state of Ohio, Salmon P. Chase, Lincoln's secretary of the treasury; there was the scholarly Charles Sumner; there was the impetuous, fiery, unconquerable Edwin M. Stanton, also of Ohio. (Cheers.) But great as all these were, there was a greater, a man who came out of the west, almost unknown, uncouth, strange in expression and appearance, but palpably endowed with the great Divine Authority of the world, a great and almost divine capacity; this man was great in his speech at Gettysburg; great in wisdom in consolidating the counsels of men of diversified opinion—great was that prince of men, Abraham Lincoln (great applause), who was just as supreme even in council with Sumner and Seward and Stanton as George Washington was with Jefferson and Hamilton and Jay.

The President Praised.

"And if Lincoln was raised for that emergency, I am just as clear in my conviction that a divine providence prepared the way for what has transpired with us during the past three years." Continuing, Mr. Smith paid glowing tributes to the men of McKinley's cabinet; Hay for his diplomatic triumphs; Lyman Gage, a master of finance, who takes rank with Chase and Sherman as one of our greatest secretaries of the treasury; Elihu Root, true, able, earnest and most trustworthy; John D. Long, Attorney General Griggs, all men of the highest rank.

"Let," added Mr. Smith, "supreme and above them all, as Washington during our revolutionary struggle, as Lincoln in our great civil struggle, sits William McKinley at the head of the table of counsel (tremendous applause), serene, dignified, patient, gentle, but firm as a rock—so he stands, supreme, overtowering all, raised by the hand of providence to deal with great emergencies and crises, as such as Washington and Lincoln were raised for similar emergencies. I wish you could understand his nobility of character, his patriotic impulses ruling every act, as I have watched and understood during three years of his administration. I wish you could understand how, under that amiable and beautiful character, there is a decision, a firmness, a power such as even his friends knew not. He has dealt with the questions that have confronted us with a greatness that should command, as I believe it does, the approval of the American people. (Applause.)

Imperialism.

"We are told that imperialism is the paramount issue of this campaign. It is not the first time that we have heard that word. You will remember that a few years ago a distinguished member of Congress from the state of Georgia

was sent to the Hawaiian Islands and he was designated as 'Mr. Paramount Commissioner Blount.' He was charged with the paramount duty of hauling down the American flag where it had been raised on those islands, and after that work was performed he was charged with another paramount duty, which was very extraordinary and curious, in connection with what we are told is now the paramount issue. He was instructed to set up a throne which had been overturned and to re-establish that throne the queen who had been hurled from it by the Hawaiian people; so that while we are now told that the paramount issue is to oppose an imaginary imperialism it would seem that the paramount duty then was to establish a real imperialism. (Applause.) What is this cry of imperialism? It is a scare-crow that doesn't scare anybody. It is a will-o-the-wisp that nobody pursues; it is the imaginary serpent of a mental delirium, and nobody is afraid of the snake. Think of the absurdity of establishing an empire in the place of our republic! How can you have an empire without an emperor or without a state of rule under the flag which can justly be described as Imperialistic? Where is your emperor? Does anybody associate our gracious, benignant, patriotic, true-hearted, high-minded President, he who went forth as a lad scarcely seventeen years of age to defend the flag of his country and has been its sturdiest and most stalwart defender through all these succeeding years, does anybody associate him with the idea of being an emperor? Or is there anywhere under our flag a state of rule which can justly be described as imperial? Is it in Porto Rico? Why there we are doing just what Thomas Jefferson, the great Democratic leader, did in Louisiana in 1803, except that we are more regardful of the rights, the interests and the welfare of the people of Porto Rico than Jefferson and his associates were of those of the people of Louisiana. Is it in the Philippines? There, pending insurrection and the preparation of the people for self-government, we are doing what James Monroe did in Florida, with Andrew Jackson, the great Democratic apostle as his commanding general, after the acquisition of that territory, except that President McKinley is more considerate of the liberty and the advancement of the people of the Philippine Islands than Monroe and Jackson were of those of the people of Florida. Was there any imperialism under Jefferson or Monroe or Jackson. No. And if not then, where is it now?

What is Imperialism.

"What is imperialism? You all read Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance at Indianapolis—that is, you did if you had time to take a day or two off from your busy affairs. (Laughter.) It was a speech of 10,000 words, all about imperialism, and yet it did not once undertake to tell what imperialism is. Why? Because to define it would be to prick the bubble and let out all the wind. Is not imperialism the assertion of personal rule without authority of law? Is it not the exercise of individual will and power on the part of an arbitrary ruler, without the sanction and authority of the people's representatives? Was not that the imperialism established by Louis Napoleon in France after his revolutionary act of 1852? Is not that the imperialism which prevails in Russia to-day under the autocrat of all the Russias? How can you have imperialism under republican government? Republican government is a government of law which comes directly from the representatives of the people elected every two years, and where law rules imperialism cannot exist. It could not grow in the soil of freedom; it could not live in the air of liberty; it could not endure the blaze of enlightened public opinion. Where patriotism throbs as it burns in the hearts of the American people there can be no fear of imperialism. Least of all could it find refuge in the mind or in the heart of that great and noble party which sprang into being from the uprising of the public conscience against the degradation of man and whose whole career through half a century has been a magnificent history of liberty and progress and enlightenment. The emptiness of the cry of imperialism recalls the inquiry of Lord Dundreary in the play, Lord Dundreary was paying court to his lady-love and was troubled to find subjects of conversation, and for lack of a better subject he asked, "Does your brother like cheese? The lady answered, "I have no brother." "Well," stammered Lord Dundreary, "if you had a brother would he like cheese?" (Laughter.) The cry of imperialism is as senseless and irrational as Lord Dundreary's question.

The Philippines.

"It is associated with the events and the policy followed in the Philippines and I want to ask your attention for a few moments to the opposite plans with reference to those new possessions. I shall not recite the glorious history of the Spanish war. I shall not recount the brilliant victories on sea and on land, which in a hundred days carried our country farther forward in prestige and influence throughout the country than a hundred years of ordinary history. The war over, we entered upon



The world says it is not polite to talk about your ailments. Dr. Ayer says: "Talk to me all you like about your aches and pains, your good feelings and ill feelings." And it costs you only the effort of sending a letter to Lowell.

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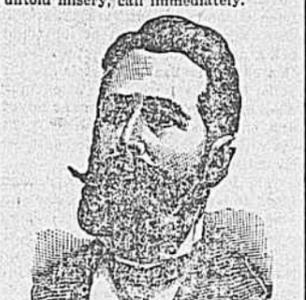
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Repeated—Hundreds of Our Best People Endorse His Skill and Reliability—We Are Proud to Commend Him.

REMAINS ALL THIS WEEK.

He desires to thank his patrons. The confidence reposed in his skill has never been betrayed, and the patrons of three years ago are the recommendations of to-day.

Why Suffer With Your Eyes? If you have blurring, dizziness, neuralgia, headache, spots before the eyes, blinking, trembling spells, cataract, burning and smarting of the eyes, various nervous and brain affections, entailing not only positive injury to the sight, but untold misery, call immediately.



Charles Lincoln Smith, the New York Optometrist, is at the McLure House private parlors, Nos. 9 and 10, Ladies entrance on Twelfth street. Take elevator. Consultation absolutely free.

Do not trifle with your eyes, as lost sight never returns. Remember it costs no more to employ a first-class expert than it does to risk your vision with inexperienced hands.

Will be at the McLure, Wheeling, W. Va., October 31, November 1, 2 and 3. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

the negotiations of peace and the treaty of Paris of 1898, ratified by the senate, gave us as clear and complete a title to the Philippine Islands as the other treaty of Paris in 1803 gave us to the Louisiana territory. From that hour the President of the United States had but one straight course before him. It was his solemn duty to assert and maintain the newly established sovereignty of the United States, and when insurrection flamed out it was as much his bounden duty to suppress that insurrection as it would be to suppress an insurrection if it were to break out today in Arizona or in New Mexico. Now, what is President McKinley's plan and what is Mr. Bryan's plan? President McKinley's plan, as declared by himself, is to give the people of the Philippine Islands a government suited to their wants and requirements and to give them self-government just as fast and as far as they are fitted for it. That is the plan which is now being practically carried out under the immediate direction and guidance of the great commission of which Judge Taft, of the United States court, is the head and of which such a sterling Democrat as General Wright, of Tennessee, is a member. (Applause.) It is a plan which has already brought great improvement and advancement in the condition of the people and which, when the insurrection shall be fully suppressed, as it will be so soon as those misguided people learn that they have no hope of Mr. Bryan as President, will bring peace, happiness and the largest measure of liberty to them.

Bryan's Plan.

"And what is Mr. Bryan's plan? It consists of three features. The first is to throw away our title and abdicate our sovereignty of the Philippine Islands; secondly, to recognize the independence of the Filipino government, which would practically be the government of Aguinaldo and his Tagal supporters, for unless he were recognized he would be in revolt, as he is now; thirdly, to uphold and maintain the government thus recognized against domestic violence and foreign aggression by an American protectorate. Now, what do these things mean? First, to renounce our title; that is, to haul down the American flag and give up our control. I undertake to say that never in our history from the beginning of the government until the present hour has the American flag ever been hauled down on territory where it was rightfully raised by our public law or by public treaty. And further, this is the first time that any American leader with pretensions to public position and especially to candidacy for the high office of President, has dared even to propose that our flag should be hauled down, unless you except the leaders of the rebellion; and if our friends wish to pursue that comparison they are welcome to do so. Mr. Bryan says, 'You carried your flag to Mexico and you brought it out; you carried your flag to Cuba and you are going to bring it out; you carried your flag to Peking this summer and you are going to bring it out. Why not do the same thing with the Philippine Islands?' This is a fair question and it deserves a fair answer. Our flag was carried to Mexico by the law of war and our flag was brought out of Mexico by the law of peace. The treaty of peace provided that our compensation should be not in Mexico, but in the cession of California and the adjacent territory. So our flag was raised there and it has floated there ever since. Our flag was carried to Cuba by the law of war and it will be brought out when stable government shall be established, by the law of the solemn pledge of Congress. Our flag was carried to Peking by that higher law which requires the government of the United States to defend and protect its diplomatic representatives, its missionaries and its citizens wherever they may be, and when that mission shall be accomplished it will be brought out, for neither the President nor his government has any thought of imperialism or of any territorial aggrandizement. (Great applause.)

The Difference.

"Now, mark the difference: Our flag was carried to the Philippines by the law of war, as in the other cases. We were in war with Spain in the cause of humanity. We fought that war, as we fight every war in which we engage, with utmost vigor and power. We struck the enemy wherever he was to be struck. The President of the United States gave the command to Dewey to

McFADDEN'S High Top Hunting Shoes for \$1.98. Men's Hunting Shoes, the high top, waterproof shoe, that fits perfect and protects the leg as well as a boot. This hunting shoe is made of the grain leather or calf leather, with solid leather double soles, wax thread sewed seams, and are warranted to stand hard wear and keep the feet dry and warm. Any size of this best \$2.50 hunting shoe for \$1.98. We also have other grades of high top Hunting Shoes at \$2.75, \$3.50 and \$5.00.

capture or destroy the Spanish fleet at Manila, and apparently not quite understanding which he was to do Dewey did both. He captured and destroyed the Spanish fleet and our flag was run up over the Philippines by the law of war; but by the law of peace, the law of the treaty of Paris, ratified by the senate of the United States, with the approval and the advocacy of William J. Bryan, that flag stays and there it will stay until the American people deliberately decide otherwise—and I am not looking for any such decision just now. So Mr. Bryan's plan first of all is to haul down our flag in violation of all our tradition and history.

"The second and third features may best be considered together, namely: To recognize a government of Aguinaldo and to uphold it by an American protectorate. That means that we shall leave Aguinaldo and his supporters with a free hand to do as they please and that we shall be responsible for whatever they may do. You cannot recognize the independence of a government without recognizing it as possessing the prerogatives of a government and a nation. There are none of the elements of a nation there now. There are more than fifty tribes speaking more than fifty different languages, with none of the unity and coherence of a nationality. The great body of those tribes and people accept our rule and welcome our flag. The number in revolt is not over 1 per cent of the entire population, but if you were to undertake to put one tribe over the others you would plunge the islands into bloody conflict, and if you exercised a protectorate, as Mr. Bryan proposes, you would be compelled to intervene, not only to suppress that government you had recognized, but in the interest of peace and humanity, and you would then be just where you are now, except that your army would practically be under the command of Aguinaldo, instead of under your own command.

A Protectorate.

"Nor is that all. Such a government would have the control and regulation of its own relations with foreign affairs. It would inevitably become embroiled with foreign powers, and it would no longer be our title and possession, and if we exercised a protectorate we should be compelled to sustain the Aguinaldo government in such engagements. As it is now we have a perfectly clear course. All the world now recognizes our title. Nobody disputes it except Aguinaldo and Mr. Bryan. It involves no more danger of foreign complications than upholding our flag in the Philippine Islands, than it does in California or in Alaska. But Mr. Bryan proposes that we shall throw away this position of security and put ourselves in a position where we shall exercise no control but shall be involved in the consequences. Where we now have responsibility with authority he proposes that we shall have responsibility without authority, and we shall have an obligation with the power to prevent that obligation from involving us in complications he proposes to leave the obligation without any power to protect or safeguard ourselves. When I think of this astounding proposition put forward so lightly, as an easy solution of this question by a serious candidate for the presidency, I am moved to ask: Who is this self-sufficient, all-sufficient, insufficient man? We could not maintain a protectorate over a government of Aguinaldo without being constantly in hot water. Mr. Bryan's plan would require a larger army and a larger navy than we now have and it would involve greater cost and greater danger of complications than the policy of Mr. McKinley. His election would not only bring the destruction of confidence and prosperity at home, followed by the greatest business depression and disaster we have ever seen, but it would also bring the destruction of our prestige and influence abroad, followed by the loss of the advantages we have gained as a commercial and civilizing power. (Applause.)

A Foremost Position.

"Under the broad American policy which we have followed, this republic has gained a position among the powers of the world which we scarcely realize. Our manufactures to-day are equal to those of Great Britain, France and Germany, with their 140,000,000 people all put together, and are growing twice as fast. (Applause.) We are manufacturing more than one-third of all that is made in all the busy workshops of the world. We grow one-fifth of the wheat, seven-eighths of the corn and nine-tenths of the cotton that is grown in the world. We use one-third of all the wool that is raised, and while a few years ago under the destructive Wilson tariff bill, we raised less than one-half of the wool we consumed we now raise 81 per cent of all the wool that we use, and we use one-third of all that is raised in the world. We mine one-fourth of the gold, one-third of the silver and one-half of the copper. We have more railroad mileage than all Europe with its 375,000,000 of people and we could parallel every track in Europe and still have enough left to encircle the entire globe. (Applause.) We mine one-third of the coal and we not only have this enormous supremacy now but we have the elements of still greater supremacy in the future, because we have the native resources and the raw material as no other power has. Coal and iron ore are the bases of the great fabrics. England has 9,300 square miles of coal, much of it 2,000 feet below the surface and well-nigh exhausted. We have 200,000 square miles, or if you limit it to that quality of coal which enters into the production of iron and steel, we still have 70,000 square miles. In other words, if all England from Land's End to the Scottish border were a solid coal field we should have as much as that and twice as much again. (Applause.) We not only have this prodigious superiority in material, but with our equipment and our inventive genius and our skilled labor we immeasurably surpass all other nations. Mulhall, the English statistician, states that 45,000,000 European operatives produced 17,000,000,000 worth of products in a year or about \$38 per man, while 6,000,000 operatives in the United States produced \$10,000,000,000 of products or about \$1,666 per man or four times as much as the European operative. That is why we can pay higher wages and still undersell them.

Our Splendid Position.

"With this enormous producing capacity we have gone far beyond our consuming capacity and it is necessary for us to find new outlets and new markets. Other nations are engaged in a struggle for territorial extension in order to find markets. We do not need to engage in that extension. We have reached the greatest new potential market in the world in securing the open door in China. The open door gives us a fair chance and an equal opportunity and that is all we need to outstrip the trade

of other nations. We secured that open door because we were in possession of the Philippines. Three years ago England made the demand for the open door and she was refused. The next year we unfurled our flag in the Philippines, we planted ourselves at the very vestibule of China, we made the world understand that we meant to have a voice in the affairs in the east. Then we made the demand for the open door and because of that assertion of our power and purpose it was granted. We are true to ourselves, to the dignity of our republic and to the honor of our flag we shall preserve this position of commanding influence and of assured commercial supremacy.

"Three years ago, shortly before the outbreak of the Spanish war, it was my privilege to be at Newport at a gathering of many of the beautiful craft of the country. In that well-nigh land-locked harbor there were assembled 200 boats, including several of the great warships of the republic. It was the night of a fête as brilliant as any that ever illuminated the grand canal in the days of storied Venice. Suddenly a powerful current of light shot up against the dark blue sky and high above the commodore's boat—the boat since made famous as the darling little 'Glooucester' of the heroic Wainwright in the great fight at Santiago—appeared Old Glory, its stars all the brighter and its stripes all the more radiant because of the surrounding darkness, and as the inspiring spectacle made the patriotic blood leap faster in every vein a hundred cannon and a thousand throats shouted out their salute and their renewed devotion to the beloved flag of our republic. And so in a larger and a broader sense, under the searchlight of these new occasions and new duties, the flag of our country gains new significance as it floats over lands heretofore in darkness, and it is for you to answer next Tuesday whether you are worthy of its higher destiny and its greater glory. (Great outburst of cheering.)

Depends Upon McKinley's Election.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. NEW CUMBERLAND, W. Va., Nov. 1.—Word is given out here to-day that an East Liverpool firm has secured the big Chelsea China Company's plant here by lease and will start it up immediately after the election if McKinley should be re-elected. It has been shut down since 1893. Should Bryan be elected not a wheel will turn.

Big Suit Against Barnsdall.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. MARIETTA, O., Nov. 1.—T. N. Barnsdall, a well known oil man, has been sued by Mrs. Sarah A. Cummings for \$50,000 damages. She alleges in her petition that Mr. Barnsdall has unlawfully and without right taken oil from the plaintiff's property.

Marietta Will Vote on Bonds.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. MARIETTA, O., Nov. 1.—At the regular meeting of the city council they decided to allow the people to vote on the issue of \$100,000 bonds for the purpose of improving the water works in the city. The election will be held the latter part of November.

TO remove a troublesome corn or bunion: First soak the corn or bunion in warm water to soften it, then pare it down as closely as possible without drawing blood and apply Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice daily; rubbing vigorously for five minutes at each application. A corn plaster should be worn for a few days, to protect it from the shoe. As a general liniment for sprains, bruises, lameness and rheumatism, Pain Balm is unequalled. For sale by druggists.

INAUGURATION SALE.

Entire stock at cost, beginning to-morrow, to and including Nov. 10. L. S. Good & Co.'s New Store, 1132-1134 Main street.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE. Thursday Matinee and Night, Nov. 8. ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINAIRE! EUGENIE BLOIR

And Excellent Support, Presenting the Distinguished Success from Wallack's Theatre, New York.

A LADY OF QUALITY.

MAGNIFICENT SCENERY. EXQUISITE COSTUMES. Night prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Matinee prices—25c and 50c. Seat sale opens Wednesday morning.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

One Solid Week, commencing Monday, Nov. 5. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Murray and Mack's comedians present that famous farce, "FINNIGAN'S BALL." Night prices—15c, 25c, 50c, 60c. Matinee prices—15c, 25c, 35c. no2

CURES THE COUGH. A pleasant, never-failing remedy for throat and lung diseases. Sellers' Imperial Cough Syrup is absolutely free from spirituous or other harmful ingredients. A prompt, positive cure for coughs, colds, hoarseness, influenza, whooping cough. Over a million bottles sold in the last few years. W. J. GILMORE CO., PITTSBURG, PA.

At all Druggists, 25c and 50c.

BOOK PRINTING—Illustrated Catalogues, plain or in colors. Printing from Half-Tone Engravings finely executed. JOB PRINTING—Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars and all kinds of Job Work done at reasonable prices. The Intelligencer JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

One Cent a... Word Situations Wanted. He's Wanted. For Rent. For Sale. Etc., Etc., Etc. The One Cent a Word Column of the Intelligencer Brings Quick Returns on a Small Investment.

WANTED.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN to run as news agents on railroad trains; must have \$10 cash security. Apply or address UNION NEWS CO., B. O. Depot, Wheeling, W. Va.

WANTED—A RELIABLE EFFICIENT office man who can take an interest in business preferences and state ability in sales. Address A. care Intelligencer office.

WANTED—MAN WHO THOROUGHLY understands the retail business, State experience and wages expected. Good position for right man. Address K. care Intelligencer office.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED AND energetic salesmen to sell the well known Dieterich Valve-Gum Lubricating Oil to the consuming trade in commission. Apply to DIETERICH VALVE-OIL CO., 60 Gas Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

MALE HELP WANTED.

OLD ESTABLISHED MERCANTILE business, weekly salary, \$200 per month, wants to arrange with capable man of correct habits to manage branch. Salary \$1,500 yearly. Extra commission. Must furnish \$500 and satisfactory references. Opportunity, Drawer 74, New Haven, Conn.

\$12 STRAIGHT BONA FIDE OFFICE.

Expenses extra. Commission payable men and women to represent appointing agents; rapid promotion and generous salary. New brilliant BUTLER & ALGER, New Haven, Conn.

PROPOSALS.

Bids will be received at the clerk's office of the board of commissioners until 10 o'clock a. m. of the 15th day of November for the following: For furnishing CEMENT TO INDIGENT RESIDENTS of the city for one year from the 15th day of November, 1900. For Washington district. For Madison district. For Clay and Union districts. For Centre and Webster districts. For Ritchie and Fulton districts. For furnishing MIXED OR NUT COAL to indigent residents of the city north of Wheeling creek, including the town. Also for furnishing MIXED OR NUT COAL to indigent residents of the living south of Wheeling creek for a year from the 15th day of November, 1900. Also for the purchase of FERTILIZER for the city of Wheeling and Fulton. For the COUNTY UNDERTAKING for the county districts for one year from the 15th day of November, 1900. This undertaking must be separate for cities under 10 years of age. T. C. MOFFAT, Clerk Board of Commissioners.

FOR SALE.

\$100 CASH WILL BUY A 5000 sq. ft. second hand Square Street Car. Address M., care Intelligencer office.

FOR SALE....

"Springdale," one of the finest farms in the Shenandoah Valley, 3 miles from Ryallville, Clarke county, Virginia (2000 acres). W. V. HOGE, City Bank Building, Market Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

BONDS! BONDS!

First-class Coupon Bonds are better investment than Real Estate. They are safe, convenient and pay big interest. I offer at the present time both Evans Glass Company 5% Bond, Tri-State Gas Company 6% Bond, National Glass Company 6% Bond, Cleveland Water Company 6% Bond, prices netting the investor from 10% to 15% for particulars, ROBERT HALL, Member Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, No. 331 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. Long distance telephone, No. 1000.

FOR SALE.....

No. 22 Maryland street, dwelling 3 rooms. No. 68 Indiana street, frame dwelling. A number of desirable buildings in the Wheeling & Elm Grove tracts. A desirable brick dwelling at 14 Thirtieth street. Business property on Main street. Mrs. Lamb's residence at Echo Hill. Rare opportunity to secure a home. Woodside residence, all modern conveniences. FOR RENT. No. 754 Fourteenth St., brick dwelling. SIMPSON & TATUM, Room 4 City Bank Building, Wheeling, W. Va.

FOR SALE.....

BONDS. Manufacturers' Light & Heat Co., Steubenville, Mingo & Ohio Valley. Moundsville, Benwood & Wheeling way Co. Wheeling Steel & Iron Co. Whitaker Iron Company. Belmont Electric Light & Power Company. Industrial Stocks bought and sold on the New York Stock Exchange.

HOWARD HAZLETT & SON.

STOCKS FOR SALE.

Wheeling Steel & Iron Co. Wheeling & Belmont Bridge Co. Wheeling Bridge Co. Wheeling Pottery Co. Riverside Pottery Co.

BONDS

A few choice 5 per cent first mortgage bonds.

NORTON & COMPANY.

A SECURE INVESTMENT.

We offer for sale at par and interest a limited number of First Mortgage 20 Year 5 Per Cent Bonds. These bonds court the strictest investigation, are simply protected and highly recommended by best authorities. For further details and full particulars write or call on

WHITE & WHITE,

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Investment Securities.

We offer for sale some new 5 per cent first mortgage bonds. We have examined the security behind these bonds and we can recommend them with confidence to investors. Particulars upon application.

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