PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
CAMPBELL & M'DERMOT,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDINGS,
N. E. corner of Quincy and Main-Sts.

TERMS:
Daily, (by mail, payable in advance,)..........$6,00
By the Week.......... 15
Tri Weekly, (per year, payable in advance,)... 5,0C.
☞ Advertising done on reasonalbe terms.
All advertisements from a distance, or from transient customers, must be paid in advance.

ENTIRELY VEGETABLE!

NO ALCOHOLIC PREPARATIONS

A PURE TONIC MEDICINE

DR. HOOFLAND'S
German Bitters

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

WILL effectually cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart. Choking or suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin, and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of spirit. And will positively prevent Yellow Fever, Billious Fever, &c., &c. They contain

NO ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKY.

They will Cure the above Diseases in Ninety-nine cases out of a Hundred!

Induced by the extensive sale and universal popularity of

Hoofland's German Bitters!

(PURELY VEGETABLE,)

Hosts of ignorant Quacks and unscrupulous adventurers, have opened upon suffering humanity the flood-gates of Nostrums in the shape of poor whisky, vilely compounded with injurious drugs and christened Tonics, Stomachics and Bitters.

Beware of the innumerable array of Alcoholic preparations in plethoric bottles, and high-bellied kegs, under the modest appellation of bitters, which instead of curing, only aggravate disease, and leave the disappointed sufferer in despair.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Are not a new and untried article, but have stood the test of fifteen years trial by the American public, and their reputation and sale are not rivalled by any similar preparation.

The proprietors have thousands of Letters from the most eminent Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and Citizens, testifying, of their own personal knowledge, to the beneficial effects and medical virtues of these Bitters.

DO YOU WANT SOMETHING TO STRENGTHEN YOU!
DO YOU WANT A GOOD APPETITE!
DO YOU WANT TO BUILD UP YOUR CONSTITUTION!
DO YOU WANT TO FEEL WELL!
DO YOU WANT TO GET RID OF NERVOUSNESS!
DO YOU WANT ENERGY!
DO YOU WANT TO SLEEP WELL!
DO YOU WANT A BRISK AND VIGOROUS FEELING!

If you do, use

Hoofland's German Bitters!

From J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reason, why a man may not testify to the benefit he believes himself to have received from any simple preparations, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN.

Philadelphia, June 28, 1861.

IMPORTANT TO SOLDIERS!
Those having Friends in the Army

We call the attention of all having relations or friends in the army to the *fact* that "Hoofland's German Bitters" will cure nine-tenths of the diseases induced by exposure and privations incident to camp life. In the lists, published almost daily in the newspapers, on the arrival of the sick, it will be noticed that a very large proportion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily cured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs are speedily removed. We have no hesitation in stating that if these Bitters were freely used among our soldiers, hundreds of lives might be saved that otherwise would be lost.

We call particular attention to the following remarkable and well authenticated cure of one of the nation's heroes, whose life, to use his own language, "has been saved by the Bitters."

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23d, 1862.

MESSRS. JONES & EVANS:—Well, gentlemen, your Hoofland's German Bitters has saved my life. There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were cognizant of all the circumstances of my case. I am, and have been for the last four years, a member of Sherman's celebrated battery and under the immediate command of Captain R. B. Ayers. Through the exposure attendant upon my arduous duties, I was attacked in November last with inflammation of the lungs, and was for seventy two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed from the White House, and sent to this city on board the "State of Maine," from which I landed on the 28th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow anything, and if I did force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under such circumstances, and, accordingly, the physicians, who have been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archer, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited me. An acquaintance who visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinbrown, of Sixth street, below Arch, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured me a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the gloomy shadow of death receded, and I am now, thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but two bottles, I have already gained ten pounds, and I feel sanguine of being permitted to rejoin my wife and daughters, from whom I have heard nothing for eighteen months; for, gentlemen, I am a loyal Virginian, from the vicinity of Front Royal. To your invaluable Bitters I owe the certainty of life which has taken the place of vague fears—to your Bitters will I owe the glorious privilege of again clasping to my bosom those who are the dearest to me in life. Very truly yours,

ISAAC MALONE.

We fully concur in the truth of the above statement, as we had despaired of seeing our comrade Mr. Malone, restored to health.

JOHN CUDDLEBACK, 1st New York.
GEORGE A. ACKLEY, Co. C, 11th Maine.
LEWIS CHEVADIER, 92d New York.
I. E. SPENCE, 1st Artillery, Battery F.
J. B. FASEWELL, Co. B, 3d Vermont.
HENRY B. JEROME, do do
HENRY T. MACDONALD, Co. C, 6th Maine.
JOHN F. WARD, Co. E, 5th Maine.
HERMAN KOCH, Co. H, 72d New York.
NATHANIEL B. THOMAS, Co. F, 95th Penn.
ANDREW J. KIMBALL, Co. A, 3d Vermont.
JOHN JENKINS, Co. B, 106th Penn.

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is the WRAPPER of each bottle.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

NO. 631 ARCH STREET
Principal Office and Manufactory,

JONES & EVANS,
(Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.,)
PROPRIETORS.

PRICES.—Large size, holding nearly double quantity, $1 per bottle; half dozen, $5. Small size, 75c per bottle; half dozen, $4.

☞ For sale by Druggists and Dealers everywhere in the United States, and by all the Druggists and Dealers in Wheeling.

oc18-1

Daily Intelligencer.

VOL. XII. WHEELING, W. VA., TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 27, 1864. NO. 216.

Daily Intelligencer.

National Union Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT.
JOHN H. ATKINSON, of Hancock County.
SECOND DISTRICT,
EDWARD C. BUNKER, of Monongalia.
THIRD DISTRICT,
R. S. BROWN, of Jackson.
ELECTORS AT LARGE,
ELLERY R. HALL, of Marion.
W. R. STEVENSON, of Wood.

Union State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ARTHUR I. BOREMAN, of Wood County.
SECRETARY OF STATE,
GRANVILLE D. HALL, of Harrison.
AUDITOR OF STATE,
J. M. McWHORTER, of Roane.
TREASURER OF STATE,
CAMPBELL TARR, of Brooke.
ATTORNEY GENERAL,
EPHRAIM B. HALL, of Marion

CONGRESS,

C. D. HUBBARD, of Ohio County.

County Ticket.

SENATE—DANIEL PECK.
HOUSE OF DELEGATES—DANIEL LAMB,
THEODORE N. GORRELL,
G. D. BONAR.
RECORDER—A. G ROBINSON.,
TREASURER—JOHN BISHOP.
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY—A. B. CALDWELL.
ASSESSORS—City}—ELIJAH DAY.
[County}—JOHN D. MAXWELL.
SURVEYOR—CHARLES DE HASS.

FROM ATLANTA.

Another Epistolatory Broadside from Gen. Sherman—A Refusal to Allow the Women and Children to Remain.

From the Louisville Journal, Sept. 21.

We have letters from Atlanta to the 12th inst. The city was full of bustle and confusion, as the people were making their preparations to obey the order of General Sherman, which commands them to leave the place. The streets resemble those of New York on the first of May, when every man who does not own his residence deems it his duty to move, in obedience to some old legend of the Knickerbockers. Mr. J. B. Berry sends to us the following petition of the city of Atlanta to Gen. Sherman, asking him to change or modify the expulsion:

THE AUTHORITIES TO GEN SHERMAN.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 11, 1864.

To Major General W. T. Sherman:

SIR: The undersigned, Mav [redacted]
members of Council for
for the time being the
the people of the said ci
wants and wishes, ask les
but respectfully to petition
sider the order requiring them
lanta. At first view, it struck
measure would involve extraordi
ship and loss, but since we have
practical execution of it, so far as
progressed, and the individual conditio
many of the people, and heard the sta
ments as to the inconveniences, loss, an
suffering attending it, we are satisfied that the amount of it will involve in the aggregate consequences appalling and heart-rending.

Many poor women are in an advanced state of pregnancy; others having young children, whose husbands, for the greater part, are either in the army, prisoners or dead. Some say: "I have such a one sick at my house; who will wait on them when I am gone!" Others say: "What are we to do; we have no houses to go to, and no means to buy, build, or rent any; no parents, relatives or friends to go to." Another says: "I will try and take this or that article of property; but such and such things I must leave behind, though I need them much." We reply to them: "Gen. Sherman will carry your property to Rough and Ready, and then Gen. Hood will take it thence on;" and they will reply to that: "But I want to leave the railroad at such a place, and cannot get conveyance from thence on."

We only refer to a few facts to illustrate, in part, how this measure will operate in practice. As you advanced, the people north of us fell back, and before your arrival here a large portion of the people here had retired south; so that the country south of this is already crowded, and without sufficient houses to accommodate the people, and we are informed that many are now staying in churches and other outbuildings. This being so, how is it possible for the people still here (mostly women and children) to find shelter, and how can they live through the winter in the woods; no shelter or subsistence; in the midst of strangers who know them not, and without the power to assist them much if they were willing to do so.

This is but a feeble picture of the consequences of this measure. You know the woe, the horror, and the suffering cannot be described by words. Imagination can only conceive of it, and we ask you to take these things into consideration. We know your mind and time are continually occupied with the duties of your command, which almost deters us from asking your attention to the matter, but thought it might be that you had not considered the subject in all of its awful consequences, and that, on reflection, you, we hope, would not make this people an exception to all mankind, for we know of no such instances ever having occurred—surely not in the United States. And what has this helpless people done, that they should be driven from their homes, to wander as strangers, outcasts and exiles, and to subsist on charity?

We do not know as yet the number of people still here. Of those who are here, a respectable number, if allowed to remain at home, could subsist for several months without assistance; and a respectable number for a much longer time, and who might not need assistance at any time.

In conclusion, we most earnestly and solemnly petition you to reconsider this order, or modify it, and suffer this unfortunate people to remain at home and enjoy what little means they have.

Respectfully submitted,
JAMES M. CALHOUN, Mayor.
E. E. RAWSON, }
S. C. WELLS. } Councilmen.

GEN. SHERMAN'S REPLY.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION
OF THE MISSISSIPPI, IN THE FIELD,
ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 12, 1864.

James M. Calhoun, Mayor, E. E. Rawson and S. C. Wells, representing the City Council of Atlanta:

GENTLEMEN: I have your letter of the 11th in the nature of a petition to revoke my order removing all the inhabitants from Atlanta. I have read it carefully, and give full credit to your statements of the distress that will be occasioned by it, and yet shall not revoke my order, simply because my orders are not designed to meet the humanities of the case, but to prepare for the future struggles in which millions, yes hundreds of millions of good people outside of Atlanta have a deep interest. We must have *Peace*, not only at Atlanta, but in all America. To secure this we must stop the war that now desolates our once happy and favored country. To stop war we must defeat the rebel armies that are arrayed against the laws and Constitution which all must respect and obey. To defeat these armies we must prepare the way to reach them in their recesses, provided with the arms and instruments which enable us to accomplish our purpose.

Now, I know the vindictive nature of our enemy, and that we may have many years of military operations from this quarter, and therefore deem it wise and prudent to prepare in time. The use of Atlanta for warlike purposes is inconsistent with its character as a home for families. There will be no manufactures, commerce or agriculture here for the maintenance of families, and sooner or later want will compel the inhabitants to go. Why not go *now*, when all the arrangements are completed for the transfer, instead of waiting till the plunging shot of contending armies will renew the scene of the past month? Of course I do not apprehend any such thing at this moment, but you do not suppose that this army will be here till the war is over. I cannot discuss this subject with you fairly, because I cannot impart to you what I propose to do, but I assert that my military plans make it necessary for the inhabitants to go away, and I can only renew my offer of services to make their exodus in any direction as easy and comfortable as possible. You cannot qualify war in harsher terms than I will.

War is cruelty, and you cannot refine it; and those who brought war on our country deserve all the curses and maledictions a people can pour out. I know I had no hand in making this war, and I know I will make more sacrifices to-day than any of you to secure peace. But you cannot have peace and a division of our country. If the United States submits to a division now, it will go on till we reap the fate of Mexico, which is eternal war. The United States does and must assert its authority wherever it has power; if it relaxes one bit to pressure it is gone, and I know that such
is not the national [redacted] This feeling
assumes waps comes
the Union,
thority of
nstead of
nd roads
is army,
nd sup-
, let it
know
orrent
t the
oint
sire
var
evitable,
of Atlanta can
hop live in peace and quiet
at ho is to stop this war, which can alone be done by admitting that it began in error and is perpetuated in pride. We don't want your negroes or your horses, or your houses or your land, or anything you have; but we do want and will have a just obedience to the laws of the United States. That we will have, and if it involves the destruction of you improvements, we cannot help it. You have heretofore read public sentiment in your newspapers, that live by falsehood and excitement, and the quicker you seek for truth in other quarters the better for you.

I repeat, then, that by the original compact of government, the United States had certain rights in Georgia which have never been relinquished, and never will be; that the South began war by seizing forts, arsenals, mints, custom-houses, &c., &c., long before Mr. Lincoln was installed, and before the South had one jot or tittle of provocation. I myself have seen in Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee and Mississippi, hundreds and thousands of women and children fleeing from your armies and desperadoes, hungry and with bleeding feet. In Memphis, Vicksburg and Mississippi we feed thousands upon thousands of the families of rebel soldiers left on our hands, and whom we could not see starve. Now that war comes home to you, you feel very different—you deprecate its horrors, but did not feel them when you sent car-loads of soldiers and ammunition, and moulded shell and shot to carry war into Kentucky and Tennessee, and desolate the homes of hundreds and thousands of good people, who only asked to live in peace at their old homes, and under the Government of their inheritance. But these comparisons are idle. I want peace, and believe it can only be reached through Union and war, and I will ever conduct war purely with a view to perfect and early success.

But, my dear sirs, when that peace does come, you may call on me for anything.—Then will I share with you the last cracker, and watch with you to shield your homes and families against danger from every quarter. Now, you must go, and take with you the old and feeble; feed and nurse them, and build for them in more quiet places proper habitations to shield them against the weather, until the mad passions of men cool down, and allow the Union and peace once more to settle on your old homes at Atlanta. Yours, in haste,

W. T. SHERMAN, Major General.

GEN. HOWARD'S CONGRATULATORY ORDER TO THE ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

HE'D'T'R'S. DEP. AND ARMY OF THE TENN., }
EAST POINT, GA., Sept. 9, 1864. }

General Field Orders No. 16.—It is with pride, gratification, and a sense of Divine favor, that I congratulate this noble army upon the successful termination of the campaign.

Your officers claim for you a wonderful record—for example, a march of four hundred (400) miles, thirteen (13) distinct engagements, four thousand (4,000) prisoners, and twenty (20) stand of colors captured, and three thousand (3,000) of the enemy's dead buried in your front.

Your movements upon the enemy's flank have been bold and successful: first upon Resaca, second upon Dallas, third upon Keenesaw, fourth upon Nickajack, fifth, via Roswell, upon the Augusta Railroad, sixth upon "Ezra Church," to the South-west of Atlanta, and seventh upon Jonesboro and the Macon Railroad. Atlanta was evacuated while you were fighting at Jonesboro.

The country may never know with what patience, labor, and exposure, you have tugged away at every natural and artificial obstacle that an enterprising and confident enemy could interpose. The terrific battles you have fought may never be realized or credited, still a glad acclaim is already greeting you from the Government and people, in view of the results you have helped to gain, and I believe a sense of the magnitude of the achievements of the last hundred days will not abate, but increase with time and history.

Our rejoicing is tempered, as it always must be, by the soldier's sorrow at the loss of his companions-in-arms. On every hill-side, in every valley thoughout your long and circuitous route, from Dalton to Jonesboro, you have buried them.

Your trusted and beloved commander fell in your midst, his name, the name of McPherson, carries with it a peculiar feeling of sorrow. I trust the impress of his character is upon you all, to incite you to generous actions and noble deeds.

To mourning friends, and to all the disabled in battle, you extend a soldier's sympathy.

My first intimate acquaintance with you dates from the 28th of July. I never beheld fiercer assaults than the enemy then made, and I never saw troops more steady and self-possessed in action than your Divisions which were then engaged.

I have learned that for cheerfulness, obedience, rapidity of movement and confidence in battle, the Army of the Tennessee is not to be surpassed, and it shall be my study that your fair record shall continue, and my purpose to assist you to move steadily forward and plant the old flag in every proud city of the rebellion.

[Signed,] O. O. HOWARD, Maj. Gen.

Official: SAMUEL L. TAGGART, Assistant Adjutant General.

◆

For the Intelligencer.

A Trip to the Third Congressional District—The Popular Feeling.

GENTLEMEN:—A day or two after McClellan's acceptance appeared I started down the river, by boat for Cabell and Randolph counties, on private business solely. Being no politician and seeking no office, my mind was free to observe the popular manifestations, touching the great subject which does or ought to fill the American heart—the preservation of the government. I met with an unusual number and variety of people, of all professions and from various sections of the country; the clergyman, physician and lawyer; the true hearted, earnest and patriotic farmer, the bold sinewey mechanic and laborer, standing proudly erect "in the midst of his toil," the man of science and letters, soldiers of various age, grade and experience—the raw recruit who had just bid adieu to his peaceful home and the objects of his hopes and affections, to enter upon the new and untried scenes of war; beside him stood the veteran who had passed the fearful ordeal—with features disciplined, calm and composed, with dauntless soul within, self poised and independent, schooled and attuned to act and speak through nerves that had ceased to shake, in forms and accents of gentle and tenderest sympathy, or in tones and deeds that rise *above* the wild uproar and din of battle. Wonderous adaptability! I met with participators in nearly every battle since the war began.

Of course the great and final issue now at hand I found uppermost in all minds. Military victories were regarded only as subsidiary. Shall the Baltimore or the Chicago platform with the respective candidates triumph, all seemed to regard as the settler of all things else, past, present and future. If the former should triumph, all was safe; if the latter, all irretrieveably and forever lost—country, honor and liberty's last hope!

Such an awakening of a great people to the true importance of the issue assured me of what is to be the result. The last elaborated and gilded embodiment of treason at Chicago, with "Little Mac" perched thereon, elicited the concentrated scorn and indignation of insulted loyalty everywhere; whose piercing glance, like the lightning's flash, has already penetrated its inmost recesses, and its bolt, like that of the lightning's, is certain to shatter the hideous pile with him that stands thereon, into atoms. I think on my way to Guyandotte I conversed with as many as twenty who said they had been McClellan men until they read the Chicago platform and his acceptance. Upon this they dropped him at once and forever. I met with many that believed he had been in the conspiracy from the beginning—that the rebel junto, at the same time they assigned Lee, Beauregard, Breckinridge and Vallandigham their parts in the great and bloody drama, assigned also to McClellan his. And in view of present developments this is not improbable, for it explains much conduct while in charge of the Potomac Army hitherto inexplicable.

Upon landing at Guyandotte I found a large gathering of people present for the purpose of raising a large and beautiful flag bearing the names of Lincoln and Johnson, upon the very spot where a little more than three years ago a rebel secession flag was raised. It was a thrilling sight, and proof positive that true loyalty, with all its mistakes and short-comings, has made some headway within the last three years. The men of the mountains were there, whose wild and elevated homes had kept them *above* Virginia's modern degeneracy, in the pure air where Washington and the fathers imbibed their inspiration, together with the Eagle they imprinted on the emblem our mountaineers so love and will never forget or forsake, like that imperial bird the crag and fastnesses of the mountains, have during the last three years sheltered them alike from the storm and outlaw—the common enemy of all animated nature.

But there had been spread before them scenes of heart piercing sorrow. In the valleys below lay their little farms, and the homes of their wives and children. They had early given their young and vigorous sons to the army of their country, which had been called to fight on distant fields, leaving all they possessed to the mercy of the guerrilla. They had seen their crops and fences destroyed, their stock driven away, their buildings burned, and wives and remaining children stripped of everything and turned out to perish. The refugee, too, who was there—who had fled with his family and the few effects they could take with them, from independence and plenty, across the Ohio, to find shelter and succor among strangers—leaving all to the devastation of robbers, who had been equipped and set on by the rich F. F. Vs, who still are permitted to enjoy their possessions unmolested. All these sacrifices and privations they had chosen to endure rather than bow to treason and desert the flag of their fathers. Such were the men I met gathered together at Guyandotte to raise the flag for Lincoln and Johnson. Capt. James H. Ferguson, who had been reared among them, but absent for some years, and for two years a Captain under McClellan, has recently returned. He addressed them in a speech of telling effect, admirably fitting the time and occasion, to which they responded as such men always respond.—Capt. F. spoke of the transcendant importance of the Presidential issue—of the two platforms—of his experience in the Army of the Potomac under McClellan—the regard he had entertained for him as a military man, but denounced and abandoned him upon his unconditional surrender to the rebels of the Chicago Convention.

Hon. John M. Phelps, of Mason county, candidate for Congress for the Third district, was also present, and addressed the people in an earnest and patriotic speech, which I have no doubt won him many friends. He is a Western Virginian by birth, was among the first to resist the ordinance of secession, to reorganize the old and erect the new State, has assisted in raising three or four regiments, was for two years a Captain or Chaplain in the gallant Ninth, and has been a member of the Senate and President of that body, in all of which stations he has shown himself to be a consistent, earnest, competent and most devoted Union man.

The Circuit Court, with Judge Samuels on the bench, was in session most of the week. The Judge acquits himself with great credit and gives general satisfaction, displaying on all occasions a knowledge of law, familiarity with the rules of practice, with an accuracy, independence and promptness of decision, far exceeding the expectations of his warmest friends.

My experience up the Kanawha valley was equally gratifying. I found the loyal people everywhere "wide awake." They had already dissected the Chicago platform, and made up their minds as to its candidate. The loyal men, including all the Democrats, regard this Chicago affair as a branch of Jeff Davis' great scheme of treason—nothing else.

There was no Federal Court held at Carleston, though there has been at no time since the war commenced, greater security in that valley. There having been no seasonable notice given many suitors were present with their witnesses and were much disappointed. It was the opinion of many that if the officers of that Court regarded their sessions of so little importance to the community as not to deserve a previous notice of their non-attendance, they had better suspend the Court altogether for the present at least, or vacate their offices.

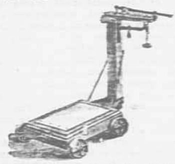
A LOOKER ON.

SAM'L L. OTT. MORGAN L. OTT. WM. H. HALL.

Samuel Ott, Son & Co.,

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANKS



STANDARD SCALES.

ADAPTED TO EVERY BRANCH OF BUSINESS where a correct and durable Scale is required.

Counter Scales of Every Variety

PORTABLE & DORMANT SCALE

FOR STORES

HAY AND CATTLE SCALES

Warehouse & Transportation Scales

Scales for Grain and Flour—Scales for Railroads—Scales for Coal Dealers and Miners—Cotton and Sugar Scales—Farm and Plantation Scales—Post Office Scales—Bankers and Jewellers Beams—Weigh Masters' Beams, &c., &c., &c.

All of which are warranted in every particular.

Call and examine, or send for an illustrated and descriptive circular.

N. B.—These Scales have *all steel bearings*, which purchasers will find upon examination is not the case with other Scales offered for sale in this city, which are represented to be "as good as Fairbanks." A Scale with cast iron bearings cannot be durably accurate.

SAM'L OTT, SON & CO., Agents

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Hardware, Saddlery Hardware, &c

Cor. Market & Monroe sts., opp. McLure House,

mh14 Wheeling, Va.

C. H. BOOTH, J. C. JELLY,
W. G. BATTELLE, JOHN MULRAINE.

BOOTH, BATTELLE & CO.,

[Successors to Conrad Maier,]

DEALERS IN

FAMILY GROCERIES,

BOAT STORES, PRODUCE,

FRESH AND CURED MEATS, LAKE ICE AND CANNED FRUITS, &c., &c.,

Corner of Monroe and Water Streets,

WHEELING, W. VA.

IN connection with the house there is a Wharf Boat, and it is the design of the firm to do a Forwarding and Commission and Storage business, act as Steamboat Agents and furnish all desirable information pertaining thereto. jy13-6m

HAMILTON & CLARK,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

COAL and WOOD

COOKING STOVES

Also, all kinds of

PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

Adapted for either wood or coal.

Hollow-Ware, Plough Points,

Grates, Arches,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

CASTINGS,

Rolling Mill, Flouring Mill,

AND

SAW MILL CASTINGS.

QUINCY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP.

mr18 Wheeling, W. VA

SALT AND FLOUR.

1200 BBLS. O. R. AND PITTSBURG SALT,
600 " Choice Family Flour,
In store and for sale by
ap29 PAXTON, DONLON & OGLEBAY.

FALL

AND

WINTER GOODS.

500 DOZ. CHILD'S WOOL HOSE,
200 " MISSES' " "
300 " LADIES' MERINO "
300 " " WOOL "
200 " " " HOODS,
50 " MENS' " JACKETS,
75 " " " OVERSHIRTS,

UNDER-SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
COMFORTS,
SCARFS,
NUBIAS,
SONTAGS,
JOCKEY CAPS,
BREAKFAST CAPS,
&c., &c., &c.

50 DOZ. CHILD'S WOOL GLOVES & MITTS,
75 " LADIES' " " & GAUNTLETS,
50 " MENS' " " "
25 " " LINED LEATHER GLOVES,
50 " " " " GAUNTLETS,
25 " " " " ½ "
10 " HEAVY BUCK GLOVES,
20 " LINED " GAUNTLETS,
10 " MILITARY BUCK "
50 " GENTS' AND LADIES' KID GLOVES,

WITH

Everything Else Desirable

IN THE

NOTION LINE.

The above Winter Goods having been contracted for, and my notions purchased, during the months of May and June, I will guarantee almost my entire stock at prices based on Gold at 175. And for beautiful colors and styles of Woolen Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods I defy the East and West.

☞ Merchants are requested to look through my store before purchasing, whether they buy or not.

GEO. K. WHEAT,

NOTION JOBBER,

26 Monroe Street,

WHEELING, W. VA.

sep23

RATIONAL MEDICINE.

DR. THOMAS J. KISNER WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Wheeling and vicinity that he has permanently located in this city for the practice of Medicine upon the Rational or Eclectic System. He has been engaged in the practice of his profession for a number of years, and has been eminently successful in the treatment of all varieties of diseases, both acute and chronic. Dr. K., as heretofore, will devote a good share of his time and attention to the treatment of all chronic diseases of both sexes, such as Consumption and all varieties of Lung Diseases, all Diseases of the Throat, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Mercurial and Nervous Diseases, Rheumatism, Scrofula, every variety of Blood and Skin Diseases, Epilepsy, Tumor, Wens, Spinal Affections, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Heart Affections, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, &c. Those peculiar to Females, viz: Inflammatory Diseases of the Uterus, Painful Irregularities, Leucorrhea, Prolapsus Uteri, and all Nervous Diseases to which they are subject. Diseases of Children carefully and rationally treated. Medicines mild reliable and agreeable.

All communications strictly confidential. Night calls cheerfully and promptly answered.

☞ Office and residence one door west of Louis Abling's Hotel, Third street, near Reed & Kraft's Drug Store, Centre Wheeling, W. Va. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

REFERENCES.

Prof. B. F. Payne, Steubenville, Ohio,
Dr. W. D. McGregor, " "
Dr. G. Arnold, Cambridge, Ohio.
Prof. C. H. Cleaveland, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Dr. C. A. Melchimer, Van Wert, "
jel7-lyd&w

A CARD.

DR. R. H. LEE—PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHER—thankful for past favors would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he is still doing business at his old stand, Main street, near the Suspension Bridge, where he will be happy to attend to any business in his line that may be entrusted to his care. Night calls promptly attended to. Dr. Lee is a graduate of the Eclectic Medical Institute of Cincinnati, and has been variously engaged in the practice of his profession for the last fourteen years. Dr. Lee is now prepared with all the necessary apparatus for the Medical application of Electricity in the treatment of Chronic diseases, to which he would invite the special attention of the afflicted. So perfect is the "Healing Art" of the present day (as practiced by Eclectics) that few need despair of receiving permanent benefit if they cannot be perfectly cured. Special attention given to diseases of women and children. All communications strictly confidential. Our practice is safe, certain and prompt, leaving no mercurial taint in the system, but cleansing renovating and strengthening the general system, acting in unison with Nature's unerring laws.

WHEELING, WEST VA., Dec. 4th, 1863.

To all whom it may concern: We, the undersigned members of the West Virginia Legislature, take pleasure in saying that we have known Dr. Richard H. Lee many years previous to the breaking out of the Rebellion, as a successful and energetic practitioner of Medicine (of the Eclectic School) both in Kanawha county Va., and Gallia county, Ohio.

G. SLACK, Senator 7th Dist.
W. S DUNBAR, M. H. D.
JOHN M. PHELPHS, Pres. Senate.

☞ Office one door south of Kramer's Hotel, Main street.

Ladies wishing to consult the Dr. (if they prefer can call at room No. 89, Grant House, and Mrs Lee will take pleasure in accompanying them to the office. Can be found at the Grant House at night. aug23-d&w

BALL BUTTONS

IN WHITE, BLACK, GOLD, SILVER, IVORY Glass and India Rubber, ladies Paper Cuffs, Steel Belt Clasps, Silk Belting, Household Ruffling, Mourning Handkerchiefs, Viola Crape Collars, Emb. Collars and Waists, Edging, Silk Belts, Silk Emb. Braid, Pearl Buttons, Fancy Linnen Collars and Cuffs, Velvet Ribbon, Linen Bobbin, assorted colors of Yarn, Silk Buttons, Nursery Cloth, Corset fronts, Clark's Spool Cotton, ladies Neck Ties, Gents do, Gents Linen and Paper Collars.

D. NICOLL & BRO,
sep23 129 Main street.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

One Copy per Year..................$2 00
" " Six Months.................. 1 00

☞ INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE. ☜

The Weekly Intelligencer

Will contain thirty-two columns, mostly filled with choice and carefully prepared reading matter—embracing all subjects—thus making the largest, best and cheapest Newspaper in this section of country

---

WEST VIRGINIA

Business College,

AT WHEELING.

CONDUCTED BY

I. L. HITCHCOCK,

AT NO. 128½ MAIN STREET,
(Hornbrook's Building.)

☞ Open for Students day and evening.

THE purpose of this institution is to instruct young men (and women too) in the principles which govern the correct transaction of pecuniary business, and in Accountantship and its concomitants.

BOOK-KEEPING,

stripped of its absurd verbiage and ancient prolixity and intricacy, and adapted to the modern mode of doing business, especially in the United States is the leading subject of attention. Its LAWS, which are as exact, unerring and free from exception as those of nature and comprised in very few words, are first made familiar to the student, who who is then conducted through a course of practical Book-keeping, in numerous sets of books in great variety of forms, till he thus acquires a mastery of the art which enables him to apply it with facility to any kind of business.

A WRITING SCHOOL

is open day and evening, attended by both ladies and gentlemen, where, without entering for the full course, a good hand-writing can be obtained in a few weeks.

ARITHMETIC,

and its application to all manner of

COUNTING-HOUSE CALCULATIONS,

receive the attention their primary importance demands. The student will be made acquainted with several modes of calculation not found in books, tending greatly to the abbreviation of his work.

There is open to the student also a course of

BUSINESS SCIENCE

comprising Political Economy, Commercial Law and usages, Finance, Banking and Currency; also maxim of eminent Business Men in regard to the bes methods of conducting business successfully an avoiding failure.

Instructions in the above subjects are interspersed with maxims and inculcations tending to the formation of high character as men and citizens.

The course of instruction is intended to be as comprehensive and thorough as that of any of the Commercial Colleges, while the expense to the student is much less.

I. L. H. begs leave to refer those to whom he is unknown to the officers of the banks in Wheeling and Bridgeport, and especially to his students.

TERMS, &c.

For the full course above indicated, including the requisite blank books for Book-keeping, the charge is $40, payable on entering. The time usually required for the course is from two to three months; but the student is not limited in time—he may remain as long, and return as often, as he pleases.

jan7

Commissioner's Sale.

OF THE PROPERTY NOW KNOWN AS THE "Kramer House," on the east side of Main street, and the lots on Market street in the rear thereof, on SATURDAY, the 8th of October, 1864, at the front door of the Court House for Ohio county.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court for Ohio county, in a certain cause therein depending, wherein Francis D. Chapline is complainant, and the devisees heirs at law and executor of Moses W. Chapline, deceased; and Mary P. Lynch, are defendants, I shall sell, as special commissioner, at the front door of the Court House for Ohio county, on SATURDAY, the 8th of October, 1864, (commencing said sale at 10 o'clock A. M.,) to the highest and best bidder, at public auction, the following real estate, in the said decree particularly mentioned and described, situated in the city of Wheeling, that is to say, two-thirds of the lot numbered thirty-nine,—39—fronting forty four—44—feet on the east side of Main street, and extending back of even width eastwardly from said street, one hundred and thirty-two—132—feet, being the property known as the "Kramer House;" also lot numbered one hundred and nineteen,—119—fronting on said Market street sixty-six—66—feet, and running back of even width sixty-seven—67—feet. The said part of lot numbered one hundred and nineteen—119—will be sold in three separate parcels of twenty-two—22—feet front each.

TERMS OF SALE.—The one-fifth—1-5—part of the purchase money in cash, and the remaining four-fifth parts in four equal instalments, payable in six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months, with interest from the day of sale, the purchaser to give bond for the deferred instalments; the commissioner to retain the title until the purchase money shall have been fully paid.

JAMES S. WHEAT,
sep8td Special Commissioner.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY OF WHEELING.

BY virtue of a deed of trust executed by Robert Dronsfield and Catherine his wife to Alfred Caldwell as trustee, dated the 22d day of August, 1859, and recorded in the office of the Recorder for Ohio county, in deed book forty-four (44), folio two hundred and twenty three (223), and by virtue of an order of the Circuit Court for said county made on the 10th day of May, 1864, and entered in order book number 6, page 184, by which the undersigned was appointed trustee in the place of the said Alfred Caldwell, I will, on THURSDAY, the first day of September, 1864, at the front door of the Court House in said county, at 10 o'clock A. M., offer for sale the following described real estate, situate in that part of the city of Wheeling commonly called North Wheeling, viz: Lot number sixty-four—64—in square number nine—9—; also all that parcel of ground situate in the northern part of the city of Wheeling and lying north of and adjoining a lot owned and occupied by the said Dronsfield, and fronting on the west side of Main street one hundred and fifteen—115—feet, more or less, and running back to the Ohio river, and being the same which was conveyed to said Dronsfield by W. S. Wickham, commissioner, on the 10th of September, 1855, and recorded in the office of the recorder for Ohio county in book forty—40—folio 528.

The above described property will be sold separately or together to suit purchasers.

Terms of Sale—Cash.

jy25-ts N. RICHARDSON, Trustee.

☞ The above sale is postponed till SATURDAY, September 10, at 2 o'clock P. M. sep2

☞ The sale of the above property has been postponed till TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th. sep12

A Desirable Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale an excellent Stock Farm, in Ralls county, Missouri, containing 640 acres—100 under cultivation—on which there is a small frame house. The land is within one mile of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, two from Monroe Station and sixteen from Hannibal. A never failing stream of water runs through it. The land is high and rolling and the country healthy. It adjoins the lands of Wm. Booker, formerly of St. Clairsville, Ohio.

Persons desiring any information respecting the above land are referred to Amos Osborne, grocer, Bridgeport, Ohio.

If not sold at private sale before the 1st day of October it will then be offered at public sale in Hannibal, Missouri.

I have also 125 acres Lead Land, in Washington county, Mo., some 18 miles from Potosi.

aug27-1m* JOHN JONES.

Valuable Property for Rent.

TO LET ON GROUND RENT, for a term of years, about one hundred and fifty feet of the property fronting on Main street, and running back about one hundred and thirty-two feet, and known as the Zane Homestead property, immediately north of and adjoining the Hornbrook buildings. This property will be rented in suitable building lots, and embraces some of the best unimproved property in the city.

F. R. ARMSTRONG,
je8-tf Trustee of Emily A. Zane.

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN RITCHIETOWN.

LOT NUMBER 18, in square number 6, in Ritchietown, on which is located a two story brick and a frame house—lately owned and occupied by Daniel Snyder—will be sold at private sale. For description, &c., apply to Wm. Stamm, Ritchietown. For terms apply at the Law Office of Caldwell & Boyd, No. 72 Main street.

If not sold at private sale before the 5th day of October next, it will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Court House, at 10 o'clock, on that day.

sep5-td BOYD & CO.

Selling off to Quit the Business.

THE subscribers, having made arrangements to commence business in Chicago, at or about the first of January next, desire to sell off, at greatly reduced prices to dealers, and for CASH only, their entire stock of Family Groceries, Foreign Produce, Tobacco and Segars.

All those having claims against us will present them for an early adjustment, and all those owing to us will please come forward and settle. No goods will be sold after the first day of September to any person whatsoever, except for cash or its equivalent.

G. W. RESSEING & CO.,
aug29 1m 56 & 58 Market St., Wheeling, W. Va.

FALL STYLE SILK HATS—Just received at
aug22 HARPER & BRO'S.