Electric Wires.

me writer very aptly likens the nerves to electric wires, and the general working of their system to that of electric cars. A man who "slips his trolley" like Mr. Jeremiah Ency, 1812 W. Lombard St., Baltimore, Md., will need something better than even a galwanic battery to set him all right. Mr. Ency found that something in the following way: "I suffered," he says, "a long time with neuralgia in the head. I gave St. Jacobs Oil a fair trial and am entirely cured." In this way the great remedy acts as a motorman to restore broken wires, and sets the system to perfect action.

Feathers as an article of dress were firsta worn only by men in the hemlets.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Ridney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The world in 1830 had 210 miles of railroad the mileage in 1888 was 354,310.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO,

LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. ORENEY makes cath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLIARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

SWORN to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,

Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure istaken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo. O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Jane and its several combinations is the feminine of John.

There are over ten million ruptured people in this country alone! To those of our readers thus unfortunately afflicted we call attention to the advertisement of G. V. House Mfg. Co., it Broadway, New York. This old reliable firm make a very comfortable truss which can be worn night and day with ease, and is warranted to retain the rupture under all circumstance. Send for a cataloxue or go to see them. Disorder.

That is the state of your stomach. You know ft, you feel it, you show it. The remedy you need is Ripanz Tabules. Safe, Sure and Effec-tive.

DON'T Wheeze and cough when Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar will cure. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complex-ion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., 12. There found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lorz, 1805 Scott Street, Covington, Ky., October 1, 1894.



Mr. James B. Sumerville. HOOD'S BUILT ME UP

I did not do any work for a year. Sarsaparilla put me on my feet again e me strength to work. Nervous pros-

ood's Sarsa-

Hood's Sarsaparilla. I believe this medicine saved my life." J. B. Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner

W.L. Douglas 4.º350 FINE CALF& KANGAROO \$3.50 POLICE.3 SOLES. \$250 \$2. WORKINGMENS \$2.\$1.75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES LADIES\*

SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes All our shoes are equally satisfactory They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,—stamped on sale
From \$1 to \$3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can.



POSITIVELY
HOLDS RUPTURE
Wornnight and day. Has
an Adjustable Pad which
can be made larger or
smaller to suit changing
condition of RUPTURE.
Illus. Cat. sent securely

THE PALACE HOTEL OF THE SOUTH.

Every modern improvement known to science. Per feet enisine and service. Most uniform climate in UNITED STATES, SEND FOR BOOK and RATES

\* WORLD'S-FAIR \* HIGHEST AWARD!



THE GREAT

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Salvator for

INVALIDS The-Aged.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and

CHILDREN

A superior nutritive in continued Fevers, And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases often in instances of consultation over patients whose digestive organs were re-duced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourlshment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention ;-

And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable. Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot, JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

# AN APPALLING EXPLOSION

GIANT POWDER MOWS DOWN PEOPLE BY THE SCORE.

A Frightful Catastrophe During a Fire in the Railroad Yards at Butte, Montana-The Scene After the Accident Looked Like a Battlefield-Firemen Decimated.

During a fire in the Montana Central Railway yards at Butte, Montana, several cars of powder caught fire and exploded with trenendous force, killing a number of firemen and spectators and maining many others. There were three separate explosions, the

first two breaking nearly every window within a radius of two miles. The fire at-tracted a large crowd, and hundreds were standing near when the first explosion oc-

Men and women were mowed down like grass before a sickle, but many were stunned by the force of the terrific explosion. Debris from cars and adjoining buildings was scattered high in the air for half a mile away, many of the flying articles striking people in

On the day after the tragedy it was cer-tain that no less than sixty, and perhaps as many as 100, were killed. At least fifty were

injured.
About fifty bodies were recovered. Fifty more were then missing. Many were so mangled as to baffle identification.
The dead, so far as identified, are: J. B. Miller, attorney. Salmon City, Idaho; J. D. Cameron, Fire Maishal; George Fifer, fireman; Jack Sloan, fireman; William McGee, fireman; C. E. Tracey. Fred Kremback, J. J. Enright, J. J. McHale, — Robins, — Cousaque, Mike Mead, Will Smith, George Walton, Jack Charles, Charles Guttenburg, an employe of the Butte Hardware Company; George G. Galbraith, Edward Sloan, fireman: Dave Moss, fireman; John Fudge, volunteer fireman; Alexander W. Milan, volunteer fireman; Charles Bowman, volunteer fireman; Samuel Ash. Peter Norling, James O'Leary. Miles McDonald, William Pierce, Albert Goddard, George Halloway, Dan Hickey, C. W. English, Charles Ashton, W. H. Nolan, Paul Hanson, Elmer Green, George Wilson, Steve de Lougherey.

It was 9.55 p. m. when the Fire Department was called out to fight a fire in the Butte Hardware Company's warehouse. There was a rumor that there was powder in the Sunday present reselved the streep. About fifty bodies were recovered. Fifty

in the buildings, but this was denied when the firemen reached the scene.

in the buildings, but this was denied when the firemen reached the scene.

At 10.05, when the firemen had barely started to work, there was a terrific explosion. The powder in the warehouse had blown up. Among the killed by the explosion were three of the firemen. After the first shock their comrades bravely returned to the work, while the few spectators, who had not become panic-stricken and run away, assisted in temoving the bodies of the killed and injured from the proximity of the fiames.

Ten minutes later came a second explosion, almost equal in volume to the first, spreading death among scores of citizens. Parts of bodies were hurled hundreds or feet away. A man near the Northern Pacific water tank narrowly escaped being struck by the leg and thigh of a human being.

being.

Five minutes later there was a third explosion, but it was a mild one, and it is believed that very few, if any, were injured by

iteved that very few, if any, were injured by it.

The scene after the explosions resembled a battlefield. The dead were strewn everywhere, and the cries and groans of the injured and dying were pitiul to hear. Mutilated bodies and limbs almost literally covered the space between the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern depots, a space of 800 feet. Houses in the vicinity were wrecked as if by a cyclone.

One man of the rescuing corps gathered twenty-seven dead bodies to one place. Eight were in another. Two and three were in groups here and there.

Every vehicle in the city was brought into assive to carry away the scores of dead and the hundreds of injured. The hospitals were filled. The spare rooms in the hotels were taken, and private houses were thrown open where it was necessary.

After the first explosion many of the wounded were compelled by their helplessness to lie near the scene, and the heat greatly intensified their sufferings. They begged to be taken away, but there was no means of conveying them from the scene at that time. A hackman drove and attempted to assist in the removal, but while in the act the second explosion took place and killed him and his horses and many of the wounded.

The sights in the undertaking establish-

The sights in the undertaking establishments when morning dawned were heart-rending. Here was half of a head with a mutilated trunk below it; in another place mutilated trunk below it; in another place an armiess and legiess trunk, with the face disfigured beyond all possibility or recognition. Scarcely any of the bodies were recognisable, and the complete roll of dead will probably never be known. There are twelve dead at the Butter undertaking rooms, ten at the Montana and nineteen at the Sherman. Forty-three wounded are in the hospitals and twenty-eight of them are in a critical condition.

Professor Bobins, or Robinson, who is also known as "Two Bear," was a famous hunter and friend of Theodore Boosevelt, of New York. He had spent all his life in the mountains, and was making preparations to guide a party through a practically unknown portion of the Yellowstone Park.

All flags in the city were placed at half mast. A relief meeting called by the Mayor was largely attended and complificate were

was largely attended, and committees were appointed for the collection of money for the relief of the afficient the relief of the afflicted families. The people are responding liberally, and a sufficient amount to relieve discress

is already guaranteed.

In addition to the loss of life, the destruction of property is great. The buildings burned include the warshouse of the Butte burned include the warshouse of the Butte Hardware Company, Parchen-Dachuel Drug Company and the Kenyon-Connell Mercantile Company, the electric light works, old Schlitz brewing building, and a flour and feed warshouse. The contents were entirely destroyed. The Northern Pacific freight depot

was wrecked and six cars were burned.
The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin, as there was no fire, so far as known, about the place.

M'MILLAN RE-ELECTED. He Succeeds Himself as Senator From

Michigan. United States Senator McMillan was reelected by the Michigan Legislature in joint session at Lansing, receiving a unanimous



JAMES M'MILLAN.

votes for short term Senator except that of Donovan, of Bay.

James McMillan was born in Hamilton,

Canada, May 12, 1838, and removed to De-roit in 1855 and went into trade. In 1863 he began manufacturing railroad cars and now has one of the largest works in Detroit. In 1876 he was a member of the Republican State Central Committee and on the death of Zachariah Chandler was made Chairman He was re-elected in 1886, 1890 and 1892 and still holds the position. He was a Republican Presidential elector in 1894 and was elected to the United States Senate to suc-ceed Thomas Wetherell Palmer, taking his

seat March 4 1889

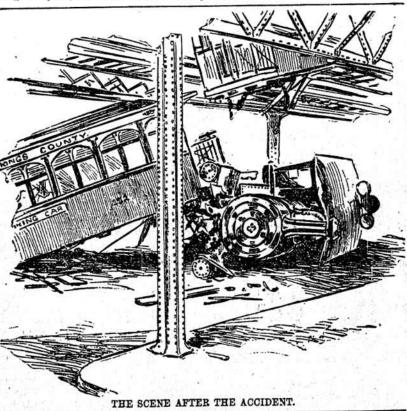
### EXTRAORDINARY ACCIDENT.

An Elevated Railroad Engine and Car Fall to the Street.

The most serious accident in the history of the elevated railroad system of Brooklyn occurred when Engine No. 53, of the Kings County Elevated, drawing a train of tour cars, crashed into a bumper at the end of a "pocket" switch at Snediker and Liberty avenues. One life was lost and another endangered by very serious injuries. An en-

when it went down with a crash that smashed the granite pavement and made a noise that could be heard blocks away. While the engine was shooting down to While the engine was shooting down to the street Engineer Fish jumped or was dropped from it and he fell beneath the smoker. Baumann, less fortunate, was pinned beneath the engine. For twenty minutes he was kept there, suffering indescribable agony, bruised, battered and scalded by steam.

The Police and Fire Department were summoned, and hoisfing jacks were procured from the railroad yard. It took twenty



and went crashing down to the street.

Fireman Frank Baumann, aged twentytwo, of 99 Liberty avenue, died at the hospital. Engineer Charles Fish, aged thirtythree, of 23 Russell place, had his left leg
broken, his head injured and received other injures. Fortunately no passengers were on

he car at the time. The train was running fairly on the middle The train was running fairly on the initiale track, and Engineer Fish put on the brakes, but they did not check the train on account of the slippery condition of the tracks. On went the engine. It struck the bumper, knocking it out of position and opening a chasm through the fronwork twenty-one test deep. feet deep. Down plunged the engine, with the smoking car after and on top of it. Fish and Fireman Baumann were ir. the engine

gine and a smoking car jumped the track unfortunate fireman, who was conscious and went crashing down to the street. most of the time.

The engine was wrecked and the wheels were wrenched off the tracks of the smoker. The root and right side of the car were badly

damaged. The only other persons on the train at the the only other persons on the train at the time of the accident were John McDonald and Conductor Frank W. Toole. McDonald was on the platform of the car, just behind the smoker, but, like a wise young man, he jumped off his car and escaped injury. Toole was on the last car and in no immediate dense.

te danger.
There is no mystery as to the cause of the accident; the tracks were slipper; and the train could not be stopped; it crashed into the bumper and immediately toppled to the

## FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

20TH DAY.—Practically the whole session was occupied in the discussion of Mr. Hill's amendment to the Urgent Deficiency bill, designed to afford an opportunity to test the constitutionality of the Indome Tax law.

21st DAY.—The Fortifications bill was reported with a net increase in appropriations of \$56,500.—The Urgent Deficiency bill was really taken up the guestion being on Mr.

of \$55,500.—The Urgent Deficiency bill was again taken up, the question being on Mr. Morgan's motion to lay on the tably Mr. Hill's appeal from the decision of the Chair, declaring out of order his amendment to give the United States courts jurisdiction to decide the question of the constitutionality and validity of the income tax. Mr. Morgan withdrew his motion.—Mr. Teller delivered a lengthy speech on the Currency bill. He was followed by Mr. Stewart, who, without finishing his speech, yielded for a motion to adjourn.

220 Day.—The Urgent Deficiency bill was further discussed, the features of the debate being speeches by Messrs. Gorman and Hill.

230 Day.—Messrs. Call and Allen spoke on the income tax feature of the Urgent Deficiency bill.—The President sent to the Senate the correspondence in the case of the Japanese students surrendered to China and

Japanese students surrendered to China and peheaded as spies.

24TH DAY.—Mr. Aldrich secured the pas-

sage of a resolution calling on the President for information as to the negotiations with Germany relative to the tariff and retall tion.—After a debate covering a week the Senate voted down Mr. Hill's proposition to refer the legality of the income tax to the courts, five Senators joining with Mr. Hill in supporting the proposition. The Deficiency bill was then passed.

In the House-

25TH DAY.—Under the rules if was private bill day, and under unanimous consent a number of important bills was passed. The night session was devoted to the consideration of private pension bills, a number of

hich passed.

26TH Day.—Mr. Hatch, in accordance with the request of the National Dairy Union, at-tempted to secure the passage of Mr. Grout's bill to make eleomargarine, butterine and other imitations of dairy products subject to the laws of any State into which it may be transported. The bill was advo-cated by Mr. Forman, and Mr. Grout, its author, and then Mr. Hatch endeavored to reach a vote by demanding the previous question. The bill went over without action.—Mr. Holman reported the Indian Appropriation bill.—The bill codifying the pension laws was passed.—Four private pension bills were passed on motion of Mr. Martin.—The rest of the day was spent in the delivery of eulogies upon the life and services of the late Representative George B.

Shaw, of Wisconsin. 27TH DAY.-Filibustering tactics again defeated the Grout eleomargarine bill, which was under consideration during the morning was under consideration during the morning hour,—By special order from the Rules Committee the remainder of the day was consumed with business reported from the Judiciary Committee.

28TH DAY.—The Indian Appropriation bill was discussed and a number of minor bills research.

passed.

29TH DAY.—Major T. O. Fowles, Chief Clerk, called the House to order and read a communication from Senator Crisp, who is somewhat indisposed, appointing Representative A. M. Dockery, of Missouri, to conduct the duties of the chair.—In Committee of the Whole there was a lively discussion of the Currency bill. Mr. Bland and Mr. McRae made brief statements of their positions.—Mr. Cockrell then claimed the positions.—Mr. Cockrell then claimed the floor and proceeded to discuss the Indian bill. At the conclusion of Mr. Cockrell's remarks the committee arose and the House adjourned.

COTTON MILLS MOVE SOUTH. T. Jefferson Coolidge Says That the

Movement is Natural. Regarding the removal of cotton mills to the South, T. Jefferson Coolidge, of Boston, Mass., Secretary of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, says:

"This Southern movement is perfectly natural. Labor at the South is a great deal iower than in the North, the mills are near the cotton fields and there is a great saving in freight rates. Again, Southern roads take cotton as fifth class, while Northern roads take it as second and third class, making a big difference; then there is a great difference in fuel. Labor is the great sav-ing of all, and it is claimed a saving of two cents per pound can be made. The product of the Southern mills is sent mostly to Chi-

cago and St. Louis.
"I think that Southern mills will increase. We are hampered here by trade unions, strikes and legislation, making it more difficult for us to manufacture at a profit, and unless the Legislature of this State, instead of doing all it can to injure manufacturers. turns around and assists them, there will be a further loss of business. Fine goods can be made cheaper in the South as well as coarse goods. It is claimed that Southern operatives are not as skilled as Northern operatives, and that it takes too long to educate them, but this is false. Southern operatives, and the state of the eratives are just as good in every respect, and it is only a question of time when fine goods will be made in the South." The New England mills that now antici-

pate building in the South are the Massachusetts, Bott, Dwight, Merrimac and Whittier mills,

F. L. WILKINS sailed an ice boat a mile

and three-quarters in a minute and a halfon Shell Lake, Wisconsin.

#### ELKINS THE CHOICE. To Be United States Senator From

West Virginia.

The joint Republican legislative caucus at Charleston nominated the Hon. S. B. Elkins for United States Senator from West Virginia to succeed J. N. Camden. At noon N. E. Whitaker, of Wheeling, withdrew, and as



STEPHEN B. ELKINS.

he was the backbone of the opposition to Elkins, there was practically no contest when the caucus was held. The nomination is equivalent to election.

The Hon. Stephen B. Eikins was born in Perry County, Ohio, on September 26, 1841. He was Attorney-General and United States District-Attorney for New Mexico, and amassed a fortune in mining and stock raising. He afterward became a most intimate friend of the late James G. Blain, and was Secretary of War under President Marrison.

JAPANESE PUSHING ON.

Chinese Routed and Retreat to the Great Wall.

An official dispatch says that Major-General Nogi's division of the Japanese invading army commenced an attack upon the Chinese position at 5.30 a. m. By 9.30 a. m. Kaiping was taken. The Chinese fied to-ward Hai-Shak-Sai, with the Japanese in

pursuit.
The First Army was welcomed by the inhabitants while moving its headquarters to Shen-Yen with manifestations of strong de-

sire to remain under Japanese rule. Dispatches from Kin-Chow say that Japan-ese scouts report that a large force of Chinese is moving down to support the Kaiping force, which has retired toward New-Chwang. At Kaiping the Chinese num-bered 3000 men and they had twelve guns. About 200 Chinese were killed; the number of wounded Chinese is not known. About 150 prisoners were taken. The Japanese casualties are not stated.

The Japanese are steadily advancing on Chin-Chow. The Chinese are retiring slowly to the Great Wall, where it is expected they will make a stand. Heavy snows impede the progress of the armies. Several skir-mishes have occurred, and in their retreat the Chinese have left aumbers of their wounded behind them.

#### MAKING ANTI-TOXINE.

Consul Mason Reports on the Great Diphtheria Cure.

Frank Mason, United States Consul at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, has submitted to the Department of State an interesting report on anti-toxine. At Frankfort is located the only establishment where it has been produced commercially in quantities adequate to meet the rapidly increasing

The establishment utilizes the blood of seventy-six horses and has a trained corps of more than fifty men employed in this one work, producing at present about 2000 doses per day, and by the end of this month it will supply any demand. It is absolutely requisite that the horses be young, vigorous and physically perfect. Every new horse is curefully isolated for a time to test for inherent disease, however slight, that might be transmitted to the human body. A surprising quantity of blood can be drawn from a strong, healthy horse, running up to ten liters (21.13 pints) in two days, and one horse was used for four years and is still in good condition. The anti-toxine improves with age, at least during the first two months, and the German physicians no longer use it fresh, when it is apt to cause a skin eruption. An early application, however, is of the utmost importance. In seventy-two cases of children treated within two lays of the first appearance of diphtheria but two cases were fatal, and the death rate in such cases is placed at four per cent.

The Cheap Bread Crusade. The cheap bread crusade in Cincinnati, Ohio, has been successful. The people have three-cent bread now.

In southern France the cold is intense. several natives having been frozen to death in the stree's. Snow has fallen at Nice to the unparalleled depth of five inches.

# The Rise of the **Buckwheat Cake**

The leaven of yesterday ruins the cake of to-day. Don't spoil good buckwheat with dying raisingbatter—fresh cakes want Royal Baking Powder.

Grandma used to raise to-day's buckwheats with the souring left over of yesterday! Dear old lady, she was up to the good old times. But these are days of Royal Baking Powder-freshness into freshness raises freshness.

And this is the way the buckwheat cake of to-day is made: Two cups of Buckwheat, one cup of wheat flour, two tablespoons of Royal Baking Powder, one half teaspoonful of salt, all sifted well together. Mix with milk into a thin batter and bake at once on a hot griddle.

Do not forget that no baking powder can be substituted for the "Royal" in making pure. sweet, delicious, wholesome food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 WALL ST., NEW-YORK. SECTION CONTRACTOR

"President Scott, of the Cincinnati Southern, was a very clever Euglishman, and much wittier than Eng lishmen usually are," said a Kentuck ian the other day to a Philadelphia Record writer: "When he first took hold of the Cincinnati Southern he was greatly annoyed by the claims for horses and cattle killed by trains of the road on their way through Kentucky. It seemed as though it were not possible for a train to run north or south through Kentucky without killing either a horse or a cow. And every animal killed, however scrawny, scrubby or miserable it may have been before accident, always in the claims subsequently presented was the best blood in Kentucky. 'Well,' said Scott finally, one day, when the 999th claim had just been presented, 'I don't know anything that improves



#### KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditum, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting

in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakevery objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drug-gists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind.

"They if tadl, wear well and look well. A borro Cents.
A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address
REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY.

77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

WALL ST. NEWS LETTER of value sent made it impossible to carry Charles A. Baldwin & Co., 40 Wall St., N. Y.

The Queer Order a Woman Gave.

"Of all the queer persons of this queer world, the undertaker, I beieve, meets his full quota," so a Republic reporter was told by a man wearing a funeral expression on his face and black gloves on his hands, who came from a small town in a Western State to attend the meeting of the Association of Undertakers.

"One of the queer persons is a wealthy woman who lives in my town. One day she came into my rooms, and, as the tears coursed down her sad face, she managed to tell me, between sobs, that she wanted a coffin that was covered with royal purple velvet. I knew that her husband had been ill for some time and was not expected to live, so I began to offer a word of condolence on account of his death, as she and her husband were intimate friends of mine.

"'Oh, he is not dead yet,' sobbed the woman, 'but I want you to call at the house and steal his measure while he is asleep. I want a royal purple velvet coffin, and it may take you several days to fill the order.'

"I assured the tearful woman that it would perhaps be impossible to fill the order, as I had never heard of a coffin of any such description ever having been on the market. She went back home, and while the order was hanging fire her husband began to grow better, and in a few days was entirely out of danger. He afterward recovered, and to-day he is a strong, healthful man.

"But that woman still insists that I shall fill the order for a royal purple velvet coffin for her husband, and, furthermore, she has given me another order for a royal purple velvet coffin for herself. On my present trip to St. Louis, I called at a large coffin factory here, and surprised the proprietors by leaving the special and unique orders to be filled. When the orders have been filled I can't say whether or not my queer customers will use the two royal purple velvet coffins as ornaments to match the decorations in their parlor at home."-St. Louis Re-

Easy Hunting. Bangor has become a clearing house for hunters who don't wish to hunt. A Connecticut man came there a tew days ago, loafed around the sunny corners until he got tanned, bought an old rusty gun and equipments, went ening them and it is perfectly free from 'to the market and bought three fine looking deer, hired a guide to post him on scenery, distances, locations, trails, etc., and then returned to the Nutmeg State to rehearse his thrilling experiences in the depths of the wild forests of Maine, -Kennebec (Me.)

"Furnace" as a Town Name.

Journal.

"Furnace" is a geographical name not unusual in the Atlantic coast region just below Mason and Dixon's line. In many instances the actual furnace is a mere tradition, but sixty or seventy years ago many such furnaces were built to smelt the bog iron ore usual in all that region. It was once profitable to smelt this ore, but the marvelous abundance and cheapness of iron deposits elsewhere have made it impossible to carry on the old



with it, too. Pearline makes another woman of her. It washes and cleans in half the time, with half the work. Nothing can be hurt by it, and every thing is saved with it. Pearline does away with the Rub, Rub, Rub. Pearline does more than soap; soap gives you more to do.

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, Beware "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends JAMES PYLE. New York. "A Good Tale Will Bear Telling Twice." Use Sapolio!

SAPOLIO

#### A Lightning Talker,

It is said that a singular incident occurred recently in the stenographer's gallery of the Hungarian House of Representatives. The new member, Deputy Antunovics, belonging to the Clerical party, made his maiden speech with such remarkable volubility that one after another of the stenographers put down their pencils in utter despair at the impossibility of following him in his well-memorized effort. His colleagues listened to him in amazement and amid great hilarity. It is the first case of its kind that has occurred in thirty-four years. This offers a chance for Edison to invent a phonograph that can be run at great speed by electricity, warranted to catch the fastest talker without apparent necessity for winding up. -New Orleans Picayune.



LEAVES ITS MARK every one of the painful irregularities every one of the painful irregularities and weaknesses that prey upon women. They fade the face, waste the figure, ruin the temper, wither you up, make you old before your time.

Get well: That's the way to look well. Cure the disorders and ailments that beset you, with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It regulates and promotes all the proper

It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy

and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength. It's powerful general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, imparting vigor and strength to the entire system. Mrs. Anna Ulrich, of Elm Creek, Buffalo Co., Neb., writes: "I enjoy good health hanks to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I was under doctors' care for two years with womb disease, and gradually wasting in strength all the time. I was so weak that I could sit up in bed only a few moments, for two years. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and by the time I had taken one-half dozen bottles I was up and going wherever I pleased, and have had good health and been very strong ever since—that was two years and a half ago."

A book of 168 pages on "Woman and Her Diseases" mailed scaled, on receipt of 10 cents in stamps for postage. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIA-

TION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. NYNU-3



Your druggist's supply is exhausted. He has something "just as good." Why does he say this? He thinks you a simpleton. He has a right to his opinion,

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