

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

The New Jersey Legislature adjourned without day.

ITALIANS held a mass-meeting in Cooper Union, New York City, to protest against the lynching in New Orleans.

THE Keystone National Bank of Philadelphia, Penn., closes doors by order of the Comptroller of the Treasury. The bank has a capital of \$500,000.

REV. FREDERICK UPHAM, an elderly Methodist clergyman in America, died at his home in Fairhaven, Mass., on October 4, 1898.

FOUR THOUSAND people in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City were down with the grippe.

LAWRENCE J. BERRY, the well-known actor, died at Windsor Hotel, New York City, from an attack of the grip.

MRS. CAROL CHRISTIANSON, of New York City, is hopelessly insane by the death of her son by carbolic acid.

HENRY HILL, a blind man, forty-nine years old, killed himself by hanging himself to a wire in the line of a hayfork in the street.

AN EXPLOSION of an oil still, owned by the Tidewater company, caused a dangerous fire at Bay Ridge, N. Y., and John Hayes and Michael Brennan, were both killed.

DR. C. EPSON, of the Board of Health, says that "the grippe" is at present epidemic in New York City.

FRANK W. WRIGHT, great damage in Maine, was done by the great mortality for the grippe.

THE NATIONAL BANK of New York City has passed into the hands of National Bank of New York through reorganization.

HUGH C. MERRILL, the son of a wealthy man, admitted setting fire to a tenement-house in Brooklyn.

SCHALL & DONNER, bankers of York, Pa., have assigned. It is a complete failure.

EX-GOVERNOR LUCIUS ROBINSON died at Elmira, N. Y., of pneumonia.

THE Maine Legislature has adopted the Australian ballot law.

MICHAEL and Edward Burns, two men employed in the quarries at Hopewell, N. J., were struck by a train at Trenton and instantly killed.

JOSEPH FERRELL, a wealthy Detroit (Mich.) millionaire, was injured by a forged note and \$15,000 was lost by his captors for his release.

THREE children of Daniel Doan, living near Springville, Iowa, died under the ministrations of two female "Christian Science healers," who were forced to flee.

TRAIN No. 1, passenger, southbound, on the New York, Westchester and Putnam tracks at Louisville, Ky. The train was going at a swift rate, and for fifty feet it plowed the ground. The engineer, George Burgess, was instantly killed, and Fireman Erkens was fatally injured.

THE Milwaukee (Wis.) Bridge and Iron Works made an assignment. The liabilities of the company are reported at \$300,000.

DR. DAVID S. JORDAN, President of Indiana University, has accepted the presidency of Leland Stanford, Jr., University, of California.

WILLIAM W. MOORE, a wealthy farmer and stock raiser, near New Vienna, Ohio, was shot and instantly killed by his son Oscar.

A NEW soap manufacturing company, with a capital of \$1,000,000, has been organized in Houston, Texas. It proposes to establish plants in Houston, New Orleans and other Southern cities in the Cotton Belt.

S. M. GARRETT, an attorney of Kansas City, Kan., was found in his office a few days ago a raving maniac. He was very poor. He had no money to buy food, and was too proud to beg. Hunger drove him mad.

MISSOURI has received her share of the Direct Tax.

ANDERSON, GREEN & Co., dealers in wholesale dry goods, notions, etc., Nashville, Tenn., have failed; liabilities about \$175,000.

MORE than half the business property of Russellville, the county seat of Franklin County, Ala., was burned. The total loss is estimated at \$50,000.

Washington.

The question of excluding German products in retaliation for the prohibition of American hog products by Germany was considered by President Harrison and the Cabinet.

ELABORATE arrangements have been made to celebrate the beginning of the second century of the American patent system at Washington on April 8, 9 and 10. All of the railroads leading into the national capital have reduced their rates and a great crowd is expected. President Harrison will open the celebration.

New mortar carriages have been adopted by the Army Ordnance Bureau, an English design having been found most desirable.

In an official report to the Navy Department on the condition of the United States ship Galena and the Government tug Nina, which were ordered to inspect the signal stations at several points in the Mississippi Valley and the extreme West.

EX-SENATOR BLAIR, of New Hampshire, has accepted the Chinese mission and has arranged to sail from San Francisco for the "Victoria" on the 1st of May. He has already received his instructions from the Secretary of State.

In the Criminal Court Charles F. Kincaid pleaded "not guilty" to the indictment for the murder of ex-Congressman Taubert, and the jury was ordered to proceed with the trial.

The President appointed Ivory G. Kimball, of the District of Columbia, to be United States Judge of the Police Court of the District of Columbia.

The answer of Governor Nichols, of Louisiana, to Secretary Blaine's telegram of March 15 in reference to the New Orleans affair has been received by the Secretary.

The Seventh and Eighth (colored) National Guards of the District of Columbia National Guard have been consolidated into one battalion, and will be known hereafter as the First Separate Battalion. The Seventh and Eighth Battalions were the ones which General Ordway proposed to disband, owing to the lack of sufficient appropriations by Congress for their maintenance.

Foreign.

THE HOUSES of a number of Boulaziers were raided by the Paris police, who seized many revolutionary documents and made some arrests.

PRINCE NAPOLION was buried at Turin, Italy, by his will designating Prince Louis, his second son, as head of the house of Bona parte.

OFFICIAL advices from Chili say that the insurgents now occupy only Talca, Iquique and Pisagua, and that the remainder of the country is quiet. These advices also state that the Government is concentrating its troops on the borders of the northern province of Trapanca.

The forty-first and famous boat race on the Thames, England, between the "Britannia" and the "Galleon" was a quarter of a length. Time, twenty-two minutes.

As Wesley Warner and his two daughters, aged twelve and nineteen, were driving into London, Canada, a train derailed into their carriage. The vehicle was smashed to atoms. Warner and his two daughters were mangled almost beyond recognition.

THE Swedish ship Senator Weber, Captain Winck, from Cardiff, sank off the English coast. The chief officer and five seamen were rescued. The captain and fourteen of the crew were drowned.

THERE has been severe fighting near Valparaiso, Chili, recently, and 200 of the insurgents were taken prisoners, tied together and shot with cannon and musketry by the Government troops.

TIMOTHY D. HEALY, the Home Rule agitator, was assaulted in Cork, Ireland, by friends of Parnell, his eye-glasses were smashed, and he may lose his sight.

The farmers of Ontario, Canada, are forming a union similar to that of the Farmers' Alliance of the United States.

The first fight has taken place between the Vancouverian and the English on the frontier of British Guiana.

The Governor of a province of Madagascar, who massacred 278 persons, has been executed for the crime.

The Italian Government meditates taking steps to check emigration to America.

A CASK of brandy exploded in a store at Zulin, in Posen, Germany, killing two persons and setting fire to the building, which, with the adjoining one, also a store, was burned.

BEAUTIFYING THE HOME.

Practical Suggestions and Notes From "The Upholsterer."

Our windows are undergoing a complete metamorphosis. Twenty years ago everything was white window shades; then we had a period of dark shades, deep greens, and what folks termed refined colors—brabs and browns.

For five years past the fashion has been a sort of "no-as-you-like" fashion, with a tendency, perhaps, among the better classes, towards coral and natural holiday tints. Now, however, for the first time, we are getting into fine designs in window shades, and the newest things from abroad are in brocade styles and damask figures.

Some of the patterns are in pin cords and stripes with buds and flowers interspersed.

Then, again, we have lace in combination with the window shades. In some cases the lace is arranged as a cross-stripe and permits one to have a peep-hole in the shade when drawn down. We



A SCREEN-CABINET WINDOW SHADE.

have seen these window shades usually hollands, with a central section cut out in the form of a sphere or diamond, and a bit of Irish-point lace inserted. Sometimes stripes of lace and holland shade cloth alternate, although the most approved use of the combination is the application of the lace entirely at the bottom of the shade.

Suburban cottages will have their little Queen Anne windows draped up this summer with nothing more chic or dainty than the curious petite figured muslin curtains, pure white, with touches here and there of quaint color. For some time muslin curtains, emerald green with a tannin cord, have been very popular, but we have not had them in these little printed color designs, the effect of which is enhanced by the addition of a small cotton ball fringe, the balls showing at intervals the color of the design.

The Upholsterer says that a large number of his patients are suffering from the grip, and the indications are that the disease is increasing. Dr. Anthony Ruppener is a sufferer from the malady, but his condition is not so serious as it was reported. He says that the grip had invaded the ranks of the police, 176 of whom were enrolled on the sick list.

A prominent physician places the aggregate number of victims of the grip in New York City at not less than two thousand. He alone has nearly forty patients down with the disease, including two entire families. Four deaths from unmistakable grip were reported at the Bureau of Vital Statistics, while the increased number of pulmonary fatalities is undoubtedly attributed to grip and its complications.

There is hardly a department in the city that is not seriously crippled by reason of the disease, and notably in the case of banking institutions and large stores where the employees are exposed to atmospheric changes without proper precautions against them.

In Pittsburgh, Pa., dispatch, physicians and hospitals are busy as they never have before. It is because of the prevalence of the grip. There were over 700 deaths in Pittsburgh and Allegheny during the month. Thirty-eight deaths were reported at the local Health Department during a recent twenty-four hours. The grip, influenza, pneumonia and typhoid fever are the chief causes. In the two cities there were fifty-one funerals last Sunday. There were twenty-seven burials in the two places, and in some instances covered wagons were used, because no hearses could be secured. There are about 215 carriages in the two cities available for funeral purposes. These were all in use, and more than 100 more were called for. It is estimated that more than 1000 people are suffering with the grip in Pennsylvania towns along the Fort Wayne road. At Bellevue and West Bellevue 300 cases of the grip were reported at a very serious nature. At Emsworth and Haysville there are 100 cases. There are also many cases in Sewickley, and it is estimated that fully 500 people are confined to their homes. At Lehigh, Quaker Valley and Clinton nearly every person seems to be affected.

In Chicago the grip epidemic is unabated, and the mortality continues appalling. Up to midnight, says a recent dispatch, the death rate among its employes was about five per 1000, which is unprecedented in the history of Chicago. Nearly all died from climatic complaints. Drug stores have been compelled to increase the force of clerks and undertakers are crowded with work and many funerals are taking place as early as 7 A. M. and as late as twilight. The hospitals of the Alexian Brothers, the German Brothers, the Augustana Hospital, the Quaker Valley Hospital and the Presbyterian Hospital, which usually take only accidents or paid patients, have opened their doors to the victims of the grip and are crowded to their capacity. At the German Hospital were taken down, and seventy-two nurses of the Illinois Training School for Nurses, who have been ministering to the sick, have succumbed. At the Women's and Children's Hospital, out of a staff of forty physicians, nurses and attendants, all but five are unfit for duty.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington. For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became General Johnson of the six full Generals of the Confederacy. He was born at Cherry Grove, Va., in 1807, and was graduated from West Point in 1829, in the same class with General Robert E. Lee.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President of a railroad company in Arkansas, of an express company in Virginia, and an insurance agent in Georgia. He was elected to Congress from the Richmond district in 1856, and served public life as Commissioner of Railroads, which office he held under President Cleveland's Administration. He had lived in Washington City since he lost his office.

General Johnson was a tall, slender, stammering man, of not more than medium height, and with a kindly, pleasant face.

Robinson Crusoe's (Alexander Selkirk) old home, the Island of San Juan Fernandez, is at present inhabited by Baron von Rodth, the gallant Austrian officer who, at the battle of Sadova in 1866, was all but shot to pieces. So far as is known he and a few companions are the only civilized companions on the island.

GENERAL JOE. E. JOHNSTON.

He Succumbs to Heart Affection, Aggravated by a Cold.

General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock on a recent night at his residence on Connecticut avenue, Washington.

For three weeks he had been ill from an affection of the lungs which had been traced to a cold he contracted in the West.

It was aggravated by a cold he caught soon after General Sherman's funeral in New York. His physician has been trying to keep him on his feet for some days, but his advanced age has been a hindrance, and there was little hope for his recovery from the beginning of his illness.

General Johnson, after the war, became successively President